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# 訊號分析法比較研究暨其於水波 應用探討 — Asyst 仔波程式集



交通部運輸研究所  
中華民國 96 年 5 月

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摘要：  此處吾人以 Asyst 程式語言，由根基起建，開發一套含蓋範圍相當廣泛之仔波分析程式。另亦特別著重資料之處理、檢視、呈現等功能。此外尚從事工作平台之開發、圖文書管理系統建置，此乃藉由整合一些外加程式及補助功能，撰寫各類程式碼，如：Postfix 語言、Lotus 報表介面、Mathematica 程式語言、WinEDT 巨集程式語言、LaTeX 程式及軟件集、等。所開發仔波相關程式功能包含多類屬之離散仔波與連續仔波，暨其諸多特性探討，如：正反轉換、爆展、熵值、常標值、最適函基、最適階函基、特性函數相位、共關協振、調適化時頻窗連續仔波轉換、及一新型類仔波轉換暨其特性探討、等。			
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**ABSTRACT:**

Comprehensive wavelet programs, as well as codes for proficient data processing and rendering, were developed from the ground up using the Asyst programming language. Programming add-ins and application auxiliaries are also integrated, notably, the Postfix language, spreadsheet interface, the Mathematica language, the WinEdt macro language, LaTeX codes and packages, workbench development, and figure and document management system, etc. The programs cover both the discrete and the continuous wavelet transforms and include many characterizations, such as forward and inverse transforms, wavelet and wavelet packet blowups, entropy statistics, norm distributions, best basis and best level identifications, phase of a characteristic function, wavelet and spectral coherences, continuous wavelet transform associated with adapted time-frequency windows, and a new wavelet variant and its characterizations, etc.

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Time-Frequency Analyses and  
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Wavelet Programming in Asyst

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## 摘要

此處吾人以 Asyst 程式語言，由根基起建，開發一套含蓋範圍相當廣泛之仔波分析程式。另亦特別著重資料之處理、檢視、呈現等功能。此外尚從事工作平台之開發、圖表文書管理系統建置，此乃藉由整合一些外加程式及補助功能，撰寫各類程式碼，如：Postfix 語言、Lotus 報表介面、Mathematica 程式語言、WinEDT 巨集程式語言、LaTeX 程式及軟件集、等。所開發仔波相關程式功能包含多類屬之離散仔波與連續仔波，暨其諸多特性探討，如：正反轉換、爆展、熵值、常標值、最適函基、最適階函基、特性函數相位、共關協振、調適化時頻窗連續仔波轉換、及一新型類仔波轉換暨其特性探討、等。

# ABSTRACT

Comprehensive wavelet programs, as well as codes for proficient data processing and rendering, were developed from the ground up using the Asyst programming language. Programming add-ins and application auxiliaries are also integrated, notably, the Postfix language, spreadsheet interface, the Mathematica language, the WinEdt macro language, LaTeX codes and packages, workbench development, and figure and document management system, etc. The programs cover both the discrete and the continuous wavelet transforms and include many characterizations, such as forward and inverse transforms, wavelet and wavelet packet blowups, entropy statistics, norm distributions, best basis and best level identifications, phase of a characteristic function, wavelet and spectral coherences, continuous wavelet transform associated with adapted time-frequency windows, and a new wavelet variant and its characterizations, etc.

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

Data analysis involves two main tasks: one concerns the theoretical aspect that focuses on the study of various analyzing function bases and their analytical properties; the other concerns the figurative display of physical data either from simulations or from observations. The latter is generally impossible without computer programming. For engineers they mostly are interested only in applications. And with the wide availability of bundled packages of numerical programs, fewer and fewer researchers and scholars are willing to take up the jobs of writing intrinsic codes that touch the analytical prospects of theories. In reality, and being my personal experience, it is much more painstaking and time-consuming to put theories into computer codes than to master the analytical aspects of theories. One simple and definitive explanation for this is that code writing is a higher order process that can only be achieved when its lower order process of theoretical mastering has been completed.

It is the author's wish that the programs here should provide a very comprehensive coverage of various wavelet basis categories and should also be capable of exploring many related characterizations of wavelet functions. Much attention is pay to execution automation and flexibility. And user-friendliness is also one of the concerns.

Basically all the wavelet programs and most of the relevant data processing were developed from the ground up using the Asyst programming language. It is our belief that any keyboard input or manual interruption be minimized. A principle is that, except in-

putting parameters, there should be absolutely no intermittent interferences from raw data inputs to final outcome renditions.

To achieve such goal, several programming add-ins or application auxiliaries are integrated; notably, they include:

- The Postfix language — The Postfix add-in for the Asyst programming enables the generation of high quality Encapsulated Postscript figures directly from the core programs. With proper labeling and legends, excellent quality figures as many as one wishes can be generated with mistakes avoided and correctness guaranteed. More importantly, especially during testings or parameter alterations or case variations, one is able to eliminate the painful task of plotting seemingly countless figures using graphic application software. One more point is that the statements or analyses deriving from the figures are confidently error free.
- The on-screen real time display of PCX format figures — The Encapsulated Postscript figures is mainly for quality printing, and it forms in the background and does not display in real time during a running process. Therefore, the on-screen real time display of figures is an essential part and should greatly enhance the debugging efficiency and make possible the writing of a huge and complex program that is also user-friendly, easy to maintain, as well as interactive and flexible.
- The data spreadsheet interface — The input or output of data from or to the Excel or Lotus-123 compatible worksheet is integrated. In cases that articulated or complex figures are desired such a function is readily convenient. Asyst programs for such postprocessing are also developed.
- The Mathematica programming language — The language is used both in the characterization of a wavelet variant and the post generation of various graphical renditions of two-dimensional or three-dimensional modulus and phase planes. Cares are also taken to eliminate any manual intervention of data commuting between the outcomes of Asyst analyses and the inputs of the Mathematica programs.

- The WinEdt macro programming language — The language is specifically used to develop a working platform or shell environment for writing the Asyst codes. With this all the code pieces, subroutines, and component files are managed in a scientific, efficient, and non-fallible way. Codes are displayed in much organized and eye-pleasant manners. Missing such an integration the editing and debugging must be quite painful and exhausting.
- The LaTeX packages — A vast amount of LaTeX codes were also written for the following functions: Displays and printouts of various figures for analyzing purposes; Eye-pleasant listings of Asyst and WinEDT programs for code development and debugging; Auto generations of printouts, papers, and reports; Facilities for easy management of numerous case studies. ♦

# Chapter 2

## Discrete Wavelet Bases

### 2.1 Introduction

Our numerical programs cover both the discrete and continuous wavelet transforms. In this chapter we give a brief description, as well as the relevant notations, of the discrete wavelet bases that were programmed. To the author's knowledge, the discrete wavelet basis categories covered here should be quite comprehensive since they have essentially included wavelet designs that span the full spectrum between extreme and opposite analytical properties in wavelet characterizations. And it is the author's belief that we have all the confidence on the results and statements we made in our previous studies.

### 2.2 Wavelet basis categories and their notations

The Riesz wavelet bases programmed here can be divided into three categories: orthonormal (ON), semi-orthogonal (SO), bi-orthogonal (BO). Wavelet packets, which are subgroups of the orthonormal bases, will also be covered later.

For the orthonormal bases they are further divided into several different subgroups: Daubechies wavelets (both the most and least asymmetric), Coiflets, Meyer wavelet, and Battle-Lemarié wavelets.

No detailing of these wavelets will be given; only the main criteria and core features,

as well as relevant notations, of each categories will be briefed. With this the notations can be traced in our programs.

Let a function or a signal be denoted by  $f(t)$ ; the two-scale scaling function of a Riesz basis be  $\phi(t)$ ; the associate mother wavelet be  $\psi(t)$  and its dyadic wavelets be  $\psi_{j,k}(t) = \sqrt{2^j} \psi(2^j t - k)$ , where  $j, k \in \mathbf{Z}$  and  $k$  stands for translation and  $j$  for dilation. The concept of translations and dilations are illustrated in Figures 2.1 through 2.6.

The shell program to yield these figures is given as “R\_TnD.sh1”. Note that a shell program appears first and it generally provides parameters for the relevant core programs that appear later. A shell program is a good reminder for functional, as well as proper, execution of a target purpose.

The space  $V_j$  (formed by  $\psi_{j,k}, k \in \mathbf{Z}$  for a given  $j$ ) in the multiresolution ladder are nested in  $\dots \subset V_{-1} \subset V_0 \subset V_1 \dots$ , and the finest and the coarsest scale space, say, for a 1024-point signal, are  $V_{10}$  and  $V_0$ , respectively; the number of filter coefficients or the number of convolution weights be  $N$  if the associated wavelet is finitely supported (support length equals to  $N - 1$ ); the dual wavelet and dual scaling function, if exist, be  $\tilde{\psi}(t)$  and  $\tilde{\phi}(t)$ ; the inner product be  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ ; and the Kronecker delta be  $\delta_{j,k}, j, k \in \mathbf{Z}$ , which is equal to 0 for  $j \neq k$  and 1 for  $j = k$ .

Up until now, all practical wavelets of discrete transform are associated with the algorithm of multiresolution analysis (MRA) [5, 12]. For Riesz wavelets there always exist dual wavelets (post notations of “O” and “D”) except for orthonormal wavelets, which are self-dual. Any discrete wavelet transform involves a set of two convolution operations: one yields detail information (notation “D” in figure 3.1); another yields smooth information (notation “S” in figure 3.1) [14]. Convolutions can either be implemented in an exact and direct way in time domain for compactly supported wavelets (support lengths are represented as digital numbers) or, conversely, in an approximate and indirect way in frequency domain.

The symbols of various basis categories and related subgroups are given in the following sections.

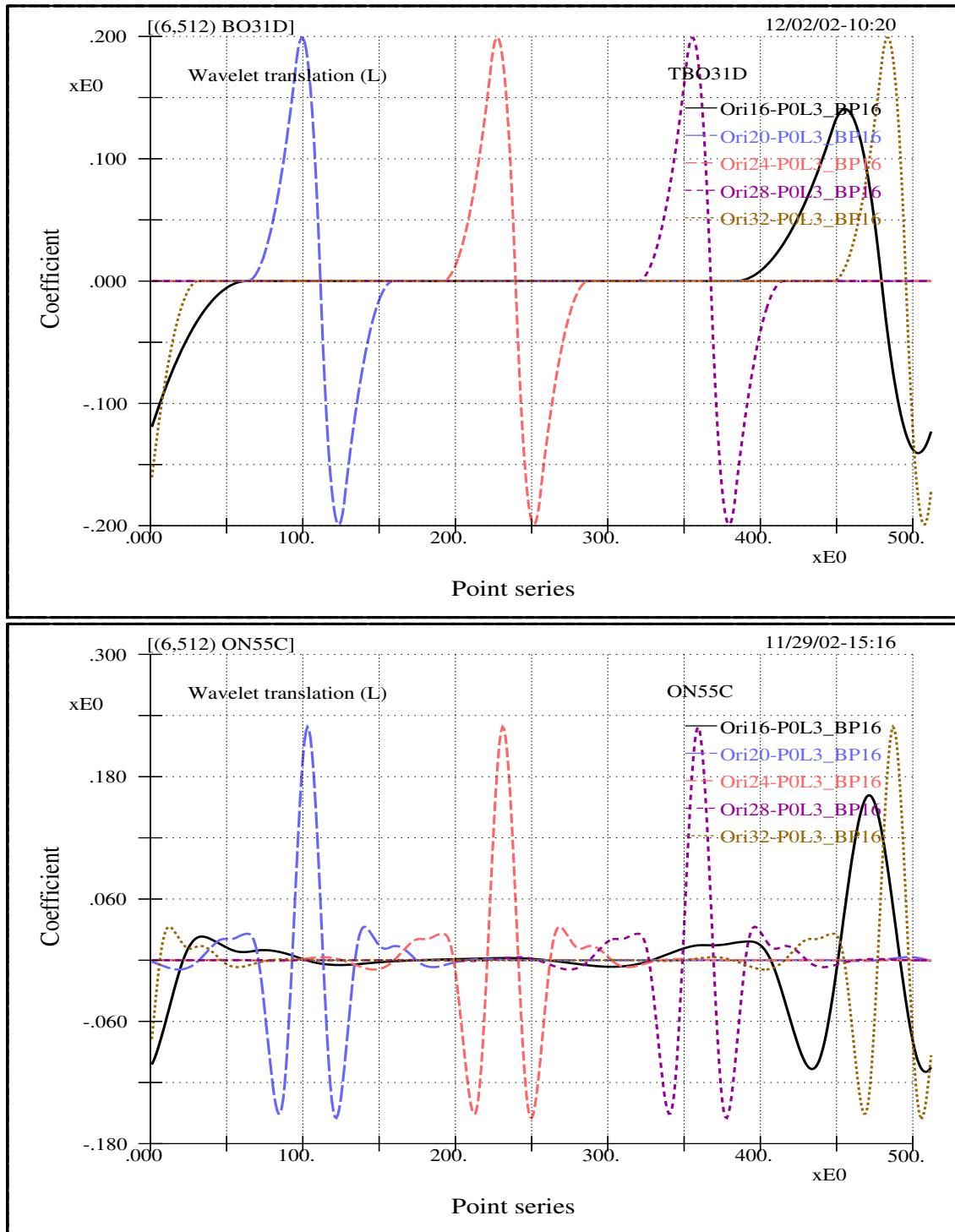


Figure 2.1: The wavelet translation concept within the scale range of level 3.

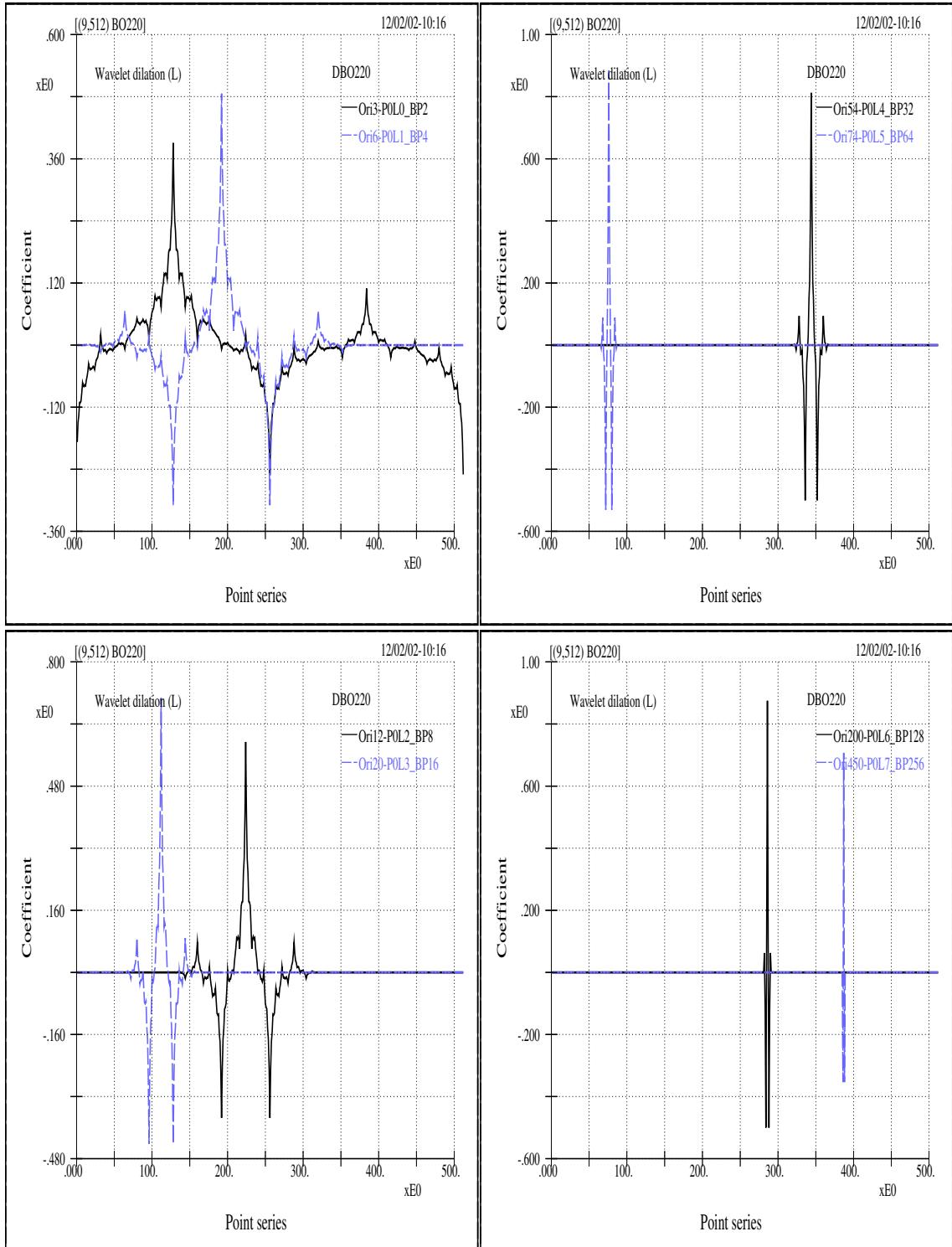


Figure 2.2: The wavelet dilation concept from scale level 0 to level 7 for the BO22O wavelet. Each wavelet curve corresponds to an individual translation location.

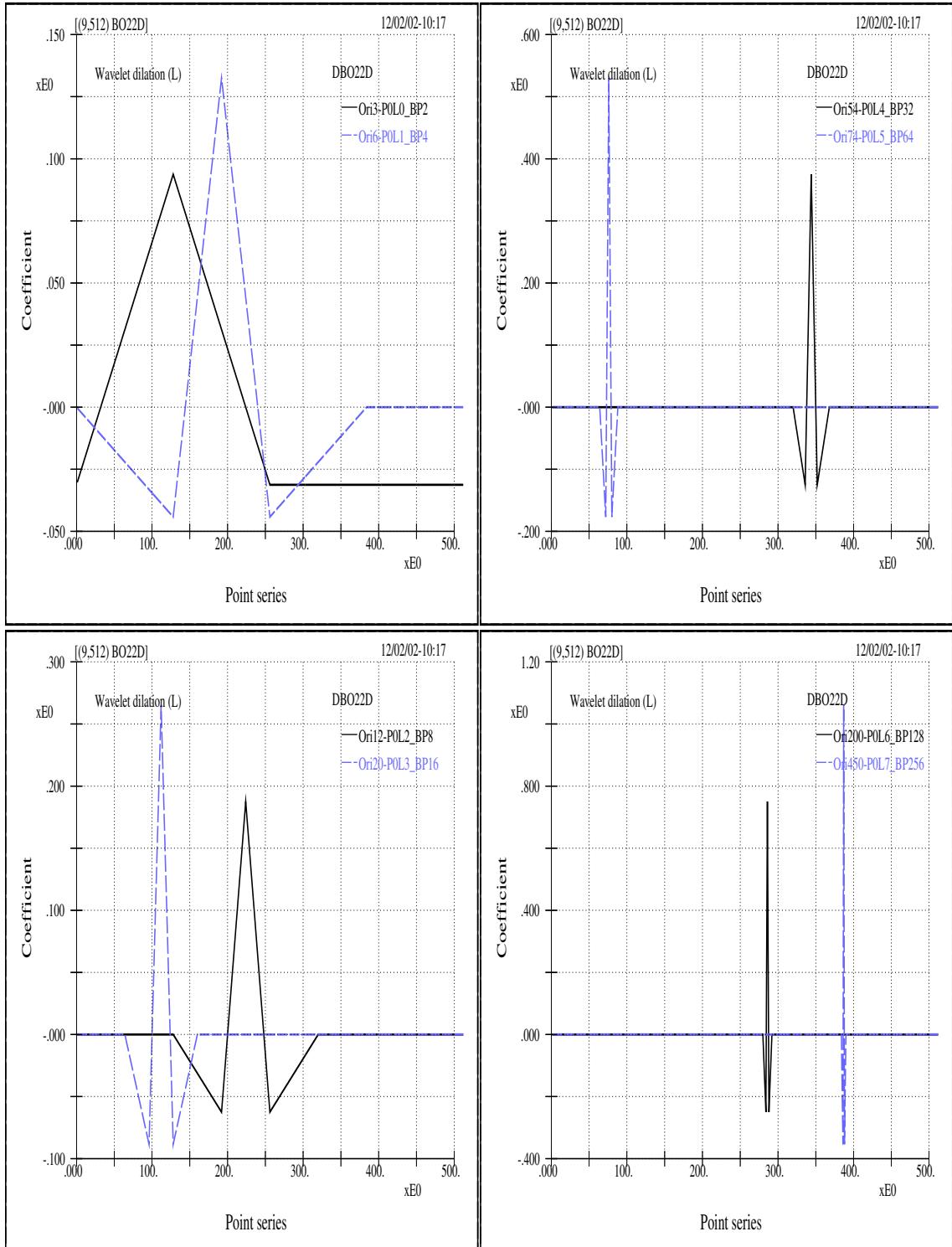


Figure 2.3: The wavelet dilation concept from scale level 0 to level 7 for the BO22D wavelet. Each wavelet curve corresponds to an individual translation location.

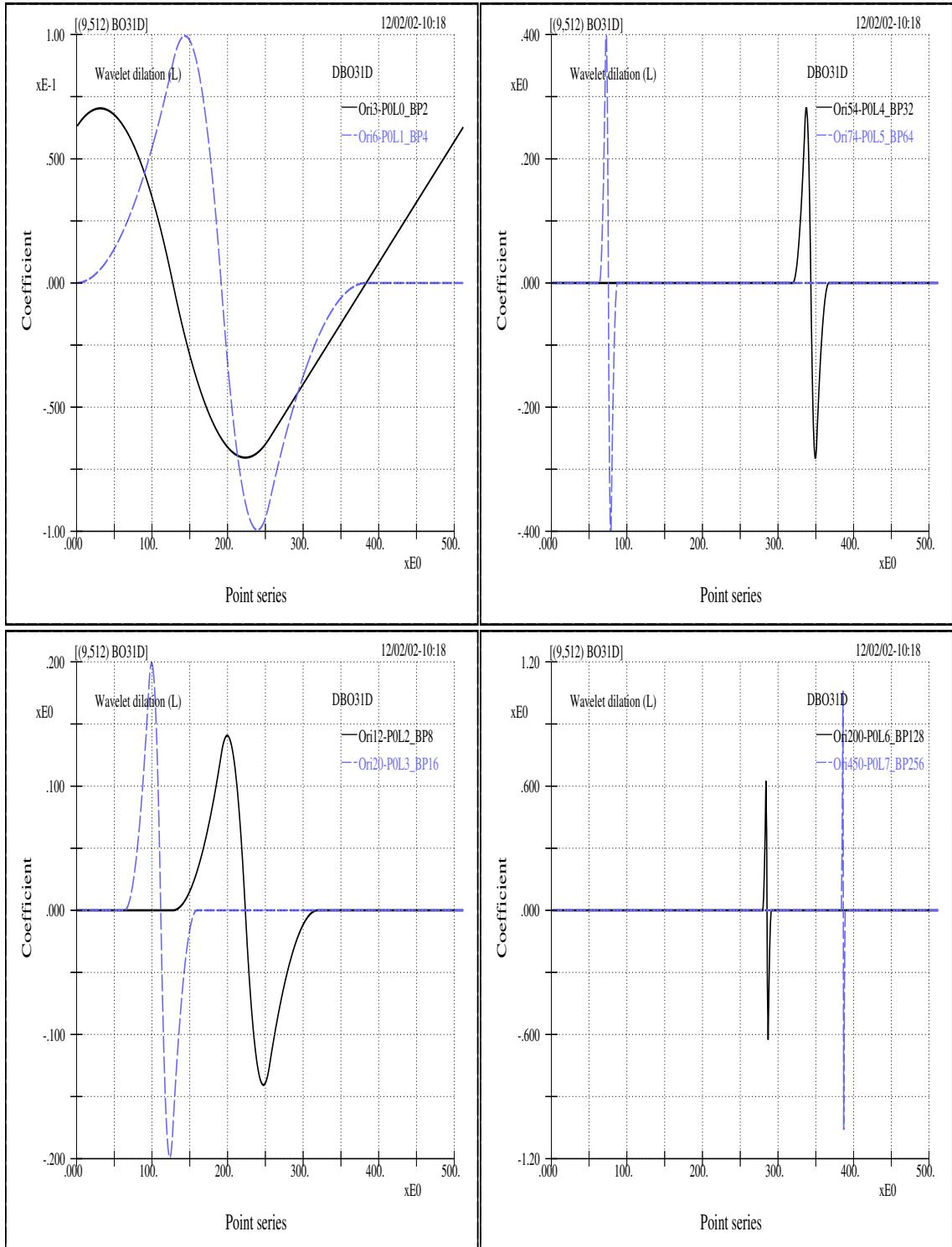


Figure 2.4: The wavelet dilation concept from scale level 0 to level 7 for the BO31D wavelet. Each wavelet curve corresponds to an individual translation location.

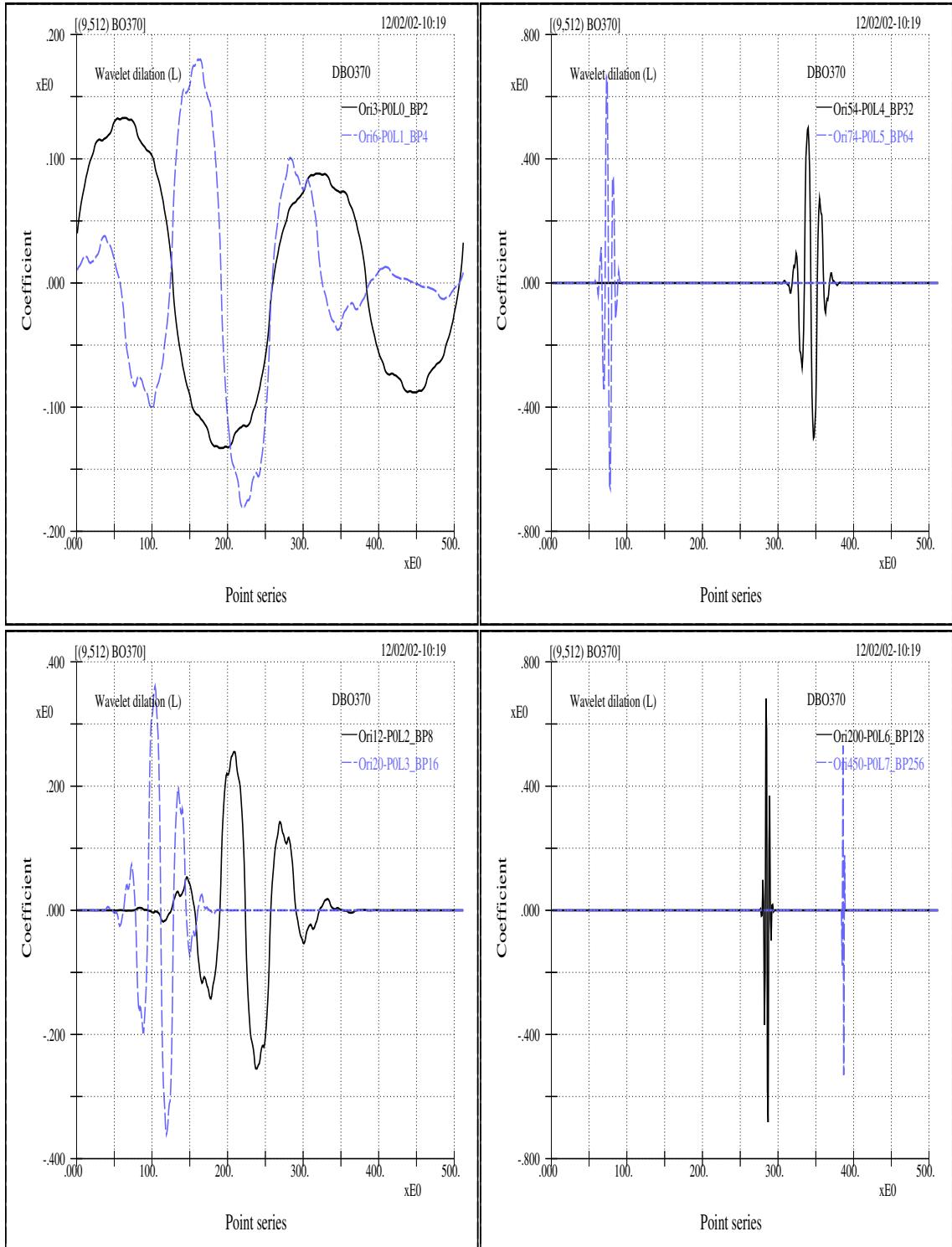


Figure 2.5: The wavelet dilation concept from scale level 0 to level 7 for the BO370 wavelet. Each wavelet curve corresponds to an individual translation location.

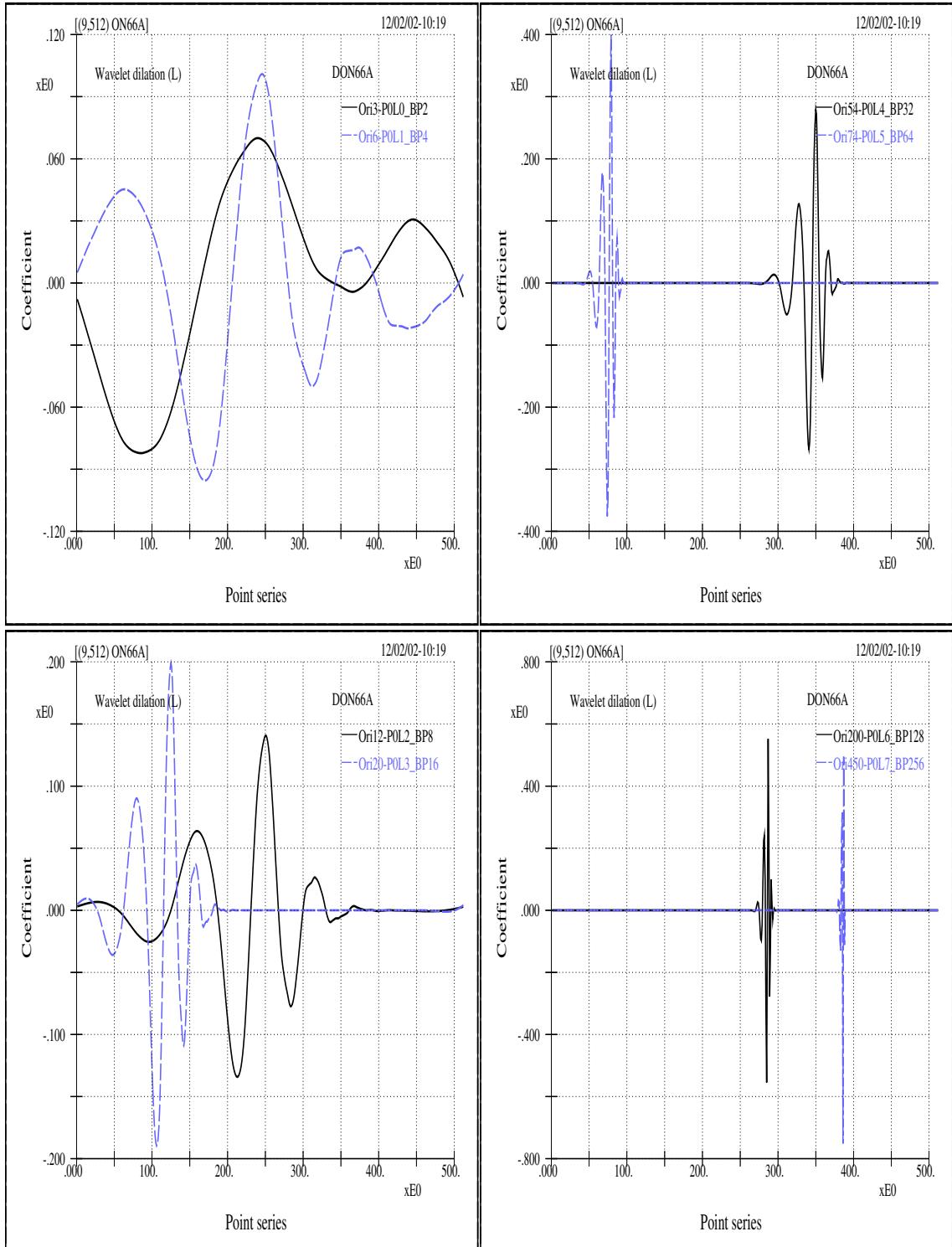


Figure 2.6: The wavelet dilation concept from scale level 0 to level 7 for the ON66A wavelet. Each wavelet curve corresponds to an individual translation location.

## 2.3 Orthonormal wavelets (ON)

The orthonormal wavelets covered here include the following categories: Daubechies most compactly supported wavelets (denoted as ON $xxA$ ); Daubechies least asymmetric wavelets (ON $xxS$ ); Coiflets (ON $xC$ ); Meyer wavelet (Meyer); Battle and Lemarié wavelet (B&L). As mentioned before, the notation  $x$  is an integer related to the support length (physically, an indication of the span of a function's independent variable) of wavelet.

$$\psi = \tilde{\psi}, \quad (2.1)$$

$$\phi = \tilde{\phi}, \quad (2.2)$$

$$\langle \psi_{j,k}, \tilde{\psi}_{l,m} \rangle = \delta_{j,l} \delta_{k,m}, \quad (2.3)$$

$$f(t) = \sum_{j,k} \langle f, \psi_{j,k} \rangle \psi_{j,k}, \quad (2.4)$$

One MRA ladder (single set of frame bounds),

One filter pair (one smooth and one detail).

### 2.3.1 Daubechies most compactly supported wavelets (ON $xxA$ )

Given the same span length of support (from different basis categories), the wavelet in this subgroup provides the maximum number of vanishing moments. Stated otherwise, wavelets in this subgroup are the most compactly supported wavelet among wavelets with compatible number of vanishing moments. The famed most compactly supported wavelet of all has only four convolution filter coefficients (ON22A). These wavelets are quite asymmetric (so, the “A” in ON $xxA$ ). The vanishing moments and the number of filter coefficients are, respectively,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t^l \psi(t) dt = 0, \quad l = 0, 1, \dots, x, \quad (2.5)$$

$$N = 2x, \quad (2.6)$$

where  $x$  is the integer number in ON $xxA$ . The minimum number of  $x$  is 2.

The mother and farther wavelets for the group corresponding to the originating points of 12 (boundary point based on level 2) and 6 (boundary point based on level 3), respectively, for this group are shown in Figures 2.7 and 2.8. The shell program to yield these is “R\_DnR.sh1”.

### 2.3.2 Daubechies least asymmetric wavelets (ON $xxS$ )

For a given support width, these wavelets, in contrast to those of the ON $xxA$  subgroup, are the most symmetric ones (so, the “S” in ON $xxS$ , but still not symmetric). They have the same representations of vanishing moments and number of filter coefficients as those of ON $xxA$ . But the known minimum number of  $x$  is 4. The mother and farther wavelets for this group corresponding to the same originating points as the previous ones are shown in Figures 2.9 and 2.10.

### 2.3.3 Coiflets (ON $xxC$ )

The Coiflets have vanishing moments for both  $\psi$  and  $\phi$ . Judging from the theory of Taylor expansion, they therefore have high compressibility for fine detail information, that is to say, a great portion of wavelet transform coefficients corresponding to the finer scales are relatively small. Henceforth, there exists simple quadrature rule to calculate the fine smooth information (i.e., the calculation of inner product of a function and the fine-scale scaling function is more efficient)[5]. Since any discrete wavelet transform involves both smoothing and detailing operations, some advantages from these two properties do exist in certain applications that do not stress lossless of signal contents or perfect reconstructions [4, 15]. Their vanishing moments and number of convolution filter coefficients for the Coiflets are

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t^l \psi(t) dt = 0, \quad l = 0, 1, \dots, x, \quad (2.7)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \phi(t)dt = 1, \quad (2.8)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t^l \phi(t)dt = 0, \quad l = 1, \dots, x, \quad (2.9)$$

$$N = 6x. \quad (2.10)$$

For this group the mother and farther wavelets are shown in Figures 2.11 and 2.12.

### 2.3.4 Meyer wavelet (Meyer or ME)

The Meyer wavelet (denoted as Meyer or ME) is the wavelet that has the most compact support of all in the frequency domain. Note here, if without any specific assignment, “support length” refers to the time domain. Therefore, due to the significant contrasting properties of support lengths between the two opposing Fourier domains, the Meyer wavelet is infinitely differentiable in time domain and its support length  $N \rightarrow \infty$ . More precisely, the time domain wavelet has an infinite Lipschitz regularity  $C^\infty$  and does not possess an exponential decay. The associated mother and farther wavelets corresponding to the same originating points are shown in Figure 2.13.

### 2.3.5 Battle and Lemarié wavelet (B&L)

The Battle and Lemarié wavelet (denoted as B&L or LE) of  $m^{\text{th}}$  order is constructed from the orthonormal scaling function that is derived by applying the standard orthonormalization trick to the  $m^{\text{th}}$  order cardinal  $B$ -spline function  $N_m$  [1, 2].

For  $m = 1$ , it is exactly the Haar wavelet. And the Haar wavelet is the only finitely supported wavelet in this group. The Haar wavelet is also a discontinuous wavelet with the most compact support and it is also the case of BO11O=BO11D in the bi-orthogonal category to be mentioned below. All other wavelets in this group are infinitely supported. These wavelets have an exponential decay and possess  $C^{m-2}$  regularity.

The mother and farther wavelets for the Battle-Lemarié wavelet ( $m = 4$ ) are shown in Figure 2.14. Compared to those curves of Meyer wavelet (Figure 2.13), they look quite

identical even though their constructions or derivations or formulations, are completely different. In addition, their features of Lipschitz regularity and decay property are analytically quite different.

## 2.4 Semi-orthogonal wavelets (SOxO and SOxD)

The basis functions of the dual wavelets for a semi-orthogonal wavelet are inter-scale, but not inner-scale, orthogonal. Their scaling functions are cardinal  $B$ -spline  $N_m$  and have finite two-scale relations. In this category although there are two distinctive (and independent) filter pairs (one for the decomposition and the other for the reconstruction), there is only one MRA  $V_j$ -ladder. It was shown by Chui [2, 3] that semi-orthogonal wavelets associated with cardinal  $B$ -spline of order higher than  $m = 3$  are almost all identical to a modulated Gaussian function (but a modulated Gaussian is not a wavelet). It is therefore sufficient to take the semi-orthogonal wavelets associated with cubic  $B$ -spline of fourth order ( $m = 4$ ). They have the following characterizations.

$$\psi \neq \tilde{\psi}, \quad (2.11)$$

$$\phi = \tilde{\phi}, \quad (2.12)$$

$$\langle \psi_{j,k}, \psi_{l,m} \rangle = \langle \tilde{\psi}_{j,k}, \tilde{\psi}_{l,m} \rangle = \delta_{j,l}, \quad (2.13)$$

$$f(t) = \sum_{j,k} \langle f, \psi_{j,k} \rangle \tilde{\psi}_{j,k} = \sum_{j,k} \langle f, \tilde{\psi}_{j,k} \rangle \psi_{j,k}, \quad (2.14)$$

$$N = 3x - 1 \quad \text{for SOxD,} \quad (2.15)$$

$$N \rightarrow \infty \quad \text{for SOxO.} \quad (2.16)$$

One MRA ladder ,

Two filter pairs ,

The mother and farther wavelets of the fourth order and the associated dual wavelets are shown in Figure 2.15.

## 2.5 Bi-orthogonal wavelets ( $\text{B}Oxy\text{O}$ and $\text{B}Oxy\text{D}$ )

The wavelets in this category are constructed also by Daubechies. They sometimes are called non-orthogonal wavelets. As is well known all real-valued compactly supported orthonormal wavelets, except the Haar wavelet, are not symmetrical. However, from the point of view of reconstructing a signal from its partially truncated wavelet coefficients, the symmetry is a desired property for the convolution filter when more natural perceptions are desired and smoother variations are important in reconstruction rendering.

A very practical and also very important implication can be stated here. If non-symmetrical function bases are used, then a small change in the wave form causes dramatic variations of scale information of transform coefficients. That is to say the two sets of transform coefficient are strikingly different and almost incomparable. In other words, to have minor impacts to the data analysis, it is desirable to have basis that is as symmetrical as possible. Moreover, when considering that acquired signals may contain random errors or noise and that uncontrolled factors may be present in experiments, one is easy to comprehend the significance of this property. In fact numerous results and figures from our previous studies have provided conclusive evidences of this.

For a Bi-orthogonal wavelet the symmetry of wavelet curve is achieved by sacrificing orthogonality among its basis functions. And by doing so one has dual wavelet and scaling function pairs, i.e., one wavelet and one scaling function together with one dual wavelet and one dual scaling function, to comprise the same reconstruction of a signal.

It is obvious that the analytical requirements or conditions for semi-orthogonal cases are more general, i.e., less restricted, than those of orthogonal ones, and that the bi-orthogonal cases are even more general. This situation is indicated by the existence of the additional freedom of dual scaling function, as is reflected by the two parameters  $x$  and

$y$  in the notations of BOxyO and BOxyD. Nevertheless, the wavelets in this category involve only one pair of independent filters for both decomposition and reconstruction even though there involve two different MRA ladders that are associated with their own individual sets of Riesz bounds. This feature is quite opposite to the case of semi-orthogonal wavelets where they involve one MRA ladder but with two filter pairs.

$$\psi \neq \tilde{\psi}, \quad (2.17)$$

$$\phi \neq \tilde{\phi}, \quad (2.18)$$

$$\langle \psi_{j,k}, \tilde{\psi}_{l,m} \rangle = \langle \phi_{j,k}, \tilde{\phi}_{l,m} \rangle = \delta_{j,l} \delta_{k,m}, \quad (2.19)$$

$$f(t) = \sum_{j,k} \langle f, \psi_{j,k} \rangle \tilde{\psi}_{j,k} = \sum_{j,k} \langle f, \tilde{\psi}_{j,k} \rangle \psi_{j,k}, \quad (2.20)$$

$$N = 2y + x - 1 \quad \text{for BOxyO and } x \text{ odd,} \quad (2.21)$$

$$N = 2y + x - 2 \quad \text{for BOxyO and } x \text{ even,} \quad (2.22)$$

$$N = 2y + x - 1 \quad \text{for BOxyD and } y \text{ odd,} \quad (2.23)$$

$$N = 2y + x - 2 \quad \text{for BOxyD and } y \text{ even.} \quad (2.24)$$

Two MRA ladders,

One filter pair.

The mother and farther wavelets for this group and their associated duals are shown in Figures 2.16 through 2.19. ♦

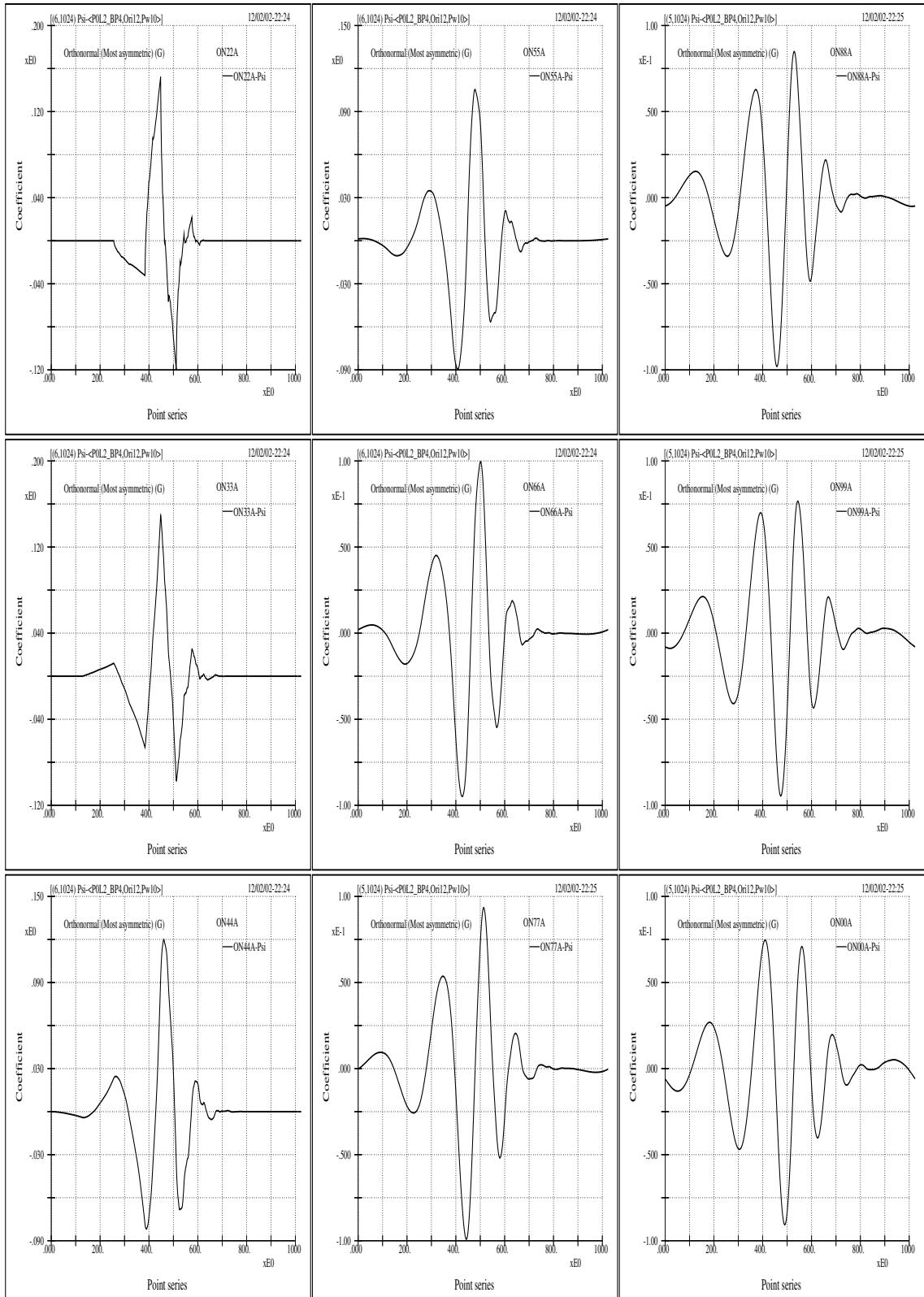


Figure 2.7: The mother wavelets of the ONxxA group originating from the point location of 12. Here the boundary point should be based on a level less or equal to 3.

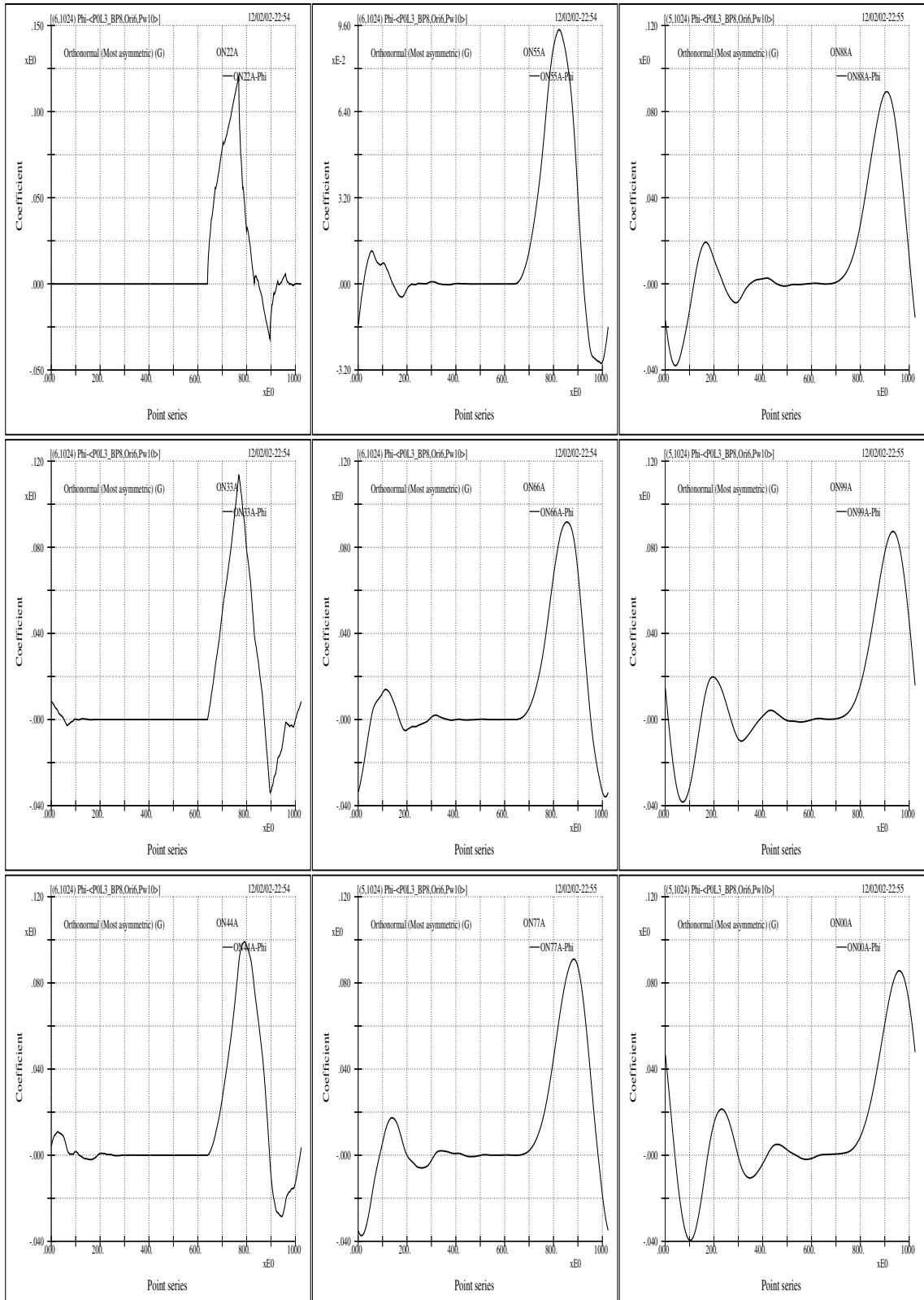


Figure 2.8: The farther wavelets of the  $ON_{xx}A$  group originating from the point location of 6. Here the boundary point should be based on a level higher or equal to 3.

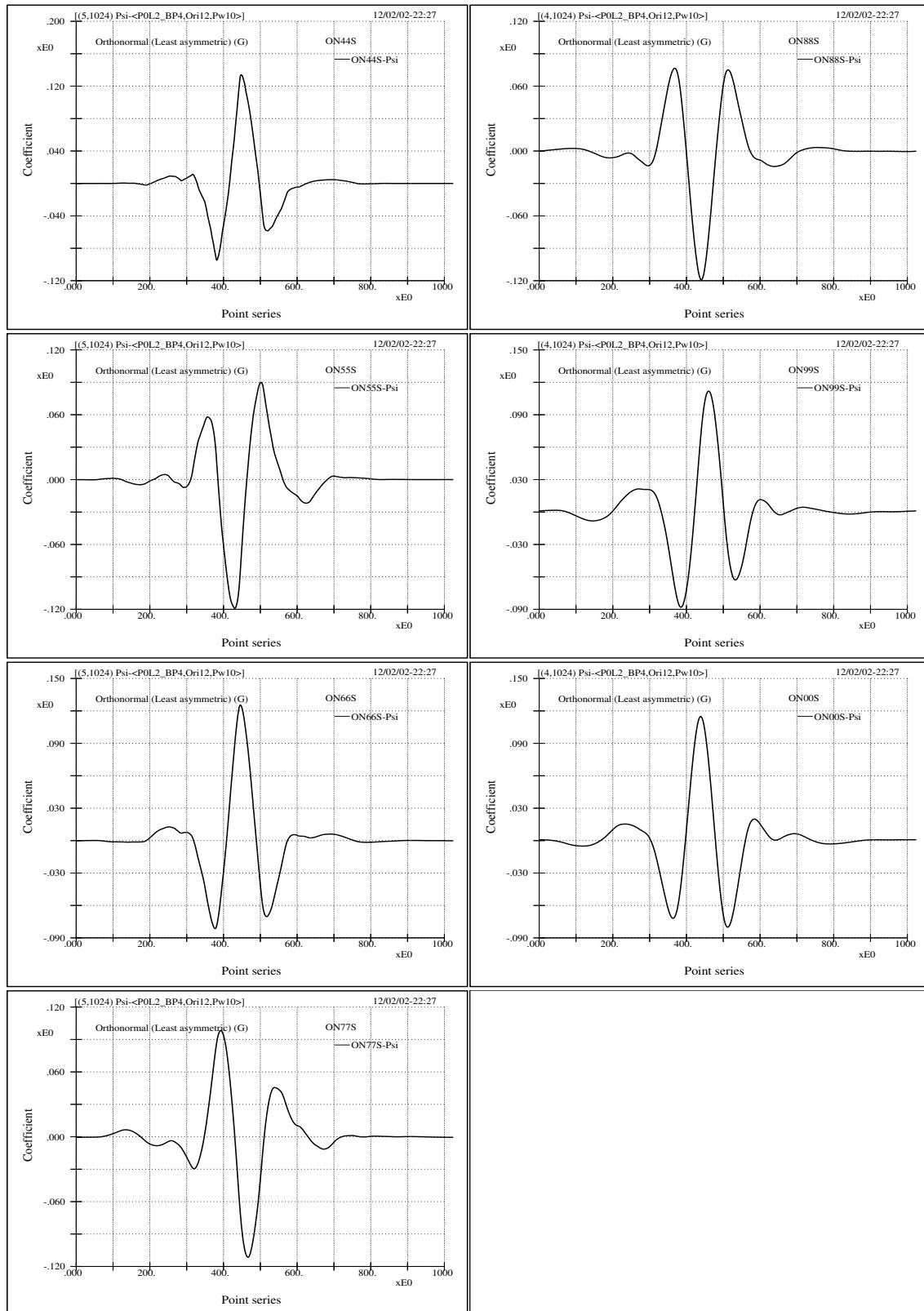


Figure 2.9: The mother wavelets of the  $\text{ON}_{xx}\text{S}$  group originating from the point location of 12. Here the boundary point should be based on a level less or equal to 3.

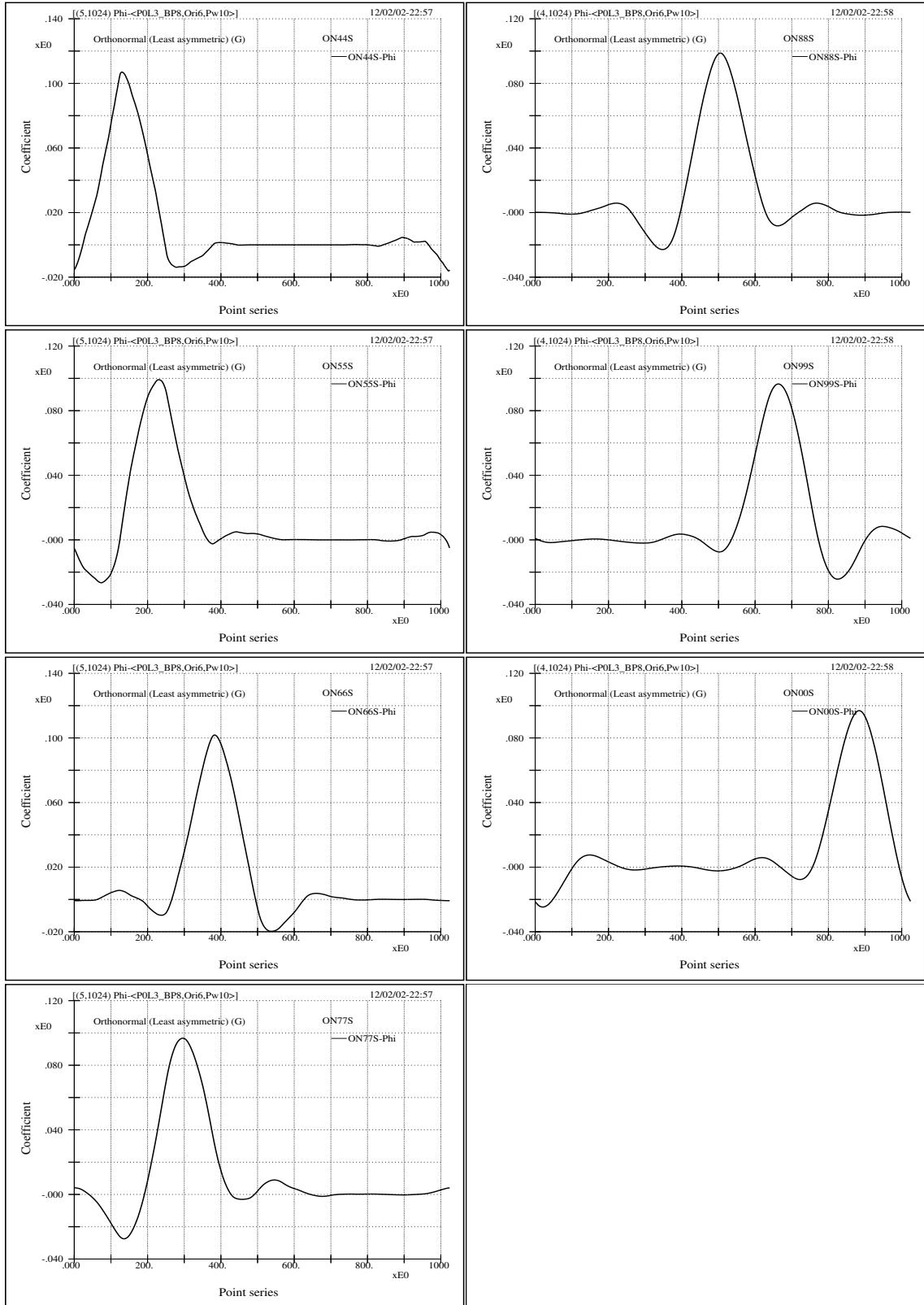


Figure 2.10: The farther wavelets of the  $\text{ON}xx\text{S}$  group originating from the point location of 6. Here the boundary point should be based on a level higher or equal to 3.

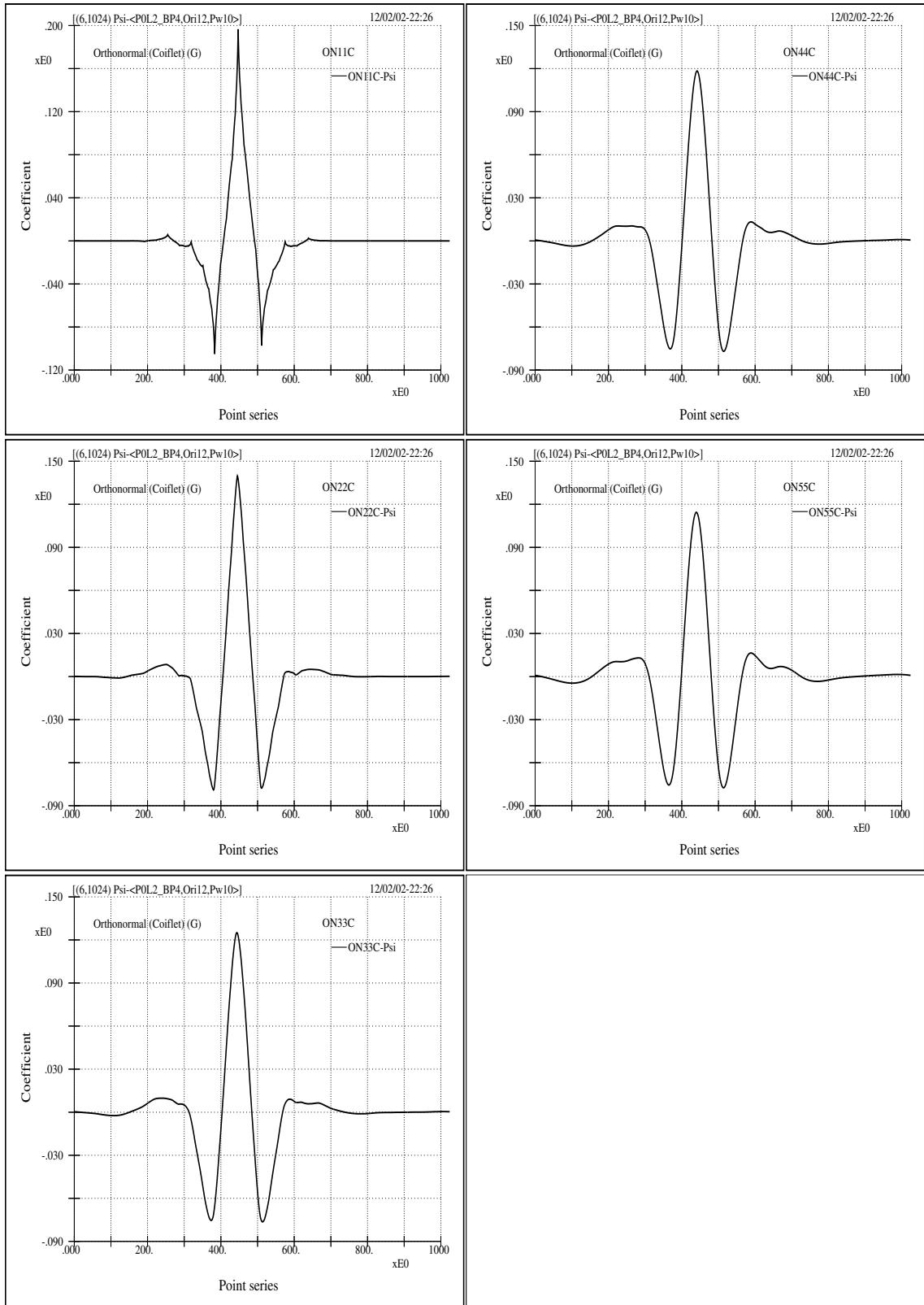


Figure 2.11: The mother wavelets of the  $ON_{xx}C$  group originating from the point location of 12. Here the boundary point should be based on a level less or equal to 3.

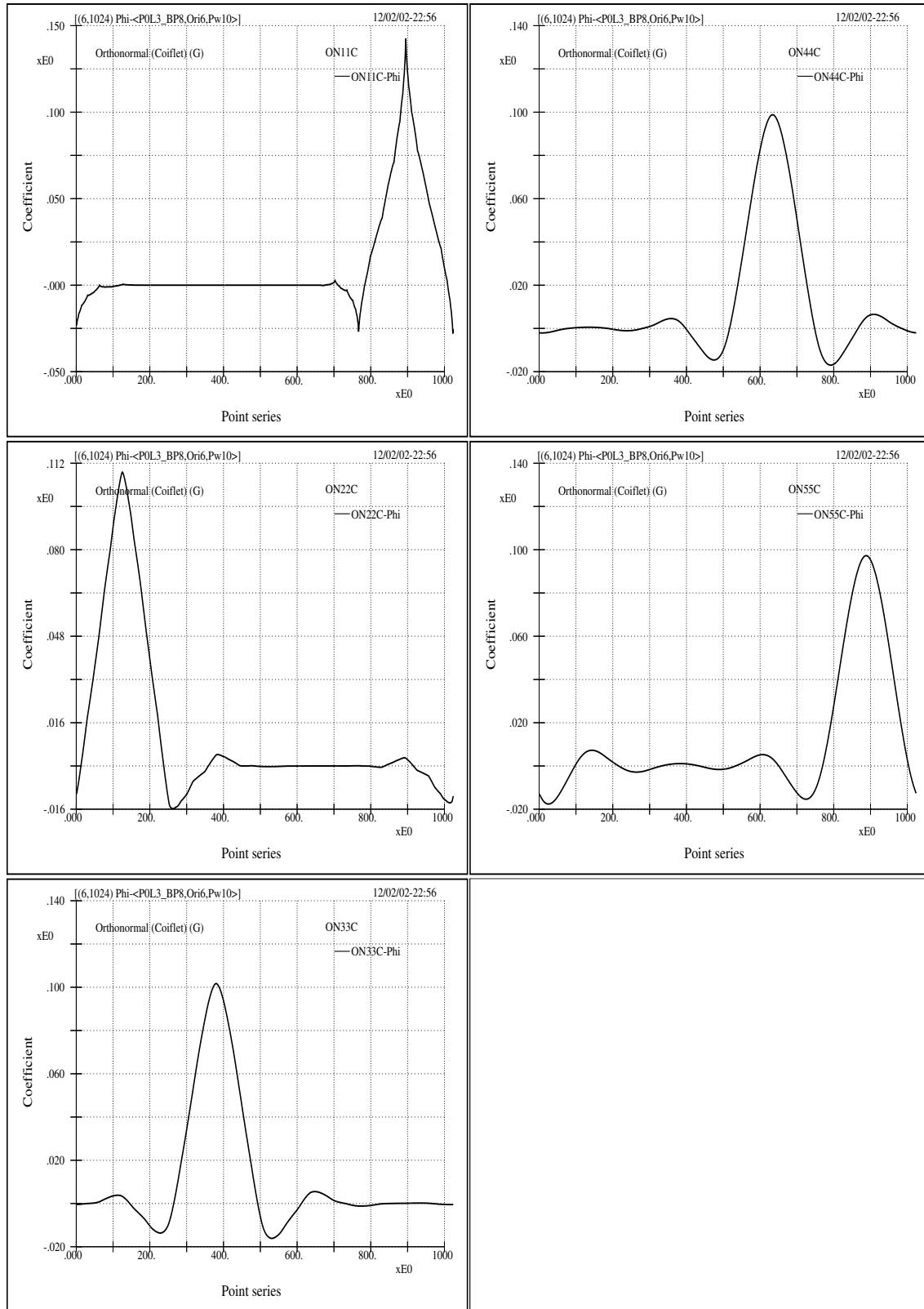


Figure 2.12: The farther wavelets of the  $\text{ON}xx\text{C}$  group originating from the point location of 6. Here the boundary point should be based on a level higher or equal to 3.

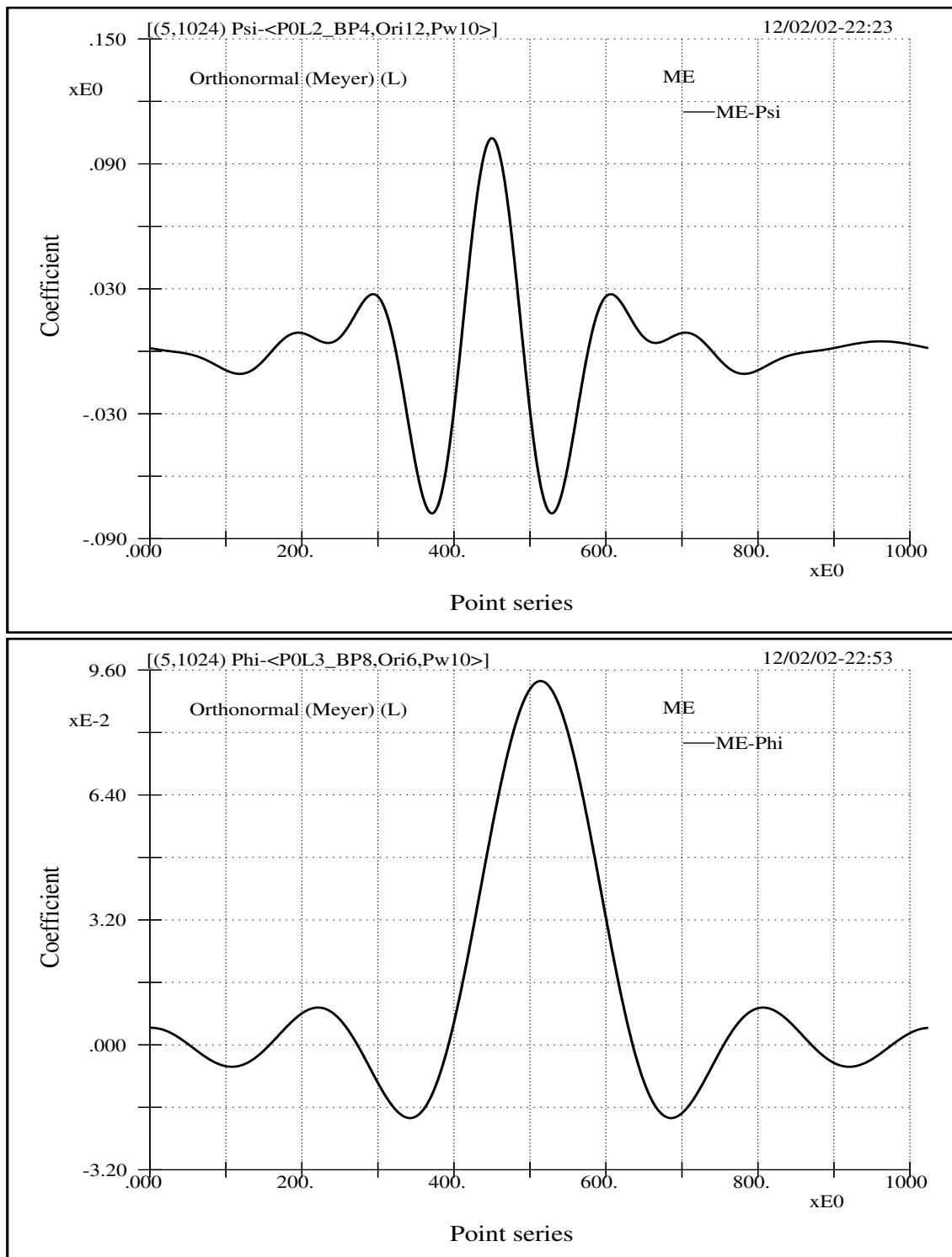


Figure 2.13: The mother (top) and farther (bottom) wavelets of the Meyer wavelet originating from the point location of 12 and 6, respectively, for the boundary point based on level 3. This figure is to be compared to the next one.

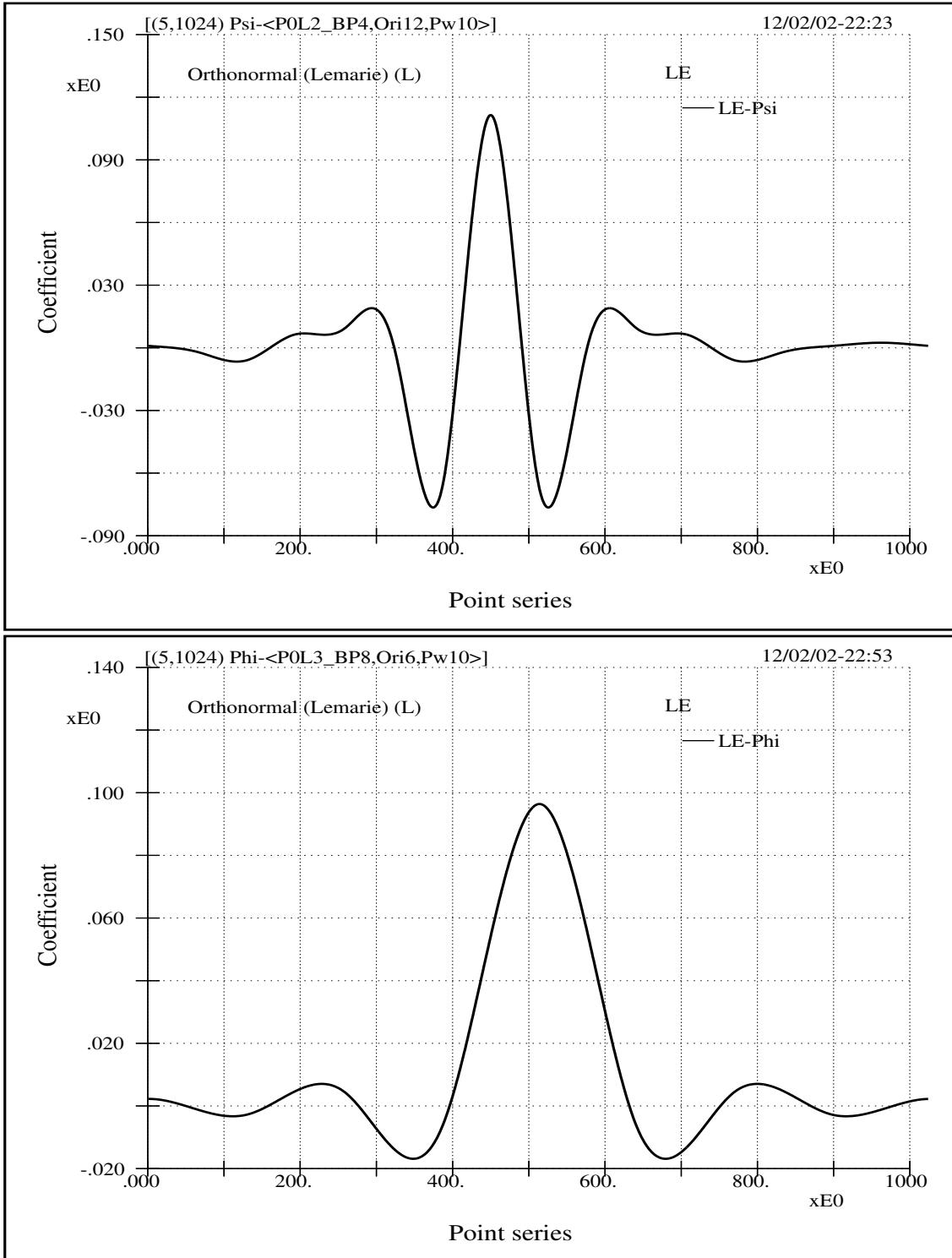


Figure 2.14: The mother (top) and farther (bottom) wavelets of the Battle and Lemarié wavelet originating from the point location of 12 and 6, respectively, for the boundary point based on level 3. Comparing the wavelet functions shown here with those shown in last figure (Figure 2.13), we see that two wavelets of similar looks but with quite distinctive constructions and analytic properties (such as regularity, differentiability, rate of decay, support length, etc.) It therefore gives rise the concerns that many complicated aspects of discrete Riesz wavelet seem not to reflect their associations with practical concerns.

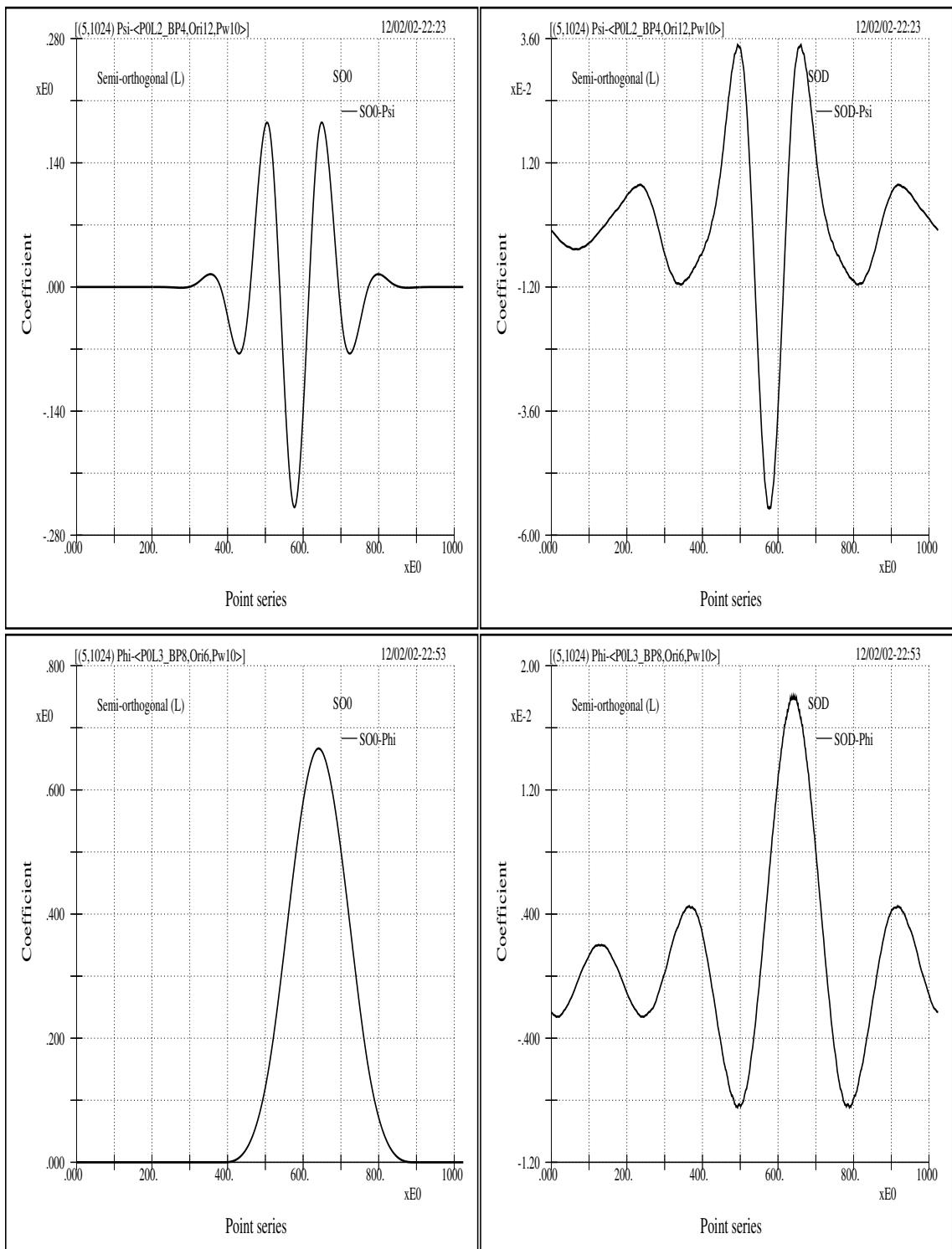


Figure 2.15: The mother (top left) and farther (bottom left) wavelets, as well as their duals (right), of Chui's semi-orthogonal wavelet [2, 3] originating from the point location of 12 and 6, respectively, for the boundary point based on level 3.

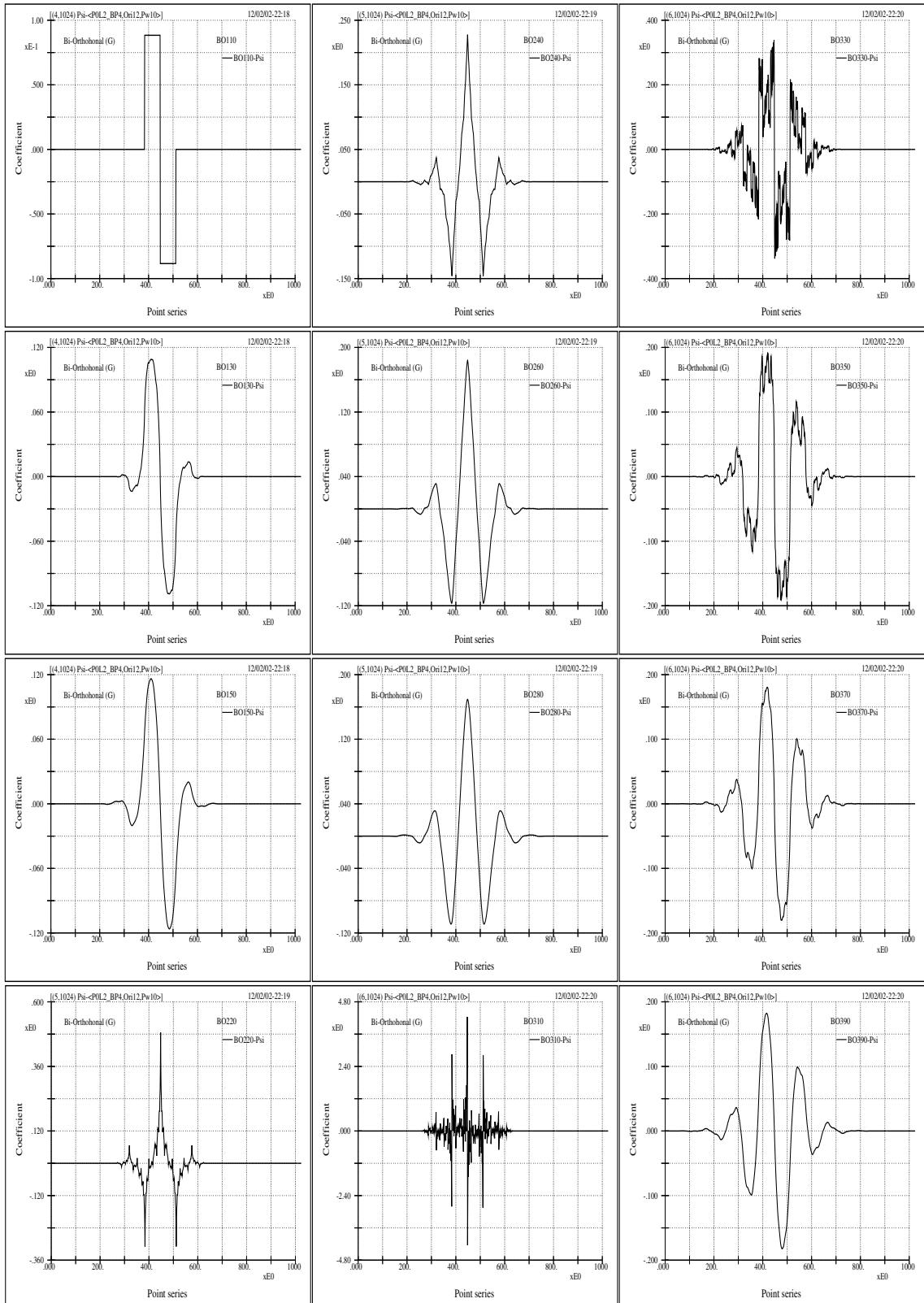


Figure 2.16: The mother wavelets of the BO<sub>xx</sub>O group originating from the point location of 12. Here the boundary point should be based on a level less or equal to 3.

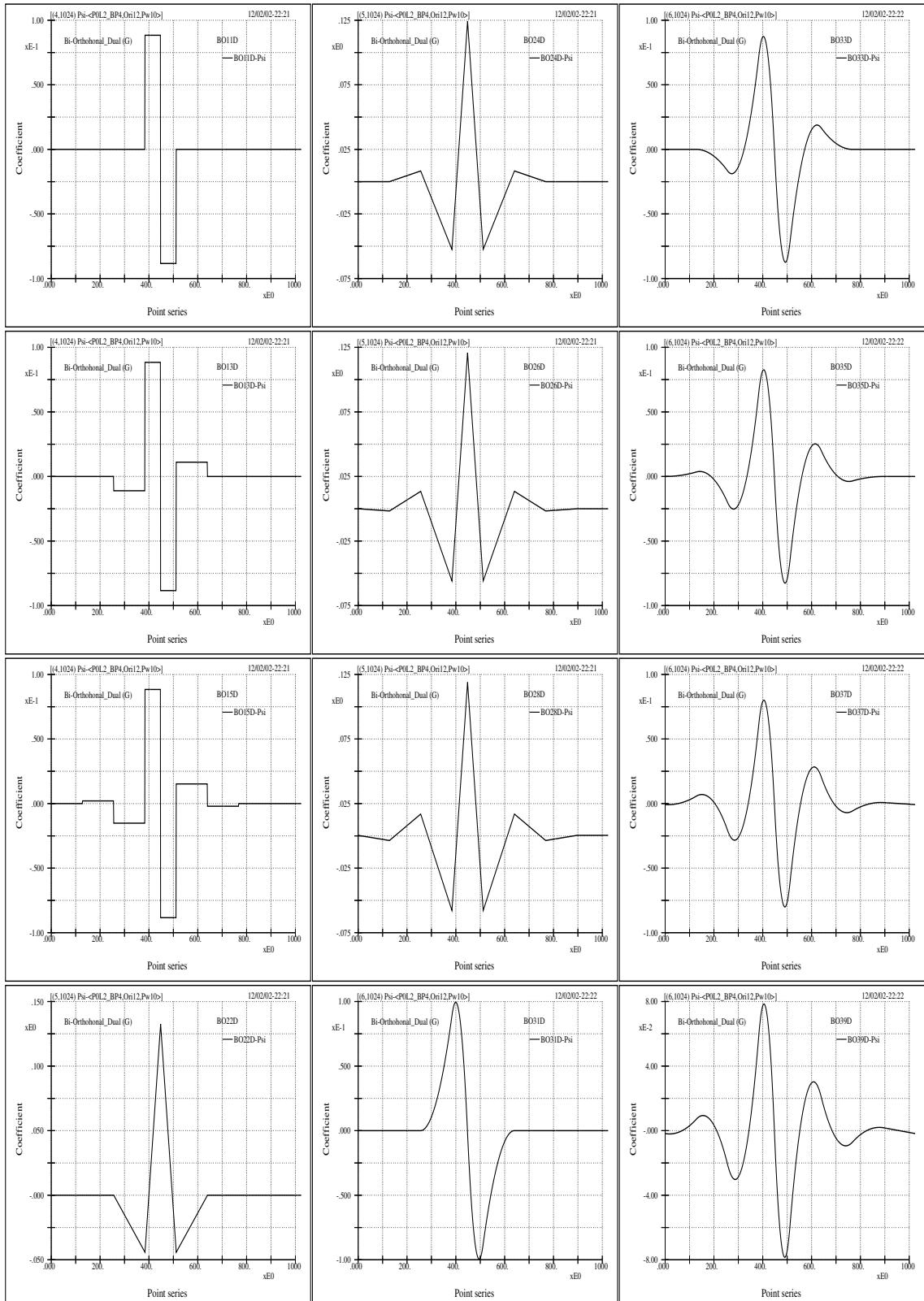


Figure 2.17: The mother wavelets of the BO<sub>xx</sub>D group originating from the point location of 12. Here the boundary point should be based on a level less or equal to 3.

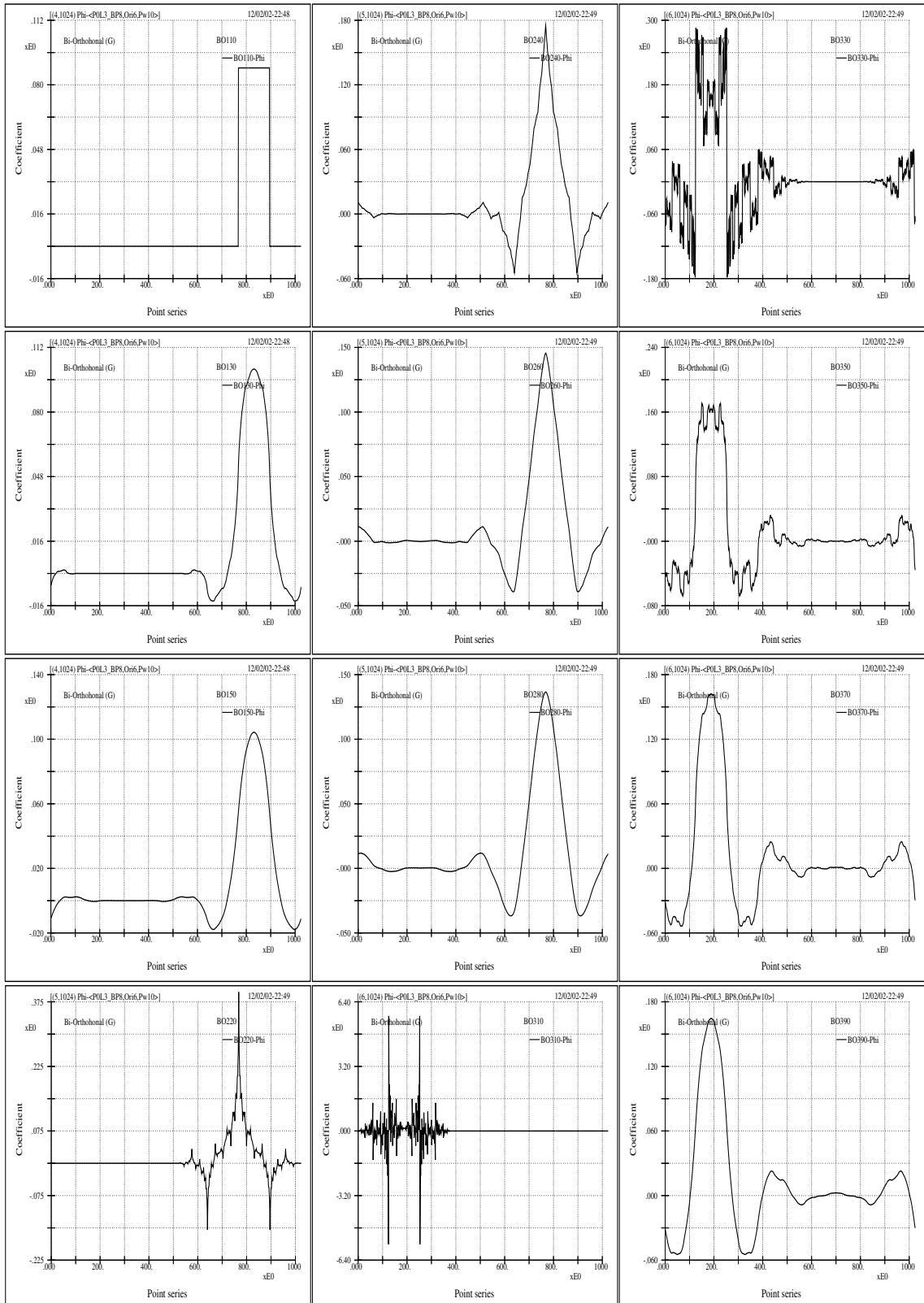


Figure 2.18: The farther wavelets of the BO<sub>xx</sub>O group originating from the point location of 6. Here the boundary point should be based on a level higher or equal to 3.

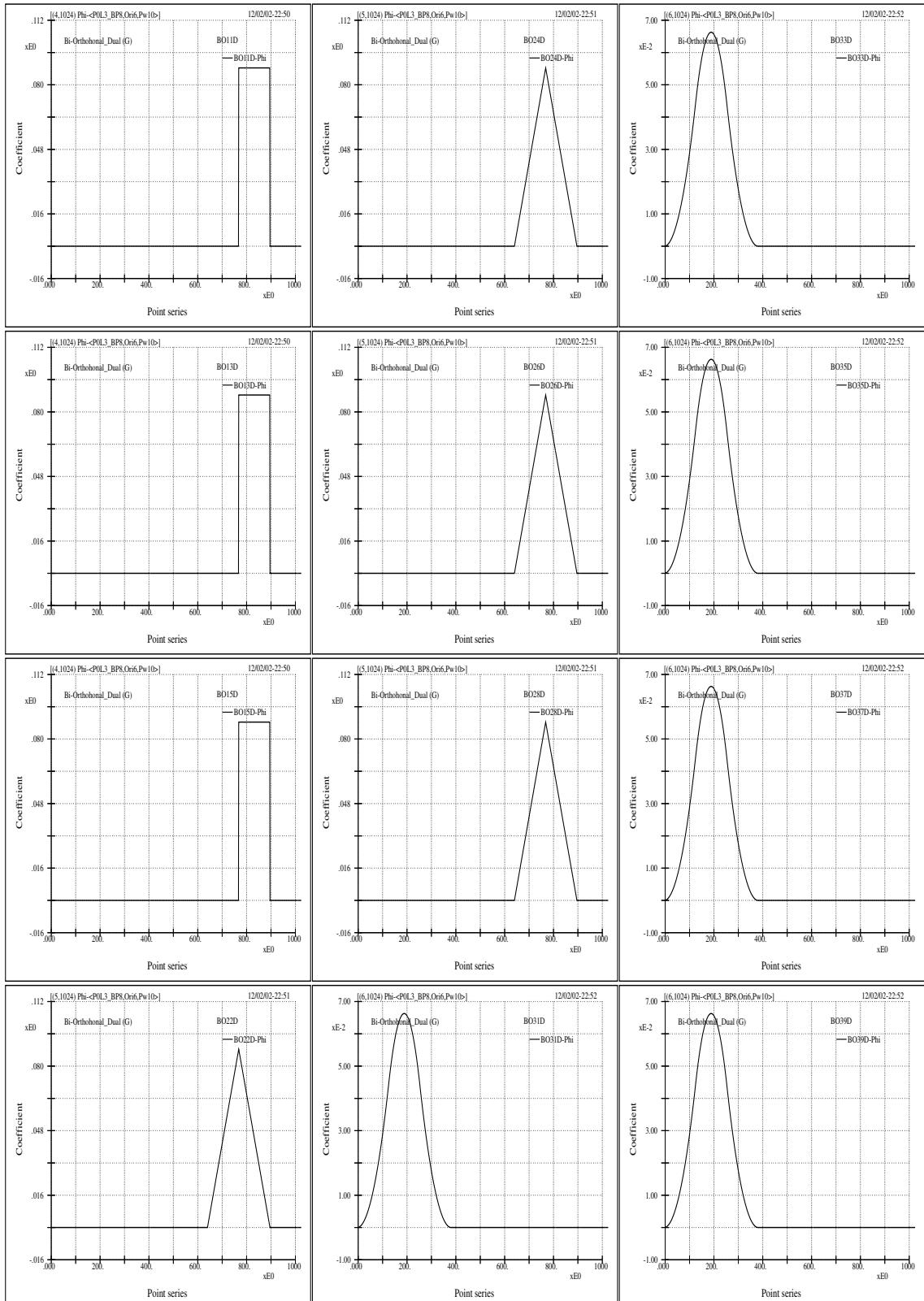


Figure 2.19: The farther wavelets of the  $\text{BO}_{xx}\text{D}$  group originating from the point location of 6. Here the boundary point should be based on a level higher or equal to 3.

# Chapter 3

## Characterizations of Discrete Wavelet Bases

### 3.1 Wavelet packets

The wavelet transform coefficients derived from an orthonormal wavelet decomposition can be decomposed further by using either the same set of filter coefficients (called two-scale sequence in Chui [2]) associated with the original wavelet, or different sets of filter coefficients associated with any other orthonormal wavelets. These further decompositions are of a tree-like refinement process and are called the wavelet packet transforms. There can basically be infinitely many wavelet packet decompositions.

The wavelet packet coefficients give better frequency resolutions with the reverse effect of longer time supports. There are no simple formula to describe the tree-like decompositions, but a schematic plot easily elucidates the mechanism and is shown in Figure 3.1.

To form the set of transform coefficients, the branch patterns and the number of branches can be chosen in any way so long as there is no repeated occurrence within any column for the whole stretch of the coefficients. That is to say, any column, wide or narrow, must have one and only one contribution from all levels (rows). But different columns may have contributions from the same row. Due to the tree-like process the computation is more time-consuming.

For this category we have two criteria for selecting a best basis. One of the criteria is generally simply referred as the “best basis”; another the “best level basis”. Take for example, for a 1024-point signal, the finest level occurs at  $j = \log_2 1024 = 10$  and there are  $2^{10}$  different choices of bases. And within these  $2^{10}$  choices the one which yields the minimum entropy is called the “best basis”. But if we enforce the restriction that all the wavelet packets be at the same level  $j$ , then we have 10 levels (0 to 9) to choose from, and the level that yields minimum entropy is called best level basis.

The indexes of a wavelet packet coefficient, i.e., the subscript and superscript of  $U$  in the figure determine the time of occurrence of that coefficient and also indicate the associated support length and frequency resolution.

Mathematica programs “TFR-WP\_Shell.nb” and “TFR-WP\_Stand-alone.nb” are used to render the shape and location of the coefficient’s time-frequency window within the phase plane. The first Mathematica program is a shell program for lean display and easy screen navigation, as well as avoiding any mishaps of unintentional keyboard touch. The second Mathematica program is the core program used by the first. Figure 3.2 illustrates this.

Basically, any time-frequency window shown in the figure is only of a representative locale regarding the support lengths in time and in frequency for the corresponding wavelet packet transform coefficient. The figure also shows the effects of non-symmetrical filtering. One specific feature is that the areas of all individual windows are all equal.

Relevant Asyst shell programs for best basis identifications and renditions are “R\_Lev.shl” and “S\_WPM.shl”.

## 3.2 Wavelet blowups

Wavelets are fractal in nature, that is to say, no matter how deep we zoom into the wavelet curve the zoom-ins all show the the same characterization. If a zoom-in is call a blowup then all the blowups appear to have similar shape with the same regularity, differentiabil-

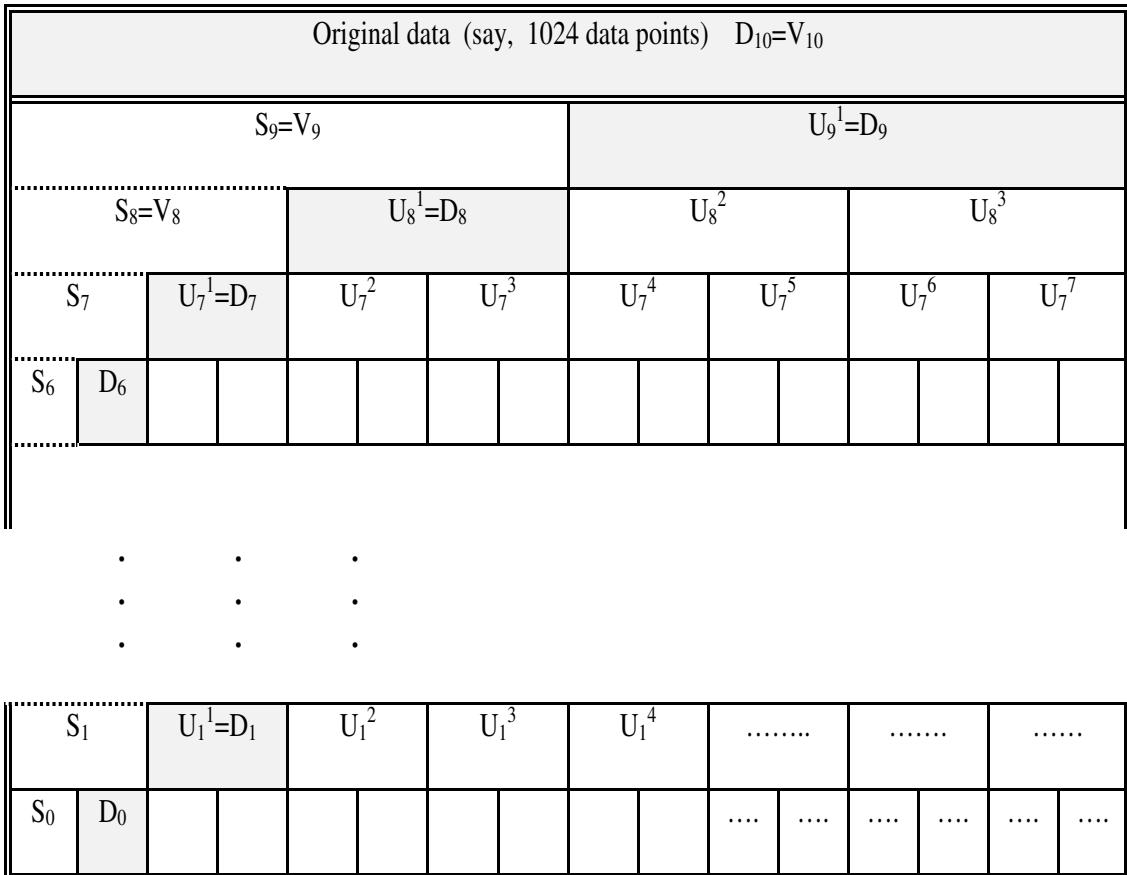


Figure 3.1: Schematic representation of the tree-like structure of the wavelet packet decomposition.  $S (=V$  in the text) and  $D$  stand for smooth and detail information, respectively.  $U$  with superscript larger than 1 stands for further decomposition of  $D$  by wavelet packets. All subscripts mean scale levels. All superscripts mean relative locations of the frequency bands for compatible subscripts.

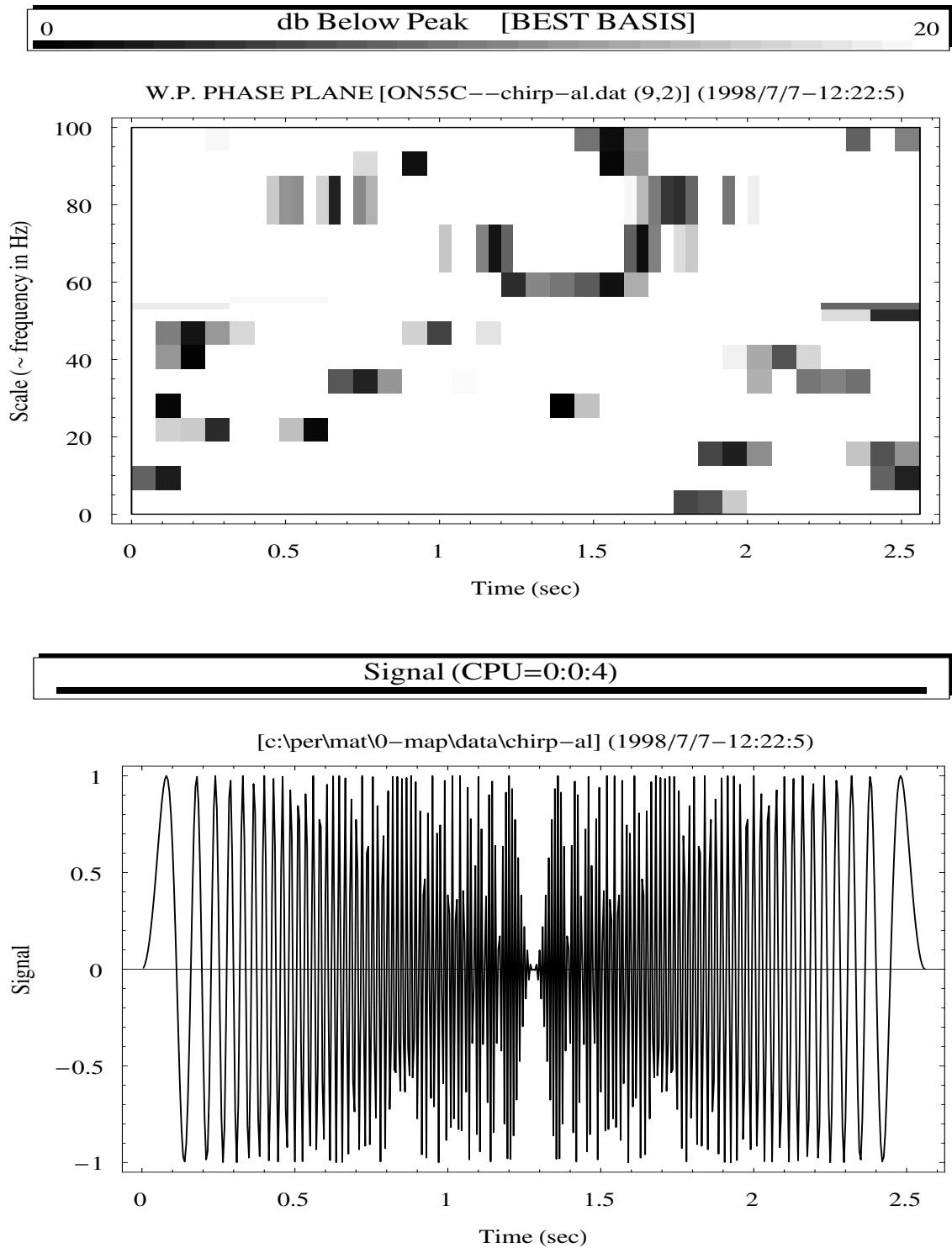


Figure 3.2: Phase plane of a wavelet packet's best basis time-frequency windows (top) for a linear chirp signal that is sampled under aliasing condition (bottom). Here wavelet packets associated with coiflet of 30 convolution weights is used. The original signal, if not under-sampled, has linear instantaneous frequency distribution from 0 to 100 Hz. Note the non-symmetric effects and the scattering of windows due to the composite frequency bands that form the wavelet.

ity, and decaying property.

The Asyst program is written to be able to blow any wavelet constructions, such as mother and father wavelets, wavelet bases and wavelet packet bases for any point at any level. A few examples are shown in Figures 3.3 to 3.10. The Asyst shell program for this is “R\_Blo.shl”.

Here we note that wavelets with fancy analytical properties are often of bizarre wave forms and not of our choice for studying water wave related physics — either judging from they entropy values (to be discussed neat) or form their stability conditions.

Moreover, the blowup exercises here are able to hint the behaviors of several numerical and theoretical aspects of wavelet analysis, such as, edge effects, effects of finite resolution, the convergency, and the error propagation property.

Figures 3.9 and 3.10 show the blow-ups of bi-orthogonal wavelet BO31O and BO35O, respectively. Relevant data for BO31O is: Origin of wavelet curve: level 2, position 12 (i.e., element  $U_2^{12}$  in figure 3.1); Blow-up point: 150; data length: 512. Each sub-figure shows successive blow-up scale of  $2^6$ . Here the blow-ups diverge rapidly, i.e., the wavelet fails to identify itself numerically in the refinement cascade. Relevant data for BO35O is: Origin of wavelet curve: level 2, position 12 (i.e., element  $U_2^{12}$  in figure 3.1); Blow-up point: 225; data length: 512. Each sub-figure shows successive blow-up scale of  $2^6$ . Here the blow-ups converge but go with peculiar inclinations.

Figure 3.8 also exhibits the grouping tendency of wavelet packets. ♦

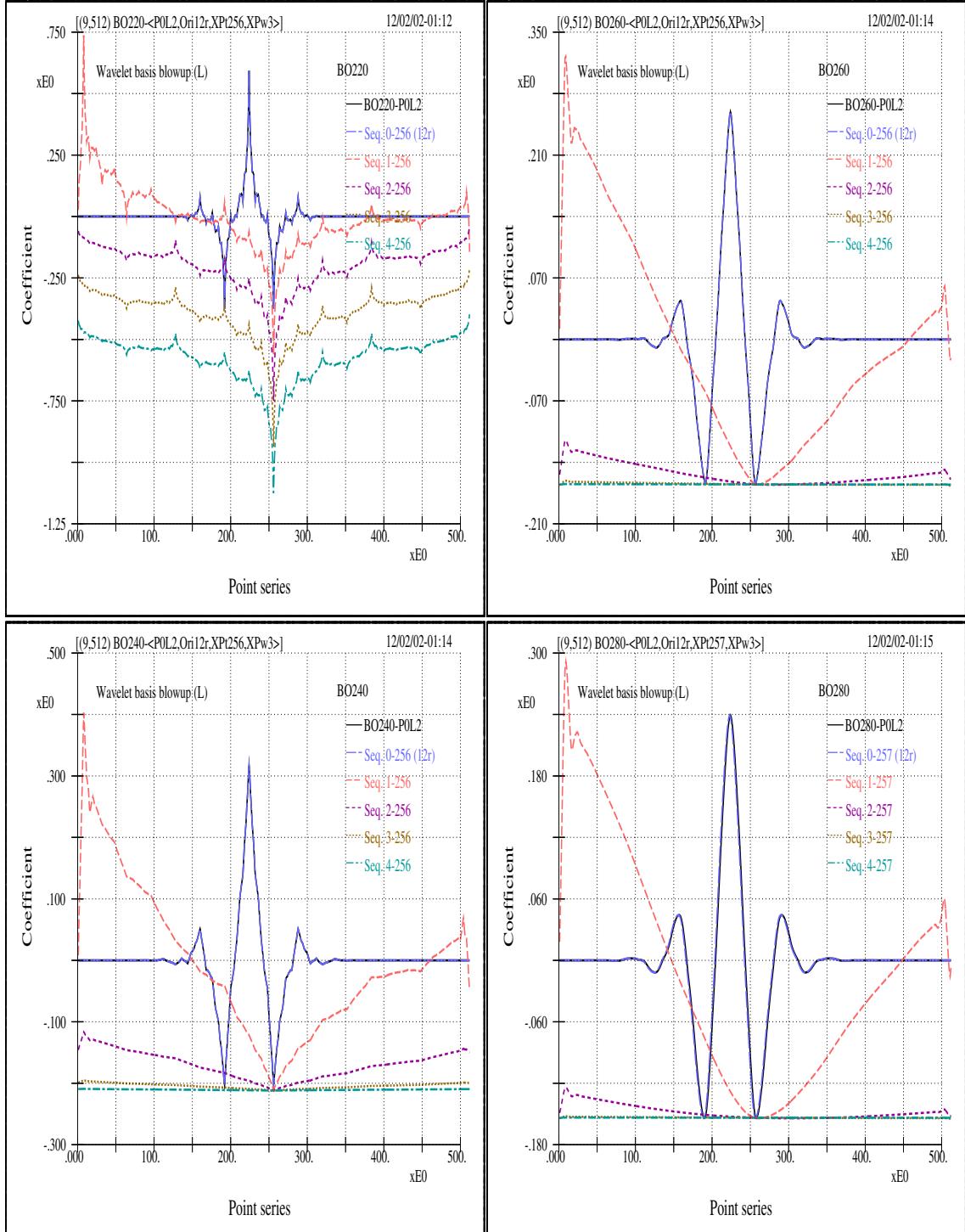


Figure 3.3: The blowups of a few wavelets of the  $\text{BO}2x\text{O}$  group. Each successive blowup scale is  $2^3$ . The originating point of the wavelet function and the blowup location point are labeled in individual sub-figure.

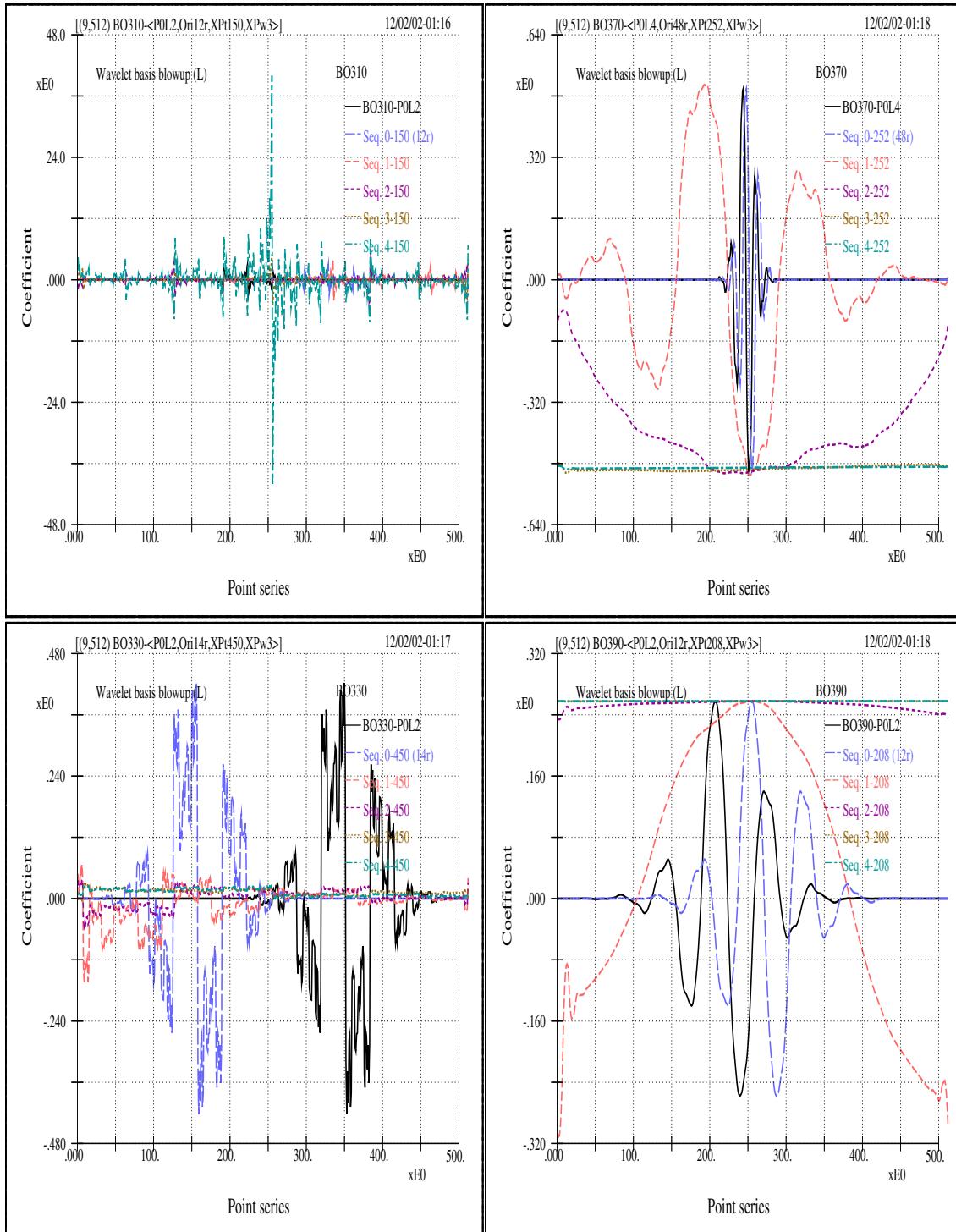


Figure 3.4: The blowups of a few wavelets of the BO3xO group.

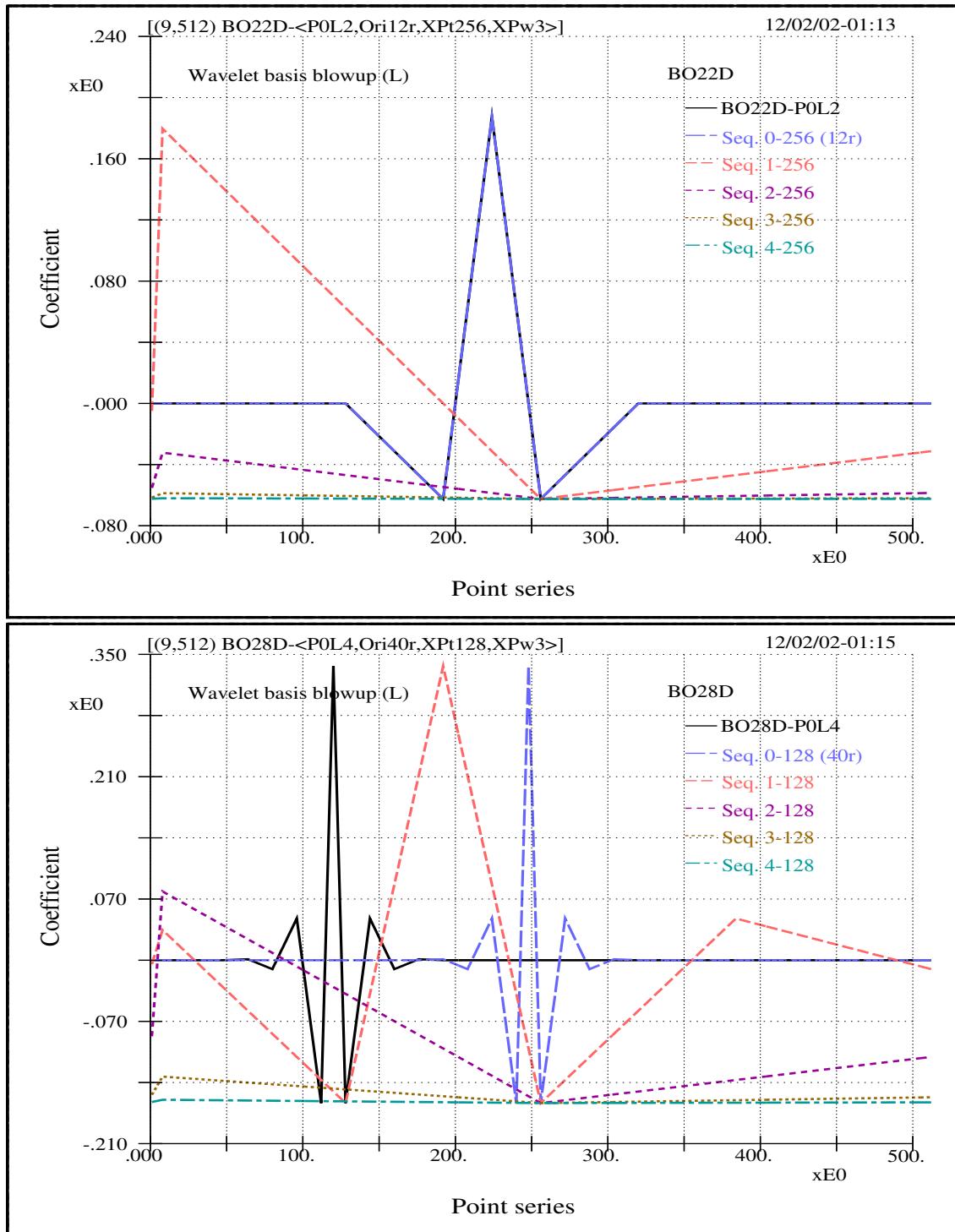


Figure 3.5: The blowups of a few wavelets of the BO $2x$ D group.

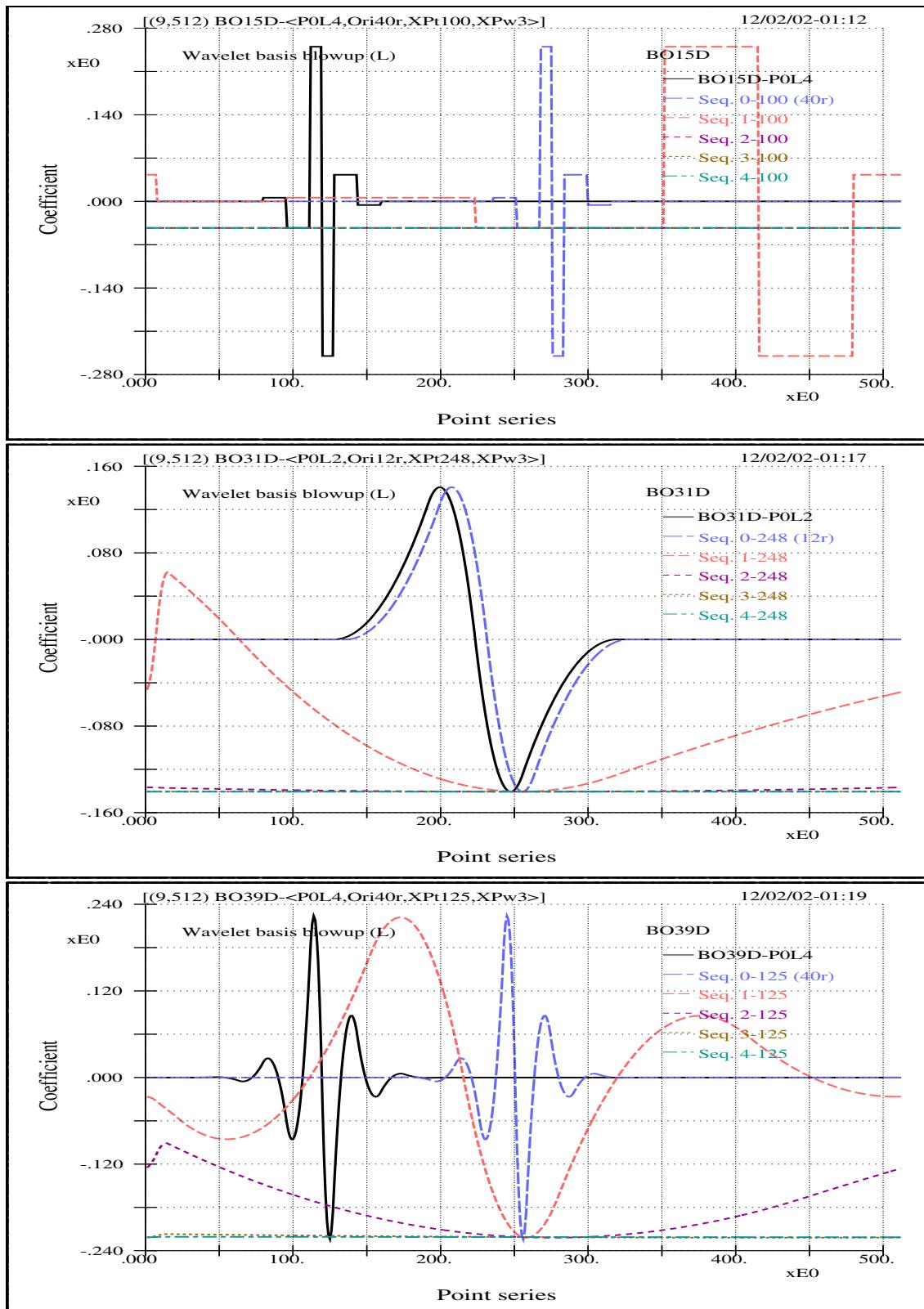


Figure 3.6: The blowups of a few wavelets of the BOxyD group.

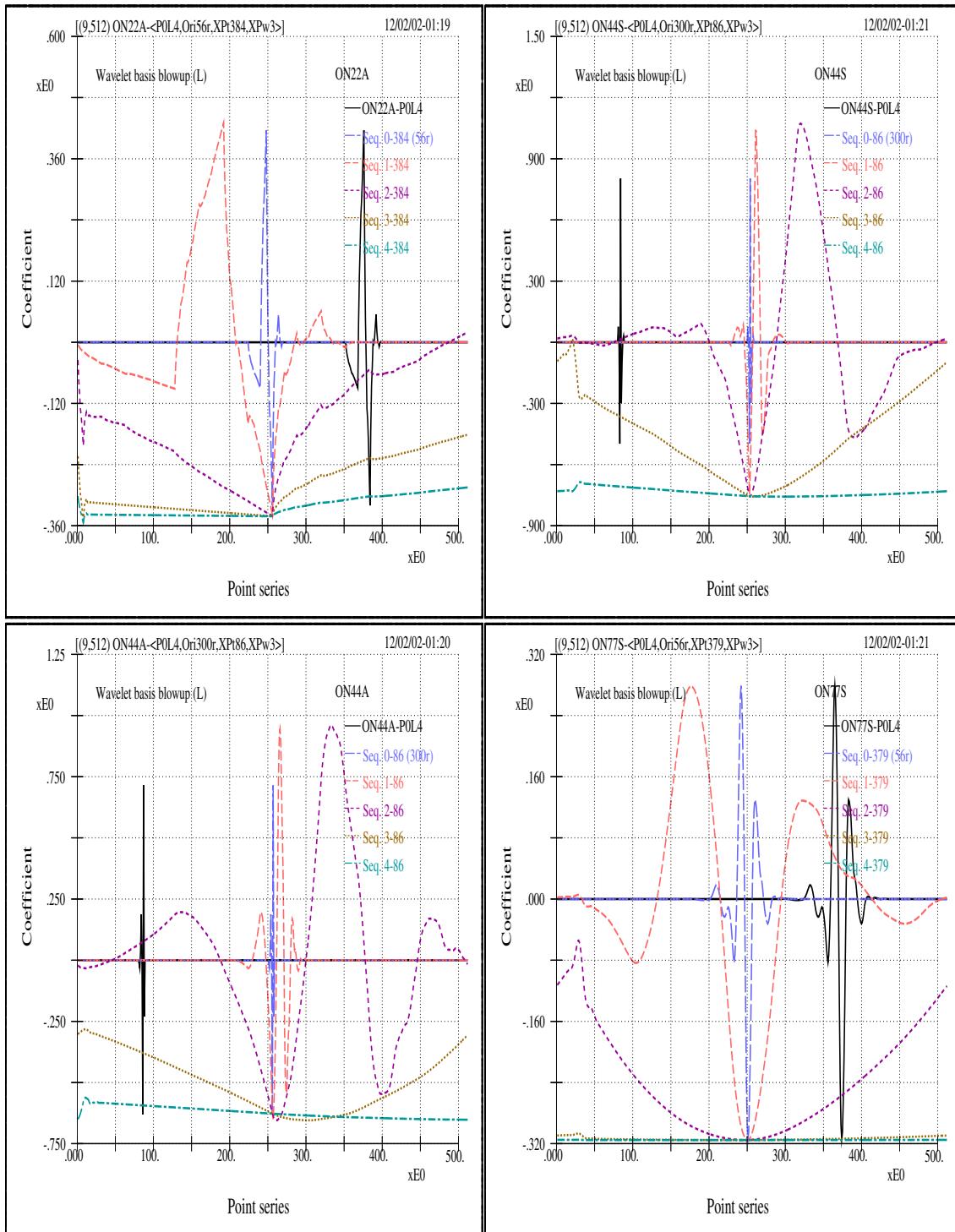


Figure 3.7: The blowups of a few wavelets of the ON $_{xx}$ A and ON $_{xx}$ S groups.

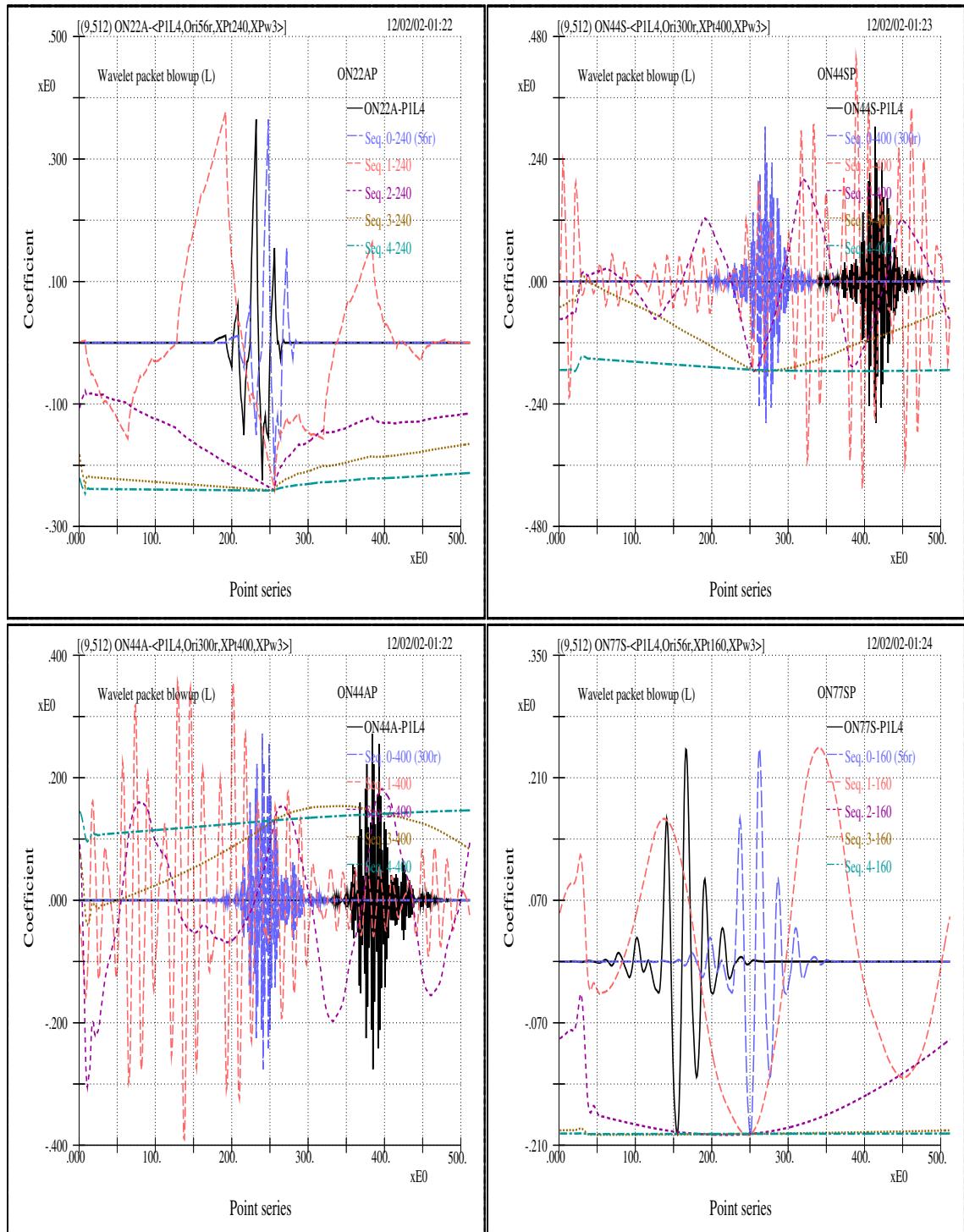


Figure 3.8: The blowups of a few wavelet packets of the ON<sub>xx</sub>A and ON<sub>xx</sub>S groups. Note the grouping tendency of the wavelet packets.

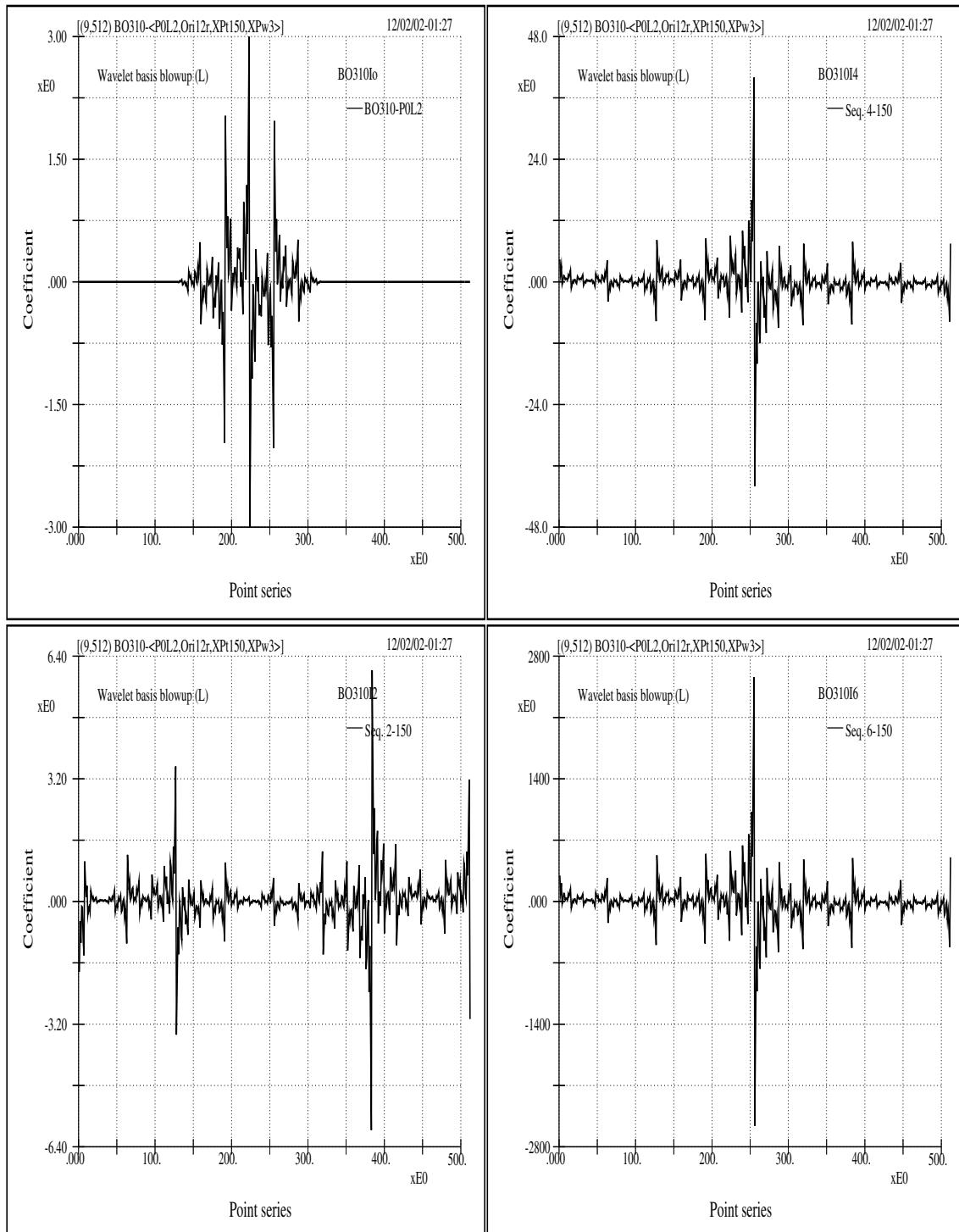


Figure 3.9: The blowups of the BO31O wavelet, noting the vast difference in the ordinate. Here successive blowup scale is  $2^6$ .

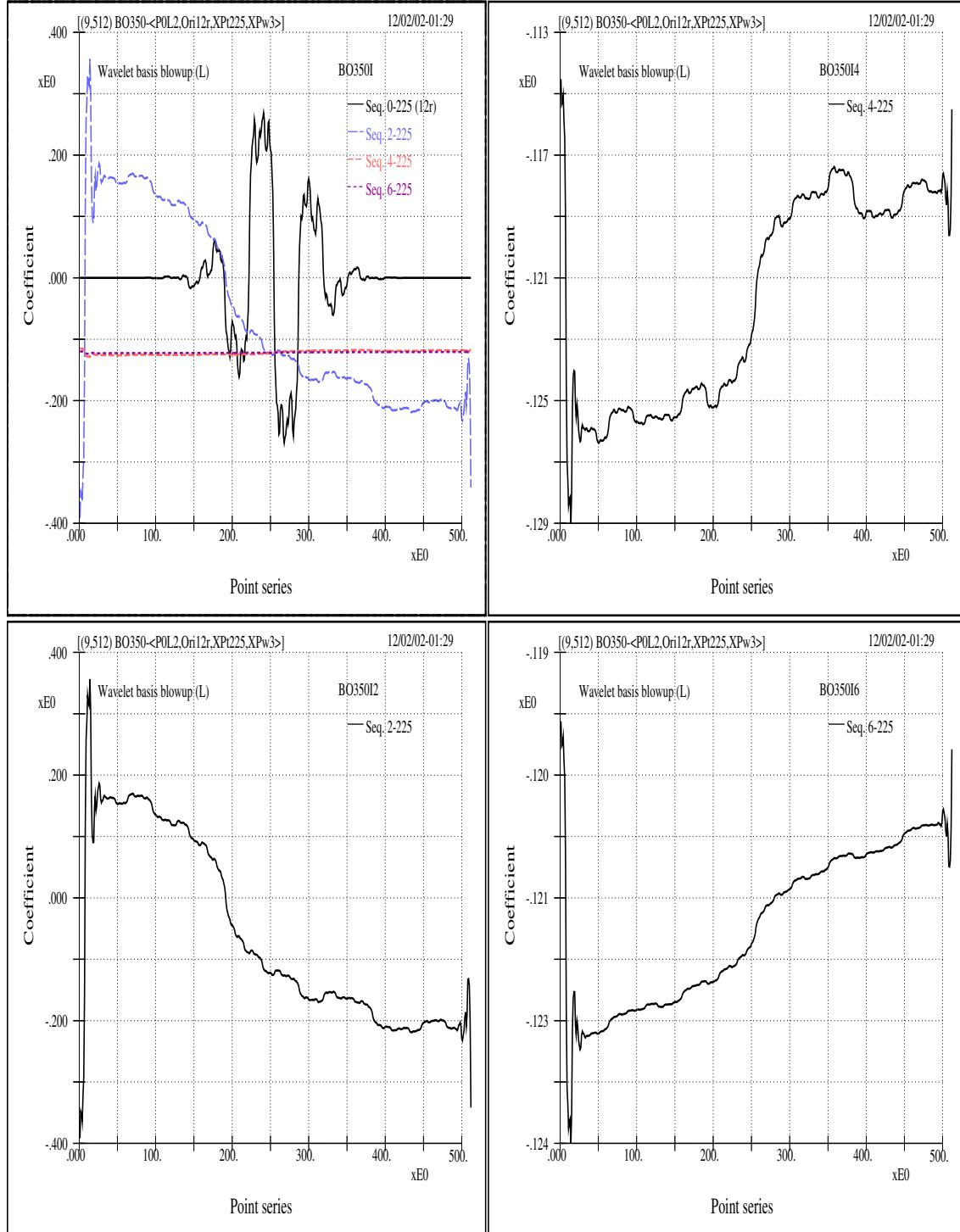


Figure 3.10: The blowups of the BO350 wavelet, noting the difference of the inclinations of the zoom-in curves. Here successive blowup scale is  $2^6$ .

### 3.3 The entropy criteria

Entropy is a terminology in the statistical physics; statistics provides indication without absolute assurance. For the present context the entropy can be viewed as a measure of the “distance” between a signal and its reconstructed signal using partially truncated transform coefficients.

To avoid the somewhat mystified notions as one might get from some of the readings, it might be better, as well as easier, to give straightforward descriptions by stepping through the actual numerical process first and returning to its statistical implication later.

Let suppose that we have a 1024-point sampled data, then there is a set of 1024 wavelet coefficients ( $C=\{c_i\}$ ). Take the absolute or squared value of these coefficients, sort them, and then divide the sequence into  $M$  (say, 100 or 200 or 300) divisions which are equally spaced from 0 to the maximum value of the coefficients. Then we have the statistics of occurrence for each division, and the distribution of these normalized occurrences is the probability density distribution or probability density function (denoted by pdf), say  $\{p_1, p_2, \dots, p_{M-1}, p_M\}$ . The entropy is

$$H(p) = - \sum_i p_i \log p_i. \quad (3.1)$$

Where, when  $p_i = 0$ , it is assumed that  $0 \log 0 = 0$ , since in reality one can assumed that there exists an almost zero probability in that interval without affecting the total sum of probability; after all, what we are pursuing is only a value of statistics and the modification virtually has no influence on the norm value. If absolute values of  $c_i$  are taken,  $H(p)$  is the  $L^1$ -norm entropy; if squared values are taken, it is squared  $L^2$ -norm entropy. Of course,

other values of power can be used, but the squared  $L^2$ -norm, being related to the energy, is physically the most significant.

Now comes the practical aspect of this definition of entropy: let suppose two probability distribution functions sorted in a decreasing order are  $p$  and  $q$ , if  $p$  decreases faster than  $q$ , then  $H(p) \leq H(q)$  [15]. The above inequality of entropy is only one-way correct; the reverse is not always true. But smaller entropy implies that more energy is gathered for a fixed number of transform coefficients at the large value end; or stated otherwise, a smaller number of wavelet coefficients can consolidate more energy. Therefore, if only a fixed percentage of coefficients is kept for reconstructing a signal, the truncated error, i.e., the distance from the total sum, thus incurred is likely to be smaller for the set of coefficients that has smaller entropy.

Other notions of entropy exist. One is sometimes referred as the geometric notion [15]. Again, the notion can better be described by giving its procedures first and the simple physical interpretation next.

By setting the number of divisions to be the same as the number of coefficients and by defining probability density to be the normalized (with respect to the total power) value of the squared wavelet coefficient, that is to say, now the total energy is  $\|C\|^2 = \sum_i |c_i|^2$  and the probability density is  $p_i = |c_i|^2/\|C\|^2$ , one gets the alternative form of entropy by simply substituting  $P_i$  into Equation 3.1:

$$H(p) = \log \|C\|^2 - \frac{\sum_i |c_i|^2 \log |c_i|^2}{\|C\|^2}. \quad (3.2)$$

The notion here is simple: if one just put more weight on coefficients of small energy and

less weight on coefficients of large energy (all coefficients being normalized), then the weighted energy is an indication of entropy. And since taking the log of a value is sort of a weighting operation and since the total energy is finite, small entropy therefore means that the number of those significant coefficients is small, or stated otherwise, more energy is concentrated in fewer coefficients.

One equivalent indicator of entropy of a pdf is the theoretical dimension  $D(p)$  and is defined as [15]

$$D(p) = e^{H(p)} = \prod_i \left( p_i^{-p_i} \right). \quad (3.3)$$

As was stated, entropy does not tell how conclusive the result is. Nevertheless, our numerical results yield little ambiguity regarding the judgements or statements that we can make for our water wave related signals.

Tables 3.1 and 3.2) shows entropy values based on several setups: direct coefficient entropy related to  $L^2$ -norm based on Equation 3.3, pdf entropy related to  $L^2$ -norm with 300 (column 2) and 200 (column 4) divisions, and pdf entropy related to  $L^1$ -norm based on Equation 3.1 (column 3). Theoretical dimension for one of the setups is also given (column 5). The tables use raw data of a wind-wave signal from a wave tank experiment.

The relevant shell programs for this is “S\_Ent.shl”, and “S\_Nor.shl”.

### 3.4 The phase of the wavelet Characteristic function $m_0$

The entropy results are of a statistical approach, and they by no means touches any analytical insight of the various function bases. Herein, by studying the phase distribution of a wavelet characterizing function for each basis, the analytical essence that gives rise the

practical usefulness of a function basis is shown to be the fulfillment of a linear phase of the characterizing function.

Following the convention used by Daubechies [5], the wavelet characterizing function is termed as the  $m_0(\xi)$  function, which is the kernel of individual wavelet and has the following mathematical content:

A multiresolution analysis consists of a sequence of the closed subspaces  $V_j$  of the nested ladder,

$$\cdots V_2 \subset V_1 \subset V_0 \subset V_{-1} \subset V_{-2} \subset \cdots, \quad (3.4)$$

and satisfies the requirement

$$f \in V_j \iff f(2^j \cdot) \in V_0. \quad (3.5)$$

The invariance of  $V_0$  under integer translations states that

$$f \in V_0 \implies f(\cdot - n) \in V_0 \text{ for all } n \in \mathbb{Z}. \quad (3.6)$$

Now comes the main statement that there exists  $\phi \in V_0$  so that

$$\{\phi_{0,n}; n \in \mathbb{Z}\} \text{ is an orthonormal or Riesz basis in } V_0, \quad (3.7)$$

where, for all  $j, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\phi_{j,n}(x) = \sqrt{2^{-j}}\phi(2^{-j}x - n)$ . Here the  $\phi$  is often called the scaling function of the multiresolution analysis. Furthermore, for the  $\{\phi_{j,n}; j, n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  there exists its counterpart wavelet basis  $\{\psi_{j,k}; j, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ ,  $\psi_{j,k}(x) = \sqrt{2^{-j}}\psi(2^{-j}x - k)$ ,

such that

$$P_{j-1}f = P_j f + \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \langle f, \psi_{j,k} \rangle \psi_{j,k}. \quad (3.8)$$

Since  $\phi \in V_0 \subset V_{-1}$  and  $\phi_{-1,n}$  are basis in  $V_{-1}$ , we have

$$\phi = \sum_n h_n \phi_{-1,n}, \quad (3.9)$$

with

$$h_n = \langle \phi, \phi_{-1,n} \rangle. \quad (3.10)$$

We therefore have

$$\phi(x) = \sqrt{2} \sum_n h_n \phi(2x - n) \quad (3.11)$$

or

$$\widehat{\phi}(\xi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_n h_n e^{-in\xi/2} \widehat{\phi}(\xi/2). \quad (3.12)$$

In an alternative form

$$\widehat{\phi}(\xi) = m_0(\xi/2) \widehat{\phi}(\xi/2), \quad (3.13)$$

where

$$m_0(\xi) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_n h_n e^{-in\xi}. \quad (3.14)$$

Suffice it to say that the  $m_0(\xi)$  function is comprised of the summation of the wavelet construction convolution filters (or filter weights corresponding to the support length of the wavelet) multiplied by the complex exponential functions of their individual scales, and it is intrinsic to the transcendental formulations of the mother wavelet and the two-scale equation.

Figures 3.11 to 3.18 show the phase distributions of all the covered wavelet categories.

The relevant shell program here is “R\_Pha.sh1”. ♦

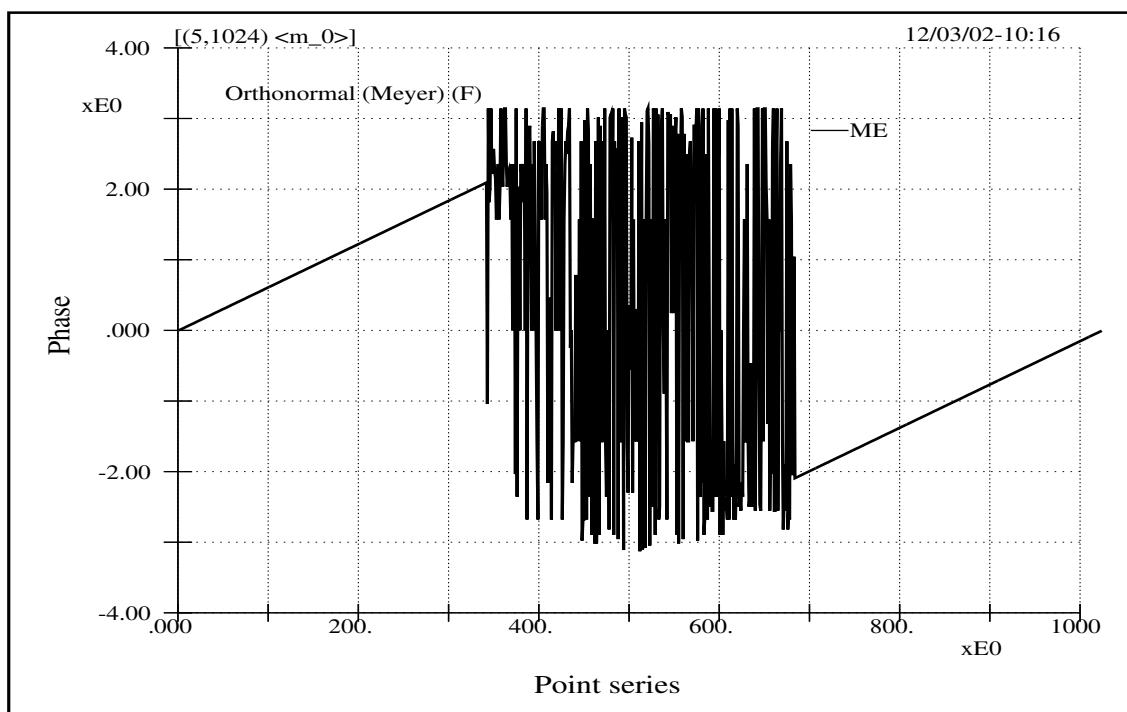


Figure 3.11: The phase distribution of the  $m_0$  function of the Meyer wavelet.

Table 3.1: Entropy of orthonormal and semi-orthogonal wavelet coefficients as well as spectral coefficients under various statistic criteria.

Wavelet	<u>L**2 coefficient</u> <u>entropy</u> (0 division)	<u>L**2 probability</u> <u>entropy</u> (300 divisions)	<u>L**1 probability</u> <u>entropy</u> (300 divisions)	<u>L**2 probability</u> <u>entropy</u> (200 divisions)	<u>Theotetical</u> <u>dimension</u> (L**2 300 divisions)
B&L	4.691	1.330	3.417	1.179	3.782
Meyer	4.647	1.294	3.365	1.132	3.646
SO3O	4.833	1.669	3.756	1.488	5.307
SO3D	1.823	0.219	1.306	0.172	1.245
Spectrum	2.809	0.270	3.044	0.244	1.310
ON22A	4.993	1.761	3.891	1.516	5.815
ON33A	4.773	1.384	3.499	1.225	3.975
ON44A	4.790	1.517	3.596	1.363	4.559
ON55A	4.819	1.553	3.631	1.367	4.727
ON66A	4.790	1.373	3.456	1.203	3.946
ON77A	4.675	1.355	3.461	1.203	3.877
ON88A	4.645	1.229	3.283	1.082	3.418
ON99A	4.719	1.412	3.501	1.252	4.106
ON00A	4.787	1.423	3.511	1.244	4.149
ON44S	4.835	1.461	3.557	1.281	4.311
ON55S	4.758	1.492	3.576	1.298	4.426
ON66S	4.754	1.402	3.501	1.225	4.065
ON77S	4.751	1.336	3.331	1.188	3.804
ON88S	4.714	1.366	3.481	1.224	3.918
ON99S	4.755	1.469	3.570	1.288	4.345
ON00S	4.635	1.278	3.378	1.134	3.591
ON11C	4.938	1.696	3.832	1.457	5.452
ON22C	4.827	1.468	3.520	1.284	4.342
ON33C	4.756	1.488	3.573	1.333	4.427
ON44C	4.690	1.297	3.337	1.157	3.658
ON55C	4.644	1.309	3.405	1.154	3.703

Table 3.2: Entropy of bi-orthogonal wavelet coefficients under various statistic criteria.

Wavelet	L**2 coefficient entropy (0 division)	L**2 probability entropy (300 divisions)	L**1 probability entropy (300 divisions)	L**2 probability entropy (200 divisions)	Theoretical dimension (L**2 300 divisions)
BO110	5.395	2.623	4.502	2.299	13.777
BO11D	5.395	2.623	4.502	2.299	13.777
BO130	4.943	1.806	3.883	1.627	6.084
BO13D	5.266	2.371	4.373	2.053	10.708
BO150	4.866	1.678	3.755	1.495	5.357
BO15D	5.227	2.291	4.327	1.987	9.882
BO220	5.282	2.362	4.363	2.083	10.609
BO22D	4.434	1.181	3.284	1.034	3.257
BO240	4.963	1.862	3.985	1.634	6.438
BO24D	4.359	1.090	3.220	0.962	2.975
BO260	4.881	1.703	3.835	1.492	5.490
BO26D	4.332	1.064	3.174	0.940	2.899
BO280	4.857	1.624	3.782	1.452	5.073
BO28D	4.318	1.069	3.157	0.941	2.914
BO310	5.824	3.174	4.741	2.835	23.894
BO31D	4.377	1.058	2.655	0.936	2.880
BO330	5.084	2.001	4.062	1.756	7.393
BO33D	4.205	1.102	2.827	0.965	3.011
BO350	4.850	1.697	3.847	1.506	5.457
BO35D	4.125	1.026	2.776	0.908	2.789
BO370	4.790	1.658	3.821	1.442	5.247
BO37D	4.106	0.986	2.737	0.873	2.679
BO390	4.776	1.660	3.835	1.432	5.258
BO39D	4.098	0.967	2.713	0.866	2.629

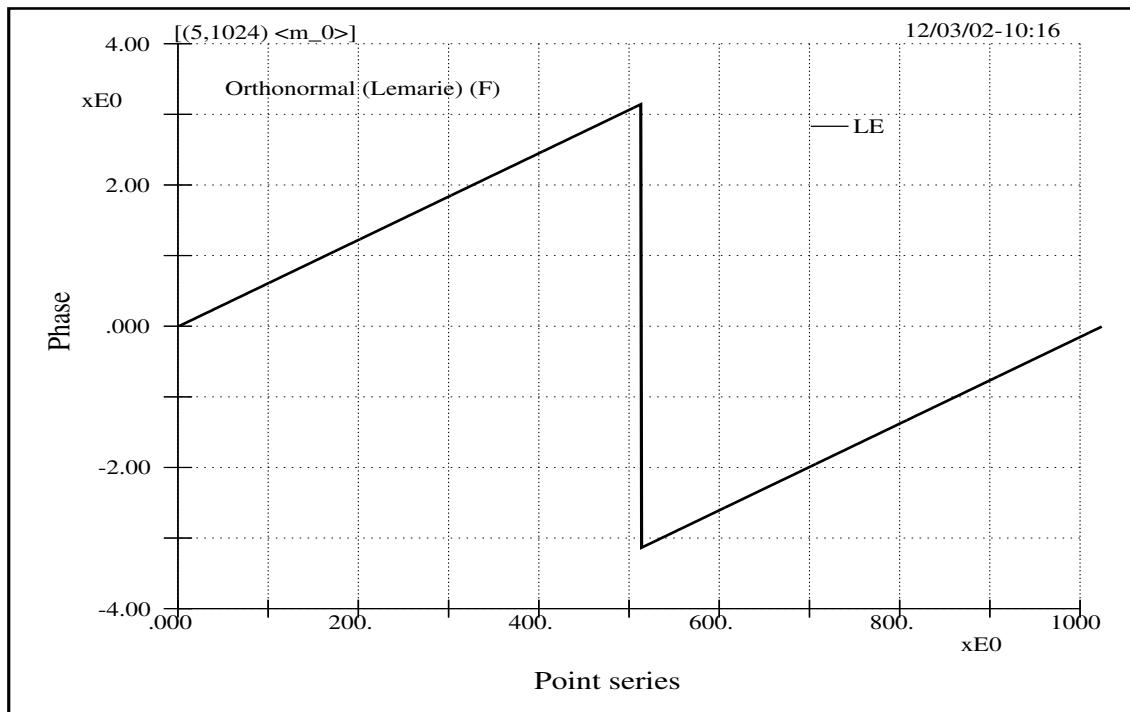


Figure 3.12: The phase distribution of the  $m_0$  function of the Battle and Lemarié wavelet, noting the difference from that of Meyer wavelet.

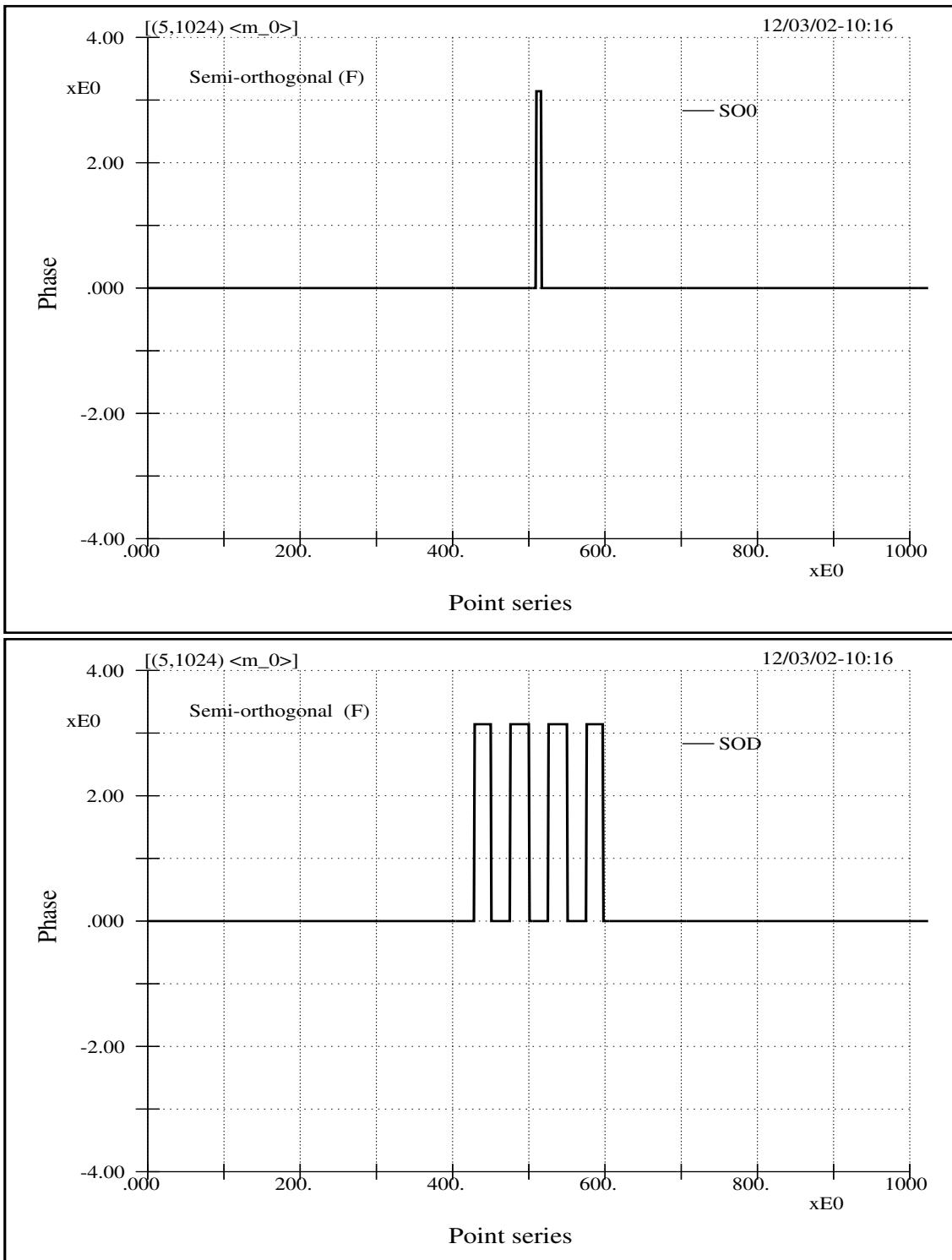


Figure 3.13: The phase distributions of the  $m_0$  functions of the semi-orthogonal wavelet and its dual.

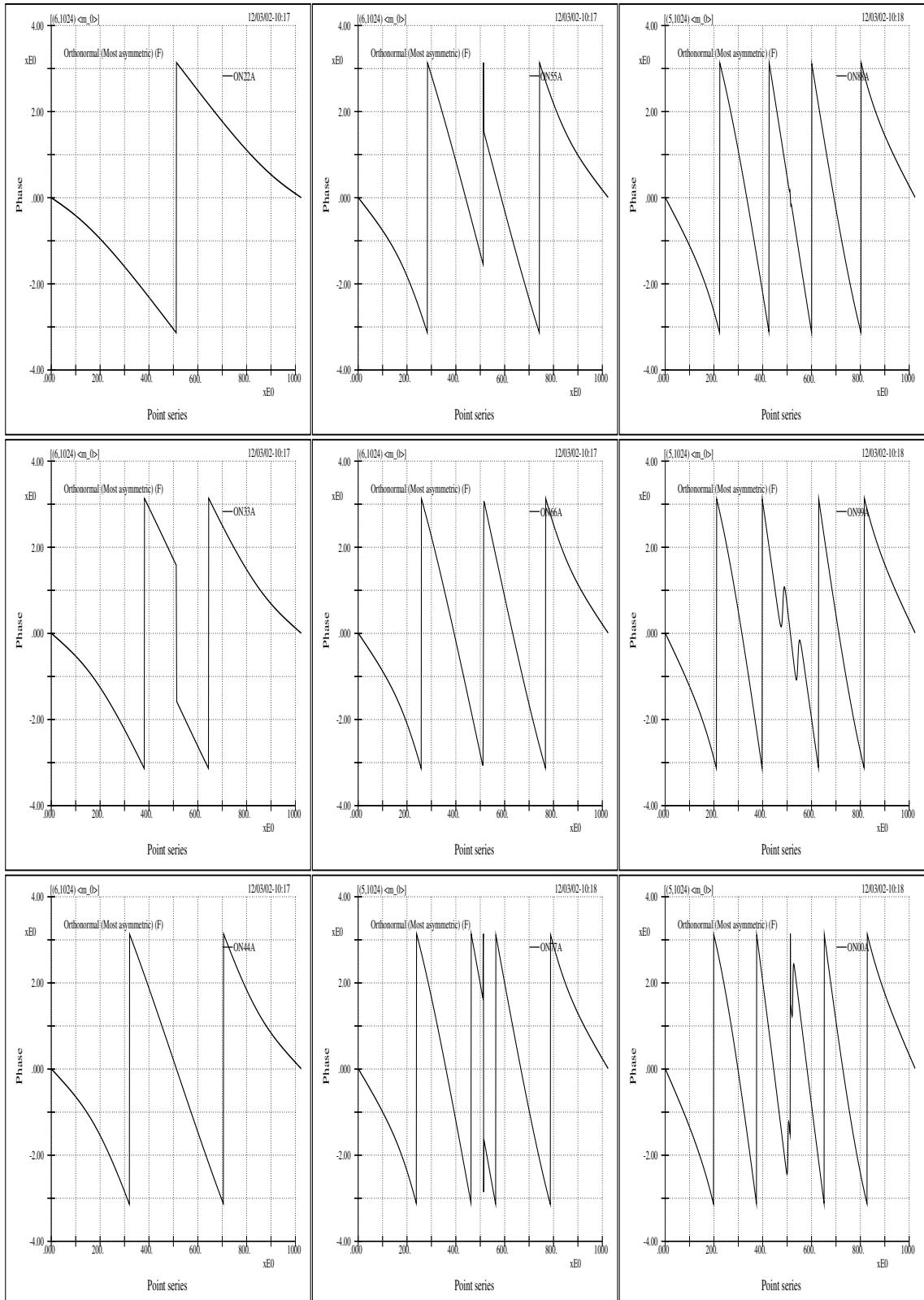


Figure 3.14: The phase distributions of the  $m_0$  functions of the wavelets of the most asymmetric group.

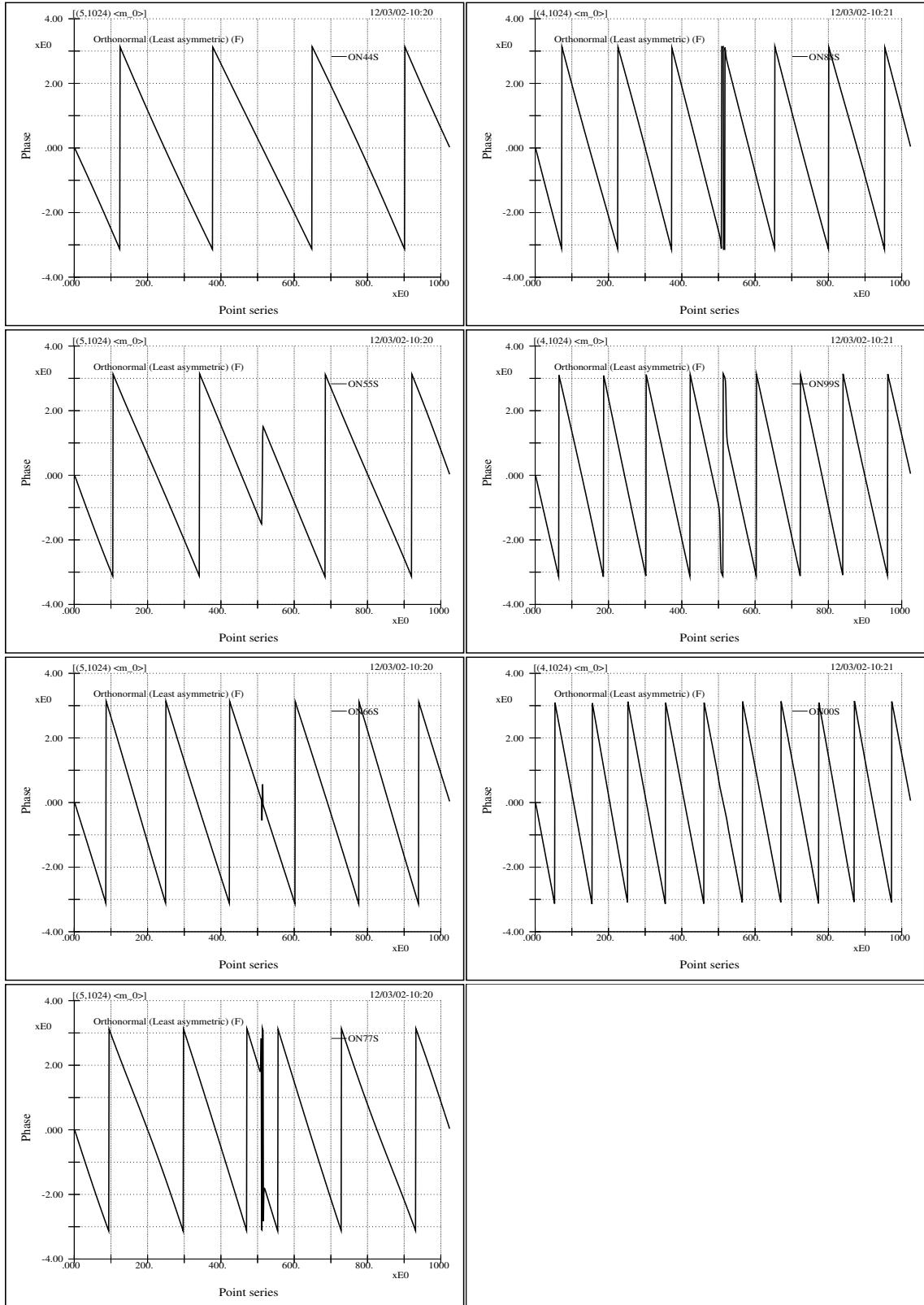


Figure 3.15: The phase distributions of the  $m_0$  functions of the wavelets of the least asymmetric group.

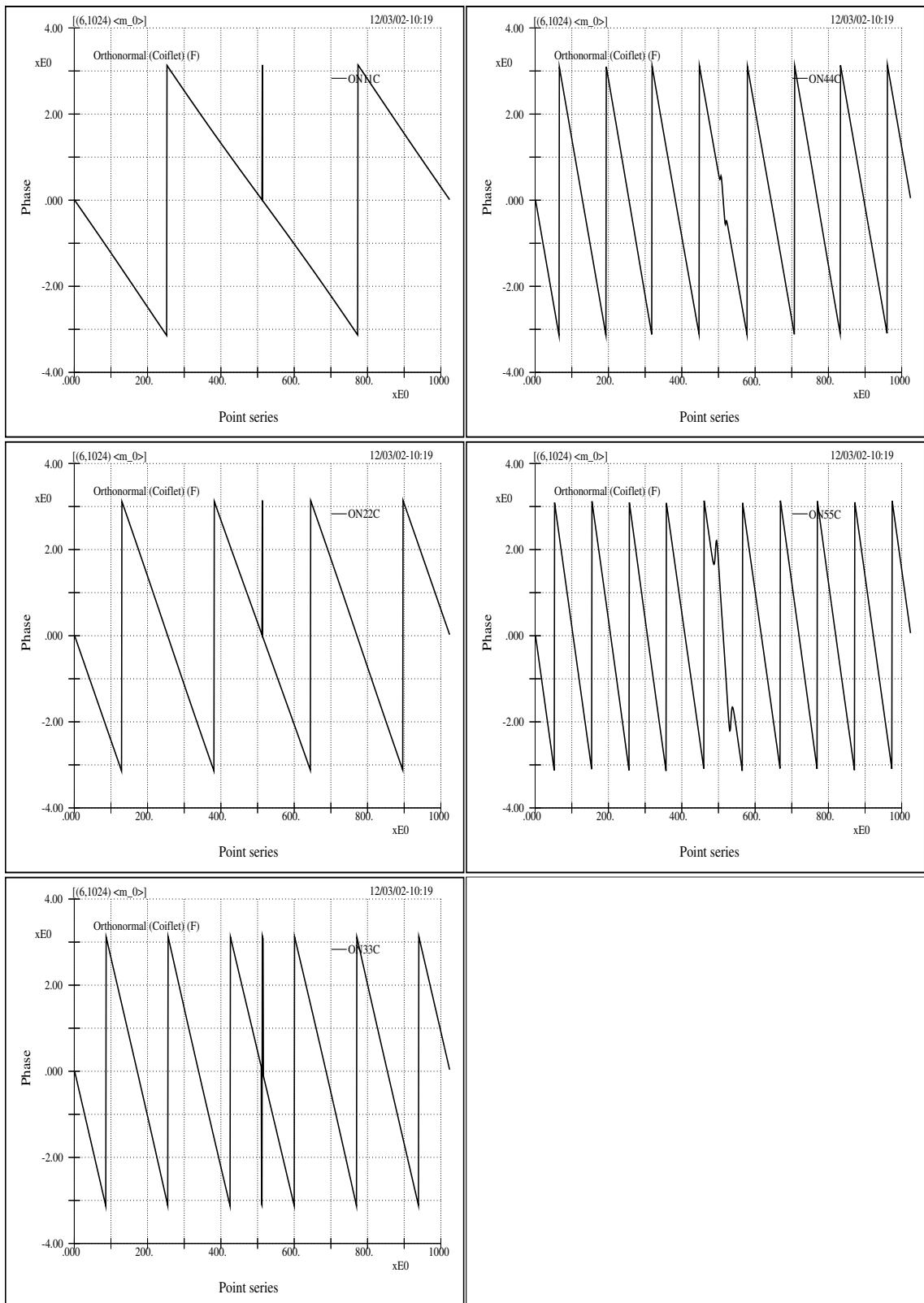


Figure 3.16: The phase distributions of the  $m_0$  functions of the coiflets.

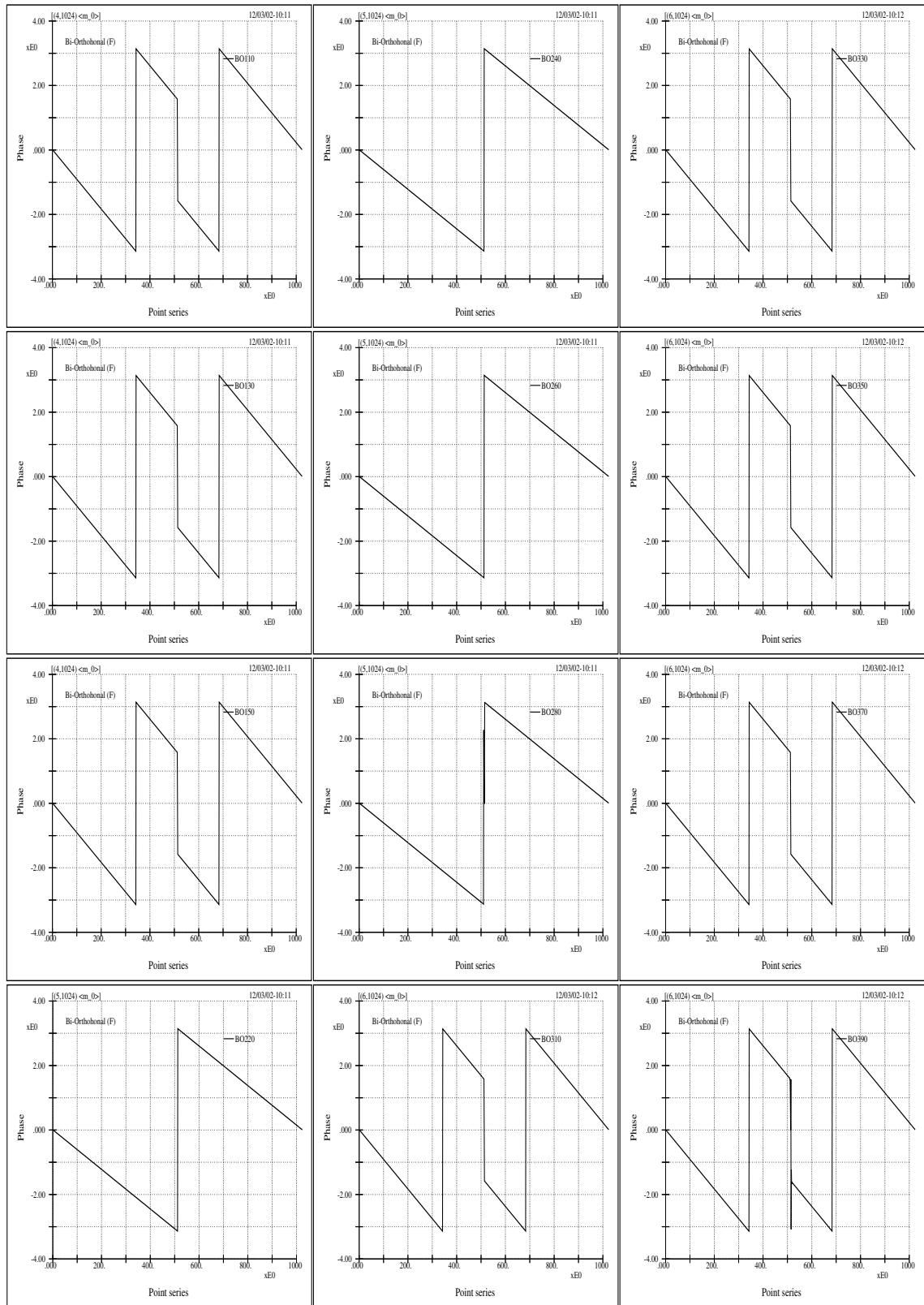


Figure 3.17: The phase distributions of the  $m_0$  functions of the bi-orthogonal wavelets.

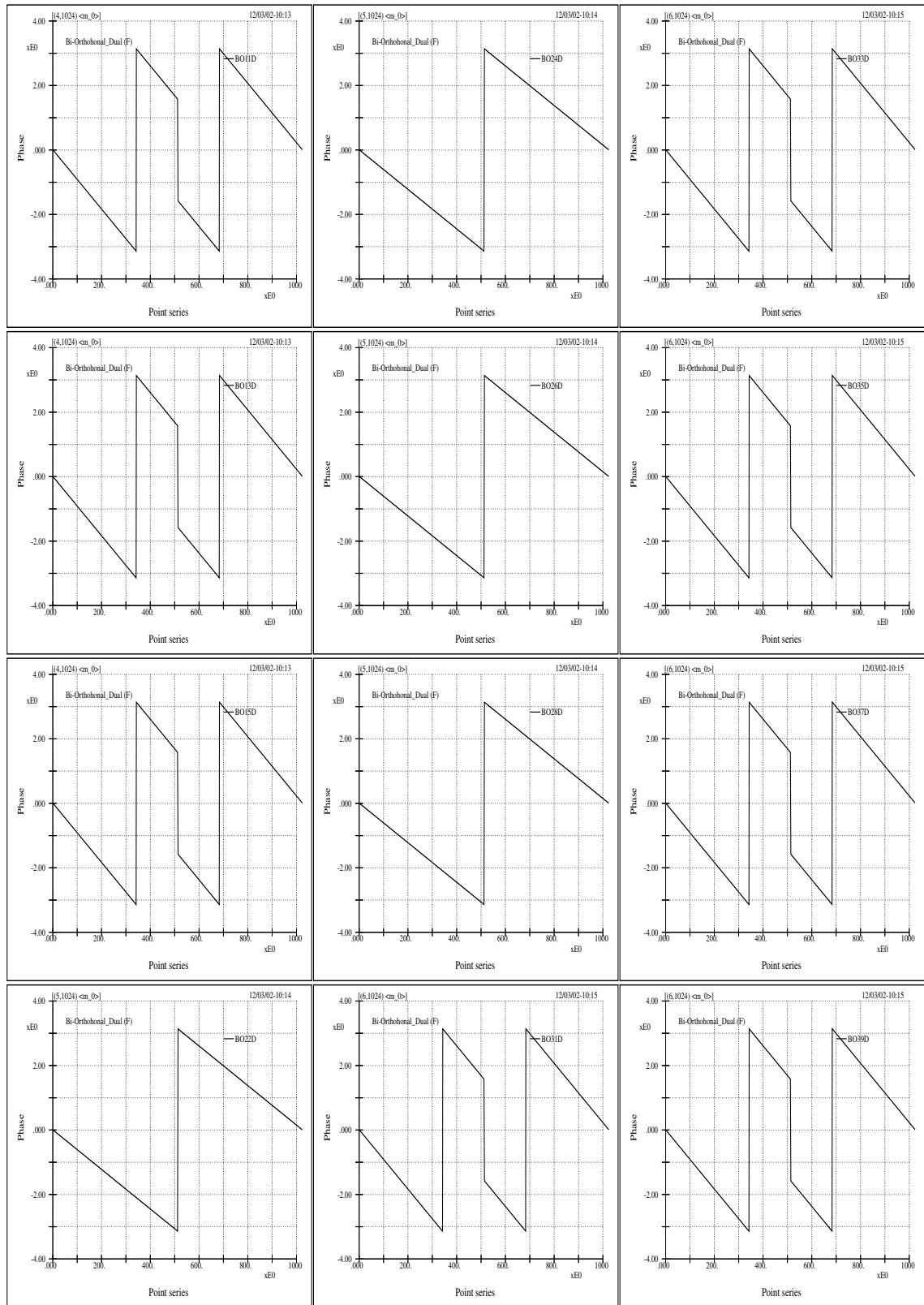


Figure 3.18: The phase distributions of the  $m_0$  functions of the bi-orthogonal wavelets.

# Chapter 4

## Continuous Wavelet Transforms

### 4.1 Introduction

It should be emphasized that the discrete and the continuous wavelet transforms (DWT and CWT) be treated as two different entities. Since, unlike the Fourier cases where the discrete and the continuous transforms not only are dealing with the same basis but also are deploying basically the same formulations, while DWT and CWT generally refer to two quite different methodologies which not only focus on their individual function bases but also involve different data treatment schemes.

For the CWT the programming mainly covers the following topics: The continuous wavelet perspective of the optimum discrete wavelet basis, The demand for better physics — the continuous wavelet transform using adapted time-frequency windows, and, A proposed wavelet variant with superiority over the Morlet wavelet in ridge extractions.

### 4.2 The continuous counterpart of the optimum discrete basis

Let the Gaussian function be

$$g_\alpha(t) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi\alpha}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{4\alpha}}, \quad (4.1)$$

where  $\alpha$  is a representative value of the second moment of the Gaussian function and the constants is for the purpose of normalization, the modulated Gaussian is

$$G_{b,\omega}^{\alpha}(t) = e^{i\omega t} g_{\alpha}(t - b). \quad (4.2)$$

And the Gabor transform of a function  $f$  is

$$(\mathcal{G}_b^{\alpha} f)(\omega) = \langle f, G_{b,\omega}^{\alpha} \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-i\omega t} g_{\alpha}(t - b) dt. \quad (4.3)$$

As is stated by Daubechies ([5]) that the Morlet wavelet is almost identical to a modulated Gaussian, and as is given by Chui ([2]) that a modulated Gaussian matches almost exactly with cardinal  $B$ -spline wavelet of order greater than or equal to three, we therefore have an extremely natural transition from the identified discrete best wavelet basis to the Morlet wavelet associated with CWT.

Note that Chui's results ([2]) are, for  $m \geq 3$ , the even order  $\psi_m$ 's (such as the cubic spline wavelet  $\psi_4$ ) match almost exactly with

$$\operatorname{Re} G_{b,\omega}^{\alpha}(t) = (\cos \omega t) g_{\alpha}(t - b), \quad (4.4)$$

and the odd order ones match with

$$\operatorname{Im} G_{b,\omega}^{\alpha}(t) = (\sin \omega t) g_{\alpha}(t - b) \quad (4.5)$$

### 4.3 The continuous wavelet transform using adapted time-frequency windows

The Morlet wavelet is the following complex function:

$$\psi(t) = \pi^{-1/4} (e^{-i\omega_0 t} - e^{-\omega_0^2/2}) e^{-t^2/2}, \quad (4.6)$$

in which  $\omega_0$  is a constant related to carrier frequency and the term  $e^{-\omega_0^2/2}$  justifies the wavelet admissability condition. The Fourier transform of the Morlet wavelet is almost a shifted Gaussian and is given by

$$\hat{\psi}(\omega) = \pi^{-1/4} [e^{-(\omega-\omega_0)^2/2} - e^{-\omega^2/2} e^{-\omega_0^2/2}]. \quad (4.7)$$

In addition to the general meaning of the modulation frequency, the  $\omega_0$  has the physical implication of the amplitude ratio  $r$  — the ratio between the second highest peak and the first highest peak of  $\psi(t)$  — i.e.,

$$r = \psi(t_2)/\psi(0), \quad (4.8)$$

in which  $t_2$  is the abscissa of the second highest peak. The exact value of  $t_2$  can be obtained by solving numerically the transcendental equation derived from the derivative of the  $\psi$  function, but a fairly good estimate is obtained by simply dropping the second term of the above complex function since the second term is generally five order of magnitude less than the maximum value of the first term, i.e.,

$$\omega_0 \approx \frac{2\pi}{t_2} \approx \pi \left( -\frac{2}{\ln r} \right)^{1/2}. \quad (4.9)$$

The higher the  $\omega_0$  is, the smaller the ratio  $r$  becomes. If  $\omega_0$  is constant, then the ratio  $r$  for different wavelet dilations or scales keeps constant too. Here comes the core question: whether constituent wave components of different scales and time spans all possess this fixed decay feature? To show that this is not true, let us examine the composite water wave system that is with viscous damping.

For deep water waves with a clean surface the energy losses due to viscous dissipation arise almost entirely from the straining of the irrotational motion in the water column, and the part of contribution from viscous stresses in the surface layer is negligible. It was

shown [6, 13] that the time rate of change of the energy density is

$$\dot{E} = -2\mu\sigma^2 a_w^2 k, \quad (4.10)$$

where  $\mu$ ,  $\sigma$ ,  $a_w$ , and  $k$  are the dynamic viscosity of the water, the wave frequency, wave amplitude, and wave number, respectively. Since in deep water  $E = (2k)^{-1}\rho\sigma^2 a_w^2$ , where  $\rho$  is the water density, the attenuation coefficient

$$\gamma_v = -\frac{\dot{E}}{2E} = 2\nu k^2, \quad (4.11)$$

where  $\nu$  is the kinematic viscosity of the water. Therefore the energy density of the wave evolves as

$$E = C_1 e^{-2\gamma_v t}, \quad (4.12)$$

where  $C_1$  is a constant, and the amplitude decreases with time in accordance with

$$a_w = \sqrt{\frac{C_1 2k}{\rho\sigma^2}} e^{-\gamma_v t} = C_2 e^{-2\nu k^2 t}, \quad (4.13)$$

where  $C_2$  is a constant if  $\sigma$  does not vary. Comparing the decay of wave amplitude of Morlet wavelet with the decay of the physical model, one sees both similarity and dissimilarity. The similarity is that the attenuation coefficients in both models have inverse square dependence on scales — the former in  $(1/a)^2$  and the latter in  $k^2$ . The dissimilarity is in the time dependence of the exponent in the exponential — in Morlet wavelet it is in  $t^2$  dependence, while in the physical model it is in linear dependence. It is therefore anticipated that Morlet wavelets based on a fixed modulation shape are not good representations of water waves of different scales. Or stated otherwise, basis functions originating from a single mother Morlet wavelet do not form a good basis.

Now the situation is clear: the constant  $\omega_0$  either overestimates the viscous decay of water waves at the low-frequency end or, otherwise, under-estimates those at the high-

frequency end. Form a practical judgement of the modulation curves, it is quite reasonable to argue that the deviation is probably more significant for waves with a longer life span when a standard  $r$  value of Morlet wavelet, i.e.,  $r = 0.5$ , is assumed. The perceptions here provide the footing for the present adaptation — with different values of amplitude ratio  $r$  for different wave scales we are really attempting to simulate the evolution process with a more realistic condition. The expansion or contraction of wavelet support length for a specific scale just reflects the devising of flexible constructions of time-frequency windows, and adjusting  $r$  is in turn using a variable  $\omega_0$ . The general guideline is to use a comparatively larger  $\omega_0$  (associated with a narrower frequency band) for waves of a longer time support; and vice versa, a comparatively smaller  $\omega_0$  (a wider frequency band) for a shorter life span. Here it naturally comes to assume the  $\omega_0$  to be a function of scale, i.e.,  $\omega_0 = \omega_0(a)$ . And the varying shapes and sizes of the time-frequency windows are now determined by

$$\psi_a \left( \frac{t-b}{a} \right) = \pi^{-1/4} \left[ e^{-i\frac{\omega_0(a)}{a}(t-b)} - e^{-\omega_0(a)^2/2} \right] e^{-\frac{(t-b)^2}{2a^2}}. \quad (4.14)$$

For our experiments in which water waves were measured in a wind blowing oval tank the reasonable frequencies should lie between 1.5 and 10 Hz. We mentioned that the Morlet wavelet is likely to overestimate the decay of longer waves in the long run; therefore, relative to higher frequency waves, we should reduce the decay parameter  $\omega_0$  for low frequency ones. Based on this understanding we heuristically assume

$$\text{Erfc} \left[ \frac{4}{10} \left( \frac{\omega_0}{a} + 2.5 \right) - 2 \right] 3 + 5 = a\omega \quad (4.15)$$

where Erfc is the complimentary error function and  $\omega$  is the carrier frequency. This equation may be modified according to the type of signal studied or according to the frequency range of one's interest. Figure 4.1 shows the curve of the function. The logic for the choice of its constants is self explained in the attached program piece. Figure 4.2 shows a numerical experiment with and without the adaptation.

The Asyst shell program is “S\_WVT.sh1”. And two relevant Mathematica programs are “TFR-WV\_Shell.nb” and “TFR-WV\_Stand-alone.nb”. Note that these two Mathematica files are also used for the wavelet variant to be given later. ♦

```

obeg=11.; oend=5.;

fcenter=2.5; fdilation=10/4; fshift=2. ;

perf=Plot[ Erfc[(1/fdilation)*(freq+fcenter)-fshift]*

          (obeg-oend)/2+oend, {freq, -2.5, 8.5} ]

```

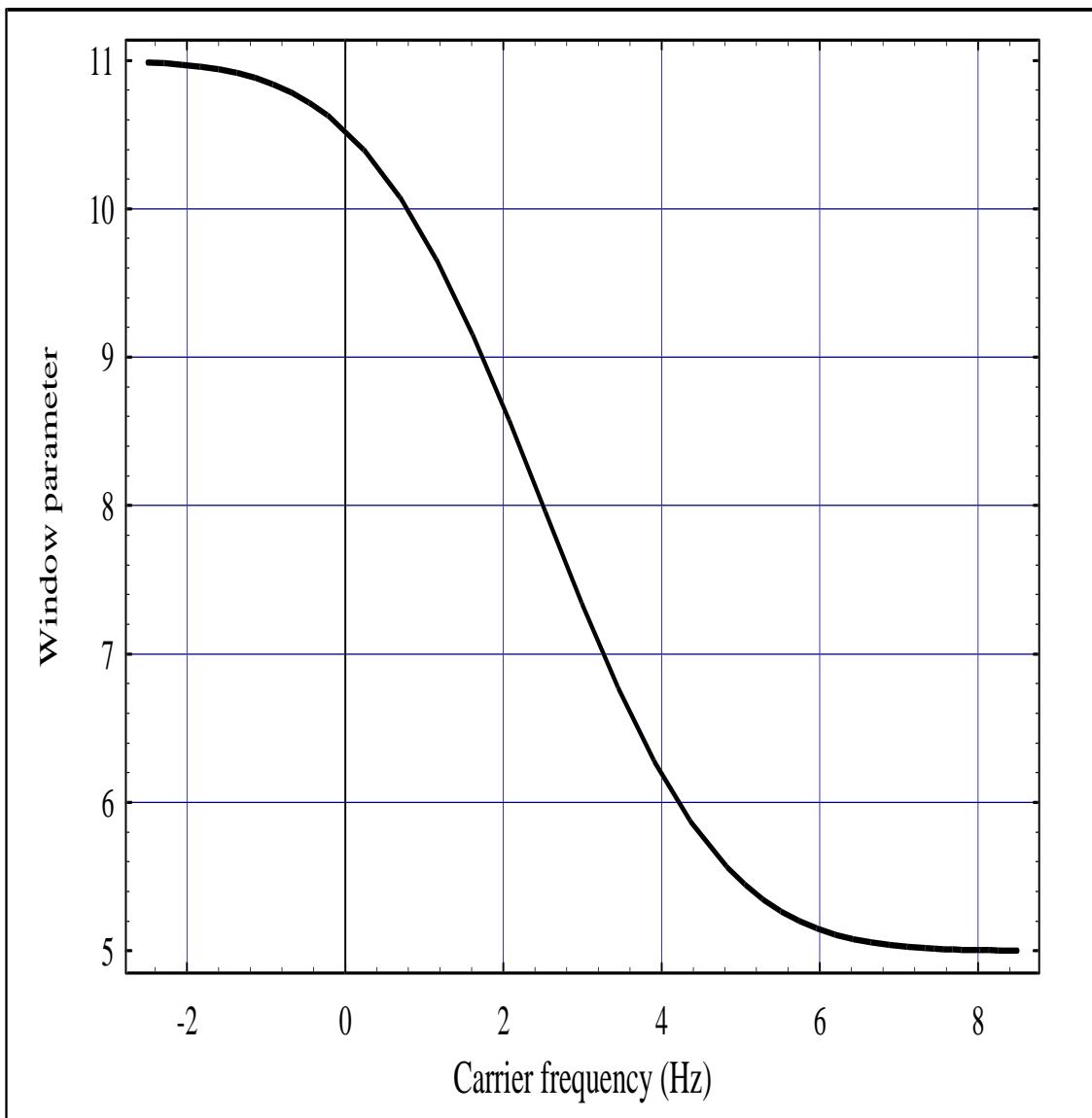


Figure 4.1: The assumed wave decay parameter  $\omega_0$  as a function of carrier frequency. The curve can be adjusted according to several parameters: approximate peak frequency, significant range of frequency, range of decay parameter, as well as a shift adjustment parameter; as are indicated in the attached program piece.

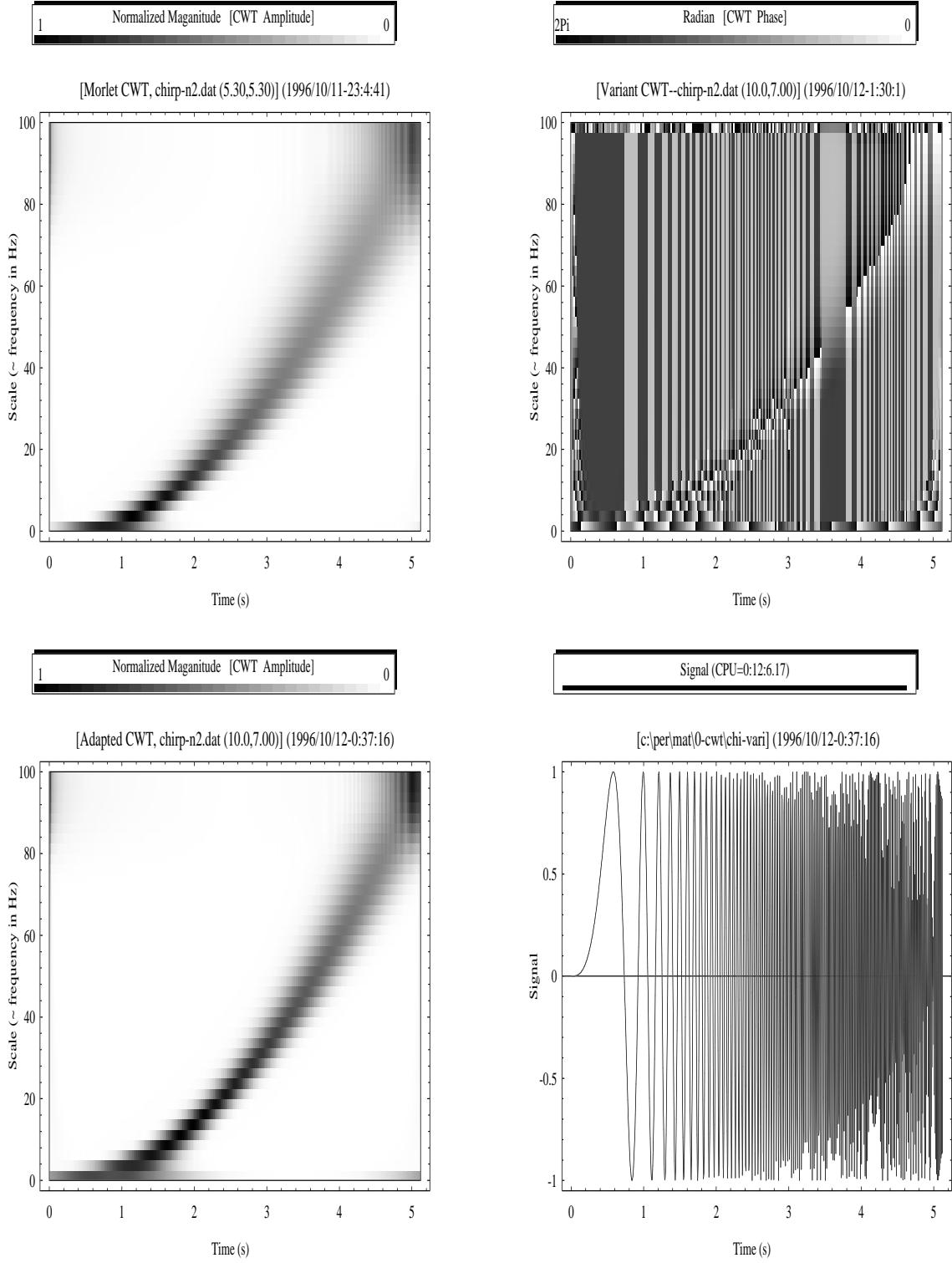


Figure 4.2: Phase plane characters for a parabolic chirp (bottom right) with (top left) and without (bottom left) adapting time-frequency windows. Top right shows a map of the phase that is obtained from using a newly devised wavelet variant by Lee and Wu [10]. The wavelet variant has properties quite in contrast to those of Morlet wavelet and has refined ridge extraction capability.

# Chapter 5

## Wavelet Coherences and Spectral Coherences

### 5.1 Introduction

Coherences among different target quantities manifest the degree of mutual interactions in a multi-scale coupling system. By studying their variations for different experimental setups or for various parameters it is possible to identify the evolutions of different scales and to isolate key influencing factors and the associated effects.

Programs for both spectral and wavelet coherences were developed and used to study the scale features in wind, wave, and rain coupling system. A few energy phenomena and related cascade mechanism had also been provided in previous studies.

It was beyond expectations that our analyses had been able to provide clear and definite proofs (as well as explanation for causes) of wavelet coherences' superiority over the Fourier coherences. On the one hand the wavelet tool for coherences yield much better information that is both lean and unambiguous; on the other hand the tool is much economical in the amount of data needed for analysis.

## 5.2 Wavelet coherence and spectral coherence

The wavelet coherence and the spectral coherence as formulated in the program are given below.

The cross correlation function of two functions  $g(t)$  and  $h(t)$  is the following inner product  $c(t)$

$$c(t) = \langle g(t + \tau), h(\tau) \rangle, \quad (5.1)$$

where  $\tau$  is a dummy variable. The correlation coefficient function of  $c(t)$  is  $r_s(t)$ ,

$$r_s(t) = \frac{c(t)}{\|g(t)\| \|h(t)\|}. \quad (5.2)$$

For real  $g(t)$  and  $h(t)$ , its Fourier transform is

$$\frac{\widehat{c(t)}}{\|g(t)\| \|h(t)\|} = \frac{G(\omega) \overline{H(\omega)}}{\|G(\omega)\| \|\overline{H(\omega)}\|}. \quad (5.3)$$

The artifacts to be introduced in the spectral coherence are associated with the form of expected values as well as the introduction of a normalization as given by

$$R_s^2(\omega) = \frac{|\mathbf{E}[G(\omega) \overline{H(\omega)}]|^2}{(\mathbf{E}[|G(\omega)|^2] \mathbf{E}[|H(\omega)|^2])^{1/2}}, \quad (5.4)$$

where the symbol  $\mathbf{E}$  stands for taking expected value. Since expected values take no action without introducing one more dimension, this equation is identically unity for all frequencies if each data sequence is not segmented and arranged in an array with one additional dimension. The process of this segmentation is just like that commonly im-

plemented in calculating the power spectrum, and its purpose is to reduce the uncertainty or standard deviation of the spectrum. There is no doubt that inherent properties of the discrete Fourier analysis impose similar limitations to the conclusiveness of spectral coherences.

As to the wavelet coherence, the derivation is even simpler along with fewer artifacts. The wavelet resolution of identity of two functions is

$$\langle g, h \rangle = \frac{1}{c_\psi} \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{a^2} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle \overline{\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle} db da. \quad (5.5)$$

For a fixed scale  $a$

$$\langle g_a, h_a \rangle = \frac{1}{c_\psi} \frac{1}{a^2} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle \overline{\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle} db. \quad (5.6)$$

Here the integration with respect to the translation parameter  $b$  is physically, as well as intuitively, similar to the operation of taking an expected value by summing up the elements in the population space. It is therefore quite straightforward to define the wavelet coherence as the natural extension of the normalized equation of resolution of identity:

$$R_w^2(a) = \frac{|\mathbf{E}_b[\langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle \overline{\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle}]|^2}{(\mathbf{E}_b[|\langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle|^2] \mathbf{E}_b[|\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle|^2])^{1/2}}, \quad (5.7)$$

where the subscript  $b$  in  $\mathbf{E}_b$  stands for taking average with respect to the translation parameter.

Based upon the above formulations the Asyst shell programs for wavelet coherence and spectral coherence are “S\_Coh\_WC.Sh1” and “S\_Coh\_SC.Sh1”, respectively.

Relevant files for figure manipulations in a batch process are “P-WCoh-A.shl”, “P-SCoh-A.shl”, “FigA-Ini.asy”, “FigAPlot.shl”, “FigAPlot.asy”, “FigABP.bpf”, and “C-CC-A.BPF”, etc.

Figures 5.1 and 5.2 show some of the comparisons between wavelet coherence and spectral coherence. ♦

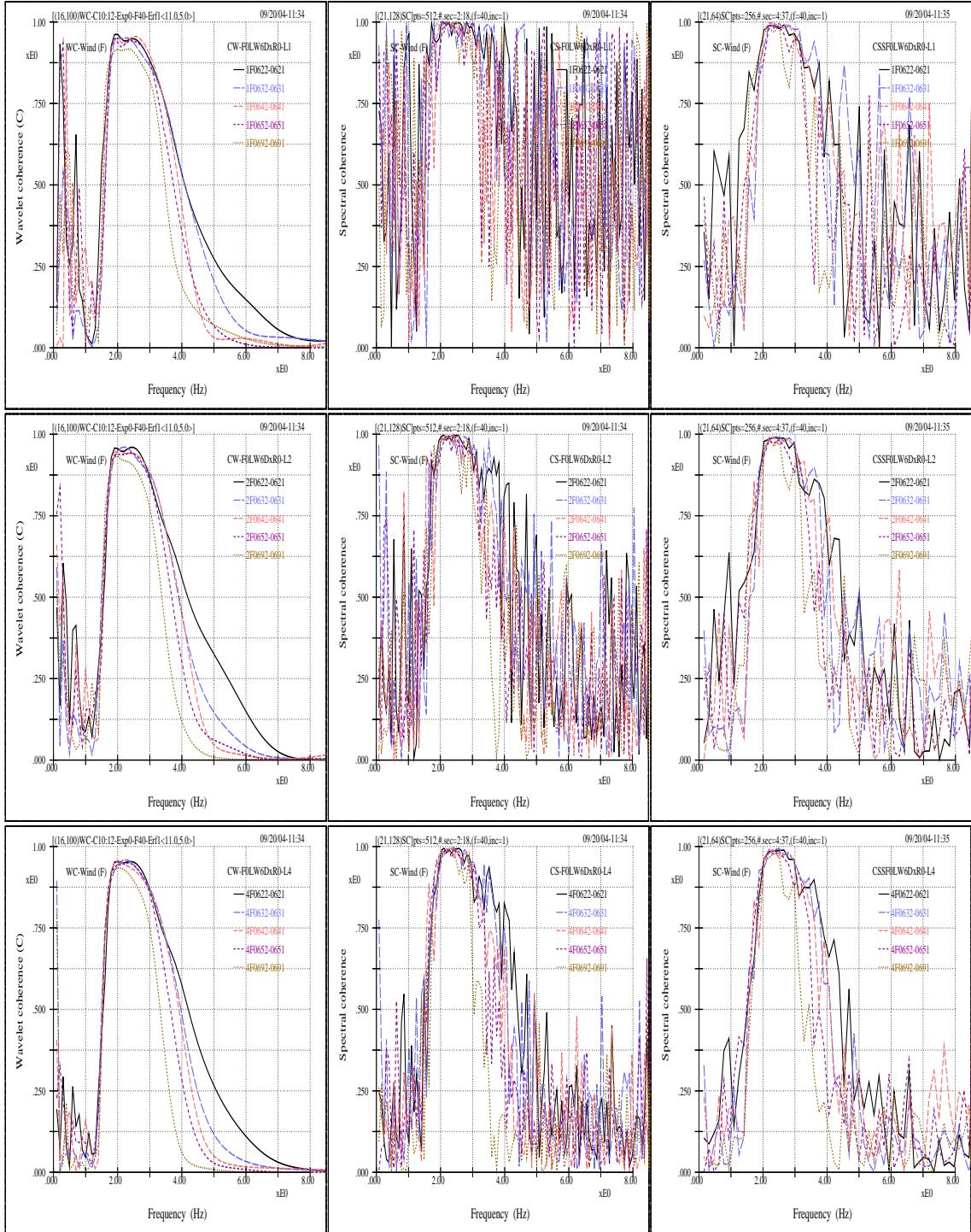


Figure 5.1: Wavelet and spectral coherences between surface wave and aqueous flow associated with three different data lengths. The data lengths are 1024、2048、4096 points, respectively form top to bottom. Depths of flow measurement are 2、3、4、5、9 cm, respectively, below the still water surface. The left sub-figures are for the wavelet; the right for the spectra associated with two sets of FFT parameters.

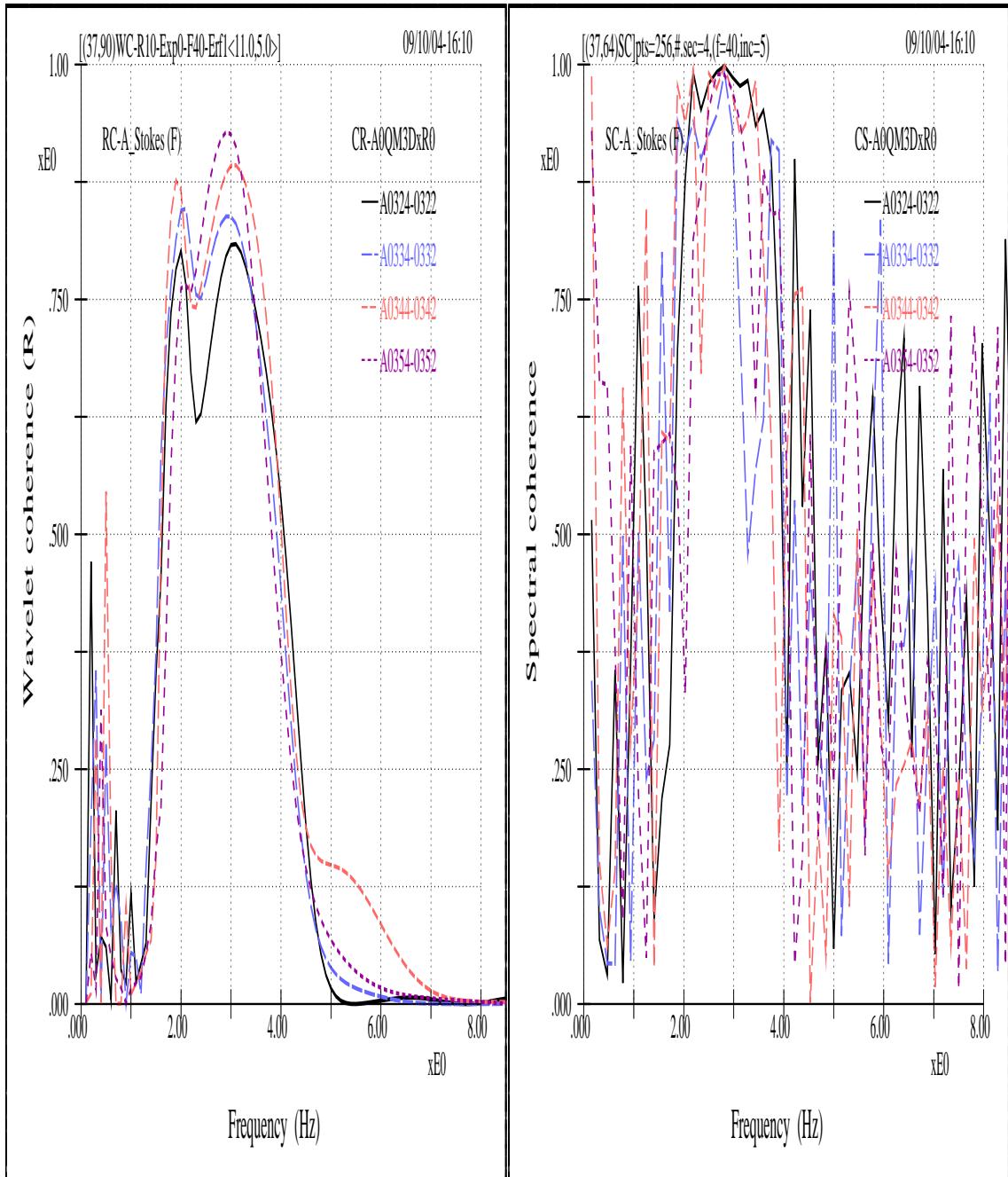


Figure 5.2: The comparison between the wavelet real part coherence (Left) and the spectral coherence (right). Here a Stokes wave with high wave steepness is used. It can be seen from the wavelet results that there is a highest coherent level at the deepest flow measurement point.

# Chapter 6

## Wavelet Variant

### 6.1 Introduction

For the studies of water wave related signals using wavelet approach, our results had shown that a very important factor that contributes to the usefulness of a wavelet function basis in revealing the most intimate and intricate physical aspects of water wave related signals is that the function basis should possess the following property: the associated mother wavelet should have “complete oscillation” and the associated scaling function should have “total positivity”. Physically speaking, this property means that the basis functions, in comparison with other basis functions, are relatively quite regular. And practically, this means that a transform associated with “complete oscillation” and “total positivity” provides information that is far more tangible than otherwise provided. This further implies, in ever plainer language, that if there is a slight change in signal content than a basis with such a property will yield transform coefficients that are more or less “reasonably expected” or “mildly altered”; otherwise, the variation of transform coefficients arising from such a slight change may be completely ad hoc [7, 9, 11].

Based on the cognition above, as well as from our previous studies on the entropy performances for the comprehensive wavelet basis categories, the cardinal spline wavelet had been shown to be exactly the optimum basis for modeling water wave related signals from the point of view of discrete transforms (including the discrete Fourier transform)

[8, 11, 9]. And a natural extension of such an optimum discrete basis to the continuous transform thus implies the Morlet wavelet to be a very appropriate candidate.

With these understandings, we had carried out various comparisons on the performances of our wavelet variant and those of the Morlet wavelet. In brief, our programs had delivered the conclusions that the present methodology not only possesses the same easiness in numerical implementation but also holds a few advantages, such as, an improved capability in extracting constituent power ridges of signals from both the modulus and phase plane renditions, and more informative and intricate characterizations.

## 6.2 The devise of the wavelet variant

The wavelet variant’s “basis function”  $\psi(t)$  is defined as:

$$\psi(t) = \frac{1}{\pi^{\frac{1}{4}}} [\operatorname{sgn}(t) \sin \omega_0 t - i \cos \omega_0 t] e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}. \quad (6.1)$$

The quote implies that the function serves as the seed of a function basis in a way similar to what a mother wavelet does. In the equation,  $\omega_0$  is relevant to the modulation frequency of the counterpart Gabor transform (or windowed Fourier transform);  $\operatorname{sgn}(t)$  is the sign function; the exponential stands for a Gaussian envelope; and, the constant is somewhat related to a unit norm and serves for matching the counterpart constant of the Morlet wavelet. Here the basis function is entitled with a “quasi” term due to its lack of wavelet admissability. But, judging the nature of the present methodology, one may well regard the basis function to be a “wavelet variant”. In fact, compared with the simplified form of the Morlet wavelet, the major difference is the presence of the sign function.

The scaled and translated versions of the wavelet variant is :

$$\psi_{a,b}(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\pi^{\frac{1}{4}}} \left[ \operatorname{sgn}(t) \sin \omega_0 \left( \frac{t-b}{a} \right) - i \cos \omega_0 \left( \frac{t-b}{a} \right) \right] e^{-\frac{(t-b)^2}{2}}, \quad (6.2)$$

where  $a$  is the scale parameter and  $b$  is the translation parameter. The  $\frac{\omega_0}{a}$  physically

means a carrier frequency and is the core target of the transform information. Note that the “scale” or “frequency” ordinate shown in all modulus and phase renditions to be presented in later chapters represents exactly the values of this variable. And this provides easily perceivable physics, as opposite to many studies that adopted the imperceivable scalar “a”.

For our methodology we define the modulus and phase in the following ways.

Let  $f(t)$  be a signal function, the modulus of the transform coefficient is defined either as

$$|\langle f(t), \mathbf{I}_m \psi(t) \rangle + i\mathcal{H}[\langle f(t), \mathbf{I}_m \psi(t) \rangle]|, \quad (6.3)$$

or

$$|\langle f(t), \mathbf{R}_e \psi(t) \rangle + i\mathcal{H}[\langle f(t), \mathbf{R}_e \psi(t) \rangle]|, \quad (6.4)$$

where  $\mathbf{R}_e$  and  $\mathbf{I}_m$  represent real and imaginary part, respectively,  $\langle , \rangle$  means the inner product, and  $\mathcal{H}$  stands for the Hilbert transform. Note that the implementation of transform in either definition is based on only real or imaginary part alone. In this sense, the modulus may lack the mathematical formalism of a “basis”, but here we first point out that the first definition gives basically the same result as Morlet wavelet’s, while the second definition yields information that is especially useful in easy extraction of signal power ridges and that is also superior to what provided by the Morlet wavelet.

As to the phase it is defined as

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\mathbf{R}_e \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle}{\mathbf{I}_m \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle} + \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } 0 \right), \quad (6.5)$$

or

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\mathbf{I}_m \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle}{\mathbf{R}_e \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle} + \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } 0 \right). \quad (6.6)$$

Basically the added constant reflects a phase rotation, and they can be used to switch the pattern of significant time-frequency features or to show easy visualizations in ac-

cord with either the power ridges of component signals or the time-frequency spreads of constituent components of a signal ( or the spreads of basis functions).

Here the Asyst and the Mathematica programs used are the same as those of the adaptive continuous wavelet transform, i.e., “S\_WVT.sh1”, “TFR-WV\_Shell.nb” and “TFR-WV\_Stand-alone.nb”. With a specified parameter the programs automatically select the right parts of codes.

In addition, the Mathematica program “Wavelet-Variant-Characterizations.nb” provides feature characterizations and comparisons between the wavelet variant and the Morlet wavelet.

A few of the outcomes are shown in figures 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, and 6.4, and their explanations are provided in the figures. ♦

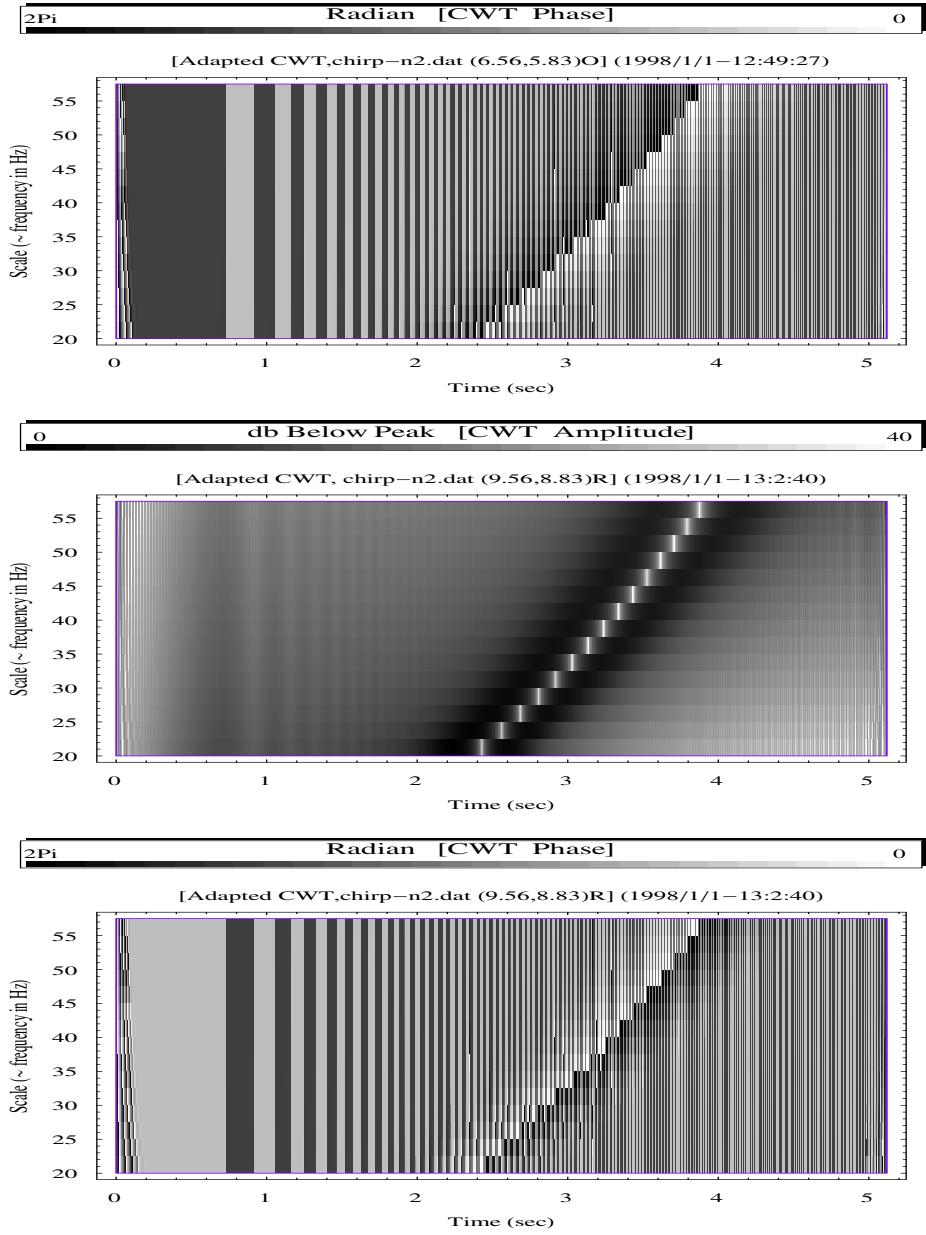


Figure 6.1: The modulus (mid sub-figure) and phase (top and bottom sub-figures) planes for the same time-Frequency zoom-in section using the proposed quasi wavelet basis function, but here the sub-figures are associated with different numerical resolutions in scale and also with different adaptations in each scale's time-frequency windows (i.e., different ranges of the parameter  $\omega_0$ ). Even though the scale resolution here is coarser when compared to that of the previous figure, both the modulus and phase planes still show clear features of the instantaneous frequency. Moreover, the phase plane renditions provides yet the same, as well as very sharp, interfacial features at all the time translation steps, even for those intermediate time translation points that do not locate at the scale resolution points.

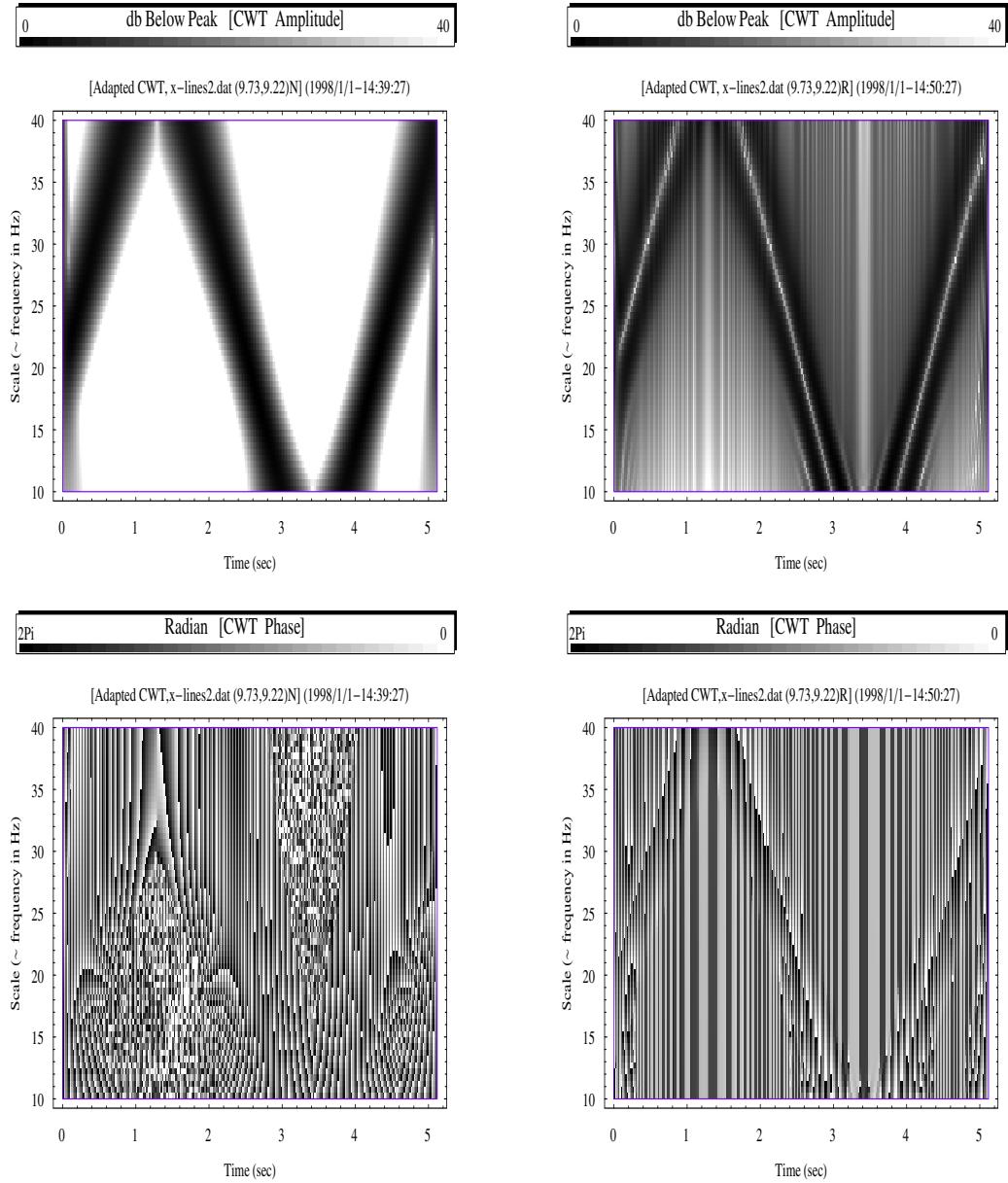


Figure 6.2: This figure shows a zoom-in section of an X-signal composed of two crossing linear chirps with equal power contents. The left sub-figures are for the simplified Morlet wavelet, and the right sub-figures are for the quasi wavelet basis function. They manifest the same depictions as given by the parabolic chirp.

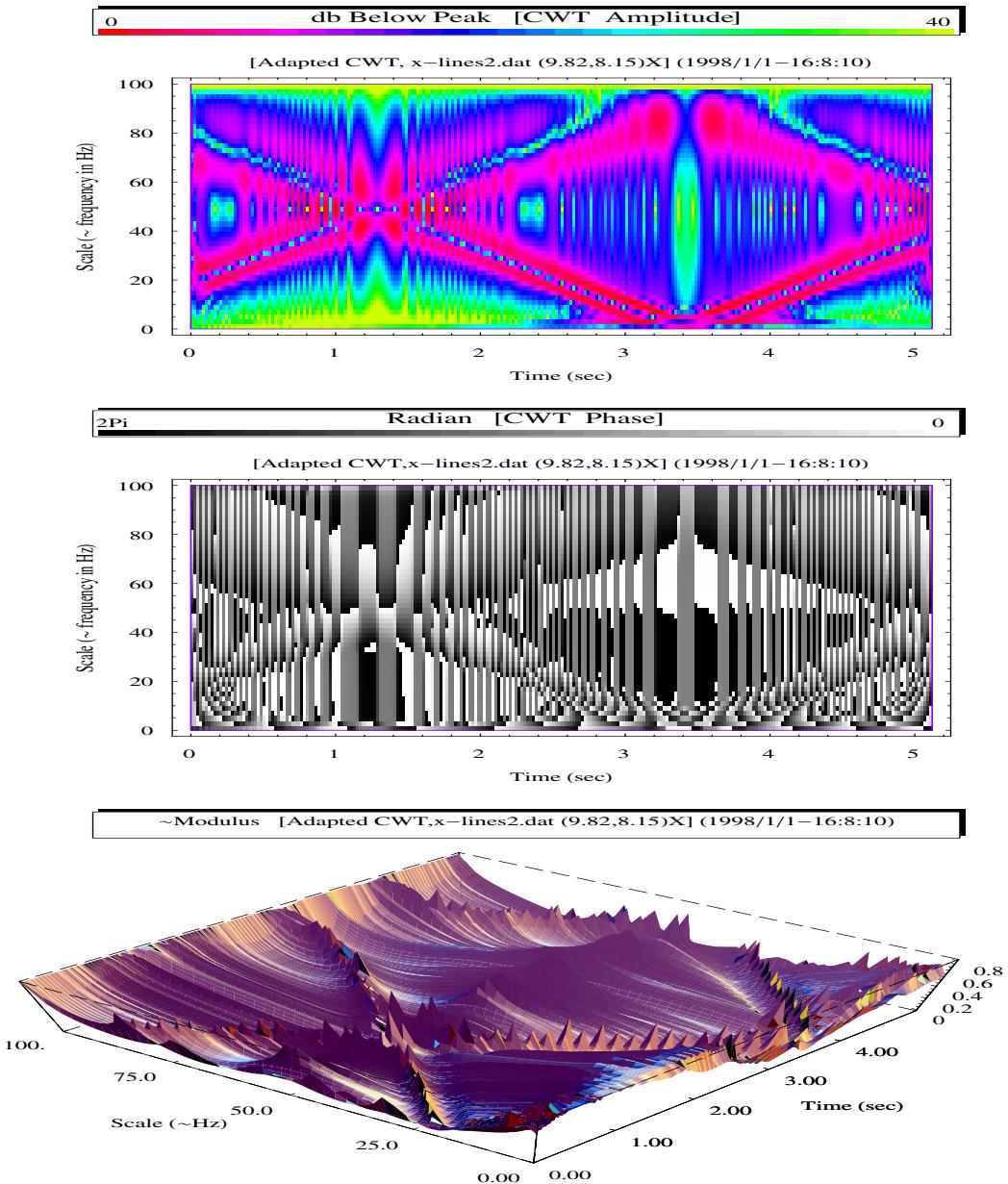


Figure 6.3: This figure illustrates the effects of phase rotation on the same X-signal based on the quasi wavelet basis function. Again, various interfacial lines in the mid sub-figure serve as indicators of the extend of frequency leakage and phase noise. It is noted that the top sub-figure is in color but may be printed in black and white.

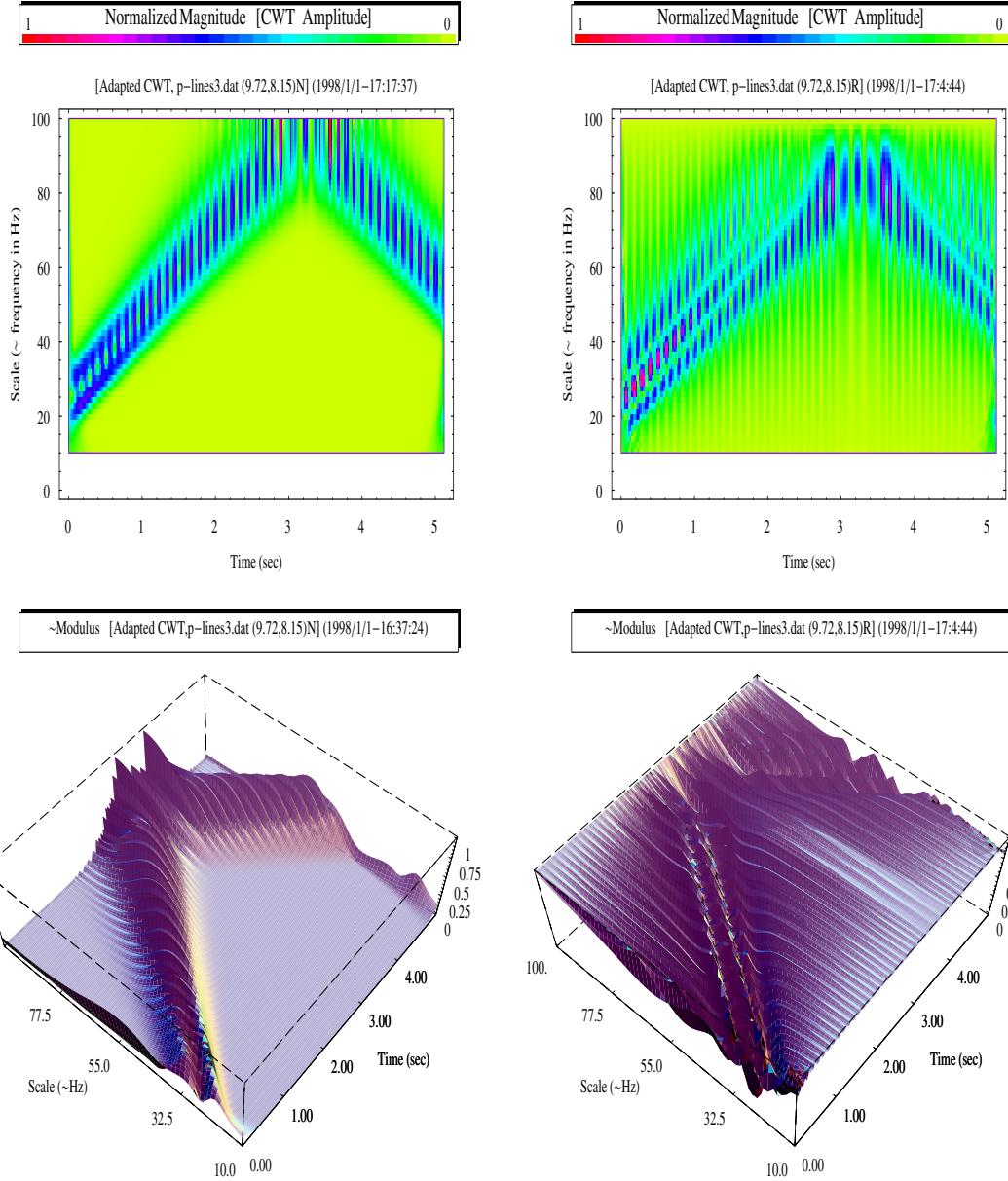


Figure 6.4: This figure shows the ridge extraction of a signal composed of a pair of parallel chirps that are with equal power contents. Here the frequency separation between the two chirps is one tenth Nyquist rate. The left sub-figures are for the simplified Morlet wavelet, and the right sub-figures are for the quasi wavelet basis function. It is clear that the power ridge given by the simplified Morlet wavelet is entirely misleading. But, for the quasi wavelet basis function, the two interfacial lines are clearly identifiable except at region near the Nyquist frequency. In the bottom right sub-figure, we have intentionally inverted the rendering, i.e., a trough in the 2-D plane (top right sub-figure) turns to a peak in the 3-D figure; and what are seen are the two clear spike lines.

# Chapter 7

## Program-related Issues

### 7.1 Introduction

Here we cover a few program-related issues concerning the completeness, logicalness, and integrity of the numerical processing system and the adjunct elements. These include: the memory management and optimization for the Asyst codes, auxiliary programs, add-ins, the design of working environment (or workbench development), and the management and publishing system for figures, programs, and documents.

### 7.2 Memory management and overlay requirement

The Asyst is a DOS-based programming language. Memory management is a crucial part of the working of all the programs. Each type of variable and data (such as, Symbol, String, Array, Unnamed Array, Token, Expended Memory Token, System Buffer, etc.) needs its special memory allocation, and any type of run out of memory space will cause the program to cease. Back then the Asyst version 3.0 it needed special attentions for the two DOS boot-up files for batch and system configuration, i.e., “autoexec.bat” and “config.sys”. And it sometimes took many weeks to figure out proper parameters and assignments to be put into these files for the functioning of the programs.

Figure 7.1 is a screen snap of the settings of the Memory management and overlay requirement for the working of all the present programs.

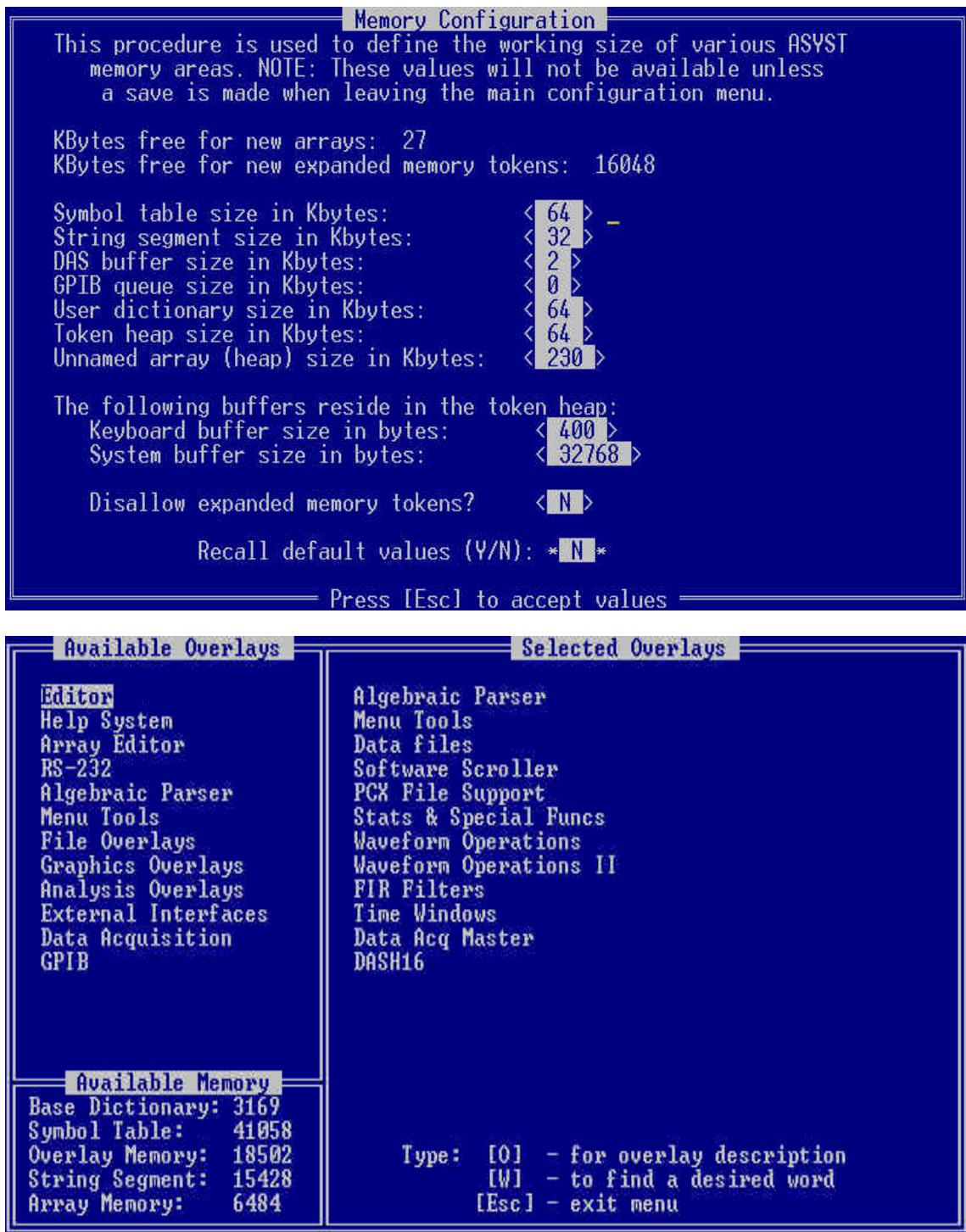


Figure 7.1: The Memory management and overlay requirements for the present programs.

## 7.3 Auxiliary and add-in programs

The Asyst language operates in stack principal; different types of variable and data occupy their individual memory spaces and may put their contents in their individual stacks. An Asyst “word” is equivalent to a Fortran “subroutine”. In that sense, to understand the primary programs one needs to know, in addition to the language that Asyst specifies, all the “words” the author speaks. So, there are a vast amount of words (subroutines) that are not specified in the core programs, and these words, as well as a few add-in programs, are given as auxiliary and add-in programs. It is the author’s wish that no critical part is missing in our list of programs. Generally speaking, these programs or words can be categorized in accordance with their purpose to serve as a run-time executable or as a general utility.

Words in a run-time executable always reside in memory ever since the launch of the Asyst executable. These words generally concern hardware specific issues, real-time screen display, line and color schemes, string and number manipulations, file and array commuting, words for interactive purpose, etc.

General utility programs are for generating spreadsheet (Lotus 123) files and encapsulated Postscript (EPS) figures; they need to be loaded when needed.

Representative files for these are “Lee-Word.asy”, “123-A2W.asy”, “FigA-Ini.asy”, “FigAPlot.shl”, “FigAPlot.asy”.

A few Mathematica add-in programs serve as postprocessing of Asyst outcomes and are mainly used to render 2-D and 3-D graphics. They are “TFR-WP\_Shell.nb” and “TFR-WP\_Stand-alone.nb”, “TFR-WV\_Shell.nb”, and “TFR-WV\_Stand-alone.nb”. Note again that the shell programs are mainly for the purpose of easy navigation within program, convenient parameter setup, reminder of proper sequence of execution, paper-wasting consciousness, and, quite importantly, the safeguard against unintentional keyboard touches.

## 7.4 The workbench

The WinEdt program and its macro programming language are used to devise a workbench for the Asyst code writing. There is too much detail to be given here for its setting. Only a few snapshots are shown in Figures 7.2 and 7.3.

## 7.5 System for documentations

The workbench is for the pleasant work through computer screen; working on paper need a different approach. And it is vitally important to have a management and publishing system for figures, programs, and documents. For example, during the numerical experiments or case studies with numerous setups and parameters, there can be seemingly countless figures to be not only generated (this part is done by our auxiliary programming) but also read and compared; and when debugging the twined (and also intertwined) program(s), the limited scope of screen display quite sometimes insufficient and inconvenient for the eyes and the mind. At these times one can really appreciate the existence of a systematic and automated documentation system. For this purpose quite a few codes were also written. They mainly utilize the WinEDT system and its macro language, and the LaTeX codes together with many freeware packages. In fact all the Asyst programs listed here are generated in a single batch with just a few mouse clicks alone — no typing, no sorting, and no intervention, but a nice tea break. ♦

The screenshot shows the Ron's Project application window. At the top is a menu bar with File, RonLee(勇伯中英文), Edit, Search, Projects, Insert, Tools, Options, Windows, Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons. The main area contains two code editors. The left editor shows a Fortran-like program with syntax highlighting for variables like n.wt1, p.pnts, and parameters like 'Bo372'. The right editor shows a configuration file for the LstLang-Asyst language, with sections for 'ProvidesFile', 'ProvidesFileListLang03', and 'ProvidesFileListLang04'. It includes comments and definitions for keywords, delimiters, and other language elements. A status bar at the bottom shows file paths and other system information.

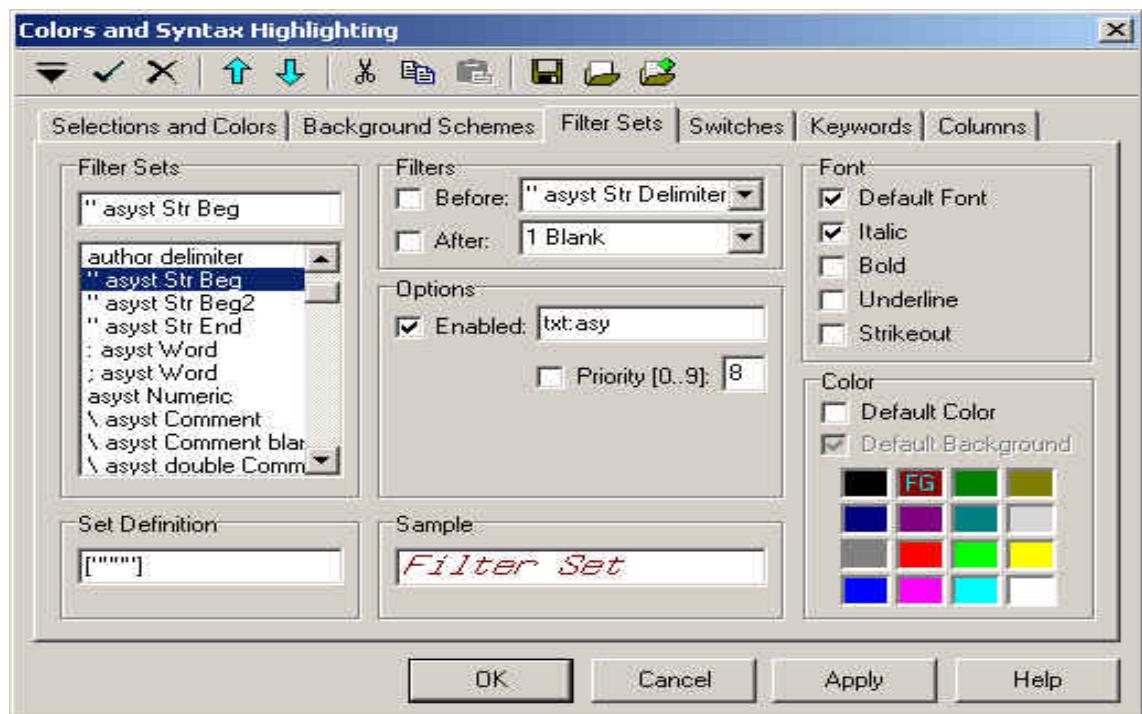


Figure 7.2: Some aspects of the workbench for the Asyst programs.

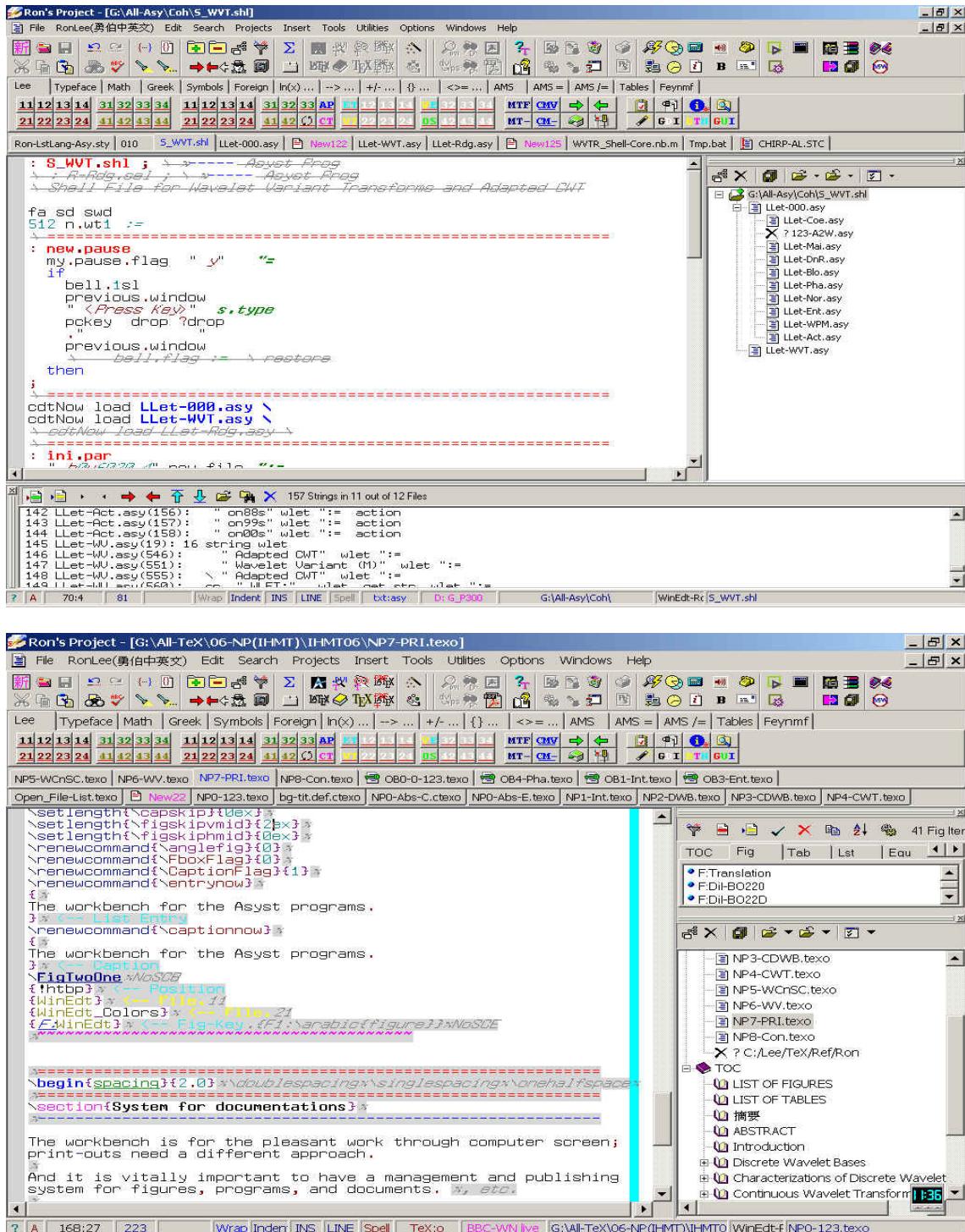


Figure 7.3: The workbench for the document, file, and figure manipulations.

# Chapter 8

## Conclusions

Using the Asyst programming language, a comprehensive set of wavelet program was developed from the ground up specifically for the analyses of water wave related signals. Various codes for proficient data processing and rendering were also written and integrated in the main programs. Numerous programming add-ins and application auxiliaries were also incorporated, notably, the Postfix language for auto generation of encapsulated Postscript figures, spreadsheet interface for data outputs, the Mathematica language for graphic representations of various 2D and 3D plots, as well as the WinEdt macro language, LaTeX codes and packages, etc. for the development of the workbench and the figure and document management system. The wavelet scope of the programs includes:

- both the discrete and the continuous wavelet transforms,
- forward and inverse discrete transforms,
- wavelet and wavelet packet blowups,
- norm distributions, best basis and best level identifications,
- entropy statistics and the identification of the optimum basis for water wave related signals,

- phase distribution of the wavelet characteristic function and its implication,
- wavelet and spectral coherences and their comparisons,
- continuous wavelet transform associated with a scheme using adapted time-frequency windows,
- a newly devised wavelet variant and its characterizations, as well as its applications.

Finally, hope it warrant to say a few more.

Life is limited, but code never ends. When reviewing a program the author is quite often trapped in an overwhelming feeling of shortage of memory and wreathing of striving. Setting out to write codes using the specific approach of wavelet, the author surely had to confess that he had certain purposes in mind and expectations in heart. Nevertheless, an expectation is simply a wish amid uncertainty and anxiety and can never be deemed a promise. But it is to the author's relief that the programs did work and in a few respects even leaded to some totally unexpected. One last point to note is that these programs are surely far from elegant, not even tidy at all, but the touch sensation is strong for the programmer. ♦

## APPENDIX — Asyst Programs

# R\_DnR.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01492-20070125-A043 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 5]

```
: R_DnR.shl ; \ Wavelet Decomposition and Reconstruction \ -*- txt:asy -*-  
  
fa sd \ swd  
1024 n.wt1 :=  
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \  
  
\ ======  
\ -----  
: ini.par.chirp.al  
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " :=  
512 n.wt1 :=  
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate  
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling  
;  
\ -----  
: ini.par.f  
" f0w6020.2" now.file " :=  
1024 n.wt1 :=  
40 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate  
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling  
;  
\ -----  
: ini.par.b  
" b0w6020.4" now.file " :=  
1024 n.wt1 :=  
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate  
4 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling  
\ 0 abs.flag := \ absolute value norm  
\ 0 filter.flag := \ percentage of norm energy kept  
\ 0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering  
\ 6.0 p.b.e := \ Pass band end (Hz)  
\ 6.0 t.w := \ Transition width (Hz)  
\ 0 best.flag := \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)  
\ 100 #.div := \ foe entropy calculation  
;  
\ -----  
-1 isign := \ . <- or -> :"  
" D" act.flag.str " := \ 3 act.flag :=  
ini.par.b  
\ ini.par.chirp.al  
\ ======  
set.act  
set.let  
set.123  
\ for P N E -- set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act  
lee  
\ -----  
\ \ Keep all default settings for all the above inputs  
\ ======  
\ \ ----- ■ \ \ For Blowup  
\ \ \ act.all  
\ \ \ \ act.all.1 \ LMS  
;
```

```

\ \ \ \ act.all.2 \ ONA
\ \ \ \ act.all.3 \ ons
\ \ \ \ act.all.4 \ onc
\ act.all.5 \ bo1
\ \ \ \ act.all.6 \ bo2
\ \ \ \ act.all.7 \ bo3
\ \ =====
\ \ \ \ Use inverse transform (i.e., <--> -1)
\ \ \ \ The first i.ele and jwp.level is for generating wavelet curve      61
\ \ \ \ The second i.ele is for blowup
\ \ \ \ The second jwp.level is for blowup scale (i.e., Eq. to n.power - jwp.level)
\ set.let
\ set.123
\ blow                                         66
\ -----
\ -----
\ -----
\ ----- - \ \ For DnR
\ act.all                                         71
\
\ act.all.1 \ LMS
\ act.all.2 \ ONA
\ act.all.3 \ ons
\ act.all.4 \ onc
\ act.all.5 \ bo1
\ act.all.6 \ bo2
\ act.all.7 \ bo3
\ =====
: ColRowIni                                         81
 1 gp.flag   :=
 1 file.no  :=
 \ 1 plot.gp  :=
 plot.gp 1 + plot.gp  :=
 \
i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
if
  " Phi -" PhiPsi.str :=                                91
else
  " Psi -" PhiPsi.str :=                                91
then
;
: app.ramp.col
wlet tmp.s.u " :="
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
" $$[( file.no 0 n>s "cat ", "cat
123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s "cat
\ " ) " "cat tmp.s.u "cat " _ "cat PhiPsi.str "cat " <" "cat
" ) " "cat PhiPsi.str "cat " <" "cat
\ ----- -
\ \ $$[(5,1034)<1024>]
\ 123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s
\ ----- -
\ \ $$[(5,1034) Psi-<POL2_BP4,Element:12,Power:10>]
" P" "cat wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
" L" jwp.level 0 n>s "cat                                         106

```

```

" _BP" "cat 2 jwp.level ** 0 n>s "cat
\ " ,Power:" "cat n.power 0 n>s "cat
" ,Ori" "cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat
" ,Pw" "cat n.power 0 n>s "cat
\ ----- -
"cat
" >]" "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
\ 111
123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n
\
to.123
file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column
; 121

\ -----
\ \ Use act.all... (Large wks array)
\ plot.gp :=
\ ColRowIni " psi-LMS.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.1 \ LMS 126
\ ColRowIni " psi-ONA.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.2 \ ONA
\ ColRowIni " psi-ONS.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.3 \ ONS
\ ColRowIni " psi-ONC.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.4 \ ONC
\ ColRowIni " psi-B01.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.5 \ B01
\ ColRowIni " psi-B02.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.6 \ B02 131
\ ColRowIni " psi-B03.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.7 \ B03
\ -----
\ \ Use act.Gp... (small and refined wks array for figure plotting)
ACT.Gp.Ini
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " LMS.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.LMS app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONC.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onC app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " DNA1.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onA1 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " DNA2.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onA2 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONS1.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onS1 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONS2.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onS2 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B010.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo10 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B01D.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo1D app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B020.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo20 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B02D.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo2D app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B030.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo30 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B03D.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo3D app.ramp.col
\ \
\ \ : Plt.shl
\ \ PhiPsi.str "upper " PHI" "=
\ \ if
\ \   cdtNow load Plt_FW.shl \
\ \ then
\ \ PhiPsi.str "upper " PSI" "=
\ \ if
\ \   cdtNow load Plt_MW.shl \
\ \ then
\ \ ;
\ \ \ Plt.shl \ \ load execution depth exceeded
\ \ =====
\ \ ===== 151
\ \ =====
\ \ ===== 156
\ \ =====
\ \ ===== 161
\ \ =====

```

```

\ PhiPsi.str tmp.s ":=
\ fa
\ 4 string PhiPsi.str
\ tmp.s PhiPsi.str ":=
\ \ =====
\ cdt load FigA-Ini.asy \
\ 2.0 ps.linewidth.now :=
\ \ =====
\ : file.name
\   stack.data tmp.s " LMS.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-LMS.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\   stack.data PhiPsi.str " LMS.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-LMS.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\   stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONC.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-ONC.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\   stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONA1.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-ONA1.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\   stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONA2.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-ONA2.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\   stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONS1.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-ONS1.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\   stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONS2.WKS" "cat
\   stack.load " MnF-ONS2.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \

```

```
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B010.WKS" "cat" 221
\ stack.load " MnF-B010.BPF"
\
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B01D.WKS" "cat" 226
\ stack.load " MnF-B01D.BPF"
\
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B020.WKS" "cat" 231
\ stack.load " MnF-B020.BPF"
\
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B02D.WKS" "cat" 236
\ stack.load " MnF-B02D.BPF"
\
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B030.WKS" "cat" 241
\ stack.load " MnF-B030.BPF"
\
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B03D.WKS" "cat" 246
\ stack.load " MnF-B03D.BPF"
\
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ ====== 251
\ \ ====== 256
\ \ ====== 261
```

---

R\_TnD.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01493-20070125-A044 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 9]

```

: R_TnD.shl ; \ Wavelet translation and Dilation \ --- txt:asy -- 1
fa sd \ swd
\ 1024 n.wt1 := \ \ Use ini.par.f
512 n.wt1 := \ \ Use ini.par.chirp.al
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
\ =====
\ -----
: ini.par.chirp.al
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " := 6
512 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
;
\ -----
: ini.par.f
" f0w6020.2" now.file " := 11
1024 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
;
\ -----
: ini.par.b
" b0w6020.4" now.file " := 16
1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
4 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
\ 0 abs.flag := \ absolute value norm
\ 0 filter.flag := \ percentage of norm energy kept
\ 0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering
\ 6.0 p.b.e := \ Pass band end (Hz)
\ 6.0 t.w := \ Transition width (Hz)
\ 0 best.flag := \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
\ 100 #.div := \ foe entropy calculation
;
\ -----
-1 isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
" D" act.flag.str " := \ 3 act.flag :=
\ ini.par.b
ini.par.chirp.al
\ ===== 31
set.act
set.let
set.123
\ for P N E -- set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act
lee
\ -----
\ \ Keep all default settings for all the above inputs
\ =====
\ ----- ■ \ \ For Blowup 41
\ act.all
\ 

```

```

\ act.all.1 \ LMS
\ act.all.2 \ ONA
\ act.all.3 \ ons
\ act.all.4 \ onc
\ act.all.5 \ bo1
\ act.all.6 \ bo2
\ act.all.7 \ bo3
\ =====
\ \ Use inverse transform (i.e., <--> -1) 56
\ \ The first i.ele and jwp.level is for generating wavelet curve
\ \ The second i.ele is for blowup
\ \ The second jwp.level is for blowup scale (i.e., Eq. to n.power - jwp.level)
\ set.let
\ set.123 66
\ blow
\ =====
\ -----
\ -----
\ =====
\ ===== 71
: ColRowIni
1 gp.flag   :=
1 file.no   :=
\ 1 plot.gp  := 76
plot.gp 1 + plot.gp  :=
\
i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
if
    "Phi-" PhiPsi.str := 81
else
    "Psi-" PhiPsi.str :=
then
;
\ : rename.wks \ [ "str - ]
\ cdanow
\ 123.file.name defer> rename \ copy
\ tmp.s.u "cat ".wks "cat
\ "dup
\ defer> to
\ defer> delete 91
\ ;
: rename.wks \ [ "str - ]
cdanow
123.file.name defer> copy 96
tmp.s.u "cat ".wks "cat
defer> to
123.file.name defer> delete
;
: copy.wks \ [ "str - ] 101
cdanow
123.file.name defer> copy
tmp.s.u "cat ".wks "cat
defer> to
\ cdanow
\ 123.file.name defer> copy 106

```

```

\ " 000.wks" defer> to
;
8 string copy.type
: app.wks.col
" $$[( file.no 0 n>s "cat " , " cat
123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s "cat
" ) " cat
tmp.s.u "cat
\ " -P" "cat
\ wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
\ " L" "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" J" "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":=
123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n
\ to.123
file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column
\ -----
copy.type
rename.wks \ copy.wks
;

: to.wks
" Ori" i.ele 0 n>s "cat
" -P" "cat wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
" L" "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" _BP" "cat 2 jwp.level 1 + ** 0 n>s "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":=
swt.t becomes> 123.ary.n
to.123
cr cr ." Column.#" file.no n.type
file.no 1 + file.no :=
;
\ =====
: lee.auto
isign -1 =
if
  n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes> b
  1 0 fix.format
  0. b :=
  \ cr ." JWP Level(" wlet s.type ."):" jwp.level get.val jwp.level :=
\ -----
  cr ." Element "
  wp.flag 1 =
  if
    " (WP: located at level " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat s.type.3
  else
    " (WB: min. level at " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat s.type.3
  then
    . " (Phi<-
  1 0 fix.format
  jwp.level 9 >=
  if
  else
    jwp.level 6 >=
4
156
151
146
136
131
126
121
116
111

```

```

if                      3
else
jwp.level 3 >=
if                      2
else
then
then
dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
2 jwp.level ** n.type ." /->Psi:[WB"
\ -----
wp.flag 1 =
if
. " <-
1 0 fix.format
jwp.level 9 >=
if                      4
else
jwp.level 6 >=
if                      3
else
jwp.level 3 >=
if                      2
else
then
then
then
dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." /->WP]): "
else
. " ]): "
then
\ -----
\   cr ." Element (WB<-
\   1 0 fix.format
\   jwp.level 9 >=
\   if                      4
\   else
\   jwp.level 6 >=
\   if                      3
\   else
\   jwp.level 3 >=
\   if                      2
\   else
\   then
\   then
\   dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
\   2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." /->WP):"
3 0 fix.format
\ i.ele get.val i.ele :=
1 0 fix.format
\ cr ." Clear (1) or Overlap:"      i.lin      get.val      i.lin      :=
1. b [ i.ele ] :=
b inverse.wt
211
216

```

```

wp.flag 1 =
if
  drop swp.t
else
  drop swt.t
then
else
{hp.wnd} " Have you set B (in --> mode)?" s.type \ my.pause
cr ." Choose array for Forward Transform "
" 0:default B, 1:WB.t, 2:WP.t" s.type.3
0 get.val
case
  1 of swt.t endof
  2 of swp.t endof
  0 of b      endof
endcase
previous.window
forward.wt    \ always d.t for WB and WP -- set Wp.flag
then
n.power 10 = if sub[ 1 , 1000 ] then
n.power 9 = if sub[ 1 , 500 ] then
n.power 8 = if sub[ 1 , 250 ] then
n.power 7 = if sub[ 1 , 120 ] then
n.power 6 = if sub[ 1 , 70 ] then
i.lin
i.lin 1 =
if yap lab.spe else ydp then
10 5 fix.format
;
\ -----
\ : lee.auto \ no pause for input
\ isign -1 =
\ if
\   n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes > b
\   1 0 fix.format
\   0. b :=
\   \ \ Auto \ cr ." JWP Level(" wlet s.type ." ):" jwp.level get.val
jwp.level :=
\   cr ." Element (WB--"
\   1 0 fix.format
\   jwp.level 9 >=
\   if
\     4
\   else
\     jwp.level 6 >=
\     if
\       3
\     else
\       jwp.level 3 >=
\       if
\         2
\       else
\         1
\       then
\     then
\   then
\   dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
\   2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." --WP) :" 
\   3 0 fix.format

```

```

\      \ \ Auto \ i.ele get.val i.ele :=   1 0 fix.format
\      \ \ Auto \ cr ." Clear (1) or Overlap:"      i.lin      get.val    i.lin
:=
\      1. b [ i.ele ] :=
\      b inverse.wt
\      wp.flag 1 =
\      if
\      drop swp.t
\      else
\      drop swt.t
\      then
\      else
\      {hp.wnd} " Have you set B (in --> mode)??" s.type my.pause
\      \ \ Auto \ cr ." Choose 1:WB.t, 2:WP.t, 0:default B" 0 get.val
\      0 \ \ Auto added\
\      case
\      1 of swt.t endof
\      2 of swp.t endof
\      0 of b endof
\      endcase
\      previous.window
\      forward.wt      \ always d.t for WB and WP -- set Wp.flag
\      then
\      n.power 10 = if sub[ 1 , 1000 ] then
\      n.power 9 = if sub[ 1 , 500 ] then
\      n.power 8 = if sub[ 1 , 250 ] then
\      n.power 7 = if sub[ 1 , 120 ] then
\      n.power 6 = if sub[ 1 , 70 ] then
\      i.lin
\      i.lin 1 =
\      if yap lab.spe else ydp then
\      10 5 fix.format
\ ;
\ =====
\ =====
: scale.012
" Dil" copy.type " :=

0 jwp.level :=
3 i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks
311

1 jwp.level :=
6 i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks
316

2 jwp.level :=
12 i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks
321

3 jwp.level :=
20 i.ele      :=
lee.auto

```

```

to.wks                                         326

4     jwp.level :=                                326
54    i.ele      :=                                326
lee.auto
to.wks                                         331

5     jwp.level :=                                331
74    i.ele      :=                                331
lee.auto
to.wks                                         336

6     jwp.level :=                                336
200   i.ele      :=                                336
lee.auto
to.wks                                         341

7     jwp.level :=                                341
450   i.ele      :=                                341
lee.auto
to.wks                                         346
;
\ -----  

: position.012
" Tra" copy.type " :=                                346
3     jwp.level :=                                346
16    i.ele      :=                                346
lee.auto
to.wks                                         351

3     jwp.level :=                                351
20    i.ele      :=                                351
lee.auto
to.wks                                         356

3     jwp.level :=                                356
24    i.ele      :=                                356
lee.auto
to.wks                                         361

3     jwp.level :=                                361
28    i.ele      :=                                361
lee.auto
to.wks                                         366

3     jwp.level :=                                366
32    i.ele      :=                                366
lee.auto
to.wks                                         371
;
\ ======  

\ ======  

" bo220" wlet " :=                                371
0 jwp.level :=                                371
ColRowIni

```

```
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ -----
scale.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
app.wks.col
\ =====
" b022d" wlet ":=
0 jwp.level :=
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ -----
scale.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
app.wks.col
\ =====
" b031d" wlet ":=
0 jwp.level :=
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ -----
scale.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
app.wks.col
\ =====
" b0370" wlet ":=
0 jwp.level :=
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ -----
scale.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
app.wks.col
\ =====
" on66a" wlet ":=
0 jwp.level :=
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ -----
scale.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
```

```
app.wks.col
\ =====
\ -----
\ =====
" bo31d" wlet ":="
0 jwp.level := 436
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ ----- 441
position.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
app.wks.col
\ =====
" on55c" wlet ":="
0 jwp.level := 451
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let
set.123
\ ----- 456
position.012
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
app.wks.col
\ =====
```

## R\_Blo.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01494-20070125-A045 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 5]

```

: R-Blo.shl ; \ Blowups of wavelet bases and packets \ -*- txt:asy -*- 1
fa sd \ swd

\ 1024 n.wt1 := \ \ Use ini.par.f
512 n.wt1 := \ \ Use ini.par.chirp.al 6

\ =====
\ -----
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
\ -----
\ ----

: ini.par.chirp.al
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " := 11
512 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate 16
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
;
\ ----

: ini.par.f
" f0w6020.2" now.file " := 21
1024 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
;
: ini.par.b 26
" b0w6020.4" now.file " := 31
1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
4 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
\ 0 abs.flag := \ absolute value norm
\ 0 filter.flag := \ percentage of norm energy kept
\ 0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering
\ 6.0 p.b.e := \ Pass band end (Hz)
\ 6.0 t.w := \ Transition width (Hz)
\ 0 best.flag := \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
\ 100 #.div := \ foe entropy calculation 36
;
\ =====
-1 isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
" D" act.flag.str " := \ 3 act.flag := 41
\ ini.par.b \ \ For 1024
ini.par.chirp.al \ \ For 512
\ \ =====
\ set.act
\ set.let
\ set.123 46
\ \ for P N E -- set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act
\ lee
\ \ \ act.all
\ \ \ \ =====
\ \

```

```

\ \ \ \ act.all.1 \ LMS
\ \ \ \ act.all.2 \ ONA
\ \ \ \ act.all.3 \ ons
\ \ \ \ act.all.4 \ onc
\ act.all.5 \ bo1
\ \ \ \ act.all.6 \ bo2
\ \ \ \ act.all.7 \ bo3
\ \ \ \ =====
\ ===== 56
set.act
set.let
set.123
\ for P N E -- set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act
lee 61
\ -----
blow
\ -----
\ \ Keep all default settings for all the above inputs
\ \ ===== 71
\ ----- ■ \ \ For Blowup
\ \ act.all
\ 
\ \ \ act.all.1 \ LMS
\ \ \ act.all.2 \ ONA
\ \ \ act.all.3 \ ons
\ \ \ act.all.4 \ onc
\ \ \ act.all.5 \ bo1
\ \ \ act.all.6 \ bo2
\ \ \ act.all.7 \ bo3
\ \ \ ===== 76
\ \ \ Use inverse transform (i.e., <--> -1)
\ \ \ The first i.ele and jwp.level is for generating wavelet curve
\ \ \ The second i.ele is for blowup
\ \ \ The second jwp.level is for blowup scale (i.e., Eq. to n.power - jwp.level)
\ set.let
\ set.123
\ blow
\ ===== 81
\ -----
\ ===== 91
\ ----- ■ \ \ For DnR
\ : ColRowIni
\ 1 gp.flag := 96
\ 1 file.no :=
\ \ 1 plot.gp :=
\ plot.gp 1 + plot.gp :=
\ \
\ i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
\ if
\   " PHI-" PhiPsi.str :=
\ else
\   " PSI-" PhiPsi.str :=
\ then
\ ;
\ : app.ramp.col 101
\ : app.ramp.col 106

```

```

\   " $$[(" file.no 0 n>s "cat " , " "cat
\ 123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s "cat
\  " ) " "cat PhiPsi.str "cat " <" "cat
\  \ -----
\  \ \ $$(5,1034)<1024>
\  \ 123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s
\  \ -----
\  \ \ $$(5,1034) Psi-<Level:2_Pt4,Power:10,Element:12>]
\  " Level:" jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
\  " _Pt" "cat 2 jwp.level ** 0 n>s "cat
\  \ ,Power:" "cat n.power 0 n>s "cat
\  " ,Pw" "cat n.power 0 n>s "cat
\  " ,Element:" "cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat
\  \ -----
\  "cat
\  " >]" "cat
\  123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":=
\  \
\  123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n
\  \
\  to.123
\  file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column
\ ;
\ \
\ \
\ \ O plot.gp :=
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-LMS.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.1 \ LMS
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-ONA.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.2 \ ONA
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-ONS.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.3 \ ONS
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-ONC.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.4 \ ONC
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-B01.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.5 \ B01
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-B02.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.6 \ B02
\ \ ColRowIni " psi-B03.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.7 \ B03
\ \
\ \
\ \ ACT.Gp.Ini
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " LMS.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.LMS app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONC.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onC app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONA1.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onA1 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONA2.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onA2 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONS1.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onS1 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " ONS2.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onS2 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B010.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo10 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B01D.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo1D app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B020.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo20 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B02D.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo2D app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B030.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo30 app.ramp.col
\ ColRowIni PhiPsi.str " B03D.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo3D app.ramp.col
\
\ \
\ \ : Plt.shl
\ \ PhiPsi.str "upper " PHI" "=
\ \ if
\ \   cdtNow load Plt_FW.shl \
\ \ then
\ \ PhiPsi.str "upper " PSI" "=
\ \ if

```

```

\ \ \ \ \ cdtNow load Plt_MW.shl \
\ \ \ \ then
\ \ \ \ ;
\ \ \ \ \ Plt.shl \ \ \ load execution depth exceeded 166
\ \ \ \ -----
\ \ \ \ -----
\ \ \ \ \ PhiPsi.str tmp.s := 171
\ fa
\ 4 string PhiPsi.str
\ tmp.s PhiPsi.str := 176
\ \ \ \ -----
\ cdt load FigA-Ini.asy \
\ 2.0 ps.linewidth.now :=
\ \ \ \ -----
\ : file.name
\ stack.data tmp.s " LMS.WKS" "cat
\ stack.load " MnF-LMS.BPF" 181
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ \ \ :
\ \ \ \ \ file.name
\ \ \ \ stack.data PhiPsi.str " LMS.WKS" "cat
\ \ \ \ stack.load " MnF-LMS.BPF" 186
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name 191
\ \ \ \ :
\ \ \ \ \ file.name
\ \ \ \ stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONC.WKS" "cat
\ \ \ \ stack.load " MnF-ONC.BPF"
\ ; 196
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ \ \ :
\ \ \ \ \ file.name
\ \ \ \ stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONA1.WKS" "cat
\ \ \ \ stack.load " MnF-ONA1.BPF" 201
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ \ \ :
\ \ \ \ \ file.name
\ \ \ \ stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONA2.WKS" "cat
\ \ \ \ stack.load " MnF-ONA2.BPF"
\ ; 206
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ \ \ :
\ \ \ \ \ file.name
\ \ \ \ stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONS1.WKS" "cat
\ \ \ \ stack.load " MnF-ONS1.BPF" 211
\ ;

```

```

\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " ONS2.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-ONS2.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B010.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-B010.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B01D.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-B01D.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B020.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-B020.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B02D.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-B02D.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B030.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-B030.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data PhiPsi.str " B03D.WKS" "cat"
\ stack.load " MnF-B03D.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ =====
.....
```

## R\_Lev.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01495-20070125-A046 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 7]

```
: R-Lev.shl ; \ Show WB and WP at various levels/points \ -*- txt:asy -*- 1
fa sd \ swd
\ 1024 n.wt1 := \\ Use ini.par.f
512 n.wt1 := \\ Use ini.par.chirp.al
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
\ =====
\ -----
: ini.par.chirp.al 11
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file :=
512 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \\ Sampling freq -- original rate
1 i.inc := \\ array index Inc for sub-sampling
; 16
\ -----
: ini.par.f
" f0w6020.2" now.file :=
1024 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep := \\ Sampling freq -- original rate 21
1 i.inc := \\ array index Inc for sub-sampling
;
: ini.par.b
" b0w6020.4" now.file :=
1024 n.wt1 := 26
200 s.freq.keep := \\ Sampling freq -- original rate
4 i.inc := \\ array index Inc for sub-sampling
\ 0 abs.flag := \\ absolute value norm
\ 0 filter.flag := \\ percentage of norm energy kept
\ 0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \\ for initial filtering 31
\ 6.0 p.b.e := \\ Pass band end (Hz)
\ 6.0 t.w := \\ Transition width (Hz)
\ 0 best.flag := \\ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
\ 100 #.div := \\ fee entropy calculation
;
\ =====
-1 isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
" D" act.flag.str " := \ 3 act.flag :=
\ ini.par.b
ini.par.chirp.al 41
\ =====
cdtNow load LLet-Lev.asy \ lee.auto
\ =====
set.act
set.let.auto
set.123.auto 46
\ for P N E -- set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act
lee.auto
\ -----
\ \ Keep all default settings for all the above inputs 51
\ =====
```

```

\ ----- ■ \ \ For Blowup
\ act.all
\
\ act.all.1 \ LMS
\ act.all.2 \ ONA
\ act.all.3 \ ons
\ act.all.4 \ onc
\ act.all.5 \ bo1
\ act.all.6 \ bo2
\ act.all.7 \ bo3
\ =====
\ \ Use inverse transform (i.e., <--> -1)
\ \ The first i.ele and jwp.level is for generating wavelet curve
\ \ The second i.ele is for blowup
\ \ The second jwp.level is for blowup scale (i.e., Eq. to n.power - jwp.level)
\ set.let
\ set.123
\ blow
\ =====
\ -----
\ =====
: ColRowIni
1 gp.flag   :=
1 file.no   :=
\ 1 plot.gp  :=
plot.gp 1 + plot.gp  :=
\ i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
if
    "Phi-" PhiPsi.str :=
else
    "Psi-" PhiPsi.str :=
then
;
\ : rename.wks \ [ "str - ]
\ cdanow
\ 123.file.name defer> rename \ copy
\ tmp.s.u "cat " .wks" "cat
\ "dup
\ defer> to
\ defer> delete
\ ;
: rename.wks \ [ "str - ]
cdanow
123.file.name defer> copy
tmp.s.u "cat " .wks" "cat
defer> to
123.file.name defer> delete
;
: copy.wks \ [ "str - ]
cdanow
123.file.name defer> copy
tmp.s.u "cat " .wks" "cat

```

```

    defer> to
\ cdnow
\ 123.file.name defer> copy
\ " 000.wks" defer> to
;
8 string copy.type
: app.wks.col
" $$[(" file.no 0 n>s "cat " , " cat
123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s "cat
" ) " "cat
tmp.s.u "cat
" -P "cat
wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
\ " L" "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" J" "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n
\
to.123
file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column
\ -----
copy.type
rename.wks \ copy.wks
;
131

: to.wks
" P" wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
" L" "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" _BP" "cat 2 jwp.level 1 + ** 0 n>s "cat
" Ori" "cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
\ swt.t becomes> 123.ary.n
swp.t becomes> 123.ary.n
to.123
cr cr ." Column.#" file.no n.type
file.no 1 + file.no :=
;
\ =====
\ =====
: wbp.set.ini
\ 1 wp.flag :=
1 jwp.level :=
ColRowIni
1 file.no :=
set.let.auto
set.123.auto
;
\ -----
\ =====
: wbp.scale.4
wbp.set.ini
1 jwp.level :=
48 i.ele      :=
lee.auto
151
146
156
161

```

```
to.wks

2   jwp.level :=
48  i.ele      :=          166
lee.auto
to.wks

3   jwp.level :=
48  i.ele      :=          171
lee.auto
to.wks

4   jwp.level :=
48  i.ele      :=          176
lee.auto
to.wks
;
\ ----- : wbp.scale.6.70          181
wbp.set.ini

0   jwp.level :=
70  i.ele      :=          186
lee.auto
to.wks

1   jwp.level :=
70  i.ele      :=          191
lee.auto
to.wks

2   jwp.level :=
70  i.ele      :=          196
lee.auto
to.wks

3   jwp.level :=
70  i.ele      :=          201
lee.auto
to.wks

4   jwp.level :=
70  i.ele      :=          206
lee.auto
to.wks

5   jwp.level :=
70  i.ele      :=          211
lee.auto
to.wks
;
\ ----- : wbp.scale.6.100          216
wbp.set.ini
```

```

0    jwp.level :=
100   i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks                                         221

1    jwp.level :=
100   i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks                                         226

2    jwp.level :=
100   i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks                                         231

3    jwp.level :=
100   i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks                                         236

4    jwp.level :=
100   i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks                                         241

5    jwp.level :=
100   i.ele      :=
lee.auto
to.wks                                         246
;

\ -----+
: del.and.rento
  "dup
  defer> delete
  "swap
  defer> rename
  defer> to
;
\ " WB3ON11C.WKS" " WBON11C3.WKS" del.and.rento          251
\ =====
\ =====
" on22a" wlet ":"=
\ -----
wlet tmp.s.u ":"=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
\ -----
1 wp.flag :=                                         ■
\ -----
" WP1" copy.type ":"=
wbp.scale.4
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WP2" copy.type ":"=
wbp.scale.6.70
app.wks.col                                         266
                                         271

```

```

\ -----
" WP3" copy.type " :=          276
wbp.scale.6.100
app.wks.col
\ -----
0 wp.flag :=
\ -----
" WB1" copy.type " :=          281
wbp.scale.4
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WB2" copy.type " :=          286
wbp.scale.6.70
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WB3" copy.type " :=          291
wbp.scale.6.100
app.wks.col
\ =====
cdanow
" WP1" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WP" tmp.s.u "cat" "1.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WP2" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WP" tmp.s.u "cat" "2.wks" "cat del.and.rento      296
" WP3" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WP" tmp.s.u "cat" "3.wks" "cat del.and.rento

" WB1" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WB" tmp.s.u "cat" "1.wks" "cat del.and.rento      301
" WB2" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WB" tmp.s.u "cat" "2.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WB3" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WB" tmp.s.u "cat" "3.wks" "cat del.and.rento

\ =====
" on11c" wlet " :=          306
\ -----
wlet tmp.s.u " :=          311
tmp.s.u "upper" "drop
\ -----
1 wp.flag :=
\ -----
" WP1" copy.type " :=          316
wbp.scale.4
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WP2" copy.type " :=          321
wbp.scale.6.70
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WP3" copy.type " :=          326
wbp.scale.6.100
app.wks.col
\ -----
0 wp.flag :=

```

```
\ -----
" WB1" copy.type "="
wbp.scale.4
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WB2" copy.type "="
wbp.scale.6.70
app.wks.col
\ -----
" WB3" copy.type "="
wbp.scale.6.100
app.wks.col
\ =====
cdanow
" WP1" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WP" tmp.s.u "cat" "1.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WP2" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WP" tmp.s.u "cat" "2.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WP3" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WP" tmp.s.u "cat" "3.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WB1" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WB" tmp.s.u "cat" "1.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WB2" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WB" tmp.s.u "cat" "2.wks" "cat del.and.rento
" WB3" tmp.s.u "cat" ".wks" "cat
" WB" tmp.s.u "cat" "3.wks" "cat del.and.rento
.....
```

# R\_Pha.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01496-20070125-A047 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 4]

```
: R_Pha.shl ; \ Wavelet $m_{0}$ phase \ -*- txt:asy -*- 1
\ =====
fa sd
1024 n.wt1 :=
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \ 6
\ =====
\ -----
: ini.par.chirp.al 11
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file :=
512 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag := \ absolute value norm
\ 0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ percentage of norm energy kept 16
\ 0 filter.flag := \ for initial filtering
\ 60 p.b.e := \ Pass band end (Hz)
\ 30 t.w := \ Transition width (Hz)
\ 0 best.flag := \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
\ 100 #.div := 21
;
\ \ -----
\ : ini.par.f 26
" f0w6020.2" now.file :=
512 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
1 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag := \ absolute value norm
0 filter.flag := \ percentage of norm energy kept
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering 31
6.0 p.b.e := \ Pass band end (Hz)
6.0 t.w := \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag := \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div := \ fee entropy calculation
;
: ini.par.b 36
" b0w6020.4" now.file :=
1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep := \ Sampling freq -- original rate
4 i.inc := \ array index Inc for sub-sampling 41
0 abs.flag := \ absolute value norm
;
\ -----
-1 isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
" P" act.flag.str " := \ 3 act.flag := 46
ini.par.b
\ ini.par.chirp.al
\ =====
set.act cr 51
set.let
```

```

set.123
lee
\ \ set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act
\ act.all                                         56

: ColRowIni
1 gp.flag   :=
1 file.no   :=
\ 1 plot.gp  :=                                         61
plot.gp 1 +  plot.gp   :=
\
i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
if
    " PHI-" PhiPsi.str " :=                                66
else
    " PSI-" PhiPsi.str " :="
then
;
: app.ramp.col                                         71
wlet tmp.s.u " :="
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
" $$[( file.no 0 n>s "cat " , "cat
123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s "cat
\ " ) " "cat tmp.s.u "cat " -" "cat " <" "cat
" ) " "cat " <" "cat
\ ----- ■
" m_0 " "cat
\ ----- ■
" >] " "cat                                         76
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " :=                                81
\
123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n
\
to.123
file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column
;

\ ----- ■
\ 0 plot.gp  :=                                         91
\ ColRowIni " psi-LMS.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.1 \ LMS
\ ColRowIni " psi-ONA.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.2 \ ONA
\ ColRowIni " psi-ONS.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.3 \ ONS
\ ColRowIni " psi-ONC.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.4 \ ONC
\ ColRowIni " psi-B01.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.5 \ B01
\ ColRowIni " psi-B02.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.6 \ B02
\ ColRowIni " psi-B03.wks" " 000.wks" set.123.BP act.all.7 \ B03
\ -----
ACT.Gp.Ini
ColRowIni " Pha- " " LMS.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.LMS app.ramp.1001
ColRowIni " Pha- " " ONC.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onC app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " ONA1.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onA1 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " ONA2.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onA2 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " ONS1.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onS1 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " ONS2.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.onS2 app.ramp.1001
ColRowIni " Pha- " " B010.wks" "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo10 app.ramp.col

```

```

ColRowIni " Pha- " " B01D.wks " "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo1D app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " B020.wks " "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo20 app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " B02D.wks " "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo2D app.ramp.col
ColRowIni " Pha- " " B030.wks " "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo30 app.ramp.1d0
ColRowIni " Pha- " " B03D.wks " "cat " 0.0" set.123.BP act.Gp.bo3D app.ramp.col

\\ : Plt.shl
\\ cdtNow load Plt_Pha.shl \
\\ ;
\\ \ Plt.shl \\ load execution depth exceeded
\\ =====
\\ -----
\\ =====
\\ PhiPsi.str tmp.s :=
\\ fa
\\ 4 string PhiPsi.str
\\ tmp.s PhiPsi.str :=
\\ =====
\\ cdt load FigA-Ini.asy \
\\ 2.0 ps.linewidth.now :=
\\ =====
\\ : file.name
\\ stack.data " Pha-LMS.WKS"
\\ stack.load " Pha-LMS.BPF"
\\ ;
\\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\\ forget file.name
\\ =====
\\ : file.name
\\ stack.data " Pha-ONC.WKS"
\\ stack.load " Pha-ONC.BPF"
\\ ;
\\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\\ forget file.name
\\ =====
\\ : file.name
\\ stack.data " Pha-ONA1.WKS"
\\ stack.load " Pha-ONA1.BPF"
\\ ;
\\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\\ forget file.name
\\ =====
\\ : file.name
\\ stack.data " Pha-ONA2.WKS"
\\ stack.load " Pha-ONA2.BPF"
\\ ;
\\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\\ forget file.name
\\ =====
\\ : file.name
\\ stack.data " Pha-ONS1.WKS"
\\ stack.load " Pha-ONS1.BPF"
\\ ;
\\ cdt load FigACore.asy \

```

116            121            126            131            136            141            146            151            156            161

```

\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-ONS2.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-ONS2.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-B010.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-B010.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-B01D.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-B01D.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-B020.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-B020.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-B02D.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-B02D.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-B030.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-B030.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Pha-B03D.WKS"
\ stack.load " Pha-B03D.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name
\ \ =====
.....
```

## R\_PsiC.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01497-20070125-A048 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: R_PsiC.shl ; \ Plot Psi Curves \ -*- txt:asy -*- 1
\ : PsiC-Run.asy ;

fa sd \ swd

\ %===== 6
\ ASY: Psi (Morlet or Variant) Curve data WKS [Friday, 00/09/29 at 14:39:04]
\ %
\ %----- Generate psi function data
\ Use shell file psiC-run.asy to Generate psi function data wks file
\ Steps of implementation 11
\ 0. edit psiCwks.asy
\ 1. load Llet-0.asy
\ 2. load Llet-cwt.asy
\ 3. set.123
\     \ create wks file if not exist 16
\ 4. set.act
\     \ 5
\     \ 1024
\     \ start frequency: 0.6
\     \ # of frequency:1 21
\ 5. edit and load psiCwks.asy
\     \ to generate wks file
\     \ and then prepare, edit, or combine wks files for use in plotting
\     \ (see psiCplot.asy)
\ %===== 26

\ %----- Generate psi function data wks

: new.pause
my.pause.flag " y" "= 31
if
  bell.1sl
  previous.window
  " <Press Key>" s.type
  pckey drop ?drop 36
  .
  .
  previous.window
then
;

\ cdtNow load WD.asy
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
\ cdtNow load LLet-Rdg.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-WVT.asy \
\ ===== 46
\ =====
: ini.par
" b0w6020.4" now.file ":=
1024 n.wt1 := 51
200 s.freq.keep :=
5 i.inc :=
```

```
0.6   fre.beg :=  
1     #.fre   :=  
0.1   fre.inc :=  
  \ 10 5 fix.format  
;  
\ ======  
1   erf.flag :=  
11.0 sai.beg :=  
5.00 sai.end :=  
256  mat.pts :=  
" N" psi.flag " :=  
" C" act.flag.str " := \ 5      act.flag :=  
\ ----- ■  
ini.par  
\ ======  
  
set.123  
set.act  
\ cdtNow load PsiC-Wks.asy  
cdtNow load LLet-Psi.asy \  
.....
```

---

## S\_Ent.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01498-20070125-A049 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: S_Ent.shl ; \ :: R-Ent.sel ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1

fa sd swd

\ cdtNow load WD.asy \
cdtNow load WDtmp.asy \ \ 星期五, 2007/01/12 at 10:39:41 6
\ \ g:\exp-asc\WT\ -> g:\all-asy\Coh\
1024 n.wt1 :=
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
\ ^ Set proper length of fft.pts 11

\ =====
\ -----
: ini.par.chirp.al
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " :=

512 n.wt1 :=                                \
200 s.freq.keep :=          \ Sampling freq -- original rate 16
1 i.inc :=           \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag :=          \ absolute value norm
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ percentage of norm energy kept
0 filter.flag :=        \ for initial filtering
60 p.b.e :=            \ Pass band end (Hz)
30 t.w :=              \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag :=         \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div :=           \ foe entropy calculation 21

;
\ -----
: ini.par.f
" f0w6020.2" now.file " :=

1024 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep :=          \ Sampling freq -- original rate 31
1 i.inc :=           \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag :=          \ absolute value norm
0 filter.flag :=        \ percentage of norm energy kept
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering
6.0 p.b.e :=            \ Pass band end (Hz)
6.0 t.w :=              \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag :=         \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div :=           \ foe entropy calculation 36

;
: ini.par.b
" b0w6020.4" now.file " := 41

1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=          \ Sampling freq -- original rate
4 i.inc :=           \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag :=          \ absolute value norm 46
0 filter.flag :=        \ percentage of norm energy kept
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering
6.0 p.b.e :=            \ Pass band end (Hz)
6.0 t.w :=              \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag :=         \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div :=           \ foe entropy calculation 51
```

```
;;
\ =====
-1   isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
" E" act.flag.str ":= \ 3      act.flag :=
ini.par.b
\ ini.par.chirp.al
\ =====
set.act
\ set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act           61
act.all

.....
```

---

# S\_Nor.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01499-20070125-A050 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: S_Nor.shl ; \ : R-Nor.sel ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1

fa sd swd

\ cdtNow load WD.asy \
cdtNow load WDtmp.asy \ \ 星期五, 2007/01/12 at 10:39:41 6
\ \ g:\exp-asc\WT\ -> g:\all-asy\Coh\
1024 n.wt1 :=
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
\ ^ Set proper length of fft.pts 11

\ =====
\ -----
: ini.par.chirp.al
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " :=

512 n.wt1 :=                                \
200 s.freq.keep :=          \ Sampling freq -- original rate 16
1 i.inc :=           \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag :=          \ absolute value norm
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ percentage of norm energy kept
0 filter.flag :=        \ for initial filtering
60 p.b.e :=            \ Pass band end (Hz)
30 t.w :=              \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag :=         \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div :=           \ foe entropy calculation 21

;
\ -----
: ini.par.f
" f0w6020.2" now.file " :=

1024 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep :=          \ Sampling freq -- original rate 31
1 i.inc :=           \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag :=          \ absolute value norm
0 filter.flag :=        \ percentage of norm energy kept
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering
6.0 p.b.e :=            \ Pass band end (Hz)
6.0 t.w :=              \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag :=         \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div :=           \ foe entropy calculation 36

;
: ini.par.b
" b0w6020.4" now.file " := 41

1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=          \ Sampling freq -- original rate
4 i.inc :=           \ array index Inc for sub-sampling
0 abs.flag :=          \ absolute value norm 46
0 filter.flag :=        \ percentage of norm energy kept
0.975 norm.keep.p.best := \ for initial filtering
6.0 p.b.e :=            \ Pass band end (Hz)
6.0 t.w :=              \ Transition width (Hz)
0 best.flag :=         \ unclear, possibly not necessary (WPM)
100 #.div :=           \ foe entropy calculation 51
```

```
;;
\ -----
-1   isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
" N" act.flag.str ":= \ 3 act.flag :=
ini.par.b
\ ini.par.chirp.al

\ =====
set.act
\ set.let and set.123 are Moved into word within set.act      61
act.all

.....
```

---

# S\_WPM.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01500-20070125-A051 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: S_WPM.sel ; \ -*- txt:asy -*- 1

fa sd swd

: new.pause
my.pause.flag " y" "= 6
if
  bell.1sl
  previous.window
  " <Press Key>" s.type
  pckey drop ?drop
  .
  .
  previous.window
then
; 11
\ cdtNow load WDtmp.asy \ 16

512 n.wt1 :=
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
  \ ^ Set proper length of fft.pts 21
\
\ =====
: ini.par
" b0w6020.4" now.file " := 26
1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=
5 i.inc :=
1 best.flag :=
;
\ ----- 31
: ini.par.chirp.al
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " := 36
512 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=
1 i.inc :=
1 best.flag :=
;
\ =====
" N" act.flag.str " := \ 3 act.flag :=
\ ini.par 41
ini.par.chirp.al
\ -----
1 isign := \ ." <- or -> :"
1 wp.flag := \ WP(1) or WB(0)
" ON55C" wlet " := 46
\ =====
set.act \ Choose 3
action
my.pause sd
get.map 51
```



## S\_WVT.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01501-20070125-A052 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: S_WVT.shl ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ : R-Rdg.sel ; \ %---- Asyst Prog
\ Shell File for Wavelet Variant Transforms and Adapted CWT

fa sd swd
512 n.wt1 := 6
\ =====
: new.pause
my.pause.flag " y" "=

if
  bell.1sl
  previous.window
  " <Press Key>" s.type
  pckey drop ?drop
  . "
  previous.window
  \ bell.flag := \ restore 11
then
;
\ =====
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-WVT.asy \
\ cdtNow load LLet-Rdg.asy \
\ =====
: ini.par
" b0w6020.4" now.file " := 21
1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=
5 i.inc :=
1.6 fre.beg :=
40 #.fre :=
0.1 fre.inc := 26
;
: ini.par.f
5 act.flag :=
" f0w6020.2" now.file " := 31
1024 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep :=
1 i.inc :=
1.6 fre.beg :=
40 #.fre :=
0.1 fre.inc := 36
;
: ini.par.chirp
5 act.flag :=
" Chirp-al.dat" now.file " := 41
512 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=
1 i.inc :=
5 fre.beg :=
20 #.fre :=
5 fre.inc := 46
51
51
```

```
;;
\ =====-
\ -----
" C" act.flag.str " := \ 5      act.flag :=          56
1    erf.flag :=
11.0 sai.beg :=
5.00 sai.end :=
256 mat.pts :=
\ " N" psi.flag " :=          61
" O" psi.flag " :=
10 5 fix.format
\ -----
\ ini.par
\ ini.par.f
ini.par.chirp
\ =====-
set.act \ Choose 5
sd echo.off
: choose.e.m
  cr
  ." Choose data type to send to MMA (E: Hilbert envelop; M: Modulus): "
  " E" "dup get.str "=
  if
    to.mat.e.p
  else
    to.mat.m.p
  then
;
choose.e.m          81
.....
```

---

# S\_Coh\_WC.Shl

勇伯程式庫 A01502-20070125-A053 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 3]

```
: S_Coh_WC.Shl ; \ : WC_S.sel ; \ -*- txt:asy -*- 1
\ \ 星期五, 2004/09/10 at 14:47:02
\ \ 123-A2W.asy -> 123-A2Wn.asy
\ -----
fa sd \ swd 6

integer scalar #.fft.pts scalar #.pts
2 string SC.or.WC

" WC" SC.or.WC " := 11
: spe.coh
\ dummy; used in Coh_BP.bp
;
512 n.wt1 := 16
\ =====
: new.pause
my.pause.flag " y " " =
if
    bell.1sl
    previous.window 21
    " <Press Key>" s.type
    pckey drop ?drop
    . "
    previous.window
then 26
;

\ ----- Generate Coherence Data for Plots
\ Use the shell file "WC-run.asy" to run wavelet coherence:
\ The steps to implement 31
\ 0. edit WC-BP.bp Define the coherence pairs (get.bat)
\ 1. load LLet-0.asy
\ 2. load LLet-cwt.asy
\ 3. Load WC-0.asy
\ 4. set.act Initialize a few parameters 36
\ % 5. % set.123
\ % 6. % set.coh
\ % 7. % run.coh OK!
\ ===== 41
cdtNow load LLet-000.asy \ \ 星期五, 2007/01/12 at 10:03:51
\ cdtNow load LLet-00n.asy \ \ 星期五, 2004/09/10 at 14:03:02
\ \ \ 123-A2W.asy -> 123-A2Wn.asy
\ \ \ Replace All [dir.lee.asc] to [cda.now.str]
\ \ \ dir.lee.asc -> cda.now.dir 46
\ \ \ g:\Exp-Asc\WT -> g:\Exp-Asc\Coh
cdtNow load LLet-WVT.asy \ \ 星期五, 2007/01/12 at 10:03:51
\ cdtNow load LLet-Rdg.asy \ \ 星期五, 2007/01/12 at 10:03:51
cdtNow load LLet-Coh.asy \
\ cdtNow load LLet-WC.asy \
\ \ cdtNow load LLet-WCo.asy \ LLet-WCo-200010161021.asy & WC-BP.bp 51
```

```

\ =====
: ini.par.a.b.p.q.i5
\ " b0w6020.4" now.file := 56
1024 n.wt1 :=
200 s.freq.keep :=
5 i.inc :=
0.1 fre.beg :=
90 #.fre := 61
0.1 fre.inc :=
256 mat pts :=
\ ~~~~~
\ " O-WC-A.wks" cda.now.str "swap "cat 123.file.name ":=
\ ~~~~~ 66
;

: ini.par.f
\ " f0w6020.2" now.file := 71
1024 n.wt1 :=
4096 n.wt1 :=
40 s.freq.keep :=
1 i.inc :=
0.1 fre.beg :=
100 #.fre := 76
0.1 fre.inc :=
256 mat pts :=
\ ~~~~~
\ 1 fre.beg :=
\ 10 #.fre := 81
\ 1 fre.inc :=
\ " O-WC-FR.wks" cda.now.str "swap "cat 123.file.name ":=
\ ~~~~~
;

\ : ini.par
\ now.file 1 "left "upper " F" :=
\ if 86
\   ini.par.f
\ else
\   ini.par.a.b.p.q.i5
\ then 91
\ 256 mat pts :=
\ ;
\ -----
: Ini.input.data.type
\ cr ." Batch Processing Data Type" " Coh_BP.bp ::" s.type.2 96
\ cr ."
\ cr ."
\ cr ."
\ "dup s.type
\ "upper input.data.type.flag ":=
input.data.type.flag " F" :=
if
  ini.par.f
else
  ini.par.a.b.p.q.i5 101
then

```

```
\ 256 mat.pts :=
;
\ -----
\ ===== 111
" N" psi.flag " := 
" W" act.flag.str " := \ 6      act.flag :=
" C" rea.or.com " := 
1    erf.flag :=
11.0 sai.beg := 116
5.00 sai.end :=
\ ----- ■
Ini.input.data.type
specify.now.file \ Redefine ini data
\ ini.par 121
\ 1024 n.wt1   :=
\ =====
set.act

.....
```

---

# SWD.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01504-20070125-A055 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 4]

```
: SWD.asy ; \ ----- Asyst Prog -*- txt:asy -*- 1

echo.off
\ fa
\ integer scalar cdtnow.flag
\ 1 string cdtnow.flag.str
\ 32 string cdt.now.str
\ 32 string cda.now.str
\ 32 string cdd.now.str
32 string cdt.str
32 string cda.str
32 string cdd.str
32 string cdf.str 6
11

0 set.file.parse
\ =====
: cd.common \ [ Txt Asc Fig Dat - ] 16
  cdd.str ":=
  cdd.now.str ":=
  cdf.str ":=
  cdf.now.str ":=
  cda.str ":=
  cda.now.str ":=
  cdt.str ":=
  cdt.now.str ":=
\   " c:\per\asy\dat\" cdd.now.str ":= 21
\   " c:\per\asy\fig\" cdf.now.str ":=
\   " c:\per\asy\asc\" cda.now.str ":=
\   " c:\per\asy\txt\" cdt.now.str ":=
\ -----
  cda.str dir.lee.asc ":=
  cdd.str dir.lee.dat ":= 31
\   cdf.now.str dir.lee.fig ":=
;
\ =====
: cdOri 36
  " c:\per\asy\txt\
  " c:\per\asy\txt\
  " c:\per\asy\asc\
  " c:\per\asy\asc\
  " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig\
  " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig\
  " c:\per\asy\dat\
  " c:\per\asy\dat\
cd.common \ [ Txt Asc Fig Dat - ] 41
;
: cdSta
  " c:\per\asy\txt\
  " c:\per\asy\txt\
  " G:\Exp-Asc\tmp\
  " G:\Exp-Asc\tmp\
  " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig\ 51
```

```

" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
cd.common
; 56

: cdWT
" G: \All-Asy\WT \
" G: \All-Asy\WT \
" G: \Exp-Asc\WT \
" G: \Exp-Asc\WT \
\ " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig \
\ " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig \
" G:\Fig\Asy\WT \
" G:\Fig\Asy\WT \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
cd.common
; 61

\ " G:\Fig\Asy\WT \
\ " G:\Fig\Asy\WT \
" G:\Fig\Asy\WT \
" G:\Fig\Asy\WT \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
cd.common
; 66

: cdDnR
" G: \All-Asy\WDRPB \
" G: \All-Asy\WDRPB \
" G: \Exp-Asc\WDRPB \
" G: \Exp-Asc\WDRPB \
" G: \Fig\Asy\WDRPB \
" G: \Fig\Asy\WDRPB \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
cd.common
; 71

\ : cdCoh
\ " G:\All-Asy\WC \
\ " G:\All-Asy\WC \
\ " G:\Exp-Asc\WC \
\ " G:\Exp-Asc\WC \
\ " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig \
\ " G:\Fig\Asy\Fig \
\ " G:\Exp-Dat\WC \
\ " G:\Exp-Dat\WC \
\ cd.common
; 81

\ ;
: cdCoh
" G: \All-Asy\Coh \
" G: \All-Asy\Coh \
" G: \Exp-Asc\Coh \
" G: \Exp-Asc\WT \
" G: \Fig\Asy\Coh \
" G: \Fig\Asy\Coh \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC \
cd.common
; 86

\ " cdt.now.str":=
\ " cdt.str":=
\ " cda.now.str":=
\ " cda.str":=
\ " cdf.now.str":=
\ " cdf.str":=
\ " cdd.now.str":=
\ " cdd.str":= 96

cd.common
; 101

: cdHT
" c:\per\asy\txt \
" c:\per\asy\txt \
" G: \Exp-Asc\WC \
; 106

```

```

" G: \Exp-Asc\WC\"
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
cd.common
;
: cdMod
" G: \All-Asy\Mod\
" C: \per\asy\txt\
" G: \Exp-Asc\mod\
" G: \Exp-Asc\Asc\` cda.now - output
" G: \Exp-Asc\WC\` cda - input
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
cd.common
;
: cdTmp
" G: \All-Asy\tmp\
" G: \All-Asy\tmp\
" G: \Exp-Asc\tmp\
" G: \Exp-Asc\tmp\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
cd.common
;
: cdPrj
" G: \All-Asy\prj\
" G: \All-Asy\prj\
" G: \Exp-Asc\prj\
" G: \Exp-Asc\prj\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
cd.common
;
: cdEnt
" c: \per\asy\txt\
" c: \per\asy\txt\
" G: \Exp-Asc\WC\
" G: \Exp-Asc\WC\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Fig\Asy\Fig\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
" G: \Exp-Dat\WC\
cd.common
;
\ =====
: Choose.dir.WP.str
cdtnow.flag.str "upper

```

```

"dup " O" "= if cdOri else cdPrj then
"dup " S" "= if cdSta then
"dup " W" "= if cdWT then
"dup " D" "= if cdDnR then
"dup " C" "= if cdCoh then
"dup " E" "= if cdEnt then
"dup " H" "= if cdHT then
"dup " M" "= if cdMod then
"dup " T" "= if cdTmp then
"dup " J" "= if cdPrj then          166
;

: Choose.dir.str
cr ." Set Working Directories:"
cr ."           " " O: Ori (txt)" s.type
cr ."           " " S: Statistics (Sta)" s.type
cr ."           " " W: Wavelet Transform ()" s.type
cr ."           "
" D: Decomposition, Reconstruction, Phase , and Blowup (WDRPB)" s.type
cr ."           " " C: Coherence (Wavelet and Fourier Coherence) (WC)" 1s1 type
cr ."           " " E: Entropy" s.type
cr ."           " " H: Hilbert Transform (HT)" s.type
cr ."           " " M: Modualtion (Mod)" s.type
cr ."           " " T: Temporary (Tmp)" s.type
cr ."           " " J: Project ()" s.type          171
cr ."   Set to?"
cdtnow.flag.str get.str cdtnow.flag.str ":=
Choose.dir.WP.str
;

: show.dir
cr ." txt      dir:" dir.lee.txt "len 1 - "left s.type
cr ." cdtNow dir:" cdt.now.str "len 1 - "left s.type.3
cr ." cdt      dir:" cdt.str      "len 1 - "left s.type
cr
cr ." cdaNow dir:" cda.now.str "len 1 - "left s.type.3          191
cr ." cda      dir:" cda.str      "len 1 - "left s.type
cr
cr ." cdfNow dir:" cdf.now.str "len 1 - "left s.type.3
cr ." cdf      dir:" cdf.str      "len 1 - "left s.type
cr
cr ." cddNow dir:" cdd.now.str "len 1 - "left s.type.3          196
cr ." cdd      dir:" cdd.str      "len 1 - "left s.type
cr
" M" cdtnow.flag.str ":=
" D" cdtnow.flag.str ":=
" W" cdtnow.flag.str ":=          201
;

" C" cdtnow.flag.str ":=
sc
Choose.dir.str
show.dir cdtNow          211
.....
```

## LLet-000.asy

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```
: LLet-000.asy ; \      --*-- txt:asy --*
\ 1.  The Core file for all Wavelet programs.
\ 2.
\
\ -----
\ {29.line}                                1
\ dir.lee.txt      "nr-dwt.txt" "cat defer> load
echo.on

real      scalar s.freq
integer   scalar n.fft.pts  scalar i.inc          11
26 0    29 79 window {hp.wnd}
nd
: iand \ [ n1 , n2  --  n3 ]
#>mask #>mask and mask>#
;

cdtNow load LLet-Coe.asy \
cdt load 123-A2W.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-Mai.asy \
21

: dp.real.flag \ To see the difference,
  real      \ keep this
  \ dp.real \ you can exercise a []sum for e{17}=1
;
integer scalar i.ini                      26
  scalar i.int
  scalar i.end
  scalar i.no
  scalar up.ax.ini
  scalar up.ax.int
  scalar up.ax.end
  scalar up.ax.no
  scalar up.axmin
  scalar up.axmax
  scalar dp.ax.ini                         36
  scalar dp.ax.int
  scalar dp.ax.end
  scalar dp.ax.no
  scalar dp.axmin
  scalar dp.axmax
  scalar ax.shf
  scalar dual.flag
  scalar i.chirp
  scalar i.envelop
integer scalar i.cou  scalar n.blow          46
3  string file.ext
1  string yadp.flag
64 string tmp.s.u

real      scalar t.dur
scalar up.wxmin                           51
```

```

scalar up.wxmax
scalar up.wymin
scalar up.wymax
scalar dp.wxmin
scalar dp.wxmax
scalar dp.wymin
scalar dp.wymax
\ =====
integer scalar p.pnts
: get.p.pnts
n.wt1 my.power
n.power 10 = if 1000 then
n.power 9 = if 500 then
n.power 8 = if 250 then
n.power 7 = if 120 then
n.power 6 = if 80 then
p.pnts :=
;
\ =====
integer scalar chirp.spe
: initial.parameter
" bo370" wlet " :="
" on88s" wlet " :="
" bo131" wlet " :="
" on22a" wlet " :="
" bo220" wlet " :="
" bo22d" wlet " :="
4 n.dau.c   :=
0 wp.flag   :=
1 isign     :=
2 jwp.level :=
\ 1024 n.wt1      :=
\ 9 2 swap ** n.wt1      :=
\ cr ." Wavelet length :" n.wt1 get.val n.wt1 :=
cr ." Initialize Wavelet length (match when [DnR, Phase, Norm-WP, Ent]):"
n.wt1 get.val n.wt1 :=
0 i.int      :=
n.wt1 my.power
1 isign   =
if \ ----- \ i : freq ;
cr
" 0:General; 1:Envelop; 2:Chirp :: "
s.type 0 get.val
case 0 of endof
    1 of 1 i.envelop := endof
    2 of 1 i.chirp  :=
        cr ." Chirp.spe:(11 Nyquist/Linear, 12, 21, 22)"
        11 get.val chirp.spe :=
            endof
endcase
101
106

```

```

i.chirp 1 =
if
 50      i.ini      :=  \ first executed; small index and low line type
 1      i.no       :=
else
 30      i.ini      :=  \ first executed; small index and low line type
 1      i.no       :=
then
 1      up.ax.ini :=
 1      up.ax.int :=
 1      up.axmin :=
\ 2 n.power **
get.p.pnts p.pnts
  up.axmax :=
 1      dp.ax.ini :=
 1      dp.ax.int :=
 1      dp.axmin :=
 200     dp.axmax :=
\ i.ini  i.int  i.no 1 - * +      i.end :=
\ i.end 1 +                      i.end :=
else \ ----- \ i : unit base function ;
\ 0 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 512 1024 2048
 6      i.ini      :=  \ first executed; small index and low line type
 5      i.end      :=  \ last executed; small index and high line type
 1      i.no       :=
 1      up.ax.ini :=
 1      up.ax.int :=
 1      up.axmin :=
\ 500     up.axmax :=
 1      dp.ax.ini :=
 1      dp.ax.int :=
 1      dp.axmin :=
\ n.wt1  dp.axmax :=
\ n.wt1  2048 = if 2000 then
\ n.wt1  1024 = if 1000 then
\ n.wt1  512 = if 500 then
\ n.wt1  256 = if 250 then
\ n.wt1  128 = if 120 then
\ n.wt1  64 = if 80 then
 2 n.power **
dup      up.axmax :=
  dp.axmax :=
\ i.end  i.int  i.no 1 - * -      i.ini :=
then
 1      ax.shf :=
;
initial.parameter
\ =====
: parameter.flag ; \ dummy
: parameter.change ;
: options.change
14 foreground
12 foreground
37 1 goto.xy ."      i.ini/end= " \ 54 1 goto.xy ." "
116
121
126
136
141
146
151
156
161

```

```

37 2 goto.xy . " i.interv = " \ 54 2 goto.xy . " "
37 3 goto.xy . " i.no = " \ 54 3 goto.xy . " "
\ 37 4 goto.xy . " = " \ 54 3 goto.xy . " "
\ 37 5 goto.xy . " dig.mid = " \ 54 3 goto.xy . " "
166

52 1 goto.xy i.ini get.val i.ini := 
52 2 goto.xy i.int get.val i.int := 
52 3 goto.xy i.no get.val i.no := 
52 4 goto.xy UP.aXmax get.val UP.aXmax := 
52 5 goto.xy DP.aXmax \ 5 0 fix.format
get.val DP.aXmax := 
171

\ 7 7 goto.xy . " Reset options again : " " <F>" int.text
bell.2sl
176

\ pckey drop if myself then
;
0 tmp.v.i := 
: parameter.change
14 foreground
12 foreground
7 0 goto.xy . "
7 1 goto.xy . " wlet = " \ 24 1 goto.xy . "
7 2 goto.xy . " n.wt1 = " \ 24 2 goto.xy . "
7 3 goto.xy . " -> <- = " \ 24 3 goto.xy . "
7 4 goto.xy . " chirp = " \ 24 4 goto.xy . "
\ 7 5 goto.xy . " OPTIONS = " \ 24 5 goto.xy . "
181

22 1 goto.xy wlet get.str wlet "= "
22 2 goto.xy n.wt1 get.val n.wt1 := 
22 3 goto.xy isign get.val isign := 
22 4 goto.xy i.chirp get.val i.chirp := 
22 5 goto.xy
191

tmp.v.i 999 <>
if
999 tmp.v.i := 
isign 1 =
if
30 i.ini := 
1 i.no := 
else
4 i.ini := 
5 i.no := 
1000 dp.axmax := 
206

then
i.chirp 1 =
if
50 i.ini := \ first executed; small index and low line type
1 i.no := 
then
207

then
37 1 goto.xy . " i.ini/end = " i.ini n.type
37 2 goto.xy . " i.interv = " i.int .
37 3 goto.xy . " i.no = " i.no .
211

216

```

```

\ 22 5  goto.xy      " OK?"      s.type
\ bell.2sl
\ pckey  drop
\ if
    options.change
\ then
6  foreground
7 7  goto.xy . "             Reset whole again : " " <F>" int.text
bell.2sl
my.def.colors
pckey drop if myself then
;
: parameter.flag.p1
\ nd
1 1 = ?drop \ <-- pcx
1 1 <> \ ?drop \ <-- text
if
    graphics.display up
    dir.lee.txt
    xeq.flag " w" "= if " def-anaw.pcx "cat then
    xeq.flag " r" "= if " def-anar.pcx "cat then
    xeq.flag " d" "= if " def-anad.pcx "cat then
    defer> pcx>vup
\ \ {show wnd.1}
    fg.color foreground
    bg.color background
    sc
else
\ sd
. "
. "
. "
. "
. "
. "
. "
-----" cr
/ DWT / cr
/ / cr
/ / cr
/ / cr
/ / cr 251
-----" \ cr cr
\ {show wnd.1}
    bg.color background
    fg.color foreground
    sc \ <-- be aware of the sequence !
then

;
: parameter.flag
\ 2 1 fix.format
4 0 fix.format
parameter.flag.p1
\ {show wnd.s} {border}
sc
\ \ {show wnd.s} {border}
bg.color background
14 foreground
sc

7 1 goto.xy . " Wlet = " wlet s.type
7 2 goto.xy . " n.wt1 = " n.wt1 .

```

```

7 3 goto.xy ." $\rightarrow \leftarrow$  = " isign .
7 4 goto.xy ." $chirp$  = " i.chirp .

37 1 goto.xy ." $i.ini/end$  = " i.ini n.type 276
37 2 goto.xy ." $i.interv$  = " i.int .
37 3 goto.xy ." $i.no$  = " i.no .
37 4 goto.xy ." $UP.Xmax$  = " up.axmax .
\ 5 0 fix.format
37 5 goto.xy ." $DP.Xmax$  = " dp.axmax .
\ 2 1 fix.format 281

\ 7 5 goto.xy ." OPTIONS = " --> " s.type
6 foreground
7 7 goto.xy ." Change DEFAULT : " " <F>" int.text 286
bell.2sl
my.def.colors
pckey drop
if
parameter.change 291
then
bg.color background
fg.color foreground
\ {29.line}
;
parameter.reset
isign 1 =
if
i.int 0 =
if 301
i.ini my.power
2 n.power i.no 1 - + ** i.end :=
i.end 1 + 1 +
else
i.ini i.int i.no 1 - * + i.end :=
i.end 1 +
then
else \ ----- \ i : unit base function ;
i.ini i.end :=
i.int 0 = 311
if
i.end my.power
2 n.power i.no 1 - + ** 1 + i.ini :=
else
i.end i.int i.no 1 - * - i.ini :=
then
then
;
parameter.flag
parameter.reset 316
\ ~~~~~
\ dir.lee.txt " my-wt.txt" "cat defer> load
\ ~~~~~
10. t.dur := 321
token a exp.mem> a

```

```

token b exp.mem> b
token b.p exp.mem> b.p
integer scalar i.run
: run
  1 i.run :=
  i.end i.ini           \ do : ini end int
do
  1 isign =
  if \ forward
    2. Pi * i 0.9 * *
    n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp * n.wt1 / sin
    2. Pi * i 1.0 * *
    n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp * n.wt1 / sin
    2. Pi * i 1.1 * *
    n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp * n.wt1 / sin
    + + becomes> B
    331

  i.envelop 0 =
  if
    2. Pi * i * \ t.dur *           \ for sin wave (phase = 2 Pi f t)
    n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp * n.wt1 /
    sin becomes> B
  then
    341

  n.wt1 1 + ramp becomes> B.p
  b [ n.wt1 ] b.p [ n.wt1 1 + ] :=
  n.wt1 1 + 1
  do b [ i ] b.p [ i ] := loop
  351

  i.chirp 1 =
  if
    \ 2. Pi * i * t.dur *           \
    \ n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp /           \
    \ For chirp
    \ decreasing
  then
    \ theta = 2 pi k t^2               \
    \ Nyquist or Aliasing
    chirp.spe 11 =
    chirp.spe 12 = or
    if
      2. Pi * 1. *                   \
      \ 2. Pi * 0.02 *                 \
      \ i=1 nyquist \ For chirp
    else
      2. Pi * 2. *                   \
      \ i>1 aliasing \ For chirp
    then
      366

    \ Linear or Quadratic
    chirp.spe 11 =
    chirp.spe 21 = or
    if
      4. / n.wt1 float /           \
      n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp dup * * \ t^2
      \ k linear \ Nyquist f -> /(4n)
    else
      6. / n.wt1 float dup * /           \
      n.wt1 dp.real.flag ramp dup dup * * * \ t^3
      \ k quadratic
    then
      376

      381

```

```

        sin      becomes >  B
        2. Pi *  i *  t.dur *
        n.wt1 1 + dp.real.flag ramp / 386
        sin      becomes >  B.p
then

else    \ backward
n.wt1  dp.real.flag ramp becomes >  B
n.wt1 1 + dp.real.flag ramp becomes >  B.p 391
0.d    b           :=
1.d    b [ i ]   :=
0.d    b.p [ up.axmax 1 + ] :=
up.axmax 1 + up.axmin
do
    b [ i ]       b.p [ i ] :=
loop
then
alg.flag 1 =
if
\ nd
" c:\per\asy\asc\algorith.dat" defer> delete
" c:\per\asy\asc\algorith.dat" defer> out>file
then 406
i ."      " n.type
"time

\ isign  \ get.h&g.dau
assign.wlet
get.h&g 411

0 domain.flag :=
b isign 1 = if forward.wt else inverse.wt then
becomes > a
\ b  n.wt1  isign  wlet      wt      \ NR
alg.flag 1 =
if
    out>file.close gd
then 421
i  i.ini =
if
    up
    horizontal
    axis.fit.off
vertical
    axis.fit.on
b.p sub[ up.axmin , up.axmax ax.shf + ]
[]size ramp ax.shf - swap xy.data.fit drop drop
\ b  []size  ramp  swap  xy.data.fit  drop  drop 426
up.axmax
dup          up.ax.end :=
up.ax.int /  up.ax.no :=
\ horizontal 0  up.ax.end      world.set \ reset up wxmin&max
wxmin      up.wxmin :=
wymin      up.wymin := 431
436

```

```

wxmax      up.wxmax :=          441
wymax      up.wymax :=          xydp
xy.axis.plot
n.wt1  ramp  sub[ up.ax.ini , up.ax.no , up.ax.int ]           i.run
b         sub[ up.ax.ini , up.ax.no , up.ax.int ]           xydp
dp
horizontal
axis.fit.on
vertical
axis.fit.on
\ a sub[ dp.axmin , dp.axmax ax.shf + ]
\ []size ramp ax.shf - swap xy.data.fit drop drop
a sub[ dp.axmin , dp.axmax ]           446
[]size ramp swap xy.data.fit drop drop
dp.axmax
dup      dp.ax.end :=
dp.ax.int / dp.ax.no :=
horizontal 0 dp.ax.end      world.set \ reset dp wxmin&max
wxmin      dp.wxmin :=          451
wymin      dp.wymin :=          xydp
wxmax      dp.wxmax :=          456
wymax      dp.wymax :=          461
xy.axis.plot
n.wt1  ramp  sub[ dp.ax.ini , dp.ax.no , dp.ax.int ]           i.run
a         sub[ dp.ax.ini , dp.ax.no , dp.ax.int ]           xydp
else
up
up.wxmin  wxmin    :=      \ restore up wx&wy min&max          466
up.wymin  wymin    :=
up.wxmax  wxmax    :=
up.wymax  wymax    :=
n.wt1  ramp  sub[ up.ax.ini , up.ax.no , up.ax.int ]           i.run
b         sub[ up.ax.ini , up.ax.no , up.ax.int ]           xydp
dp
dp.wxmin  wxmin    :=      \ restore dp wx&wy min&max          471
dp.wymin  wymin    :=
dp.wxmax  wxmax    :=
dp.wymax  wymax    :=
n.wt1  ramp  sub[ dp.ax.ini , dp.ax.no , dp.ax.int ]           i.run
a         sub[ dp.ax.ini , dp.ax.no , dp.ax.int ]           xydp
476
then
"time   "swap
cr s.type cr s.type . " " i n.type
i.int 0 =
if
isign 1 =
if
i.ini my.power
2 n.power i.run + **
2 n.power i.run 1 - + ** -
else
i.ini my.power
2 n.power i.run 1 - - ** -
2 n.power i.run - ** - neg          486
then
491

```

```

i.int :=
i.int
0 i.int :=
else
i.int
then
i.run 1 + i.run :=
+loop
;                                         496
\ gd sc "time s.type
gd sc "time s.type

\ -----
run                                         501
\ -----
: inv1
0. b := 1. b [ 5 ] :=
b inverse.wt
gd hp
up 1 yap
swt.t becomes > b
b forward.wt
sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
dp 1 yap                                         511
\ MY.PAUSE
0. b := 1. b [ 16 2 n.power 1 - ** + ] :=
b inverse.wt
sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
gd hp 1 yap                                         516
;
: inv2
0. b := 1. b [ 8 2 n.power 2 - ** + ] :=
b inverse.wt
sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
2 ydp                                         521
0. b := 1. b [ 4 2 n.power 3 - ** + ] :=
b inverse.wt
sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
3 ydp                                         531
;
: inv3
0. b := 1. b [ 2 2 n.power 4 - ** + ] :=
b inverse.wt
sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
5 ydp                                         536
;

: inv4
0. b := 1. b [ 24 ] :=
\ b [ 5 ] :=
b inverse.wt
gd hp
up 1 yap
swt.t becomes > b                                         546

```

```

b forward.wt
  sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
  dp 1 yap
\ MY.PAUSE
0. b := 1. b [ 16 2 n.power 1 - ** + ] := 551
b inverse.wt
  sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
  gd hp 1 yap
;
: inv5
0. b := 1. b [ 8 2 n.power 2 - ** + ] := 556
b inverse.wt
  sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
  2 ydp
0. b := 1. b [ 4 2 n.power 3 - ** + ] := 561
b inverse.wt
  sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
  3 ydp
;
: inv6
0. b := 1. b [ 2 2 n.power 4 - ** + ] := 566
b inverse.wt
  sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
  5 ydp
;
integer scalar i.ele  scalar i.lin  scalar num.dig
12 i.ele :=
1 i.lin :=
: lab.spe 576
" Spec:" wlet "cat " , "cat
" JWP Level " "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " at location " "cat
i.ele 0 n>s "cat " [WB<-( " "cat
\ 2 jwp.level 1 + ** num.dig n>s "cat " )->WP]" "cat
2 jwp.level 1 + ** 0 n>s "cat " )->WP]" "cat
normal.coords 0.5 0.03 position centered.label
1. 1. position world.coords
;
: lab.x
normal.coords position centered.label 586
1. 1. position world.coords
;

dir.asy.sys " 123io.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
26 0 29 79 window hp.menu wnd 591
-1 isign := \ . <- or -> :
: set.let.p1
hp.menu wnd \ {border}
2 0 goto.xy
  ." Wavelet (" " on22a/s, bo220/d, so0/d , le, me" s.type ." ):" 596
  wlet s.type
60 0 goto.xy 2 0 fix.format
  ." <- or -> :" isign n.type
  1 0 fix.format
2 1 goto.xy
  ." WP(1) / WB(0) :" wp.flag 1 = if " WP(1)" else " WB(0)" then

```

```

        s.type    wp.flag   n.type
30 1 goto.xy
  ." JWP Level:"    jwp.level   n.type
60 1 goto.xy      4 0 fix.format
  ." #.pnts:"          n.wt1   n.type
2 2 goto.xy      2 0 fix.format
  ." .Pcx:"           file.ext   s.type
30 2 goto.xy
  ." 123->"         wlet ".wks" "cat   s.type
60 2 goto.xy
  ." File.#:"
;       file.no     n.type
;
: set.let
hp.menu wnd \ {border}                                     616
sc
set.let.p1
2 0 goto.xy
  ." Wavelet (" " on22a/s, bo220/d, so0/d , le, me" s.type ." ):" 621
  b.t
  wlet get.str wlet ":=
  b.t
60 0 goto.xy      2 0 fix.format
  \ ." <- or -> :"           -1 get.val isign :=
  ." <- or -> :"           isign get.val isign :=                                     626
1 0 fix.format
2 1 goto.xy
  ." WP(1) / WB(0):"   wp.flag 1 = if " WP(1)" else " WB(0)" then
  s.type   wp.flag   get.val wp.flag :=
30 1 goto.xy
  ." JWP Level:"    jwp.level   get.val jwp.level :=
60 1 goto.xy      4 0 fix.format
  ." #.pnts:"          n.wt1   get.val n.wt1 :=
2 2 goto.xy      2 0 fix.format
  ." .Pcx:"           file.ext   get.str file.ext ":=
30 2 goto.xy
  ." 123->"         wlet ".wks" "cat   get.str tmp.s   ":=
60 2 goto.xy
  ." File.#:"
;       file.no     get.val file.no   :=
dir.lee.asc   tmp.s   "cat   123.file.name   ":=
isign 1 =
if
  \ n.wt1  dp.real ramp becomes > b
  \ 0   b   :=
  cr
  ." Has B been set?!"  s.type
then
\ 123.file.name      defer> 123file.create
\ release.overlay
\ previous.window
;

: set.let.res
{hp.wnd}
sc
cr ." Wavelet:(" " on22a/s, bo220/d, so0/d , le, me" s.type ." )"
;
```

```

    wlet get.str wlet ":=
1 0 fix.format
cr ." WP (1) or WB (0) :" wp.flag 1 = if " WP(1)" else " WB(0)" then
    s.type wp.flag get.val wp.flag :=                                         661
cr ." JWP Level :" jwp.level get.val jwp.level :=
4 0 fix.format
cr ." Number of Points:" n.wt1 get.val n.wt1 :=
2 0 fix.format
cr ." Inverse or Forward(1):" -1 get.val isign :=                         666
cr ." File Extension for PCX: " file.ext get.str file.ext ":=
cr ." 123 File name: " wlet ".wks" "cat get.str tmp.s ":=
cr ." File.no: "                 file.no get.val file.no   :=
dir.lee.asc tmp.s "cat 123.file.name ":=
isign 1 =
if
    \ n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes > b
    \ 0 b :=

    " Has B been set?!" s.type
then
123.file.name      defer> 123file.create
release.overlay
previous.window
;
release.overlay                                         681

: lee
isign -1 =
if
    n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes > b                                         686
    1 0 fix.format
    0. b :=

    cr ." JWP Level(" wlet s.type ." ):" jwp.level get.val jwp.level :=
\ -----
    cr ." Element "
    wp.flag 1 =
    if
        " (WP: located at level " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat s.type.3
    else
        " (WB: min. level at " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat s.type.3      696
    then
        ." (Phi<-
    1 0 fix.format
    jwp.level 9 >=
    if
        4
    else
        jwp.level 6 >=
        if
            3
        else
            jwp.level 3 >=
            if
                2
            else
                1
            then
            then
    then
dup num.dig := 0 fix.format                                         706
711

```

```

2 jwp.level      ** n.type ." /->Psi:[WB"
\ -----
wp.flag 1 =
if
. " <-
1 0 fix.format
jwp.level 9 >=
if
4
else
jwp.level 6 >=
if
3
else
jwp.level 3 >=
if
2
else
1
then
then
then
dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." /->WP]): "
else
. "]": "
then
\ -----736-
\     cr ." Element (WB<-
\     1 0 fix.format
\     jwp.level 9 >=
\     if
4
\     else
741
\     jwp.level 6 >=
\     if
3
\     else
\     jwp.level 3 >=
\     if
2
\     else
1
\     then
\     then
\     dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
751
\     2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." /->WP): "
3 0 fix.format
i.ele get.val i.ele := 1 0 fix.format
cr ." Clear (1) or Overlap:"      i.lin      get.val i.lin      :=
1. b [ i.ele ] :=
b inverse.wt
wp.flag 1 =
if
drop swp.t
else
drop swt.t
then
else
{hp wnd} " Have you set B (in --> mode)? " s.type \ my.pause
cr ." Choose array for Forward Transform "
" 0:default B, 1:WB.t, 2:WP.t " s.type.3
766

```

```

0 get.val
case
  1 of swt.t endof
  2 of swp.t endof
  0 of b      endof
endcase
previous.window
forward.wt    \ always d.t for WB and WP -- set Wp.flag
then
n.power 10 = if sub[ 1 , 1000 ] then
n.power 9 = if sub[ 1 , 500 ] then
n.power 8 = if sub[ 1 , 250 ] then
n.power 7 = if sub[ 1 , 120 ] then
n.power 6 = if sub[ 1 , 70 ] then
i.lin
i.lin 1 =
if yap lab.spe else ydp then
10 5 fix.format
;
10 5 fix.format
: NOR.TEST
hp
b forward.wt 1 yap
norm.wp.best
norm.l 1 yap my.pause
norm.v 2 yap
;
: plot
\ jwp.level 0 =
\ if
\ awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ] tmp.v.i yap
\ else
n.wt1 my.power
\ jwp.level tmp.v.i :=
jwp.level 1 - tmp.v.i :=
hp
begin
tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
\ \ \ tmp.v.i 1 =
tmp.v.i 0 =
if
awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ]
else
awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i , ! ]
then
tmp.v.i
tmp.v.i jwp.level =
if
yap
else
ydp
then
hp \ previous.window
\ tmp.v.i n.type
normal.coords
;
```

```
tmp.v.i 0 n>s tmp.v.i 20. / 0.05 position
tmp.v.i line.type label
tmp.v.i 1 + 20. / 0.05 position
world.coords
my.pause
\ previous.window
tmp.v.i n.power =
until
;
: get.lab
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
normal.coords .5 .05 position
tmp.s.u
centered.label
world.coords
;

sd
cdtNow load LLet-DnR.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-Blo.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-Pha.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-Nor.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-Ent.asy \
\ \ cdtNow load LLet-Lev.txt \
cdtNow load LLet-WPM.asy \
cdtNow load LLet-Act.asy \
.....
```

# LLet-Act.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01506-20070125-A057 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 14]

```
: LLet-Act.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ : LLet-Ba2.asy ; \ : LLet-Bat.asy ;

1 file.no :=
1 gp.flag :=
\ " abc" file.ext " := 6
" pcx" file.ext " := \ for imaging files

3 string act.flag.str
integer scalar act.flag      scalar plot.gp 11
\ : action
\ act.flag
\ case
\ 0 of dec&rec      endof
\ 1 of dec&rec      endof
\ 2 of m0.s.phase   endof
\ 3 of norm.bat     endof
\ 4 of ent.bat      endof
\ \ 4 of \ cr ." #.weight "   #.wei    get.val  #.wei   :=
\ \ \ cr ." array?" 21
\ \ \ cr ." s.freq "   s.freq   get.val  s.freq   :=
\ \ \ cr ." filter "   tmp.v.i get.val  tmp.v.i :=
\ \ \ s.freq  tmp.v.i fre.mod
\ \ \ endof
\ endcase 26
\ ;
: action
act.flag.str " D" "=
if
  dec&rec 31
then
act.flag.str " P" "=
if
  m0.s.phase
then
act.flag.str " N" "=
if
  norm.bat
then
act.flag.str " E" "=
if
  ent.bat
then
;

: ACT.me.p1 46
" me"      wlet " :=  action
;
: ACT.me
dir.lee.asc " me"      "cat   " .wks" "cat      123.file.name " := 51
1 file.no :=
```

```

ACT.me.p1
;
: ACT.le.p1
" le"      wlet  " :=  action
;                                         56
: ACT.le
dir.lee.asc  " le"      "cat"   " .wks" "cat"   123.file.name  " := 
1 file.no  :=
ACT.le.p1
;                                         61
: ACT.so.p1
" so0"      wlet  " :=  action
" sod"      wlet  " :=  action
;                                         66
: ACT.so
dir.lee.asc  " so"      "cat"   " .wks" "cat"   123.file.name  " := 
ACT.so.p1
;                                         71
: ACT.tmp
dir.lee.asc  " 123"   "cat"   " .wks" "cat"   123.file.name  " := 
\ " so0"      wlet  " :=  5 i.ele :=  action
\ " so0"      wlet  " :=  384 i.ele :=  action
\ " bo33d"    wlet  " :=  5 i.ele :=  action
\ " bo33d"    wlet  " :=  384 i.ele :=  action
" on22a"     wlet  " :=  action
;                                         76
: ACT.bo1.p1
\ " bo110"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo11d"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo130"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo13d"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo150"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo15d"    wlet  " :=  action
" bo110"     wlet  " :=  action
" bo130"     wlet  " :=  action
" bo150"     wlet  " :=  action
" bo11d"     wlet  " :=  action
" bo13d"     wlet  " :=  action
" bo15d"     wlet  " :=  action
;                                         81
: ACT.bo1
dir.lee.asc  " bo1"   "cat"   " .wks" "cat"   123.file.name  " := 
1 file.no  :=
ACT.bo1.p1
;                                         96
: ACT.bo2.p1
\ " bo220"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo22d"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo240"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo24d"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo260"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo26d"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo280"    wlet  " :=  action
\ " bo28d"    wlet  " :=  action
" bo220"     wlet  " :=  action
;                                         101
;                                         106

```

```

" b0240" wlet " := action
" b0260" wlet " := action
" b0280" wlet " := action
" b022d" wlet " := action
" b024d" wlet " := action
" b026d" wlet " := action
" b028d" wlet " := action
;
: ACT.bo2
dir.lee.asc " b02" "cat" ".wks" "cat" 123.file.name " := 111
1 file.no := ACT.bo2.p1
;
: ACT.bo3.p1
\ " b0310" wlet " := action 116
\ " b031d" wlet " := action
\ " b0330" wlet " := action
\ " b033d" wlet " := action
\ " b0350" wlet " := action
\ " b035d" wlet " := action
\ " b0370" wlet " := action
\ " b037d" wlet " := action
\ " b0390" wlet " := action
\ " b039d" wlet " := action
" b0310" wlet " := action 121
" b0330" wlet " := action
" b0350" wlet " := action
" b0370" wlet " := action
" b0390" wlet " := action
" b031d" wlet " := action 126
" b033d" wlet " := action
" b035d" wlet " := action
" b037d" wlet " := action
" b039d" wlet " := action
" b0310" wlet " := action 131
" b0330" wlet " := action
" b0350" wlet " := action
" b0370" wlet " := action
" b0390" wlet " := action
" b031d" wlet " := action 136
" b033d" wlet " := action
" b035d" wlet " := action
" b037d" wlet " := action
" b039d" wlet " := action
;
: ACT.bo3
dir.lee.asc " b03" "cat" ".wks" "cat" 123.file.name " := 141
1 file.no := ACT.bo3.p1
;
: ACT.onc.p1
" on11c" wlet " := action 146
" on22c" wlet " := action
" on33c" wlet " := action
" on44c" wlet " := action
" on55c" wlet " := action
;
: ACT.onc
dir.lee.asc " onc" "cat" ".wks" "cat" 123.file.name " := 151
1 file.no := ACT.onc.p1
;
: ACT.ona.p1
" on22a" wlet " := action 156
" on33a" wlet " := action

```

```

" on44a" wlet " :=  action
" on55a" wlet " :=  action
" on66a" wlet " :=  action
" on77a" wlet " :=  action
" on88a" wlet " :=  action
" on99a" wlet " :=  action
" on00a" wlet " :=  action
;                                         166

: ACT.ona
dir.lee.asc  " ona" "cat  " .wks" "cat    123.file.name  " := 171
1 file.no  :=
ACT.ona.p1

: ACT.ons.p1
" on44s" wlet " :=  action
" on55s" wlet " :=  action
" on66s" wlet " :=  action
" on77s" wlet " :=  action
" on88s" wlet " :=  action
" on99s" wlet " :=  action
" on00s" wlet " :=  action
;                                         176

: ACT.ons
dir.lee.asc  " ons" "cat  " .wks" "cat    123.file.name  " := 181
1 file.no  :=
ACT.ons.p1
;

3 0   24 79   window gd.txt.wnd                                         191
6.0   p.b.e  :=
6.0   t.w  :=
: set.cwt ;
\ : for.norm&ent
\ 5 4 goto.xy
\           ." Now.file (name.ext) ?" now.file get.str now.file " := 196
\           ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file get.str now.file " := 
\ 5 5 goto.xy  8 4 fix.format
\ \          ." Sampling freq KEEP :" s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep := 
\          ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"           201
\          s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=
\          2 0 fix.format
\ 5 6 goto.xy
\           ." array index Inc :" i.inc get.val i.inc :=
\ 5 7 goto.xy  8 4 fix.format
\           ." Norm.keep.p.BEST :"                                         206
\           7 4 fix.format
\           norm.keep.p.best get.val norm.keep.p.best :=
\ 5 8 goto.xy
\           ." abs.flag for L**1 :" abs.flag get.val abs.flag := 211
\           2 0 fix.format
\ 5 9 goto.xy
\           ." filter.flag :" 0 get.val filter.flag := 
\           1 filter.flag =
\           if
\ 5 11 goto.xy

```

```

\          ." Pass band end (Hz) ?" p.b.e get.val      p.b.e :=
\ 5 12 goto.xy
\          ." Transition width (Hz) ?" t.w get.val   t.w   :=
\          then
\ 5 13 goto.xy
\          ." Section level :" n.wt1 my.power n.power  get.val sec.level :=
\          set.let
\ 5 15 goto.xy
\          set.123
\ ;
: for.norm&ent \ batch display of parameters
5 4 goto.xy
    \ ." Now.file (name.ext) ?" now.file s.type \ get.str now.file ":=
    ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file s.type \ get.str now.file 231=
5 5 goto.xy 8 4 fix.format
\          ." Sampling freq KEEP :" s.freq.keep n.type \ get.val s.freq.keep :=
\          ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
\          s.freq.keep n.type \ get.val s.freq.keep :=
\          2 0 fix.format
5 6 goto.xy
    ." array index Inc :" i.inc n.type \ get.val i.inc :=
5 7 goto.xy 8 4 fix.format
    ." Norm.keep.p.BEST :"
7 4 fix.format
norm.keep.p.best n.type \ get.val norm.keep.p.best :=
5 8 goto.xy
    ." abs.flag for L**1 :" abs.flag n.type \ get.val abs.flag :=
2 0 fix.format
5 9 goto.xy
    ." filter.flag :" filter.flag n.type \ get.val filter.flag :=
1 filter.flag =
if
5 11 goto.xy
    ." Pass band end (Hz) ?" p.b.e n.type \ get.val      p.b.e :=251
5 12 goto.xy
    ." Transition width (Hz) ?" t.w n.type \ get.val   t.w   :=
    then
5 13 goto.xy
    ." Section level :" n.wt1 my.power n.power
    sec.level :=
    sec.level n.type
5 14 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format
act.flag.str "upper " E " "
if
    ." #.div:" #.div n.type \ get.val #.div :=
then
set.let
5 15 goto.xy
set.123
;
: for.norm&ent.get \ interactive input
5 4 goto.xy
    \ ." Now.file (name.ext) ?" now.file get.str now.file ":=
    ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file get.str now.file ":= 271
5 5 goto.xy 8 4 fix.format

```

```

\      ." Sampling freq KEEP :" s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=
\      ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
\      s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=
2 0 fix.format                                         276
5 6 goto.xy
      ." array index Inc :" i.inc get.val i.inc :=
5 7 goto.xy 8 4 fix.format
      ." Norm.keep.p.BEST :"
7 4 fix.format                                         281
norm.keep.p.best get.val norm.keep.p.best :=
5 8 goto.xy
      ." abs.flag for L**1 :" abs.flag get.val abs.flag :=
2 0 fix.format
5 9 goto.xy
      ." filter.flag :" 0 get.val filter.flag :=
1 filter.flag =
if
5 11 goto.xy
      ." Pass band end (Hz) ?" p.b.e get.val p.b.e :=          291
5 12 goto.xy
      ." Transition width (Hz) ?" t.w get.val t.w :=       then
5 13 goto.xy
      ." Section level :" n.wt1 my.power n.power get.val sec.level=296=
5 14 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format
act.flag.str "upper " E " "
if
      ." #.div:" #.div get.val #.div :=
then                                         301
set.let
5 15 goto.xy
set.123
;
\ : for.norm&ent.res                                         306
\   cr ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file get.str now.file :=
\   8 4 fix.format
\   cr ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
\   s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=
\   cr ." Norm.keep.p.BEST?"                                         311
\   7 4 fix.format
\   norm.keep.p.best get.val norm.keep.p.best :=
\   cr ." abs.flag for L**1" abs.flag get.val abs.flag :=
\   2 0 fix.format
\   cr ." Index Interval for Sub-sampling:" 4 get.val i.inc := 316
\   cr ." filter.flag?" 0 get.val filter.flag :=
\   1 filter.flag =
\   if
\     cr ." Pass band end (Hz)?" 6 get.val p.b.e :=
\     cr ." Transition width (Hz)?" 6 get.val t.w :=           321
\     then
\     cr ." Section level:" n.wt1 my.power n.power get.val sec.level :=
\     set.let
\     set.123
\ ;
1 i.beg :=                                         326

```

```

4 i.inc :=                                331
\ : set.act
\ gd
\ gd.txt.wnd {border}
\ 3 3 goto.xy
\ . " 1:Decomp&Recon, 2:M0.phase, 3:Norm.wt, 4:Entropy, 5:CWT --"
\ act.flag get.val act.flag :=
\ act.flag
\ case
\ 3 of for.norm&ent endof
\ 4 of for.norm&ent
\ \ 5 14 goto.xy
\ 4 0 fix.format
\ cr ." #.div:" #.div get.val #.div :=
\ endof
\ 5 of
\ \ 5 4 goto.xy
\ . " Now.file (name.ext):" now.file get.str now.file :=
\ 5 5 goto.xy
\ 4 0 fix.format
\ n.wt1 my.power
\ . " Number of points of wavelet (n.wt1):"
\ 2 n.power ** get.val n.wt1 :=
\ 5 6 goto.xy 8 4 fix.format
\ . " Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
\ s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=
\ 5 7 goto.xy
\ 2 0 fix.format
\ . " Index Interval for Sub-sampling:" i.inc get.val i.inc 356
\ 5 8 goto.xy
\ . " Index of first point of array" i.beg get.val i.beg :=
\ \ . " Index of first point of array" i.beg get.val i.beg :=
\
\ cr set.cwt
\ endof
\ endcase
\ ;
: set.act
gd
gd.txt.wnd {border}
3 2 goto.xy
. " D:Dec&Rec, P:Phase.MOs, N:Norm.wt, E:Entropy, C:CWT, W:WCoh :: "
act.flag.str s.type \ get.str act.flag.str ":=
\ act.flag.str get.str act.flag.str ":=
cr
act.flag.str "upper " N " "
if
  for.norm&ent
then
act.flag.str "upper " E " "
if
  for.norm&ent
\ 5 14 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format
\ . " #.div:" #.div get.val #.div :=
then

```

```

\ act.flag.str "upper " C" :=
\ if
\   cwt.56
\   for.case5&6
\   cr set.cwt
\   cr new.pause
\   cwt
\ then
\ act.flag.str "upper " W" =
\ if
\   cwt.56
\   for.case5&6
\   cr set.cwt
\   5 19 goto.xy
\   \ cr
\   ." Real or Imag or Comp:" rea.or.com s.type \ get.str "upper rea.or.com ":=
\   cr new.pause
\   cr set.123
\   10 5 fix.format
\   run.coh
\ then
;
: set.act.res
cr ." 1:Decomp&Recon, 2:M0.phase, 3:Norm.wt, 4:Entropy, 5:CWT --" 406
5 get.val act.flag :=

act.flag
case
  3 of for.norm&ent endof
  4 of for.norm&ent
    4 0 fix.format
    cr ." #.div:" #.div get.val #.div := 411
      endof
  5 of
    cr ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file get.str now.file ":=
    4 0 fix.format
    n.wt1 my.power
    cr ." Number of points of wavelet (n.wt1):"
    2 n.power ** get.val n.wt1 :=
    8 4 fix.format
    cr ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
      s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=
    2 0 fix.format
    cr ." Index Interval for Sub-sampling:" i.inc get.val i.inc :=
    cr ." Index of first point of array" i.beg get.val i.beg := 426
    \ cr ." Number of freq resolution #.fre" 1 get.val #.fre :=
    \ cr ." Section level:" n.wt1 my.power n.power get.val sec.level :=
    \ set.let
    \ set.123
    \ cr ." #.div:" #.div get.val #.div := 431
      endof

endcase
\ LEE
;

```

```

: app.p.s
dir.lee.asc now.file "cat ftoa.bat
sub[ 1 , 2 n.power ** , i.inc ]
2 n.power ** 999 "x" my.p.s
dup catenate
norm.wt&wp
\ 8 file.no :=
" power.s" 123.ary.s "[ 1 ]" :=
to.123
;
441

integer scalar gp.fac

: copy.pcx
0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  cdaNow tmp.v.i 0 n>s ". " "cat file.ext "cat defer> copy
  tmp.v.i 0 n>s ".g" "cat plot.gp 0 n>s "cat defer> to
  tmp.v.i file.no 1 - =
until
  cdaNow ". *" file.ext "cat defer> delete
;
451

\ : act.all.1
\ \ cr ." Now file (b0w6020.2)" " b0w6020.4" get.str now.file :=
\ cr ." Now file (b0w6020.2)" now.file get.str now.file :=
\ cr ." 123 file name : " " 123" get.str
\ dir.lee.asc "swap "cat ".wks" "cat 123.file.name :=
\ cr ." Group factor (10 cols --> 1) : " 1 get.val gp.fac :=
\ cr ." Section level for norm:" n.power get.val sec.level :=
\
\ 1 file.no :=
\ 10 gp.fac * col.inc :=
\
1 gp.fac * gp.flag :=
\ 1 plot.gp :=
\ 1 file.no :=
act.le.p1
\ act.me.p1
\ wp.flag
\ 0 wp.flag :=
act.so.p1
\ act.flag 4 <>
if
  to.123.1 \ additional col
\ to.123.2 \ additional col
\ copy.pcx
\ 8 file.no :=
app.p.s
else
  copy.pcx
then
\ wp.flag :=
\ ;
456
461
466
471
476
481
486
491
=====

```

```

: ACT.Gp.Ini \ <-- Part of act.all.1
  \ cr ." Now file (b0w6020.2)" now.file get.str now.file ":=
    " b0w6020.2" now.file ":=
  \ cr ." Group factor (10 cols --> 1) : " 1 get.val gp.fac :=      496
    1 gp.fac := gp.fac :=
  \ cr ." Section level for norm:" n.wt1 my.power n.power get.val sec.level :=
    n.wt1 my.power n.power sec.level :=
1           file.no :=
10 gp.fac * col.inc :=                                         501
\
1 gp.fac * gp.flag :=                                         506
1 plot.gp :=                                         506
1 file.no :=                                         506
\ wp.flag
\ 0 wp.flag :=                                         506
\ wp.flag :=                                         506
;
: ACT.Gp.LMS
" le" wlet ":= action                                         511
" me" wlet ":= action
" so0" wlet ":= action
" sod" wlet ":= action
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.onC
" on11c" wlet ":= action
" on22c" wlet ":= action
" on33c" wlet ":= action
" on44c" wlet ":= action
" on55c" wlet ":= action                                         521
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.onA1
" on22a" wlet ":= action                                         526
" on33a" wlet ":= action
" on44a" wlet ":= action
" on55a" wlet ":= action
" on66a" wlet ":= action
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.onA2
" on77a" wlet ":= action
" on88a" wlet ":= action
" on99a" wlet ":= action
" on00a" wlet ":= action                                         536
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.onS1
" on44s" wlet ":= action
" on55s" wlet ":= action
" on66s" wlet ":= action
" on77s" wlet ":= action
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.onS2

```

```

" on88s" wlet ":= action
" on99s" wlet ":= action
" on00s" wlet ":= action
copy.pcx                                         551
;
: ACT.Gp.bo10
" bo110" wlet ":= action
" bo130" wlet ":= action
" bo150" wlet ":= action                                         556
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.bo1D
" bo11d" wlet ":= action
" bo13d" wlet ":= action
" bo15d" wlet ":= action                                         561
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.bo20
" bo220" wlet ":= action
" bo240" wlet ":= action
" bo260" wlet ":= action
" bo280" wlet ":= action                                         566
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.bo2D
" bo22d" wlet ":= action
" bo24d" wlet ":= action
" bo26d" wlet ":= action
" bo28d" wlet ":= action                                         576
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.bo30
" bo310" wlet ":= action
" bo330" wlet ":= action
" bo350" wlet ":= action
" bo370" wlet ":= action
" bo390" wlet ":= action                                         581
copy.pcx
;
: ACT.Gp.bo3D
" bo31d" wlet ":= action
" bo33d" wlet ":= action
" bo35d" wlet ":= action
" bo37d" wlet ":= action                                         591
" bo39d" wlet ":= action
copy.pcx
;

10 5 fix.format                                         596
\ =====
: act.all.1
\ \ cr ." Now file (b0w6020.2)" " b0w6020.4" get.str now.file :=
\ cr ." Now file (b0w6020.2)" now.file get.str now.file :=
\ cr ." 123 file name : (123.wks -- No Path)" " 123.wks" get.str      601
\ dir.lee.asc "swap "cat 123.file.name " :=
```

```

cr ." Now file (bow6020.2)" now.file get.str now.file ":=
cr ." 123 file name (G:\path\123.wks -- With path): " 123.file.name get.str
123.file.name ":=

606
cr ." Group factor (10 cols --> 1) : " 1 get.val gp.fac :=
\ cr ." Section level for norm:" n.power get.val sec.level :=
cr ." Section level for norm:" n.wt1 my.power n.power get.val sec.level :=

1           file.no   :=                               611
10 gp.fac * col.inc  :=

1 gp.fac * gp.flag  :=

1 plot(gp  :=

1 file.no   :=

act.le.p1
act.me.p1
wp.flag
0 wp.flag  :=

act.so.p1
616
\ ----- ■
\ act.flag 4 <>
\ if
\   to.123.1 \ additional col
\   to.123.2 \ additional col
\ copy.pcx
\ 8 file.no :=

app.p.s
\ else
\   copy.pcx
\ then
\   wp.flag  :=
\ act.flag 4 <>
act.flag.str " E"   "=
if
  copy.pcx
else
  to.123.1 \ additional col
  to.123.2 \ additional col
  copy.pcx
  8 file.no :=
  app.p.s
then
  wp.flag  :=
; 631
: act.all.2
2 gp.fac * gp.flag  :=
2 plot(gp  :=

1 file.no   :=                               641
act.ona.p1
copy.pcx
;
: act.all.3
3 gp.fac * gp.flag  :=
3 plot(gp  :=

646
651
656

```

```

1  file.no  :=
act.ons.p1
copy.pcx
;                                         661
: act.all.4
4  gp.fac *  gp.flag   :=
4  plot.gp  :=
1  file.no  :=
act.onc.p1
copy.pcx
;                                         666
: act.all.5
wp.flag
5  gp.fac *  gp.flag   :=
5  plot.gp  :=
1  file.no  :=  0 wp.flag :=
act.bo1.p1
wp.flag :=
copy.pcx
;                                         671
: act.all.6
wp.flag
6  gp.fac *  gp.flag   :=
6  plot.gp  :=
1  file.no  :=  0 wp.flag :=
act.bo2.p1
wp.flag :=
copy.pcx
;                                         676
: act.all.7
wp.flag
7  gp.fac *  gp.flag   :=
7  plot.gp  :=
1  file.no  :=  0 wp.flag :=
act.bo3.p1
wp.flag :=
copy.pcx
;                                         686
: act.all
act.all.1
act.all.2
act.all.3
act.all.4
act.all.5
act.all.6
act.all.7
;                                         691
10 5 fix.format                                         701
\\
\\ " b0w6020.4"      now.file  " := \ 200Hz 4Ch
\\ " f0w6020.2"      now.file  " := \ 40Hz 2Ch
\\ " chirp-al.dat"   now.file  " := \ --Hz 1Ch
;                                         706
.....
```



## LLet-Blo.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01507-20070125-A058 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 5]

```
: LLet-Blo.asy ; \ ----- Asyst Prog 1
\ Be sure to use PSI to blow up.
\ Since it is already in the psi region

\ 1      file.no      :=
\ " pcx"  file.ext   " := 6
" d" yadp.flag  " :=

dp.real scalar blow.const
: get.3.pnts
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 3 - ] -5 n>s " " "cat
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 2 - ] -5 n>s " " "cat
"cat
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 1 - ] -5 n>s " " "cat
"cat
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - **      ] -5 n>s "cat " "cat
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 1 + ] -5 n>s "cat" 16
" " "cat
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 2 + ] -5 n>s "cat
" " "cat
  swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 3 + ] -5 n>s "cat
\ swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 2 n.power jwp.level - ** - ] -5 n>s " " "cat
\ swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - **      ] -5 n>s "cat " "cat
\ swt.t [ 2 n.power 1 - ** 2 n.power jwp.level - ** + ] -5 n>s "cat
normal.coords 0.5 0.8 .025 i.cou * - position centered.label world.coords
;

: yadp 26
  yadp.flag " d" " =
\ if ydp get.3.pnts
  if ydp get.3.pnts file.ext make.abc
  else
    yap get.3.pnts file.ext make.abc 31
  then
;

4 string i.ele.ori.str
4 string jwp.ori.str
: app.ramp.col.blow 36
  wlet tmp.s.u " :="
  tmp.s.u "upper" "drop
\ -----
\ \$[(8,512) B031D-<POL2,Ori12r,XPt248,XPw3>]
\ -----
" \$$((" file.no 0 n>s "cat " "cat 41
123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s "cat
" ) " "cat
tmp.s.u "cat
\ " -p" "cat
\ wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
\ " L" "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" -" "cat <" "cat
jwp.ori.str "cat
" ,Ori" "cat
i.ele.ori.str "cat
51
```

```

" r" "cat
" ,XPt" "cat
i.ele 0 n>s "cat
" ,XPw" "cat
n.power jwp.level -      0 n>s "cat
\ ----- ■
" >]" "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
\ ■
123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n
\ ■
to.123
file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column
; ■
: blow
wlet tmp.s.u ":"=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop
1 file.no :=
sc ■
" Make the BASIS curve first -- Lee" s.type \ my.pause
cr ." Wlet:" wlet get.str wlet ":"=
lee

tmp.s.u " -P" "cat wp.flag 0 n>s "cat " L" "cat
jwp.level 0 n>s "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
\ ----- ■
" P" wp.flag 0 n>s "cat
" L" "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
jwp.ori.str ":"=
\ ----- ■
wp.flag 1 =
if ■
    swp.t becomes> 123.ary.n
else ■
    swt.t becomes> 123.ary.n
then ■
to.123
file.ext make.abc
i.ele 0 n>s \ For Rotated
\ ----- ■
"dup i.ele.ori.str ":"=
\ ----- ■

wp.flag \ for recovery ■
96

wp.flag 1 =
if ■
    swp.t becomes> swt.t
then ■
0     wp.flag :=
2 0 fix.format
wlet 3 1 "sub tmp.s ":"=
tmp.s      " 2"   "="
tmp.s      " 3"   "=" or
        if ■
101
106

```

```

        4  \ 16phi + 16psi
else
tmp.s      " 4"    "="
tmp.s      " 5"    "=" or
tmp.s      " 6"    "=" or
tmp.s      " 7"    "=" or
tmp.s      " 8"    "=" or
if
      5  \ 32phi + 32psi
else
      6  \ 64phi + 64psi
then
then
\ -----
drop 6
\ -----
jwp.level := 1 n.blow := 6 n.blow :=
\ \\ " h" phi.or.psi " := " s" phi.or.psi " := \ cr ." pHi(H) or pSi(S):" phi.or.psi get.str phi.or.psi " := cr ." pSi(s) only:" phi.or.psi get.str phi.or.psi " := cr ." Default JWP Level(" wlet s.type ."):( >4)" jwp.level get.val jwp.level := cr ." Number of Blow-Up:" n.blow get.val n.blow
:=
      " Blow Factor 2^" S.TYPE n.power jwp.level - n.blow * n.type 136
cr ." Blow-up Center (WB--"
1 0 fix.format
jwp.level 9 >
if
      4
else
jwp.level 6 >
if
      3
else
jwp.level 3 >
if
      2
else
      1
then
then
then
dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." --WP):"
3 0 fix.format
\ i.ele
2 n.power 1 - ** get.val i.ele := 1 0 fix.format
\ cr ." Clear (1) or Overlap:" i.lin get.val i.lin := 156
0. b :=
swt.t sub[ i.ele 2 jwp.level 1 - ** 1 - - , 2 jwp.level ** ]
b sub[ 1 , 2 jwp.level ** ] :=
\ ---> Always is now the "smooth information" for both psi and phi
161

```

```

\ swt.t
\ n.wt1 2 / i.ele - rotate
\ 5 yap

wlet 1 2 "sub " on " = 166
if
  2 sqrt n.power jwp.level - **
else
\ 1.D
  2 sqrt n.power jwp.level - **
then
blow.const :=
gd hp

swt.t 176
i.ele n.wt1 2 / - neg rotate
dup
" r"
"cat \ from the first i.ele
\ ----- ■ 181
0 i.cou :=
i.cou 0 n>s " -" "cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat
" (" "cat
"swap "cat " )" "cat
" Seq. " "swap "cat \ \ added
\ ----- ■
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " := 186
becomes> 123.ary.n to.123
5 yap
file.ext make.abc 191

\ swt.t [ i.ele 1 - ] -5 n>s " " "cat
\ swt.t [ i.ele ] -5 n>s "cat " " "cat
\ swt.t [ i.ele 1 + ] -5 n>s "cat
swt.t [ i.ele 3 - ] -5 n>s "cat " " "cat
swt.t [ i.ele 2 - ] -5 n>s "cat " " "cat
"cat
swt.t [ i.ele 1 - ] -5 n>s "cat " " "cat
"cat
swt.t [ i.ele ] -5 n>s "cat " " "cat 201
swt.t [ i.ele 1 + ] -5 n>s "cat
" " "cat
swt.t [ i.ele 2 + ] -5 n>s "cat
" " "cat
swt.t [ i.ele 3 + ] -5 n>s "cat 206
"dup
\ normal.coords 0.5 0.8 position centered.label world.coords
normal.coords 0.5 0.8 .025 + position centered.label world.coords
\ \" h" phi.or.psi " := 211
" s" phi.or.psi " := 211
1 i.cou :=
b inverse.wt drop
swt.t blow.const * becomes> swt.t
swt.t
i.cou 0 n>s " -" "cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat 216

```

```

" Seq. " "swap "cat

123.ary.s "[ 1 ]   " := 221
swt.t becomes> 123.ary.n to.123
get.p.pnts sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]    1 yadp lab.spe
normal.coords 0.5 0.8      position centered.label world.coords
get.3.pnts
\ file.ext make.abc

n.blow 1 > 226
if
begin
  i.cou 1 + i.cou :=
  0 b :=
  swt.t sub[ 2 n.power 1 - ** 231
            2 jwp.level 1 - ** 1 - - , 2 jwp.level ** ]
  b sub[ 1 , 2 jwp.level ** ] :=
  b inverse.wt drop
  swt.t blow.const * becomes> swt.t
  swt.t
\ ----- ■
i.cou 0 n>s " - " cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat
" Seq. " "swap "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ]   " := 236
swt.t becomes> 123.ary.n to.123
get.p.pnts sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]    i.cou yadp \ ydp
i.cou n.blow =
until
then
\ ----- ■ 246
app.ramp.col.blow
\ ----- ■
normal.coords 0.5 0.8 .025 i.cou 1 + * - position
" BLOW-UP AT POINT " i.ele 0 n>s "cat" centered at point " cat
2 n.power 1 - ** 0 n>s "cat
centered.label world.coords
normal.coords 0.5 0.8 .025 i.cou 2 + * - position
" EACH BLOW-UP SCALE : 2 ** " n.power jwp.level - 0 n>s "cat
centered.label
normal.coords 0.5 0.8 .025 i.cou 3 + * - position 251
" Wavelet: " wlet "cat
centered.label
1. 1. position
world.coords
file.ext make.abc
10 5 fix.format

wp.flag := \ recover 261
;

```

## LLet-Coe.asy

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```
: LLet-Coe.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ Discrete Wavelet Transform
\ 1. define PWTset
\ 2. define PWT
\ 3. run DWT ( <- pwt <- pwtset ) by giving n.dau.c
\ -----
nd 6
\ : iand \ [ n1 , n2 -- n3 ]
\ #>mask #>mask and mask>#
\ ;
11
integer scalar n.dau.c
scalar ncmax
scalar alg.flag
scalar isign
\ scalar n.wt1 \ moved into Lee-Word.asy 16
scalar sp.o
scalar a.size
scalar b.size
scalar c.size
scalar p.size
scalar q.size
21
5 string wlet
\ n.fft.pts n.wt1 :=
50 ncmax := 26
4 sp.o := 26
\ real dim[ ncmax ] array cc
dp.real dim[ ncmax ] array cc
dim[ ncmax ] array cr.nr
dim[ 2 ] array dc1
dim[ 4 ] array dc2
dim[ 6 ] array dc3
dim[ 8 ] array dc4
dim[ 10 ] array dc5
dim[ 12 ] array dc6
dim[ 14 ] array dc7
dim[ 16 ] array dc8
dim[ 18 ] array dc9
dim[ 20 ] array dc10
dim[ 8 ] array dc4las
dim[ 10 ] array dc5las 31
dim[ 12 ] array dc6las
dim[ 14 ] array dc7las
dim[ 16 ] array dc8las
dim[ 18 ] array dc9las
dim[ 20 ] array dc10las 36
dc4las @[ 1 ] enter[
-.107148901418D , -.041910965125D , 0.703739068656D ,
1.136658243408D , 0.421234534204D , -.140317624179D ,
-.017824701442D , 0.045570345896D
] drop 41
dc5las @[ 1 ] enter[ 46
51
```

```

0.038654795955D , 0.041746864422D , -.055344186117D ,
0.281990696854D , 1.023052966894D , 0.896581648380D ,
0.023478923136D , -.247951362613D , -.029842499869D ,
0.027632152958D                                         56
] drop
dc61as @[ 1 ] enter[
0.021784700327D , 0.004936612372D , -.166863215412D ,
-.068323121587D , 0.694457972958D , 1.113892783926D ,
0.477904371333D , -.102724969862D , -.029783751299D ,
0.063250562660D , 0.002499922093D , -.011031867509D   61
] drop
dc71as @[ 1 ] enter[
0.003792658534D , -.001481225915D , -.017870431651D ,
0.043155452582D , 0.096014767936D , -.070078291222D ,
0.024665659489D , 0.758162601964D , 1.085782709814D ,
0.408183939725D , -.198056706807D , -.152463871896D ,
0.005671342686D , 0.014521394762D                                         66
] drop
dc81as @[ 1 ] enter[
0.002672793393D , -.000428394300D , -.021145686528D ,
0.005386388754D , 0.069490465911D , -.038493521263D ,
-.073462508761D , 0.515398670374D , 1.099106630537D ,
0.680745347190D , -.086653615406D , -.202648655286D ,
0.010758611751D , 0.044823623042D , -.000766690896D ,   71
-.004783458512D
] drop
dc91as @[ 1 ] enter[
0.001512487309D , -.000669141509D , -.014515578553D ,
0.012528896242D , 0.087791251554D , -.025786445930D ,
-.270893783503D , 0.049882830959D , 0.873048407349D ,
1.015259790832D , 0.337658923602D , -.077172161097D ,
0.000825140929D , 0.042744433602D , -.016303351226D ,
-.018769396836D , 0.000876502539D , 0.001981193736D   81
] drop
dc101as @[ 1 ] enter[
0.001089170447D , 0.000135245020D , -.012220642630D ,
-.002072363923D , 0.064950924579D , 0.016418869426D ,
-.225558972234D , -.100240215031D , 0.667071338154D ,
1.088251530500D , 0.542813011213D , -.050256540092D ,   91
-.045240772218D , 0.070703567550D , 0.008152816799D ,
-.028786231926D , -.001137535314D , 0.006495728375D ,
0.000080661204D , -.000649589896D
] drop
dc1 @[ 1 ] enter[                                         96
1.D 2.D sqrt / , 1.D 2.D sqrt / ] drop
dc2 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.4829629131445341D , 0.8365163037378079D ,
0.2241438680420134D , -0.1294095225512604D ] drop
dc3 @[ 1 ] enter[                                         101
0.3326705529500826D , 0.8068915093110925D ,
0.4598775021184915D , -0.1350110200102545D ,
-.0854412738820266D , 0.0352262918857095D ] drop
\ ALREADY IN DOUBLE PRECISION REAL
\ But with calculation error                                         106
\ 1. 1. 10. sqrt * + 1. 5. 2. 10. sqrt * + sqrt * + 16. 2. sqrt * / ,

```

```

\ 5. 1. 10. sqrt * + 3. 5. 2. 10. sqrt * + sqrt * + 16. 2. sqrt * / ,
\ 10. 2. 10. sqrt * - 2. 5. 2. 10. sqrt * + sqrt * + 16. 2. sqrt * / ,
\ 10. 2. 10. sqrt * - 2. 5. 2. 10. sqrt * + sqrt * - 16. 2. sqrt * / ,
\ 5. 1. 10. sqrt * + 3. 5. 2. 10. sqrt * + sqrt * - 16. 2. sqrt * / ,111
\ 1. 1. 10. sqrt * + 1. 5. 2. 10. sqrt * + sqrt * - 16. 2. sqrt * / ] drop
dc4 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.2303778133088964D , 0.7148465705529154D , 0.6308807679398587D ,
-.0279837694168599D , -.1870348117190931D , 0.0308413818355607D ,
0.0328830116668852D , -.0105974017850690D 116
] drop
dc5 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.1601023979741929D , 0.6038292697971895D , 0.7243085284377726D ,
0.1384281459013203D , -.2422948870663823D , -.0322448695846381D ,
0.0775714938400459D , -.0062414902127983D , -.0125807519990820D ,
0.0033357252854738D 121
] drop
dc6 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.111540743350D , 0.494623890398D , 0.751133908021D ,
0.315250351709D , -.226264693965D , -.129766867567D ,
0.097501605587D , 0.027522865530D , -.031582039318D ,
0.000553842201D , 0.004777257511D , -.001077301085D ] drop
dc7 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.0778520540850037D , 0.3965393194818912D , 0.7291320908461957D ,
0.4697822874051889D , -.1439060039285212D , -.2240361849938412D ,
0.0713092192668272D , 0.0806126091510774D , -.0380299369350104D ,
-.0165745416306655D , 0.0125509985560986D , 0.0004295779729214D ,
-.0018016407040473D , 0.0003537137999745D 131
] drop
dc8 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.0544158422431072D , 0.3128715909143166D , 0.6756307362973195D ,
0.5853546836542159D , -.0158291052563823D , -.2840155429615824D ,
0.0004724845739124D , 0.1287474266204893D , -.0173693010018090D ,
-.0440882539307971D , 0.0139810279174001D , 0.0087460940474065D ,
-.0048703529934520D , -.0003917403733770D , 0.0006754494064506D ,
-.0001174767841284D 141
] drop
dc9 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.0380779473638778D , 0.2438346746125858D , 0.6048231236900955D ,
0.6572880780512736D , 0.1331973858249883D , -.2932737832791663D ,
-.0968407832229492D , 0.1485407493381256D , 0.0307258147933385D ,
-.0676328290613279D , 0.0002509471148340D , 0.0223616621236798D ,
-.0047232047577518D , -.0042815036824635D , 0.0018476468830563D ,
0.0002303857635232D , -.0002519631889427D , 0.0000393473203163D 151
] drop
dc10 @[ 1 ] enter[
0.026670057901D , 0.188176800078D , 0.527201188932D ,
0.688459039454D , 0.281172343661D , -.249846424327D ,
-.195946274377D , 0.127369340336D , 0.093057364604D ,
-.071394147166D , -.029457536822D , 0.033212674059D ,
0.003606553567D , -.010733175483D , 0.001395351747D ,
0.001992405295D , -.000685856695D , -.000116466855D ,
0.000093588670D , -.000013264203D ] drop
token tmp.t exp.mem> tmp.t
token csa exp.mem> csa 161
token csb exp.mem> csb

```

```

token  csp      exp.mem> csp
token  csq      exp.mem> csq
integer scalar sp.order
: make.csabpq.1
    tmp.t  dup  sub[ 1 , tmp.v.i ]  rev[ 1 ]  swap catenate becomes> csp
    2          dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
    tmp.t  @[ 1 ]  enter[
    0.5D , 0.5D
    ] drop
    tmp.t   becomes> csa
\   csa   becomes> csb
\   csp   becomes> csq
;
: bo11
2  tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t  @[ 1 ]  enter[
0.5D , 0.5D
] drop
tmp.t
csp
;
: bo13
3  tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t  @[ 1 ]  enter[
0.5D , 1.D 16.D / , -1.D 16.D /
] drop
make.csabpq.1
;
: bo15
5  tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t  @[ 1 ]  enter[
0.5D , 11.D 128.D / , -11.D 128.D / ,
-3.D 256.D / , 3.D 256.D /
] drop
make.csabpq.1
;
: make.csabpq.2
    tmp.t  dup  sub[ 2 , tmp.v.i 1 - ]  rev[ 1 ]  swap catenate becomes> csp
    3          dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
    tmp.t  @[ 1 ]  enter[
    0.25D , 0.50D , 0.25D
    ] drop
    tmp.t
    csa   becomes> csb
    csp   becomes> csq
;
: bo22
3  tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t  @[ 1 ]  enter[
0.75D , 0.25D , -0.125D
] drop

```

166                    171                    176                    181                    186                    191                    196                    201                    206                    211                    216

becomes> csp        becomes> csa        becomes> csp        becomes> csa

```

make.csabpq.2
;
: bo24
5 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i           dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
45.D 64.D / , 19.D 64.D / , -1.D 8.D / , -3.D 64.D / , 3.D 128.D /
] drop
make.csabpq.2
;
: bo26
7 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i           dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
175.D 256.D / , 81.D 256.D / , -123.D 1024.D / , -39.D 512.D / ,
17.D 512.D / , 5.D 512.D / , -5.D 1024.D /
] drop
make.csabpq.2
;
: bo28
9 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i           dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
22050.D , 10718.D , -3796.D , -3126.D ,
1228.D , 670.D , -300.D , -70.D , 35.D
] drop
make.csabpq.2
csp 2.D -15.D ** *   becomes> csp
;
: make.csabpq.3
tmp.t dup sub[ 1 , tmp.v.i ] rev[ 1 ] swap catenate becomes> csp
4           dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
0.125D , 0.375D , 0.375D , 0.125D
] drop
tmp.t becomes> csa
;
: bo31
2 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i           dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
.75D , -.25D
] drop
make.csabpq.3
;
: bo33
4 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i           dp.real ramp   becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
45.D 64.D / , -7.D 64.D / , -9.D 64.D / , 3.D 64.D /
] drop
make.csabpq.3
;
: bo35
6 tmp.v.i :=

```

```

tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes > tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
175.D 256.D / , -13.D 256.D / , -97.D 512.D / , 19.D 512.D / ,
15.D 512.D / , -5.D 512.D / ] drop
make.csabpq.3                                     276

;
:bo37
8 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes > tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
11025.D , -307.D , -3489.D , 336.D ,
865.D , -195.D , -105.D , 35.D ] drop
make.csabpq.3                                     281
csp 2.D -14.D *** * becomes > csp
;

:bo39
10 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp   becomes > tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
87318.D , 190.D , -29676.D , 1140.D , 9188.D , -1308.D ,
-1911.D , 469.D , 189.D , -63.D ] drop
make.csabpq.3                                     291
csp 2.D -17.D *** * becomes > csp
;

:so3 \ use odd number of coeff.
4 sp.order :=
\ csa []size 2 / tmp.v.i := drop
20 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i 1 + dp.real ramp   becomes > tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
0.6315615124035756 ,
0.2833241287791393 ,
-0.1995539275818 ,
-0.1647025826446927 ,
0.0912758685480245 ,
0.0894189178498617 ,
-0.04696662484663471 ,
-0.04801510203667939 ,
0.02493689963969966 ,
0.02572001001600068 ,
-0.01330469960239009 ,
-0.0137696808134998 ,
0.007118265435884861 ,
0.007370917988870163 ,
-0.003809841711572108 ,
-0.003945542141907374 ,
0.002039281445696639 ,
0.002111975662281219 ,
-0.001091581045517322 ,
-0.001130499753033917 ,
0.0005843011868825511 ] drop                                     301
;
```

```

tmp.t  dup  sub[ 2 , tmp.v.i ]  rev[ 1 ]  swap  catenate becomes> csa
20  tmp.v.i :=                                331
  tmp.v.i  1 +  dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
  tmp.t @[ 1 ]  enter[
-1.043261469941104 ,
  0.3312247945402051 ,
  0.5247423148960167 ,
-0.2444969416039156 ,
-0.2755917431211694 ,                                336
  0.1391545679803643 ,
  0.1468596002088173 ,
-0.07550189463168975 ,
-0.07853017653475226 ,                                341
  0.04053910511068559 ,
  0.04202575195946283 ,
-0.02171503773409453 ,
-0.02249434750478476 ,
  0.01162550347729064 ,                                346
  0.01204063510565295 ,
-0.006223133530293623 ,
-0.006445098095866915 ,
  0.003331149664619865 ,
  0.003449932648653844 ,                                351
-0.001783102667159073 ,
-0.001846681160105444
]  drop
tmp.t  dup  sub[ 2 , tmp.v.i ]  rev[ 1 ]  swap  catenate becomes> csb
356
2  tmp.v.i :=                                356
  tmp.v.i  1 +  dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
  tmp.t @[ 1 ]  enter[
  0.53033008588991064 ,
  0.353553390593273762 ,                                361
  0.088388347648318441
]  drop
tmp.t  dup  sub[ 2 , tmp.v.i ]  rev[ 1 ]  swap  catenate becomes> csp
5  tmp.v.i :=                                366
  tmp.v.i  1 +  dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
  tmp.t @[ 1 ]  enter[
-0.42552675939261878 ,
  0.32412568278496457 ,
-0.138615376946886697 ,                                371
  0.029410170437744053 ,
-0.0021746339500776759 ,
  0.000017537370565142548
]  drop
tmp.t  dup  sub[ 2 , tmp.v.i ]  rev[ 1 ]  swap  catenate becomes> csq  376
;
: cc1
6  tmp.v.i :=                                381
  tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
  tmp.t @[ 1 ]  enter[
-.051429728471D ,   .238929728471D ,   .602859456942D ,   .272140543058D ,

```

```

-.051429972847D , -.011070271529D
] drop
tmp.t      becomes> csp
;                                         386
: cc2
12 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
.011587596739D , -.029320137980D , -.047639590310D , .273021046535D ,391
.574682393857D , .294867193696D , -.054085607092D , -.042026480461D ,
.016744410163D , .003967883613D , -.001289203356D , -.000509505399D
] drop
tmp.t      becomes> csp
;                                         396
: cc3
18 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
-.002682418671D , .005503126709D , .016583560479D , -.046507764479D ,401
-.043220763560D , .286503335274D , .561285256870D , .302983571773D ,
-.050770140755D , -.058196250762D , .024434094321D , .011229240962D ,
-.006369601011D , -.001820458916D , .000790205101D , .000329665174D ,
-.000050192775D , -.000024465734D
] drop
tmp.t      becomes> csp
;                                         406
: cc4
24 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
.000630961046D , -.001152224852D , -.005194524026D , .011362459244D ,
.018867235378D , -.057464234429D , -.039652648517D , .293667390895D ,
.553126452562D , .307157326198D , -.047112738865D , -.068038127051D ,
.027813640153D , .017735837438D , -.010756318517D , -.004001012886D ,416
.002652665946D , .000895594529D , -.000416500571D , -.000183829769D ,
.000044080354D , .000022082857D , -.000002304942D , -.000001262175D
] drop
tmp.t      becomes> csp
;                                         421
: cc5
30 tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i      dp.real ramp    becomes> tmp.t
tmp.t @[ 1 ] enter[
-.0001499638D , .0002535612D , .0015402457D , -.0029411108D ,426
-.0071637819D , .0165520664D , .0199178043D , -.0649972628D ,
-.0368000736D , .2980923235D , .5475054294D , .3097068490D ,
-.0438660508D , -.0746522389D , .0291958795D , .0231107770D ,
-.0139736879D , -.0064800900D , .0047830014D , .0017206547D ,
-.0011758222D , -.0004512270D , .0002137298D , .0000993776D ,431
-.0000292321D , -.0000150720D , .0000026408D , .0000014593D ,
-.0000001184D , -.0000000673D
] drop
tmp.t      becomes> csp
;
```

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## LLet-DnR.asy

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```
: LLet-DnR.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1

4 string PhiPsi.str
\ 0 to.stack.flag :=
\ 1 to.123.flag :=
\ 8 string tmp.s.u \ don't change the case of wlet -- don't use wlet "upper" 6
: dec&rec
\ 512 n.wt1      :=
\ 2 jwp.level    :=
\ 8 i.ele       :=
\ 382 i.ele       :=          \ bo: 2^jwp.level --> 1 , i --> i+1 for B.0 11
i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
wlet tmp.s.u ":=
tmp.s.u "upper "drop 16
if
  tmp.s.u " -Phi" "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " := 21
  " Phi-" PhiPsi.str " :="
else
  tmp.s.u " -Psi" "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " := 21
  " Psi-" PhiPsi.str " :="
then
\  if
\   wlet " -Phi" "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " := 26
\   " Phi-" PhiPsi.str " :="
\  else
\   wlet " -Psi" "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " := 26
\   " Psi-" PhiPsi.str " :="
\  then
\   ----- ■ 31
" Element: " i.ele 0 n>s "cat
\
" , JWP level: " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" (pt" "cat 2 jwp.level ** 0 n>s "cat ")" "cat
"cat 36
" , Scale " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " ->" "cat
n.power 0 n>s "cat \ ")" "cat
"cat
123.ary.s "[ 2 ] " := 41
\ ----- ■

2 gp.flag      :=
\ 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " -Reconstructed" "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " := 46
123.ary.tmp becomes> 123.ary.n
i.ele 2 <=
if
  123.ary.n @[ 1 ] enter[
    jwp.level
    , n.power
    , i.ele
    , i.ele 51
```

```

, swt.t [ i.ele      ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 1 + ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 2 + ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 3 + ]
] drop
56

else
123.ary.n @[ 1 ] enter[
  jwp.level
, n.power
, i.ele
, i.ele 2 -
, swt.t [ i.ele 2 - ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 1 - ]
, swt.t [ i.ele      ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 1 + ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 2 + ]
, swt.t [ i.ele 3 + ]
] drop
61

then
71
to.123
1 gp.flag :=

get.p.pnts
0. b :=
0. b [ i.ele ] :=
76
b inverse.wt drop
1 gp.flag :=
\ " n" tmp.s " := swt.t to.123
swt.t becomes> 123.ary.n to.123
81
swt.t sub[ 1 , p.pnts ]
gd up
1 yap
normal.coords
i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
86

if
  " h" phi.or.psi " :="
  " -PHI"
else
  " s" phi.or.psi " :="
  " -PSI"
91

then
" (From scale " "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat" --> " "cat
n.power 0 n>s "cat" )" "cat
\ ----- ■
\ " Element: " i.ele 0 n>s "cat
\ \
\ " , JWP level: " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
\ " (pt" "cat 2 jwp.level ** 0 n>s "cat" )" "cat
\ "cat
\ " , Scale " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat" -> " "cat
\ n.power 0 n>s "cat \ " )" "cat
\ "cat
\ 123.ary.s "[ 2 ] " :=
\ ----- ■
\ " From scale " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat" --> " "cat
106

```

```

\ n.power 0 n>s "cat \ " )" "cat
\ 123.ary.s "[ 2 ] ":=
\ " Element: " i.ele 0 n>s "cat
\ 123.ary.s "[ 3 ] ":=
\ " JWP level: " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
\ " (" "cat 2 jwp.level ** 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat
\ 123.ary.s "[ 4 ] ":=
\ ----- ■ 111

\ wlet 1 4 "sub
wlet 1 5 "sub
wlet 5 1 "sub " d" "=
wlet 3 1 "sub " d" "= or
if " (Dual)" "cat then
"swap "cat
0.5 0.9 position centered.label
world.coords
swt.t forward.wt drop
dp swt.t sub[ 1 , p.pnts ] 2 yap
swt.t [ i.ele 1 - ] -4 n>s " " "cat
swt.t [ i.ele ] -4 n>s "cat " " "cat
swt.t [ i.ele 1 + ] -4 n>s "cat
normal.coords
0.5 0.9 position centered.label
" with center at position "
i.ele
0 n>s "cat " (" "cat wlet "cat " )" "cat
0.5 0.85 position centered.label
1. 1. position world.coords 121

\ 2 gp.flag := 131
\ 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " -m" "cat "upper 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":=
\ 123.ary.tmp becomes > 123.ary.n
\ 123.ary.n @ [ 1 ] enter[
\ jwp.level
\ , n.power
\ , swt.t [ i.ele 1 - ]
\ , swt.t [ i.ele ]
\ , swt.t [ i.ele 1 + ]
\ , i.ele
\ ] drop 141
\ to.123
146

{hp wnd} sc
hp file.ext make.abc
\ 8 5 fix.format swt.t sub[ 11 , 3 ] . wlet s.type
\ my.pause
;

.....
```

## LLet-Ent.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01510-20070125-A061 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 4]

```
: LLet-Ent.asy ; \ ----- Asyst Prog 1

\ Entropy of Distribution
\ e.g. array abs 300 entropy \ L**1
\ array      300 entropy \ relative value
\ array      -300 entropy \ L**2 6
\
\

dp.real scalar t1.max scalar t1.min scalar t1.div
integer scalar vi1 scalar vi2 scalar vi3 scalar ic 11
    scalar #.div.p scalar #.ele   scalar #.div   scalar abs.flag

: entropy.prob \ [ array -- entropy ]
abs.flag 1 =
if 16
abs
then
becomes> t1
#.div.p 0 <
if 21
#.div.p abs #.div.p :=
t1 abs
dup *
becomes> t1
then 26
t1 []size   #.ele :=
sort
becomes> t1
t1 [ #.ele ] t1.max :=
t1 [ 1       ] t1.min := 31
t1.min 0. >=
if
0.           t1.min := \ forced for absolute magnitude
then 36
real #.div.p ramp
becomes> t2
0.0000000001D t2 := \ make it tiny for 0 provability

0     vi1 :=
0     vi2 := 41
Begin
vi2 1 + vi2 :=
t1.min  t1.max t1.min - #.div.p float / vi2 * +      t1.div :=
0  ic := 46
begin
vi1 1 + vi1 :=
ic 1 + ic  :=
t1 [ vi1 ] t1.div >= 51
vi1 #.ele = or
```

```

?dup
if
vi2 #.div.p <
t1 [ vi1 ] t1.max = and
if
#.div.p vi2 :=
1 ic :=
then
vi2 #.div.p =
t1 [ vi1 ] t1.max = or
if
begin
vi1 #.ele <
if
vi1 1 + vi1 :=
ic 1 + ic :=
then
vi1 #.ele =
until
ic 1 + ic :=
then
vi2 1 =
if
ic 1 - t2 [ vi2 ] :=
else
ic t2 [ vi2 ] :=
then
then
until
\ \ \ cr vi2 n.type ic . vi1 .
vi1 #.ele =
vi1 #.ele float #.div.p float / vi2 float * >= or
vi2 #.div.p = and
Until
t2 float #.ele float / becomes> t2 \ pdf
t2 LN t2 * neg
[] sum
;
: entropy.coef \ [ array --- entropy ]
abs.flag 1 =
if
abs
then
becomes> t1
t1 [] size #.ele := drop
0 vi1 :=
begin
vi1 1 + vi1 :=
t1 [ vi1 ] abs 0. =
if
0.00000000001D t1 [ vi1 ] :=
then
vi1 #.ele =

```

```

until
t1 dup * dup LN * neg []sum
t1 dup * []sum /
t1 dup * []sum LN +
\ becomes> t3
;
: entropy \ [ array , #.div.p -- ]
#.div.p :=
#.div.p 0 =
if
  entropy.coef
else
  entropy.prob
then
;
: awp.t.ent
#.div :=
jwp.level 0 =
if
  \ awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ] abs dup * #.div.p entropy
  awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ] #.div entropy
  0 tmp.v.i :=
  1 tmp.v.i.2 :=
else
  jwp.level 1 - tmp.v.i :=
  0 tmp.v.i.2 :=
then
begin
tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
\ awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i , ! ] abs dup * #.div.p entropy
awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i , ! ] #.div entropy
tmp.v.i.2 1 =
if
  catenate
then
  1 tmp.v.i.2 :=
  tmp.v.i n.power =
until
norm.v #.div entropy
catenate
norm.v.s #.div entropy
catenate
\ dup exp \ theoretical dimension
;
: ent.bat
dir.lee.asc now.file "cat ftoa.bat
get.sub.a
forward.wt
dup 1 yap
#.div entropy
becomes> 123.ary.n
wlet " - "cat #.div.p 0 n>s "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] 0.5 0.05 lab.x
to.123
111
116
121
126
131
136
141
146
151
156
161

```

```
hp file.ext make.abc  
;
```

---



---

## LLet-Lev.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01511-20070125-A062 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 4]

```
: LLet-Lev.asy ; \ For showing WB and WP at various levels/points \ -*- txt:asy -*-

: lee.auto
isign -1 =
if
  n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes > b
  1 0 fix.format
  0. b :=
  \ cr ." JWP Level(" wlet s.type ."):" jwp.level get.val jwp.level :=
\ -----
  cr ." Element "
  wp.flag 1 =
  if
    " (WP: located at level " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat s.type.3
  else
    " (WB: min. level at " jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " )" "cat s.type.3      16
  then
    . " (Phi<-
  1 0 fix.format
  jwp.level 9 >=
  if                                4
  else
    jwp.level 6 >=
    if                                3
    else
      jwp.level 3 >=
      if                                2
      else                                1
      then
        then
      then
    then
  dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
  2 jwp.level ** n.type ." /->Psi:[WB"
\ -----
wp.flag 1 =
if
  . " <-
  1 0 fix.format
  jwp.level 9 >=
  if                                4
  else
    jwp.level 6 >=
    if                                3
    else
      jwp.level 3 >=
      if                                2
      else                                1
      then
        then
      then
  dup num.dig := 0 fix.format
  2 jwp.level 1 + ** n.type ." /->WP] ): "
```

```

else
  ." ]): "
then
\ -----
3 0 fix.format
\ i.ele get.val i.ele :=
1 0 fix.format
\ cr ." Clear (1) or Overlap:"      i.lin      get.val    i.lin    :=
1. b [ i.ele ] :=                                61
b inverse.wt
wp.flag 1 =
if
  drop swp.t
else
  drop swt.t
then
else
{hp wnd} " Have you set B (in --> mode)?" s.type \ my.pause
cr ." Choose array for Forward Transform "
" 0:default B, 1:WB.t, 2:WP.t" s.type.3          71
0 get.val
case
  1 of    swt.t  endof
  2 of    swp.t  endof
  0 of    b      endof
endcase
previous.window
forward.wt   \ always d.t for WB and WP -- set Wp.flag
then
n.power 10 = if sub[ 1 , 1000 ] then
n.power 9 = if sub[ 1 , 500 ] then
n.power 8 = if sub[ 1 , 250 ] then
n.power 7 = if sub[ 1 , 120 ] then
n.power 6 = if sub[ 1 , 70 ] then
i.lin
i.lin 1 =
if yap lab.spe else ydp then
10 5 fix.format
;
;                                              91

dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat      defer> load.overlay
: set.123.auto
{29.line}
123.file.name
dir.lee.asc "len 1 + "drop
"dup "len "drop dir.lee.asc "len "drop - "sub 123.file.name.1 ":"=
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat      defer> load.overlay
dir.lee.asc
\ cr ." 123 file 1 name:" " 123.wks"      get.str
cr ." 123 file 1 name (close all wks files first!):"
123.file.name.1
\ \ for auto \ get.str
"cat 123.file.name.1 ":"=
dir.lee.asc
cr ." 123 file 2 name:" " 1234.wks"          106

```

```

\\ for auto \ get.str
"cat 123.file.name.2 ":"=
cr ." Group flag:" gp.flag
\\ for auto \ get.val
gp.flag :=
cr ." file.no:" file.no
\\ for auto \ get.val
file.no :=
123.file.name.1      defer> 123file.create          116
123.file.name.2      defer> 123file.create
cr ." Initial all WKS files (Yes:999)!!:" 0
\\ for auto \ get.val
999 =
if
  dir.lee.asc " le"      "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " me"      "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " so"      "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " ona"     "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " ons"     "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " bo1"     "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " bo2"     "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " bo3"     "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " 1234"    "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc " 123999"   "cat" " .wks" "cat" defer> 123file.create          121
  123.file.name.1 123.file.name ":"=
then
release.overlay
;
release.overlay
: set.let.auto
  hp.menu.wnd \\ {border}
  sc
  set.let.p1
\ 2 0 goto.xy          141
\ ." Wavelet (" " on22a/s, bo220/d, so0/d , le, me" s.type ." ):""
\ b.t
\ wlet
\\ for auto get.str
\ wlet ":"=
\ b.t
\ 60 0 goto.xy 2 0 fix.format
\ ." <- or -> :"           -1 get.val isign :=
\ ." <- or -> :"           isign get.val isign :=
\ 1 0 fix.format          146
\ 2 1 goto.xy
\ ." WP(1) / WB(0):" wp.flag 1 = if " WP(1)" else " WB(0)" then
\ s.type wp.flag get.val wp.flag :=
\ 30 1 goto.xy
\ ." JWP Level:" jwp.level get.val jwp.level :=
\ 60 1 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format          151
\ ." #.pnts:"             n.wt1 get.val n.wt1 :=
\ 2 2 goto.xy 2 0 fix.format
\ ." .Pcx: "               file.ext get.str file.ext ":"=
\ 30 2 goto.xy
\ ." 123->"              wlet " .wks" "cat" get.str tmp.s ":"=
\ 161

```

```

\ 60 2 goto.xy
\ ." File.#:"          file.no    get.val file.no   :=
2 0 goto.xy
." Wavelet (" " on22a/s, bo220/d, so0/d , le, me" s.type ." ):"      166
b.t
wlet           wlet ":"=
b.t
60 0 goto.xy    2 0 fix.format
\ ." <- or -> :"      -1 get.val isign :=
." <- or -> :"      isign       isign :=      171
1 0 fix.format
2 1 goto.xy
." WP(1) / WB(0):" wp.flag 1 = if " WP(1)" else " WB(0)" then
s.type   wp.flag           wp.flag :=      176
30 1 goto.xy
." JWP Level:" jwp.level           jwp.level :=
60 1 goto.xy    4 0 fix.format
." #.pnts:"      n.wt1           n.wt1 :=      180
2 2 goto.xy    2 0 fix.format
." .Pcx:"        file.ext         file.ext ":"=      181
30 2 goto.xy
." 123->"      wlet ".wks" "cat      tmp.s   ":"=
60 2 goto.xy
." File.#:"      file.no         file.no   :=      186
\ -----
\ wlet ".wks" "cat  get.str tmp.s  ":"=
\ -----
dir.lee.asc   tmp.s   "cat  123.file.name  ":"=
isign 1 =      191
if
\ n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes> b
\ 0   b   :=      196
cr
" Has B been set?!" s.type
then
\ 123.file.name   defer> 123file.create
\ release.overlay
\ previous.window
;

```

---

.....

---

# LLet-Mai.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01512-20070125-A063 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 24]

```
: LLet-Mai.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ -----
\ 1 Wavelet transform (s.o, o.n)
\ 2 Wavelet packet transform (o.n)
\ 3. Both forward and backward
\ 4. Implementing both periodic and aperiodic WT 6
\ 5. The periodic WT is reversible, i.e., allows perfect reconstruction
\ 6. The aperiodic WT is optimized to reduce edge effects, its reconstruction
\ may show differences from original data
\ 7. keywords: indexing, wrapping, domains
\ 8. The time used is much less than NR book 11
\
\ Written : Y.R. Lee
\ -----
\ integer scalar n.fft.pts 16
\ scalar n.wt1
\ scalar isign
integer scalar n.power
    scalar aper.flag
    scalar abs.flag
    scalar icd
    scalar icu
    scalar jwp scalar kwp scalar mwp
    scalar jwp.level
    scalar wp.flag
    scalar jwp_m
    scalar i_ele
    scalar a0.i scalar b0.i scalar p0.i scalar q0.i
integer scalar in
    scalar im
    scalar ik
    scalar no2
    scalar nn
    scalar domain.flag
\ integer scalar c.size 31
real scalar var.frac
real scalar norm.keep.p.best
12 string now.file
token awp.t exp.mem> awp.t
token uwpt exp.mem> uwpt
token vwp.t exp.mem> vwp.t
token swp.t exp.mem> swp.t
token.swt.t exp.mem>.swt.t
token bwp.t exp.mem> bwp.t \ <--> b 41
26 0 26 79 window {tmp wnd}
previous.window
: my.power
trunc
0 n.power := 51
begin
```

```

2   /
dup
dup 1 >= if n.power 1 + n.power := then
1 =
until
drop
;
token a1.t exp.mem> a1.t
token a2.t exp.mem> a2.t
token a3.t exp.mem> a3.t
token at.t exp.mem> at.t
token rt.t exp.mem> rt.t
token wt.t exp.mem> wt.t
token ct.t exp.mem> ct.t
token s.t exp.mem> s.t
token ht.t exp.mem> ht.t
token hf.t exp.mem> hf.t
token gt.t exp.mem> gt.t
token gf.t exp.mem> gf.t
token u.t exp.mem> u.t
token v.t exp.mem> v.t
token d.t exp.mem> d.t
token a.coef exp.mem> a.coef
token b.coef exp.mem> b.coef
token p.coef exp.mem> p.coef
token q.coef exp.mem> q.coef
token p.token exp.mem> p.token      token q.token exp.mem> q.token
token a.token exp.mem> a.token      token b.token exp.mem> b.token
1 string phi.or.psi
" s" phi.or.psi " :=

.975 norm.keep.p.best :=

\ =====
: get.0.i.phi.or.psi
\ i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
\ if
\   phi.or.psi " h" " :="
\ else
\   phi.or.psi " s" " :="
\ then
phi.or.psi " h" " :=
\ i.ele 2 jwp.level ** <=
if
  wlet 1 2 "sub" " on" " =
  if
    \   p0.i 4 + p0.i :=
    \   q0.i 4 + q0.i :=
    \   a0.i 4 - a0.i :=
    \   b0.i 4 - b0.i :=
    \   p0.i 3 + p0.i :=
    \   q0.i 3 + q0.i :=
    \   a0.i 3 - a0.i :=
    \   b0.i 3 - b0.i :=

```

```

else
wlet 1 3 "sub" "bo3" "="
if
    p0.i 3 + p0.i := 111
    q0.i 3 + q0.i :=
    a0.i 3 - a0.i :=
    b0.i 3 - b0.i :=
then
then
then
;
\ -----
: get.0.i.bo
wlet 3 1 "sub" "2" "=" \ odd number of coef. 121
if
    1 p0.i :=
    0 q0.i :=
    -1 a0.i :=
    0 b0.i := 126
else
    \ (bo13 ---> 2 0 -1 1) (0 -2 1 3) (2 0 -1 3) (1 -1 0 2)
    2 p0.i :=
    -0 q0.i :=
    -1 a0.i :=
    1 b0.i := 131
then
get.0.i.phi.or.psi
;
\ -----
: get.0.i.on.c \ Coiflet
c.size 2 / 2 modulo 0 =
c.size 2 / 2 modulo 1 = or
if
    p.size 2 / tmp.v.i := \ For O.N. (all equal) 141
    0 neg tmp.v.i + p0.i :=
    q.size 2 - neg tmp.v.i + q0.i := \ q(n)=-1**n * p(-n+1)
    a.size 1 - neg tmp.v.i + a0.i :=
    1 neg tmp.v.i + b0.i :=
    \ (4 ---> 2 0 -1 1) (6 ---> 3 -1 -2 2) .....
    \ (n.dau.c --> p q a b) 146
then
get.0.i.phi.or.psi
;
\ -----
: get.0.i.on
c.size 2 / 2 modulo 0 =
c.size 2 / 2 modulo 1 = or
if
    p.size 2 / tmp.v.i := \ For O.N. (all equal) 156
    0 neg tmp.v.i + p0.i :=
    q.size 2 - neg tmp.v.i + q0.i := \ q(n)=-1**n * p(-n+1)
    a.size 1 - neg tmp.v.i + a0.i :=
    1 neg tmp.v.i + b0.i :=
    \ (4 ---> 2 0 -1 1) (6 ---> 3 -1 -2 2) .....
    \ (n.dau.c --> p q a b) 161

```

```

then
get.0.i.phi.or.psi

;
\ ----- 166
: get.0.i.so \ so3
  0 p0.i :=
  3 q0.i :=
  0 a0.i :=
 -3 b0.i :=
get.0.i.phi.or.psi
;

\ ----- 171
: get.0.i.le&me
get.0.i.on
;

\ ===== 176
dp.real scalar abpq.con
real 181
: get.abpq.size
  csp []size p.size := drop
  csq []size q.size := drop
  csa []size a.size := drop
  csb []size b.size := drop
;

\ ----- 186
: get.abpq
  wlet 1 2 "sub " on" "=
  wlet 1 2 "sub " le" "=- or
  wlet 1 2 "sub " me" "=- or
  if
    wlet 1 2 "sub " le" "=
    wlet 1 2 "sub " me" "=- or
    wlet 5 1 "sub " a" "=- or \ asymmetric (on22--00a)
    if
      1.D abpq.con :=
    else
      2.D sqrt inv abpq.con := \ lease asymmetric (on44--00s)
    then
    wlet 5 1 "sub " c" "=- \ Coiflet (on11--55c)
    if
      2.D sqrt abpq.con :=
    then
  else
    2.D sqrt abpq.con :=
  then

csp abpq.con * \ reconstruction 201
  []size c.size := becomes> p.coef
  real n.wt1 c.size - ramp becomes> u.t
  0. u.t :=
  p.coef u.t catenate
    c.size 2. / floor neg rotate
    p0.i rotate
  becomes> p.coef 206
;
```

```

csq abpq.con *
[]size c.size := becomes> q.coef
real n.wt1 c.size - ramp becomes> u.t
0. u.t :=
q.coef u.t catenate
c.size 2. / floor neg rotate
q0.i
rotate
becomes> q.coef
221

csa abpq.con *
[]size c.size := becomes> a.coef
real n.wt1 c.size - ramp becomes> u.t
0. u.t :=
a.coef u.t catenate
c.size 2. / floor neg rotate
a0.i
rotate
becomes> a.coef
226

csb abpq.con *
[]size c.size := becomes> b.coef
real n.wt1 c.size - ramp becomes> u.t
0. u.t :=
b.coef u.t catenate
c.size 2. / floor neg rotate
b0.i
rotate
becomes> b.coef
231

;
\ -----
: get.h&g
isign -1 =
if
  p.coef q.coef
else
  a.coef b.coef
then
becomes> gt.t      becomes> ht.t
241

;
\ =====
: get.h&g.bo
wlet 3 1 "sub wlet 4 1 "sub "cat tmp.s :=
tmp.s " 11 " = if bo11 then
tmp.s " 13 " = if bo13 then
tmp.s " 15 " = if bo15 then
tmp.s " 22 " = if bo22 then
tmp.s " 24 " = if bo24 then
tmp.s " 26 " = if bo26 then
tmp.s " 28 " = if bo28 then
tmp.s " 31 " = if bo31 then
tmp.s " 33 " = if bo33 then
tmp.s " 35 " = if bo35 then
tmp.s " 37 " = if bo37 then
tmp.s " 39 " = if bo39 then
256

csp      rev[ 1 ]      becomes> csb \ b.o
      csb []size c.size := drop
      c.size 1 + 1
      do
        csb [ i ] -1 i 1 - ** * csb [ i ] :=
261

266

271

```

```

loop
csa      rev[ 1 ]      becomes>  csq    \ b.o
csq      [] size c.size := drop
c.size 1 + 1
276
do
  csq      [ i ]      -1 i 1 - ** *      csq      [ i ] :=

loop
csp      becomes>  p.token      \ B.O. switch
281
csq      becomes>  q.token
csa      becomes>  a.token
csb      becomes>  b.token
wlet 5 1 "sub " d " "
if
  p.token becomes>  csa      \ dual
  q.token becomes>  csb
  a.token becomes>  csp
  b.token becomes>  csq
else
  p.token becomes>  csp
  q.token becomes>  csq
  a.token becomes>  csa
  b.token becomes>  csb
then
wlet 3 1 "sub " 1 " "
296
if
  csp      becomes>  csp
  csq      becomes>  csq
  csa      becomes>  csa
  csb neg becomes>  csb
301
then
wlet 3 1 "sub " 3 " "
if
  csp      becomes>  csp
  csq neg becomes>  csq
  csa      becomes>  csa
  csb      becomes>  csb
306
then
wlet 3 1 "sub " 2 " "
if
  wlet 5 1 "sub " d " "
  if
    csq      becomes>  csq
    csb neg becomes>  csb
  else
    csq neg becomes>  csq
    csb      becomes>  csb
  then
then
get.abpq.size
get.0.i.bo
get.abpq
;
\ -----
: get.h&g.so
so3
321
326

```

```

csp [] size    p.size := drop
csq [] size    q.size := drop
csa [] size    a.size := drop
csb [] size    b.size := drop                                331

csp      becomes>  p.token      \ B.O. switch
csq      becomes>  q.token
csa      becomes>  a.token
csb      becomes>  b.token
wlet 3 1 "sub  " d"   "=                                336
if
  p.token  becomes>  csa      \ dual
  q.token  becomes>  csb
  a.token  becomes>  csp
  b.token  becomes>  csq
else
  p.token  becomes>  csp
  q.token  becomes>  csq
  a.token  becomes>  csa
  b.token  becomes>  csb                                341
then
get.abpq.size
get.0.i.so
get.abpq
;
\ -----
: get.h&g.on.c \ Coiflet
wlet 3 1 "sub  wlet 5 1 "sub  "cat  tmp.s ":"=
tmp.s " 1c"  "= if      cc1  then
tmp.s " 2c"  "= if      cc2  then
tmp.s " 3c"  "= if      cc3  then
tmp.s " 4c"  "= if      cc4  then
tmp.s " 5c"  "= if      cc5  then                                356
csp
[] size  c.size :=      becomes>  csp
c.size  p.size :=
c.size  q.size :=
c.size  a.size :=
c.size  b.size :=                                361

csp      rev[ 1 ]      becomes>  csq
c.size 1 + 1
do
  csq      [ i ]      -1 i 1 - ** *      csq      [ i ]  :=
loop
csp      rev[ 1 ] conj becomes>  csa
csq      rev[ 1 ] conj becomes>  csb                                371

csp      becomes>  csp
csq neg  becomes>  csq
csa      becomes>  csa
csb neg  becomes>  csb

csp      becomes>  p.token
csq      becomes>  q.token                                376

```

```

csa      becomes>  a.token
csb      becomes>  b.token
wlet 5 1 "sub" "s" "=" \
if
    p.token      becomes>  csa          \ dual
    q.token      becomes>  csb
    a.token      becomes>  csp
    b.token      becomes>  csq
then
get.abpq.size
get.0.i.on.c
get.abpq
;
\ ====== 391
\ -----
: get.h&g.on
wlet 3 1 "sub" wlet 5 1 "sub" "cat" tmp.s ":"=
tmp.s "1a" "= if dc1 then
tmp.s "2a" "= if dc2 then
tmp.s "3a" "= if dc3 then
tmp.s "4a" "= if dc4 then
tmp.s "5a" "= if dc5 then
tmp.s "6a" "= if dc6 then
tmp.s "7a" "= if dc7 then
tmp.s "8a" "= if dc8 then
tmp.s "9a" "= if dc9 then
tmp.s "0a" "= if dc10 then
tmp.s "4s" "= if dc4las then
tmp.s "5s" "= if dc5las then
tmp.s "6s" "= if dc6las then
tmp.s "7s" "= if dc7las then
tmp.s "8s" "= if dc8las then
tmp.s "9s" "= if dc9las then
tmp.s "0s" "= if dc10las then 406
411
421
431
436

[]size c.size :=      becomes>  csp
c.size p.size :=
c.size q.size :=
c.size a.size :=
c.size b.size :=

csp      rev[ 1 ]      becomes>  csq
c.size 1 + 1
do
    csq [ i ] -1 i 1 - ** * csq [ i ] :=
loop
csp      rev[ 1 ] conj becomes>  csa
csq      rev[ 1 ] conj becomes>  csb
csp      becomes>  p.token          \ B.O. switch
csq      becomes>  q.token
csa      becomes>  a.token
csb      becomes>  b.token
wlet 5 1 "sub" "s" "=" \ least asy (las)
if

```

```

p.token      becomes> csa          \ dual
q.token      becomes> csb
a.token      becomes> csp
b.token      becomes> csq
then
get.abpq.size
get.0.i.on
get.abpq
;
\ =====
real scalar var
scalar mea
token x.t exp.mem> x.t
token t.t exp.mem> t.t
: get.h&g.gaussian
isign :=
\ n.wt1 2. / 0.5 + mea :=
\ n.wt1 var.frac / var := \ var.frac ~ 10.
\ dp.real n.wt1 ramp
100 2. / 0.5 + mea :=
100 var.frac / var := \ var.frac ~ 10.
dp.real 100 ramp
becomes> x.t
x.t mea - var /           \ Normalizing here
\ Don't do normalizing
\ mea 1 - /               \ Normalizing x
1 * becomes> t.t
t.t dup * neg
2. /
exp
2. pi * sqrt /
becomes> x.t
\ x.t []sum tmp.v.9 :=
\ x.t tmp.v.9 /
\ becomes> x.t
x.t
\ hanning.window.apply
    dup []sum /
becomes> x.t
x.t
[]size 2 /      rotate
becomes> ht.t    \
x.t t.t * neg
\ tmp.v.9 /
[]size 2 /      rotate
becomes> gt.t    \
\ gt.t
\ arrange.h&g
isign -1 =

```

441                    446                    451                    456                    461                    466                    471                    476                    481                    486                    491

```

if
  ht.t
  c.size 2 / 2 - neg  rotate
  c.size 2 /  rotate
  becomes > ht.t
  gt.t
  c.size 2 / 2 - neg  rotate
  c.size 2 /  rotate
  becomes > gt.t
  then
;
\ =====
: get.abpq.le&me
  p.coef \ u.t  catenate
    c.size 2 /           neg  rotate
    p0.i                  rotate
    becomes > p.coef
  q.coef \ u.t catenate
    c.size 2 /           neg  rotate
    q0.i                  rotate
    becomes > q.coef
  a.coef \ u.t  catenate
    c.size 2 /           neg  rotate
    a0.i                  rotate
    becomes > a.coef
  b.coef \ u.t catenate
    c.size 2 /           neg  rotate
    b0.i                  rotate
    becomes > b.coef
;
\ -----
: abpq.from.freq
  hf.t ifft zreal
  rev[ 1 ]           \ important
  becomes > p.coef
    p.coef [] size c.size := drop
    p.coef rev[ 1 ]      becomes > q.coef
    c.size 1 + 1
    do
      q.coef [ i ]   -1 i 1 - ** *   q.coef [ i ] :=
    loop
    p.coef rev[ 1 ] conj becomes > a.coef
    q.coef rev[ 1 ] conj becomes > b.coef
;
\ -----
p.coef           becomes > csa          \ dual
q.coef           becomes > csb
a.coef           becomes > csp
b.coef           becomes > csq
get.abpq.size
get.0.i.le&me
get.abpq.le&me
;
\ =====
dp.real scalar tmp.v
dp.real scalar tmp.v.2

```

```

: nu.v
  tmp.v abs 3.D * pi / 2.D / 1.D -
  tmp.v.2 := 551
  tmp.v.2 0 <=
  if 0.D
  else
    tmp.v.2 0. >
    tmp.v.2 1 <= and 556
    if
      tmp.v.2 4 **
      35.D 84.D tmp.v.2 * -
      70.D tmp.v.2 2 ** * + 20.D tmp.v.2 3 ** * -
      *
    else
      1.D
    then
  then
;

: phi.cap.v
tmp.v := 566
  tmp.v abs 2.D pi * 3.D / <=
  if
    2.D pi * sqrt inv 571
  else
    tmp.v abs 2.D pi * 3.D / >
    tmp.v abs 4.D pi * 3.D / <= and
    if
      2.D pi * sqrt inv
      pi 2.d / nu.v *
      cos *
    else
      0.D
    then
  then
;

\ ----- 576
: get.h&g.me
rad 586
dp.real n.wt1 ramp
n.wt1 c.size :=
2. Pi * * n.wt1 / \ 2pi/N , 2pi*2/N , 2pi*N/n.fft.pts

becomes> u.t 591
0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  u.t [ tmp.v.i ] 0.D + 2.D * phi.cap.v
  u.t [ tmp.v.i ] -1 2.D pi * * + 2.D * phi.cap.v
  + 2 pi * sqrt *
  2.D sqrt *
  u.t [ tmp.v.i ] :=
  tmp.v.i n.wt1 =
until 596
u.t 601

```

```

becomes> hf.t
abpq.from.freq
;
\ ====== 606
: compule
dup
2. / sin 2. ** becomes> u.t
      sin 2. ** becomes> v.t
u.t   1 * becomes> u.t
v.t   1 * becomes> v.t
315. 420. u.t * - 126. u.t 2. ** * + 4. u.t 3. ** * -
315. 420. v.t * - 126. v.t 2. ** * + 4. v.t 3. ** * -
/
2. 1. u.t - 4. ** * 611
*
z=x+i0 sqrt
;
: get.h&g.Le
rad 621
dp.real n.wt1 ramp
n.wt1 c.size :=
2. Pi * * n.wt1 / \ 2pi/N , 2pi*2/N, , 2pi*N/n.fft.pts
compu.le
becomes> hf.t 626
\ real n.wt1 ramp
\ 2. Pi * * n.wt1 / \ 2pi/N , 2pi*2/N, , 2pi*N/n.fft.pts
\ Pi +
\ compule 631
\ conj
\ real n.wt1 ramp
\ 2. Pi * * n.wt1 / neg
\ dup cos swap sin z=x+iy
\ *
\ becomes> gft
abpq.from.freq
;
\ ====== 641
: per.conv \ [ s , r -- (s*r <-> ) ] \ Implementing periodic convolution
\ n m \
fft
swap
fft
* 646
ifft zreal
;
: aper.conv \ [ s , r -- (s*r <-> ) ] \ Implementing periodic convolution
\ n m \
[]size im := becomes> a2.t \ response function in length of 65m
[]size in := becomes> a1.t
domain.flag 0 =
if
in im > \ From Time domain
if 656

```

```

im 2 modulo 0 =
if                                     \ Make it into odd
  a2.t 0. catenate becomes> a2.t
  then
then
a2.t []size im := drop
\   a1.t           becomes> a3.t      \ Response function in length of n
\
\   0. a3.t :=                                \ Padding and wrapping      661
\   a2.t a3.t sub[ 1 , im ] :=

\   isign 1 =                                \ No need to wrap for inverse WT
\   in im > and                            \ Need to wrap for forward WT
\   if
\     a3.t im 1 - 2 / neg rotate becomes> a3.t
\   then
\   a3.t 1 * becomes> a3.t
then
a1.t a2.t rev[ 1 ] conv.aper
\ sub[ 1 , in ]
\ a1.t a2.t conv.aper
sub[ im 2 / 1 + , in ]
;
\ ======                                         681
: assign.wlet
wlet 2 "left " me" " = if get.h&g.me then \ o.n.
wlet 2 "left " le" " = if get.h&g.le then \ o.n.
\ wlet 2 "left " on" " = if get.h&g.on then
wlet 2 "left " on" " =                                         686
wlet 5 1 "sub " a" " =
wlet 5 1 "sub " s" " " = or and
                           if get.h&g.on then
wlet 2 "left " on" " =
wlet 5 1 "sub " c" " " = and
                           if get.h&g.on.c then
wlet 2 "left " bo" " = if get.h&g.bo then
wlet 2 "left " so" " = if get.h&g.so then
;
\ ======                                         696
: make.awp.t \ [ at.t -- ]
n.wt1 my.power
10 n.power >=
if
  real
else
  dp.real
then
n.wt1 ramp
dup
1 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup
  rot
  laminate
;
\ ======                                         701
: make.awp.t \ [ at.t -- ]
n.wt1 my.power
10 n.power >=
if
  real
else
  dp.real
then
n.wt1 ramp
dup
1 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup
  rot
  laminate
;
\ ======                                         706
: make.awp.t \ [ at.t -- ]
n.wt1 my.power
10 n.power >=
if
  real
else
  dp.real
then
n.wt1 ramp
dup
1 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup
  rot
  laminate
;
\ ======                                         711
: make.awp.t \ [ at.t -- ]
n.wt1 my.power
10 n.power >=
if
  real
else
  dp.real
then
n.wt1 ramp
dup
1 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup
  rot
  laminate
;
\ ======

```

```

swap
\ tmp.v.i n.power =
tmp.v.i n.power 1 + =
until
drop
becomes> awp.t
;

\ -----
: make.att.INV \ [ u.t -- ] 716
jwp n.power <
if
  0 tmp.v.i := 721
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup catenate
  tmp.v.i kwp 1 + =
until
becomes> at.t
else
  becomes> at.t
then
;

\ -----
: get.jwp_m 736
jwp 0 =
if n.power 1 + jwp_m :=
else jwp jwp_m :=
then
;

\ -----
: get.swp.t \ inverse wavelet packet transform 741
0 at.t := \ Combine the top level of each WP block
n.power jwp := \ into a {S D1 D2 ....Dj} array
begin
  jwp 1 - jwp :=
  get.jwp_m
  awp.t xsect[ jwp_m , ! ] sub[ 2 jwp ** 1 + , 2 jwp ** ]
  at.t sub[ 2 jwp ** 1 + , 2 jwp ** ] :=
  jwp jwp.level 1 + = 751
until

jwp.level 0 =
if
  awp.t xsect[ jwp_m , ! ] sub[ 1 , 2 jwp.level 1 + ** ] 756
else
  awp.t xsect[ jwp.level , ! ] sub[ 1 , 2 jwp.level 1 + ** ]
then
  at.t sub[ 1 , 2 jwp.level 1 + ** ] :=
at.t becomes> bwp.t 761

jwp.level jwp :=
jwp 1 - nn :=
n.power 1 - jwp - kwp :=
at.t sub[ 1 , 2 jwp ** ] becomes> s.t 766
at.t sub[ 2 jwp ** 1 + ] becomes> d.t

```

```

begin
jwp 1 + jwp :=
nn 1 + nn :=
kwp 1 - kwp :=
get.jwp_m
{tmp.wnd}
2 0 fix.format
cr ."      ==> INV WP Scale Form (" jwp.level . ." --->" n.power 776
." ) ." J = " jwp .
4 0 fix.format

s.t dup catenate dup becomes> u.t      \ set proper dim
becomes> s.t                                         781

0. u.t := \ upsampling
s.t sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** ] u.t sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ] :=
u.t make.att.inv
at.t
ht.t per.conv          \ for inverse WT
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]                                         786

0. u.t :=
d.t sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** ] u.t sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ] :=
u.t make.att.inv
at.t
gt.t per.conv
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]                                         791

+ becomes> s.t
\ -----
jwp n.power <
if
  d.t sub[ 2 nn ** 1 + ] becomes> d.t
then
  jwp n.power =
until
s.t
\ dup                                         806
awp.t sub[ n.power , 1 ; 1 , 2 n.power ** ] :=
;

\ =====
token norm.l exp.mem> norm.l
token norm.v exp.mem> norm.v
real scalar norm.keep.p
dp.real scalar norm.keep.sum.v
token norm.v.s exp.mem> norm.v.s \ best level (single level)
integer scalar ic.least
integer scalar best.level                                         811

\ 80. 100. / norm.keep.p :=
: norm.wp.best
norm.keep.p.best norm.keep.p :=
n.wt1 my.power
\ ----- best level -----                                         821

```

```

jwp.level best.level :=
jwp.level 1 - jwp :=
n.power 1 - jwp - kwp :=
get.jwp_m
begin
  jwp 1 + jwp :=
  kwp 1 - kwp :=
  get.jwp_m
    awp.t xsect[ jwp_m , ! ]
      dup * sort rev[ 1 ] ^sum
      dup [ 2 n.power ** ] norm.keep.p * norm.keep.sum.v :=
      0 tmp.v.i :=
    begin
      tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
      dup [ tmp.v.i ] norm.keep.sum.v >
      tmp.v.i 2 n.power ** =
      or
    until
    drop
    tmp.v.i icd :=
    jwp jwp.level =
  if
    icd ic.least :=
  then
    awp.t xsect[ jwp 1 + , ! ]
      dup * sort rev[ 1 ] ^sum
      0 tmp.v.i :=
    begin
      tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
      dup [ tmp.v.i ] norm.keep.sum.v >
      tmp.v.i 2 n.power ** =
      or
    until
    drop
    tmp.v.i icu :=

    icu icd <
    icu ic.least < and
  if
    icu ic.least :=
    cr " Find New Level at " jwp 1 + 0 n>s "cat
    "type
    " " icu 0 n>s "cat <" "cat icd 0 n>s "cat "type
    jwp 1 + best.level :=
  else
    then
    jwp n.power 1 - =
  until
best.level 0 =
if
  awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ] becomes> norm.v.s
else
  awp.t xsect[ best.level , ! ] becomes> norm.v.s
then

```

```

\ ----- best basis -----
n.wt1 integer ramp becomes> norm.l
n.wt1 dp.real ramp becomes> norm.v
jwp.level jwp :=
n.power 1 - jwp - kwp :=
get.jwp_m
jwp.level norm.l :=
awp.t xsect[ jwp_m , ! ] becomes> norm.v
\ awp.t xsect[ jwp_m , ! ] norm.v := 881

1 to.123.999.flag =
if
  wlet n.power 0 n>s "cat " --> "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " / p="89cat
  norm.keep.p -3 n>s "cat
  1 row.no :=
  to.123.999
then
begin
  jwp 1 + jwp :=
  kwp 1 - kwp :=
  get.jwp_m
  -1 mwp :=
begin
  mwp 1 + mwp :=
  norm.v
  sub[ mwp 2 jwp ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ]
  dup * sort rev[ 1 ] ^sum
  dup [ 2 jwp ** ] norm.keep.p * norm.keep.sum.v := 901
  0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup [ tmp.v.i ] norm.keep.sum.v >
  tmp.v.i 2 jwp ** =
  or
until
drop
tmp.v.i 2 jwp ** =
if
  tmp.v.i icd :=
else
  tmp.v.i icd :=
\ tmp.v.i 1 - icd :=
then 916
911

awp.t xsect[ jwp_m , ! ]
sub[ mwp 2 jwp ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ]
dup * sort rev[ 1 ] ^sum
\ dup [ 1 ] norm.keep.p * norm.keep.sum.v := 926
0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  dup [ tmp.v.i ] norm.keep.sum.v >
  tmp.v.i 2 jwp ** =
  or
921
931

```

```

until
drop
tmp.v.i 2 jwp ** =
if
    tmp.v.i      icu :=
else
    tmp.v.i      icu :=
\ tmp.v.i 1 -  icu :=
then
icu icd <
if
    \ cr ." Find at (J,M)=( " jwp . mwp . . " ) "
cr " Find at (J,M)=( " jwp 0 n>s "cat
" , " "cat mwp 0 n>s "cat " ) " "cat
"type
1 to.123.999.flag =
if
    "     " icu 0 n>s "cat " <" "cat icd 0 n>s "cat " type
    " ( " jwp 0 n>s "cat
    " , " "cat mwp 0 n>s "cat " ) " "cat
    to.123.999
then
jwp
norm.l sub[ mwp 2 jwp      ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ] :=
awp.t xsect[ jwp_m      , ! ]
sub[ mwp 2 jwp      ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ] :=
norm.v sub[ mwp 2 jwp      ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ] :=
else
then
mwp      2 kwp 1 + ** 1 - =
until
jwp  n.power 1 - =
until
;
\ =====
: inverse.wt \ [ at.t h(summing) g(differencin) -- swt.t ]
\ 2 jwp.level := \ range from 1 to (n.power-1)
sub[ 1 , n.wt1 ]
1 *
becomes> at.t
assign.wlet
-1 isign :=
get.h&g \ get correct sign
n.wt1 my.power
make.awp.t
jwp.level      jwp :=
jwp 1 -      nn :=
n.power 1 - jwp - kwp :=
get.jwp_m
at.t sub[ 1 , n.wt1 ] awp.t sub[ jwp_m ; 1 , 2 n.power ** ] :=
at.t sub[ 1           , 2 jwp ** ] becomes> s.t
at.t sub[ 2 jwp ** 1 +           ] becomes> d.t
936
941
946
951
956
961
966
971
976
981
986

```

```

dp.real.fft

begin
jwp 1 + jwp :=
nn 1 + nn :=
kwp 1 - kwp :=
get.jwp_m
{tmp.wnd}                                991
2 0 fix.format
cr ."      ==> INV Scale Form (" jwp.level . ." --->" n.power .
." ) ." J = " jwp .
4 0 fix.format                               996
s.t  dup      catenate      dup  becomes> u.t      \ set proper dim
                               dup  becomes> uwpt
                               dup  becomes> vwpt
                               dup  becomes> swpt
                               becomes> st
                                         1001
s.t  sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** ]      u.t  sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ]  :=
u.t  make.att.inv
at.t
ht.t  per.conv          \ for inverse WT
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]                               1006
0.  u.t  :=  \ upsampling
s.t  sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** ]      u.t  sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ]  :=
u.t  make.att.inv
at.t
ht.t  per.conv          \ for inverse WT
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]                               1011
0.  u.t  :=
d.t  sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** ]      u.t  sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ]  :=
u.t  make.att.inv
at.t
gt.t  per.conv
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]                               1016
+    becomes> st
\ -----
wp.flag 1 =
if
\ -----                                1021
s.t           awpt sub[ jwp_m , 1 ; 1 , 2 jwp      ** ]  :=
\ jwp from (jwp.level + 1 --> n.power )

jwp  n.power <
if
0  mwp :=
." WP(" 2 kwp 1 + ** 1 - n.type ." trees)"
{29.line} sc
begin
mwp 1 + mwp :=
mwp .                               1031
0.  uwpt :=
0.  vwpt :=
jwp 1 >
if
                                         1036
                                         1041

```

```

jwp_m 1 - tmp.v.i.2 :=
else
jwp_m tmp.v.i.2 :=
then
awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i.2 , ! ]
sub[ mwp 2 jwp ** * 1 + , 2 jwp 1 - ** ]
uwp.t sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ] := 1046
awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i.2 , ! ]
sub[ mwp 2 jwp ** * 1 +
2 jwp 1 - ** + , 2 jwp 1 - ** ] 1051
vwp.t sub[ 1 , 2 nn ** , 2 ] :=

uwp.t make.att.inv
at.t
ht.t per.conv \ for inverse WT
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]
vwp.t make.att.inv
at.t
gt.t per.conv \ for inverse WT 1061
sub[ 1 , 2 nn 1 + ** ]
+ becomes> swp.t
swp.t \
\ awp.t sub[ jwp , 1 ; mwp 2 jwp ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ] := 1066:=
awp.t sub[ jwp_m , 1 ; mwp 2 jwp ** * 1 + , 2 jwp ** ] :=
mwp 2 kwp 1 + ** 1 - =
until
then
then 1071
\ -----
jwp n.power <
if
d.t sub[ 2 nn ** 1 + ] becomes> d.t 1076
then
jwp n.power =
until
s.t becomes> swt.t
wp.flag 1 = 1081
if
get.swp.t
then
s.t becomes> swp.t
swt.t
;
\ =====
: forward.wt \ [ at.t , ht.t , gt.t -- ]
sub[ 1 , n.wt1 ]
1 * 1091
becomes> at.t
assign.wlet
+1 isign :=
get.h&g \ get correct sign
n.wt1 my.power 1096

```

```

make.awp.t
n.power jwp :=
-1 kwp :=
0 nn := 1101
at.t sub[ 1 , n.wt1 ] awp.t sub[ jwp ; 1 , 2 jwp ** ] :=
begin
  nn 1 + nn :=
  kwp 1 + kwp :=
  jwp 1 - jwp := 1106
  get.jwp_m
  {tmp.wnd}
  2 0 fix.format
  cr ."      ==> FWR Scale From (" n.power . ." --> jwp.level .
    ." ) ." J = " jwp . 1111
4 0 fix.format
at.t ht.t
aper.flag 1 =
if " >a" s.type aper.conv
else per.conv then 1116
c.size 2 / 2 modulo 0 =
if
  sub[ 1 , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> u.t
else
  sub[ 1 , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> u.t 1121
then
at.t gt.t
aper.flag 1 =
if " >a" s.type aper.conv
else per.conv then 1126
c.size 2 / 2 modulo 0 =
if
  sub[ 1 , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> v.t
else
  sub[ 1 , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> v.t 1131
then
\ -----
wp.flag 1 =
if 1136
\ -----
u.t v.t catenate awp.t sub[ jwp_m , 1 ; 1 , 2 jwp 1 + ** ] :=
jwp n.power 1 - <
if
  0 mwp :=
  ." WP(" 2 kwp ** 1 - . ." ) "
{29.line} sc 1141
begin
  mwp 1 + mwp :=
  mwp .
  awp.t sub[ jwp 1 + , 1 ; mwp 2 jwp 1 + ** * 1 + , 2 jwp 1 + ** ] 1146
  \ jwp from (n.power-1 --> jwp.level)
  0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  dup catenate
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i := 1151
  tmp.v.i kwp =

```

```

until
dup
ht.t per.conv
sub[ 1 , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> uwp.t           1156
gt.t per.conv
sub[ 1 , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> vwp.t
uwp.t vwp.t catenate
awp.t sub[ jwp_m , 1 ; mwp 2 jwp 1 + ** * 1 + , 2 jwp 1 + ** ] := 
mwp 2 kwp ** 1 - =                                         1161
until
then

then
\ -----
jwp n.power 1 - =
if
    v.t                      becomes> d.t
else
    v.t d.t catenate becomes> d.t                         1171
then
0 tmp.v.i :=
u.t
begin
    tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=                                     1176
    dup catenate
    tmp.v.i nn =
until
becomes> at.t
jwp jwp.level =
until
u.t d.t catenate      becomes> d.t
d.t                  becomes> swt.t
wp.flag 1 =
if                                         1186
jwp.level 0 =
if
    awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ]
else
    awp.t xsect[ jwp.level , ! ]                               1191
then
    dup      becomes> swp.t
else
    d.t
then                                         1196
;
\ =====
: aper.wt.convo \ [ at.t , ht.t , gt.t -- ] use "a"
becomes> gt.t
becomes> ht.t
becomes> at.t
n.wt1 my.power
1 nn :=
begin
    cr ." --- " nn .
\ at.t ht.t      conv.aper(fft)                           1206

```

```

at.t ht.t           conv.aper
sub[ im 1 - 2 / 2 + , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> u.t
\ at.t gt.t           conv.aper(fft)
at.t gt.t           conv.aper
sub[ im 1 - 2 / 2 + , n.wt1 2 nn ** / , 2 ] becomes> v.t
nn 1 =
if
    v.t           becomes> d.t
else
    v.t d.t catenate becomes> d.t
then
1 tmp.v.i := u.t
begin
    dup catenate
    tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
    tmp.v.i nn >
until
becomes> at.t
nn 1 + nn :=
nn n.power 1 - >
\ 1 1 =
until
u.t d.t catenate becomes> at.t
at.t
;
: my.wt
isign 1 =
if forward.wt
else inverse.wt
then
;
\ =====
: my.wt.multi.bat                                     1241
tmp.s " := \ window.type
becomes> gt.t
becomes> ht.t
tmp.v.i.9 := \ #.sec
tmp.v.i.1 := \ #.fft.pts                                1246

tmp.v.i.9 1 >
if
[] size tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i tmp.v.i.1 / 2 * 1 - tmp.v.i.2 :=
tmp.v.i tmp.v.i tmp.v.i.1 / tmp.v.i.1 * -
tmp.v.i.1 2 /
>
if
    tmp.v.i.2 1 + tmp.v.i.2 :=
then
tmp.v.i.2 tmp.v.i.9 >
if
    tmp.v.i.9 tmp.v.i.2 :=
then
then                                         1261

```



## LLet-Nor.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01513-20070125-A064 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 5]

```
: LLet-Nor.asy ; \ ----- Asyst Prog 1

real dim[ 29 ] array n.k.p.a
integer scalar icp scalar sec.level scalar #.ele scalar filter.flag
    scalar exp.flag           scalar i.beg
token sig.t exp.mem> sig.t 6

n.k.p.a @[ 1 ] enter[
.995 , .990 , .985 , .980 , .975 ,
.965 , .950 , .925 , .900 , .875 ,
.850 , .825 , .800 , .775 , .750 ,
.700 , .650 , .600 , .550 , .500 ,
.450 , .400 , .350 , .300 , .250 ,
.200 , .150 , .100 , .050      ] drop 11

real scalar s.freq.keep scalar p.b.e scalar t.w 16
: get.sub.a
exp.flag 2 =
if
    sub[ i.beg 2 n.power 1 - ** i.inc * - , 2 n.power 1 + ** , i.inc ]
else 21
    sub[ i.beg , 2 n.power      ** , i.inc ]
then
s.freq.keep float i.inc float / s.freq :=
1 filter.flag =
if 26
    use.blackman.window
    s.freq filter.sample.rate
    lowpass[ p.b.e , t.w ]
    filter
then 31
\ s.freq float i.inc float / s.freq :=
\ 200 float i.inc float / s.freq :=
;

: norm.wt&wp \ statistics of percentage needed to have power beyond 36
becomes> tmp.t
n.k.p.a becomes> 123.ary.n
tmp.t []size swap drop my.power
\ n.power      sec.level := 41
sec.level      jwp :=
\ cr ." sec.level:" n.power get.val sec.level :=
n.power 1 - jwp - kwp :=
get.jwp_m
\     jwp 1 + jwp := 46
\     kwp 1 - kwp :=
get.jwp_m

0      icp :=
begin 51
    icp 1 + icp :=
```

```

3 0 fix.format
icp n.type
n.k.p.a [ icp ]      norm.keep.p :=
    jwp n.power =
if
    2 jwp      ** #.ele :=
    0          mwp   :=
else
    2 jwp 1 - ** #.ele :=
    1          mwp   :=
then
tmp.t  sub[   mwp   2 jwp      ** * 1 + , #.ele ]
    dup *  sort   rev[  1 ]      ^sum
    dup becomes> t8
    dup [ #.ele ]  norm.keep.p *  norm.keep.sum.v :=
0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
    tmp.v.i 1 +  tmp.v.i :=
    dup [ tmp.v.i ]           norm.keep.sum.v >
        tmp.v.i                 #.ele       =
    or
until
drop
tmp.v.i #.ele      =
if
    tmp.v.i      icd :=
else
\ tmp.v.i 1 -  icd :=
    tmp.v.i      icd :=
then
    icd      float
#.ele      float /
100. * \ in percentage
123.ary.n [ icp ] :=

icp n.k.p.a [] size swap drop =
until
10 5 fix.format
;
: get.lab
normal.coords .5 .05 position
wlet "upper"
centered.label
world.coords
;
: get.lab.wp
normal.coords .5 .05 position
wlet
wp.flag 1 = if " --- WP Best Basis" "cat then
centered.label
world.coords
;
: norm.bat
\ wlet " -" "cat sec.level 0 n>s "cat
now.file " [" "cat

```

```

sec.level 0 n>s "cat " , " "cat jwp.level 0 n>s "cat " J " "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " :=  

dir.lee.asc now.file "cat ftoa.bat  

get.sub.a  

111

dup becomes> sig.t
dup
forward.wt
hp  

up 1 yap  

get.lab  

dp 1 yap  

get.lab  

116

\ norm.keep.p.best norm.keep.p :=
norm.wp.best \ get norm.v and norm.l
swt.t
norm.wt&wp
to.123.1  

121

wp.flag 1 =
wlet " le" "="
wlet " me" "=" or
wlet 1 2 "sub " on" "=" or  

and
if
  norm.v
  norm.wt&wp
  gd hp  

  up norm.l 1 yap get.lab.wp
  dp norm.v 1 yap get.lab.wp
  123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " - "cat best.level 0 n>s "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " :=  

  to.123.2  

then  

file.ext make.abc
2 sec.level ** 0 n>s 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] " :=  

n.k.p.a becomes> 123.ary.n \ for the additional col ( n.k.p.a )
;  

\ ======  

146

: test.total.energy
b 2 n.power ** 999 " x" my.p.s
\ 2 n.power ** * \ error <- from density to total energy
[]sum  

" on22a" wlet " :=  

10 5 fix.format .
b forward.wt
dup *
[]sum
10 5 fix.format .
;  

151

: lab.line.seq.res
normal.coords
tmp.v.i 0 n>s tmp.v.i 1 + 20. / 0.05 position  

161

```

```

tmp.v.i line.type label
    tmp.v.i 2 + 20. / 0.05 position
world.coords
;
                                         166

: lab.line.seq \ [ tmp.v.i -- ]   [ "str -- ]
"dup "null "
if
  dup 0 n>s "swap "drop
else
then
dup      dup
normal.coords
    1 + 20. / 0.05 position
line.type label
    2 + 20. / 0.05 position
world.coords
;
                                         171

: plot.per.res
n.wt1 my.power
norm.v           dup * sort ^sum 12 yap
12 " Best Basis" lab.line.seq
jwp.level 0 =
if
  0 tmp.v.i :=
  1 tmp.v.i.2 :=
  awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ] dup * sort ^sum tmp.v.i ydp
  tmp.v.i "null lab.line.seq
else
  jwp.level 1 - tmp.v.i :=
then
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
  awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i , ! ] dup * sort ^sum
  tmp.v.i
  tmp.v.i.2 1 =
  if
    ydp
  else
    yap
  then
  tmp.v.i "null lab.line.seq
  tmp.v.i n.power =
until
;
                                         191

: 123.tmp
{29.line}
dup [ 2 n.power ** ] /
dup becomes> 123.ary.n
tmp.v.i 0 n>s " - "cat wlet "cat now.file "cat 123.ary.s "[ 1 ]
" :=
to.123
file.no 1 + file.no :=
previous.window
                                         196
                                         201
                                         211
                                         216

```

```

; plot.per
1 file.no :=
1 gp.flag :=
\ make sure this .wks exist
dir.lee.asc " norm-dis.wks " cat    123.file.name " :=

n.wt1 my.power
jwp.level 0 =
if
  0 tmp.v.i := 226
  1 tmp.v.i.2 := awp.t xsect[ n.power 1 + , ! ] dup * sort ^sum
  123.tmp
  tmp.v.i yap
  tmp.v.i "null lab.line.seq
else
  0 tmp.v.i.2 := 231
  jwp.level 1 - tmp.v.i :=
then
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i := 236
  awp.t xsect[ tmp.v.i , ! ] dup * sort ^sum
  123.tmp
  tmp.v.i
  tmp.v.i.2 1 = 241
  if
    ydp
    1 tmp.v.i.2 :=
  else
    yap
  then
    tmp.v.i "null lab.line.seq
    tmp.v.i n.power =
until
norm.v           dup * sort ^sum 251
123.tmp
13 ydp
13 " Best Basis " lab.line.seq
2 n.power ** real ramp 2 n.power ** /
123.tmp
swt.t           dup * sort ^sum 256
123.tmp
16 ydp
16 " swt.t "      lab.line.seq
;

```

# LLet-Pha.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01514-20070125-A065 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: LLet-Pha.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1

\ input llet-0.txt first

integer scalar #.wei
real scalar band.start scalar band.stop 6

1.1      band.start := 25
# .wei      :=
: fre.mod
" [ array , freq , Hilbert.filter.flag -- array ] " s.type 11
tmp.v.i   :=
tmp.v     :=
becomes > t8

tmp.v 2. / band.start - band.stop := 16
t8
dup
tmp.v.i 1 =
if
  tmp.v filter.sample.rate
  hilbert[ #.wei ; band.start , band.stop ]
  ." epsilon=" n.type
  filter
else
  hilbert 26
then
\ neg
swap z=x+iy
\ becomes > t7  t7 becomes > t8
becomes > t8 31

\ Calcute dp/dt --- use polar z=r*exp(i p)
t8 differentiate.data                                \
\ dz
t8 zmag    differentiate.data                      \
\ dr
t8 zarg    dup   cos    swap   sin   z=x+iy *      \
\ exp(i p) * dr 36
-                                         \
\ --> numerator
t8      0 1 z=x+iy *                                \
\ i * z --> denominator
/
\ zmag
zreal
tmp.v 0 =                                              \
\ Wrong 41
if
else
  2. pi * /      tmp.v *          \ change unit from radian to frequency
then
becomes > t8  \ fre.modu
t8
;
: m0.s.phase 51
```

```
b inverse.wt 1 yap
wlet tmp.s.u ":"=
tmp.s.u "upper 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ":"=
p.coef fft zarg becomes> 123.ary.n
\ q.coef fft zarg becomes> 123.ary.n
123.ary.n 1 yap
get.lab
to.123
file.ext make.abc
\ sd
;

.....
```

---

## LLet-Psi.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01515-20070125-A066 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
: LLet-Psi.asy ; \ For plotting Psi Curves \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ : PsiC-Wks.asy ;
\ %----- 6
\      Output Real and Imag Parts of psi to wks file
\ %----- 11
\ \ remove path
123.file.name.1
dir.lee.asc "len 1 + "drop
"dup "len "drop dir.lee.asc "len "drop - "sub 123.file.now ":"=
\ \ %===== Morlet (new)
123.file.now v.t zreal " Re-N" 1 a2wks
123.file.now v.t zimag " Im-N" 2 a2wks
123.file.now v.t zimag []size swap drop real ramp 16
" $$[(3,1024)]" 3 a2wks

\ \ %===== ridge 21
\ %----- 26
\ " RIWV.wka" v.t zreal " Re-R" 1 a2wks
\ " RIWV.wka" v.t zimag " Im-R" 2 a2wks
\ " RIWV.wka" v.t zimag []size swap drop real ramp
\ " $$[(3,1024)]" 3 a2wks
\ \ \ %===== Morlet (new) 31
\ " RImorlet.wka" v.t zreal " Re-N" 1 a2wks
\ " RImorlet.wka" v.t zimag " Im-N" 2 a2wks
\ " RImorlet.wka" v.t zimag []size swap drop real ramp
\ " $$[(3,1024)]" 3 a2wks
\ %===== 36
\ \ \ %===== template for a2wks
: model
" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal " Re-ori+d" 15 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag " Im-ori+d" 16 a2wks

" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal " Re-ori" 1 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag " Im-ori" 2 a2wks 41
" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal " Re-old" 3 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag " Im-old" 4 a2wks

" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal " Re-old-s" 5 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag " Im-old-s" 6 a2wks 46
" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal " Re-old+s" 7 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag " Im-old+s" 8 a2wks

" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal " Re-ori-s" 9 a2wks 51
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag " Im-ori-s" 10 a2wks
```

```

" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal   " Re-ori+s" 11 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag   " Im-ori+s" 12 a2wks
56

" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal   " Re-ori-d" 13 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag   " Im-ori-d" 14 a2wks

" morletRI.wka" v.t zreal   " Re-ori+d" 15 a2wks
" morletRI.wka" v.t zimag   " Im-ori+d" 16 a2wks
61

" morletRI.wka"
v.t zimag []size swap drop
dup
real ramp s.freq float /
swap 10 +
" $$[(13"
" , "          "cat
0 n>s          "cat
" )]-ori"    "cat
\ %----- 13 a2wks
71
;

\ \

```

## LLet-WPM.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01516-20070125-A067 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 3]

```
: LLet-WPM.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ \ 0: Load Llet-0.txt
\ \ 1: Set.cwt
\ \ 2: Set.act
\ \ 3: action
\ \ 4: get.map 6

token wp.a      exp.mem> wp.a      token wp.p      exp.mem> wp.p
token wp.s      exp.mem> wp.s      token wp.o      exp.mem> wp.o
token x.corn1   exp.mem> x.corn1  token x.corn2   exp.mem> x.corn2
token y.corn1   exp.mem> y.corn1  token y.corn2   exp.mem> y.corn2 11
8 string no.ext
64 string fidir
" c:\per\mat\0-map\data\" fidir   " :=

integer scalar best.flag 16
: get.no.ext
now.file
" ." now.file "within 1 - ?drop 1 swap "sub
\ " -"                                         "cat
now.file
" ." now.file "within 1 + ?drop 1          "sub    "cat
no.ext  " := 21
;
: get.map
cr ." BEST BASIS (1) or BEST LEVEL (2) [at " best.level 0 n>s s.type 26
." ] : "
1
get.val  best.flag  :=
best.flag 2 =
if 31
\ norm.v.s becomes> norm.v
\ awp.t xsect[ best.level , ! ] becomes> norm.v
\ best.level norm.l :=
norm.v.s becomes> t1
norm.l    becomes> t2 36
best.level t2 :=
else
norm.v    becomes> t1
norm.l    becomes> t2
then 41

get.no.ext
-20   6 sci.format
cr ." Mat file name for No.Ext:" no.ext  get.str  no.ext " := 46
fidir  no.ext "cat " .sip" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
0 i.ele :=
Begin
i.ele 1 + i.ele :=
sig.t    [ i.ele ] . 51
                                cr
```

```

    i.ele 2 n.power ** =
Until
out>file.close

2 n.power ** real ramp becomes> wp.a
wp.a becomes> wp.p
wp.a becomes> wp.s
wp.a becomes> wp.o
wp.a becomes> t8
wp.a becomes> x.corn1
wp.a becomes> x.corn2
wp.a becomes> y.corn1
wp.a becomes> y.corn2
0 i.ele :=
Begin
    i.ele 1 + i.ele :=
    cr ." i.ele:" i.ele .
\ -1 mwp := \ mwp=0 & wp.o=0 --> no oscillation --> scaling function
    \ mwp=1           --> WB
    \ mwp>1           --> WP
66

    i.ele 1 - float
        2 float t2 [ i.ele ] ** / floor mwp      :=
t1 [ i.ele ]                         wp.a [ i.ele ] := \ amplitude
    i.ele mwp 2   t2 [ i.ele ] ** * - wp.p [ i.ele ] := \ position
    n.power       t2 [ i.ele ] - wp.s [ i.ele ] := \ timesupport
    mwp           wp.o [ i.ele ] := \ oscillation
. " mwp:" mwp .
i.ele 2 n.power ** =
81
Until

n.power t8 := \ n.power array
\ wp.p 2 wp.s ** * becomes> x.corn1
\ wp.p 1 + 2 wp.s ** * becomes> x.corn2
wp.p 1 - 2 wp.s ** * becomes> x.corn1
wp.p 2 wp.s ** * becomes> x.corn2
wp.o 2 t8 wp.s - ** * becomes> y.corn1
wp.o 1 + 2 t8 wp.s - ** * becomes> y.corn2
86
91

-20 6 sci.format
fidir no.ext "cat " .mip "cat
"dup defer> delete
    defer> out>file
0 i.ele :=
Begin
    i.ele 1 + i.ele :=
\ x.corn1 [ i.ele ] . y.corn1 [ i.ele ] . cr
    x.corn1 [ i.ele ] s.freq float /
    y.corn1 [ i.ele ] s.freq float * 2. / 2 n.power ** float / . cri01
    i.ele 2 n.power ** =
Until
out>file.close
fidir no.ext "cat " .map "cat
"dup defer> delete
    defer> out>file
106

```

```

0 i.ele :=
Begin
  i.ele 1 + i.ele :=
\ x.corn2 [ i.ele ] .           y.corn2 [ i.ele ] . cr      111
  x.corn2 [ i.ele ] s.freq float / .
  y.corn2 [ i.ele ] s.freq float * 2. / 2 n.power ** float / . cr
  i.ele 2 n.power ** =
Until
out>file.close          116
fidir no.ext "cat" ".amp" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
0 i.ele :=
Begin
  i.ele 1 + i.ele :=
  wp.a [ i.ele ] .           cr
  i.ele 2 n.power ** =
Until
out>file.close          121
fidir no.ext "cat" ".spp" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
n.power . jwp.level . best.flag . best.level . s.freq .
t2 [ 1 ] . norm.keep.p.best .          131
out>file.close
cr
fidir no.ext "cat" ".stp" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file          136
wlet s.type cr now.file "type" cr best.level 0 n>s s.type
out>file.close
\ " c:\per\mat\currentp.stp"
fidir " cur-map.fip" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
no.ext "type"
out>file.close
cdtNow
10 5 fix.format          141
;
\ get.map
.....
```

---

## LLet-WVT.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01517-20070125-A068 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 20]

```
: LLet-Rdg.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ : LLet-CW2.asy ;

\ Real.FFT

integer scalar #.fre           scalar mat.inc      6
integer scalar mat.beg   scalar mat.pts   scalar mat.power
scalar erf.flag
real scalar f.cen    scalar f.dia    scalar f.shi
real scalar sai.beg   scalar sai.end  scalar sai.now  scalar a.sca
real scalar fre.beg   scalar fre.end  scalar fre.now  scalar fre.inc 11

1 string rea.or.com
1 string psi.flag
1 string pha.switch.flag
12 string now.file.2          16
token t3 exp.mem> t3
token t4 exp.mem> t4
32 string wlet
64 string fidir
" c:\per\mat\0-cwt\data\" fidir  := 21

: get.sai \ sai.beg ~ large value ~ large scale ~ low frequency
  \ sai.end ~ small value ~ small scale ~ high frequency
1 erf.flag =
if 26
  \ Erfc[ .4 (f+2.5) - 2 ] * 3 + 5
  2. 2. * 7.5 -2.5 - /
  fre.now -2.5 - *
  2 -
  erf
  1 swap -
  sai.beg sai.end -
  2. /
  *
  sai.end + 31
then
2 erf.flag =
if 36
  s.freq float 2. / 2. / f.cen := \ % Nyquist first then divided by 2
  s.freq 4.        / f.dia  := \ % Spread width of Erfc[x] is about 4;
  0.          f.shi  := \ % while Erfc[+2]=0 and Erfc[-2]>2.
  \ % Erfc[ (f - f.cen )/f.dia - f.shi ] /2 * (sai.beg - sai.end)
  fre.now f.cen - f.dia /
  f.shi -
  erf
  1 swap -
  2. /
  sai.beg sai.end - *
  sai.end + 46
then
\ 0 erf.flag = 51
```

```

1  erf.flag  <>
2  erf.flag  <>  and
if
# .fre  1 >
if
    sai.end  sai.beg -
    fre.end  fre.beg - /
    fre.now  fre.beg - *
    sai.beg  +
else
    sai.beg
then
then
sai.now  :=
;
\ =====
\ %1 If not shifted, Re-part of psi is symmetrical and Im-part anti-symmetrical.
\ %2 Whether shifted or not, both Re- and Im-part are sinusoidal.
\ %3 Analytical Modulus =~= Real part Envelope
\ %4 Ridge extraction from envelope.
\ %5 Poor phase information
\ =====
: get.psi.sca.new \ Original -- The same as Morlet's
\ rev[ 1 ] is placed in ramp
\ % ===== Carrier
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
    2 n.power **
else
    2 n.power 1 - **
then
real ramp 1. -
\ %!%-----
dup 1. +
rev[ 1 ]
neg
catenate
\     dup -1 rotate
\     0. over [ tmp.v.i      ] :=
\     rev[ 1 ]
\ neg
\ catenate
\ %^%-----
s.freq / \ absolute time
becomes> t2

\ % ===== Carrier
T2
\ %!%-----
\ % Choose one !
    sai.now * a.sca /          \ %%           use to.mat.e.p --> good mod, poor pha
\    sai.now * a.sca / pi 2. / + \ %%           use to.mat.e.p -->
\    sai.now * a.sca / pi 2. / - \ %% The wavelet is positively shifted 106
" (Phase adjusted: 0)" tmp.s.9   " :=
```

```

\ %!%-----
\ % %--- neg dup cos swap sin z=x+iy
dup cos swap sin z=x+iy           \ The negative sign is removed for
                                         \ consistent definition of FT pairs.111
becomes> u.t

\ % ===== Modulator
t2
\ %--%                                \ %% ? Don't shift here (the index      116
\ %
\ %-----                                 has been in good match). --- ?
\ %-----                                 Choose one!
1. *                                     \ %% No shift
\ pi 2. / a.sca * sai.now / + \ %% The envelope is negatively shifted121
\ pi 2. / a.sca * sai.now / - \ %% The envelope is positively shifted.
\ %^%
dup *
2. / a.sca / a.sca / neg
becomes> v.t                                         126

0 tmp.v.i :=                               \ Treat those values that cause
begin                                         \ numerical underflow when taken
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=                   to exponential.
  -50. v.t [ tmp.v.i ] >=                  131
  if
    -50. v.t [ tmp.v.i ] :=
  then
    exp.flag 1 =
    exp.flag 2 = or                         136
  if
    tmp.v.i 2 n.power 1 + ** =
  else
    tmp.v.i 2 n.power ** =
  then                                         141
until
v.t exp becomes> v.t

u.t v.t * pi -0.25 ** *
a.sca sqrt /
becomes> v.t                                         146

\ % ===== render analytic signal of psi
\ % Theoretically, there is no effect except a factor 2 difference in modulus.
\ \ v.t dup hilbert 0 1 z=x+iy * +
\ v.t dup hilbert 0 +1 z=x+iy * + \ \ % H[cos(x)]= - sin(x)          151
\ 2. /
\ becomes> v.t
\ v.t dup hilbert 0 -1 z=x+iy * + \ \ % H[cos(x)]= + sin(x)
\ 2. /
\ becomes> v.t
\ \ %^% ----- Original
\ % ===== difference : A[psi]-psi
\ % How analytic is the Morlet wavelet?
\ v.t                                         161
\ v.t dup hilbert 0 -1 z=x+iy * + \ \ % H[cos(x)]= + sin(x)

```

```

\ 2. /
\ swap -
\ becomes > v.t
;
\ %=====
\ % Both Re & Im parts of psi are symmetrical.
\ % If not shifted, Im part is not sinusoidal ---> Ridge extraction from phase.
\ % If shifted, Re part is not sinusoidal ---> Ridge extraction from envelope.
\ %=====171=====
\ : get.psi.sca.old \ Ridge detection from phase plot --- Use to.mat.e.p
: get.psi.sca.old \ Ridge detection from phase plot --- Use to.mat.e.p
\ rev[ 1 ] is placed after ramp
\ % ===== Carrier
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
  2 n.power **
else
  2 n.power 1 - **
then
\ real ramp s.freq / \ absolute time
real ramp 1. - s.freq / \ absolute time
\ %!%-----
\ % Choose one!
\                               \ %% Old - Detection of ridge in phase plane
psi.flag "upper" R" "=
if
\ sai.now * a.sca / pi 2. / + \ %% -shift to.mat.e.p --> good ridge, bad pha
  sai.now * a.sca / pi 2. / - \ %% +shift
  " (Phase adjusted: -pi/2)" tmp.s.9 ":"=
else
  sai.now * a.sca /           \ %%      use to.mat.e.p --> good mod & pha
  " (Phase adjusted: 0)" tmp.s.9 ":"=
then
\ %^%-----
\ dup cos swap neg sin z=x+iy
neg dup cos swap sin z=x+iy
becomes > u.t
;
\ % ===== Modulator
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
  2 n.power **
else
  2 n.power 1 - **
then
real ramp 1. - s.freq / \ absolute time
\ %!%-----
\ % Choose one!
psi.flag "upper" R" "=
if
\ pi 2. / a.sca * sai.now / + \ %% The envelope is negatively shifted.
  pi 2. / a.sca * sai.now / - \ %% The envelope is positively shifted216
else

```

```

1. *                                \ %% No shift
then
\ %^-----  

dup *
2. / a.sca / a.sca / neg           221
becomes> v.t
0 tmp.v.i :=  

begin
tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=  

-50. v.t [ tmp.v.i ] >=
if
-50. v.t [ tmp.v.i ] :=
then
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
tmp.v.i 2 n.power ** =
else
tmp.v.i 2 n.power 1 - ** =
then
until
v.t exp becomes> v.t  

231

u.t v.t * pi -0.25 ** *
dup -1 rotate                         241
\ % 0. over [ tmp.v.i ] :=
dup [ tmp.v.i 1 - ] over [ tmp.v.i ] :=
rev[ 1 ]
catenate  

246

a.sca sqrt /
becomes> v.t  

251
v.t conj                                \ Match the +- sign of the definition of FT pair
becomes> v.t

\ \% v.t dup hilbert z=x+iy          \ render analytic signal
\ v.t dup hilbert 0 1 z=x+iy * +      \ render analytic signal 250 of psi
\ becomes> v.t  

\ \\ v.t []size 2 / rotate \ peak at center
\ \\ becomes> v.t  

;  

261

: get.psi.sca
psi.flag "upper " O " "=
psi.flag "upper " R " "= or
if
get.psi.sca.old
else
get.psi.sca.new
then  

;                                         266
: test.hilbert.sign.compatibility
271

```

```

gd
up
v.t zreal
2. *
1 yap
v.t zreal hilbert
2. *
5 ydp
v.t dup hilbert 0 +1 z=x+iy * +
zreal
\ 1 yap
2 ydp
dp
v.t zimag
2. *
1 yap
v.t dup hilbert 0 +1 z=x+iy * +
zimag
2 ydp
hp
;
: ini.re.im.ary
1 tmp.v.i :=
2 mat.power ** real ramp
begin
    tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
    2 mat.power ** real ramp
    laminate
    tmp.v.i #.fre >=
until
becomes> rt.t
rt.t trans[ 1 , 2 ] becomes> rt.t
0. rt.t :=
rt.t becomes> at.t
rt.t becomes> wp.a
;

: get.v.t.sub \ show half
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
    sub[ 1 , 2 n.power ** ]
else
    sub[ 1 , 2 n.power 1 - ** ]
then
;
: get.mat.sub
sub[ 1 , mat.pts , mat.inc ]
;
: cwt
#.fre real ramp becomes> a.coef
a.coef becomes> b.coef
a.coef becomes> p.coef
326
fre.beg fre.inc #.fre 1 - * + fre.end :=

```

```

n.wt1 my.power
dir.lee.asc now.file "cat ftoa.bat
get.sub.a
becomes> sig.t           \ data
ini.re.im.ary
fre.beg   fre.now :=
gd hp
1 vi1 :=
Begin
  get.sai
  sai.now 2 pi fre.now ** / a.sca :=
  get.psi.sca      \ get v.t : scaled psi

3 0 fix.format cr vi1 .
5 2 fix.format ." f=" fre.now n.type
  ." s=" sai.now . 7 4 fix.format ." A=" a.sca n.type
fre.now b.coef [ vi1 ] :=
a.sca a.coef [ vi1 ] :=
sai.now p.coef [ vi1 ] :=

v.t zreal get.v.t.sub up 1 yap
v.t zimag get.v.t.sub dp 1 yap
  now.file \ " --" "cat now.file.2 "cat
  \ " [File No. " "cat file.no 1 + 0 n>s "cat     " ]" "cat
normal.coords .5 .05 position
  [" "cat psi.flag "cat " ]" "cat
tmp.s.9 "cat
  " f=" "cat fre.now 0.00001 + -2 n>s "cat
  " s=" "cat sai.now -2 n>s "cat
  " A=" "cat a.sca -3 n>s "cat
centered.label world.coords
exp.flag 1 =
if
  sig.t sub[ 1 , 2 n.power 1 - ** ] rev[ 1 ]
  sig.t
  catenate
  sig.t sub[ 2 n.power 1 - ** 1 + , 2 n.power 1 - ** ] rev[ 1 ]
  catenate
else \ exp.flag=0 , 2
  sig.t
then
  \ dup hilbert      z=x+iy      \ render analytic signal
    fft          \ F^(w)
v.t   conj   fft rev[ 1 ] \ G^(-w) , psi=conj(g)
  \ v.t   fft rev[ 1 ] \ G^(-w)
  \ * a.sca sqrt /      \ move to get.psi.sca
*                                \ for move to get.psi.sca
iff
dup zreal envelope
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
  sub[ 2 n.power 1 - ** 1 + , 2 n.power ** ]
else
then
get.mat.sub

```

```

wp.a xsect[ ! , vi1 ] :=
exp.flag 1 =
exp.flag 2 = or
if
    sub[ 2 n.power 1 - ** 1 + , 2 n.power ** ]
else
then
get.mat.sub
dup zreal rt.t xsect[ ! , vi1 ] := 386
zimag at.t xsect[ ! , vi1 ] := 391
fre.now fre.inc + fre.now :=
vi1 1 + vi1 :=
\ vi1 #.fre 1 + >
vi1 #.fre 1 + = 396
Until
exp.flag 2 =
if
    sig.t sub[ 2 n.power 1 - ** 1 + , 2 n.power ** ] becomes> sig.t
then 401
;

: to.mat.p
becomes> awp.t
\ awp.t []size tmp.v.i := drop 406
-12 6 sci.format
0 vi2 :=
begin
    vi2 1 + vi2 :=
0 vi1 := 411
begin
    vi1 1 + vi1 :=
    awp.t [ vi2 , vi1 ] .
    vi1 #.fre =
until 416
cr
vi2 2 mat.power ** =
until
;
: compu.pha.res \ -pi <--> pi + pi 421

0 tmp.v.i := \ reassign rt.t when rt.t=0 in denominator
begin
    tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
    rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] 426
    dup abs []max tmp.v := \ X
    becomes> t1
    0 vi1 :=
begin
    vi1 1 + vi1 :=
    t1 [ vi1 ] 0. =
    if
        tmp.v 10. -10. ** *
        rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] := 431
    else
    then 436

```

```

vi1 2 mat.power ** =
until
tmp.v.i #.fre =
until

0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=

\ at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]          \ Y  446
\ rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] /        \ X
\ atan
\ becomes > t1

rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]          \ X  451
at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] /        \ Y
z=x+iy
zarg pi + becomes > t1

t1 bwp.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] :=

tmp.v.i #.fre =
until
;

: compu.pha \ 0 -- 2pi  461

\ pha.switch.flag "upper" Y" "="
pha.switch.flag "upper" R" "="
if \ % switch real and imaginary parts
  rt.t becomes > t4  466
  at.t becomes > t3
else
  rt.t becomes > t3
  at.t becomes > t4
then  471

0 tmp.v.i := \ reassign rt.t when rt.t=0 in denominator
begin
tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
t3 xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]
\ rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]  476
dup abs []max tmp.v :=          \ X
becomes > t1
0 vi1 :=
begin
vi1 1 + vi1 :=
t1 [ vi1 ] 0. =
if
  tmp.v 10. -10. ** *
  t3 xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] :=  486
  \ rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] :=

else
then
  vi1 2 mat.power ** =
until
tmp.v.i #.fre =

```

```

until

0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i := 496
  t4 xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]          \
  t3 xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] /          \
  \ rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] /          \
  atan                                         \
becomes > t1                                     501

0 vi1 :=
begin
  vi1 1 + vi1 := 506
  t1 [ vi1 ] 0 >=
  if
    t4 xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] 0 >=
    \ at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] 0 >=
    if
      else
        t1 [ vi1 ] pi + t1 [ vi1 ] := 511
        then
      else
        t4 xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] 0 >
        \ at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] 0 >
        if
          t1 [ vi1 ] pi + t1 [ vi1 ] := 516
        else
          t1 [ vi1 ] pi 2 * + t1 [ vi1 ] := 521
          then
        then
        vi1 2 mat.power ** =
until                                              526

t1 bwp.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] :=

tmp.v.i #.fre =
until                                              531
;

: to.mat.p.2
0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
  1 tmp.v.i + tmp.v.i := 536
  dup [ tmp.v.i ] .
  tmp.v.i #.fre =
until
drop
;

: to.mat.m.p \ modulus and phase
psi.flag " N" "="
if
  " Adapted CWT" wlet " := 541
" M1" s.type
then

```

```

psi.flag  " 0"   "=

if
  " Wavelet Variant (M)"  wlet  ":="
" M2" s.type
then

\ " Adapted CWT"  wlet  ":="

get.no.ext
-20  6 sci.format
cr ." Mat file name for No.Ext:"  no.ext  get.str  no.ext  ":"=
  fidir  no.ext  "cat  ".sic"  "cat
cr ." WLET:"  wlet  get.str  wlet  ":"=
  "dup  defer>  delete
    defer>  out>file
0 i.ele :=
Begin
  i.ele 1 +  i.ele :=

  sig.t  [ i.ele ] .                                cr
  \ i.ele 2 mat.power ** =
  i.ele 2 n.power ** =  \ not mat.power
Until
out>file.close

rt.t  dup *
at.t  dup * +
sqrt
becomes> awp.t

\ \ Envelope of modulus
\ 0 tmp.v.i :=
\ begin
\ 1 tmp.v.i +  tmp.v.i :=
\ awp.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]  envelope
\ awp.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]  :=
\ tmp.v.i #.fre =
\ until

fidir no.ext "cat  ".amc"  "cat
"dup  defer>  delete
  defer>  out>file
awp.t  to.mat.p
out>file.close

awp.t  becomes> bwp.t
compu.pha
  fidir no.ext "cat  ".phc"  "cat
  "dup  defer>  delete
    defer>  out>file
  bwp.t  to.mat.p
    out>file.close
cr fidir  no.ext  "cat  ".scc"  "cat
  "dup  defer>  delete
    defer>  out>file
  b.coef  to.mat.p.2  cr
  a.coef  to.mat.p.2  cr

```

```

p.coef to.mat.p.2
out>file.close
cr fidir no.ext "cat" ".spc" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
n.power . jwp.level . best.flag . best.level . s.freq .
mat.power . mat.inc .
\ t2 [ 1 ] . 606

out>file.close
cr fidir no.ext "cat" ".stc" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
wlet s.type cr now.file "type" cr best.level 0 n>s s.type
cr pha.switch.flag s.type
out>file.close
611

cr fidir " cur-cwt.fip" "cat
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
no.ext "type"
out>file.close
cdtNow
10 5 fix.format
; 626

: to.mat.e.p \ envelope and phase
psi.flag " N" "="
if
" Adapted CWT" wlet ":="
" E1" s.type
then
psi.flag " O" "="
if
" Wavelet Variant (H)" wlet ":="
" E2" s.type
then 631

\ " Adapted CWT" wlet ":=" 636
get.no.ext
-20 6 sci.format
cr ." Mat file name for No.Ext:" no.ext get.str no.ext ":=" 641
fidir no.ext "cat" ".sic" "cat
cr ." WLET:" wlet get.str wlet ":="
"dup defer> delete
defer> out>file
0 i.ele :=
Begin
i.ele 1 + i.ele :=
sig.t [ i.ele ] .
i.ele 2 n.power ** = \ not mat.power 646
Until
out>file.close

\ rt.t dup *
\ at.t dup * +
\ sqrt 656

```

```

\      becomes> awp.t

wp.a          \ envelope
becomes> awp.t                                         661

fidir no.ext "cat  ".amc "cat
"dup  defer> delete
    defer> out>file
awp.t  to.mat.p
out>file.close                                         666

awp.t  becomes> bwp.t
compu.pha
fidir no.ext "cat  ".phc "cat
"dup  defer> delete
    defer> out>file
bwp.t  to.mat.p
out>file.close                                         671

cr fidir  no.ext  "cat  ".scc "cat
"dup  defer> delete
    defer> out>file
b.coef  to.mat.p.2 cr
a.coef  to.mat.p.2 cr
p.coef  to.mat.p.2
out>file.close                                         676
681

cr fidir  no.ext  "cat  ".spc "cat
"dup  defer> delete
    defer> out>file
n.power .  jwp.level .  best.flag .  best.level .  s.freq .
mat.power .  mat.inc .
\ t2 [ 1 ] .

out>file.close
cr fidir  no.ext  "cat  ".stc "cat
"dup  defer> delete
    defer> out>file
wlet s.type cr now.file "type  cr best.level 0 n>s s.type
cr  pha.switch.flag  s.type
out>file.close                                         691
696

cr fidir  " cur-cwt.fip " "cat
"dup  defer> delete
    defer> out>file
no.ext "type
out>file.close                                         701
706

cdtNow
10 5 fix.format
;

: to.mat
psi.flag "upper " O " "
psi.flag "upper " R " " = or
cr
if
" to.mat.E.p" s.type.3 cr
" Phase switch flag : " s.type  pha.switch.flag s.type.3
to.mat.e.p                                         711

```

```

else
  " to.mat.M.p" s.type.3
  " Phase switch flag : "  s.type  pha.switch.flag s.type.3
  to.mat.m.p
then
cr
;
: cwt.56
\ -----
5 4 goto.xy
  ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file  s.type \ get.str  now.file ":=
5 5 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format
n.wt1 my.power
  ." Number of points of wavelet (n.wt1):"
  2 n.power ** n.type \ get.val  n.wt1 := 726
5 6 goto.xy
  ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
  s.freq.keep n.type \ get.val  s.freq.keep :=
5 7 goto.xy 2 0 fix.format
  ." Index Interval for Sub-sampling:" i.inc n.type \ get.val  i.inc := 731
  s.freq.keep float i.inc float / 6 2 fix.format
  ." (Sub-Sampling rate: " 1 n>s s.type ." )"
5 8 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format
  ." Index of first point of array" i.beg  n.type \ get.val  i.beg := 736
5 9 goto.xy
  ." PSI flag (New or Old [ or old's Ridge in envelope]): "
  psi.flag s.type \ get.str psi.flag ":=
\ -----
n.wt1 my.power
5 10 goto.xy 7 3 fix.format
  ." Fre.beg:"
  fre.beg n.type \ get.val  fre.beg := 741
5 11 goto.xy 3 0 fix.format
  ." Number of freq resolution (#.fre):" #.fre  n.type \ get.val #.fre := 746
5 12 goto.xy 7 3 fix.format
  ." Fre.inc:" fre.inc n.type \ get.val  fre.inc :=
  fre.beg #.fre 1 - fre.inc * + ." (Freq. range:"
  fre.beg n.type ." --" n.type ." )"
5 13 goto.xy
  ." ERF flag [1:fixed relation, 2:varing (Nyquist), Else:linear] :"
  erf.flag n.type \ get.val  erf.flag := 751
5 14 goto.xy 6 3 fix.format
  ." sai.beg [ Low frequency ] :" sai.beg  n.type \ get.val  sai.beg
:=
5 15 goto.xy
  ." sai.end [ High frequency ] :" sai.end  n.type \ get.val  sai.end 756
:=
5 16 goto.xy 4 0 fix.format
  ." Expand Flag(0, 1, 2):" exp.flag  n.type \ get.val  exp.flag :=
5 17 goto.xy
  ." MAT pts (number of points to be used in MMA plot):" 761
  Mat.pts n.type \ get.val mat.pts :=
  2 n.power ** mat.pts / mat.inc :=
  n.power \ for recover
  mat.pts my.power n.power mat.power :=

```

```

n.power := \ recover 766
5 18 goto.xy 1 0 fix.format
." MAT.beg (From 1 to " mat.inc . ." ):" 1 n.type \ get.val mat.beg
:=
10 5 fix.format
\ =====
;
: set.cwt 771
\ n.wt1 my.power
\
\ 5 10 goto.xy 6 2 fix.format
\ . " Fre.beg:" 7 3 fix.format
\ \ . " Fre.beg (original rate at " s.freq.keep n.type . " ):" 7 3 fix.format
\ fre.beg get.val fre.beg :=
\ 3 0 fix.format
\ 5 11 goto.xy
\ . " Number of freq resolution (#.fre):" #.fre get.val #.fre := 781
\ 5 12 goto.xy 7 3 fix.format
\ . " Fre.inc:" fre.inc get.val fre.inc :=
\ fre.beg #.fre 1 - fre.inc * + . " (Freq. range:"
\ fre.beg n.type . " -- n.type . )"
\ 5 13 goto.xy 786
\ . " ERF flag [1:fixed relation, 2:varing (Nyquist), Else:linear] :"
\ erf.flag get.val erf.flag := 6 3 fix.format
\ 5 14 goto.xy
\ . " sai.beg [ Low frequency ] :" sai.beg get.val sai.beg :=
\ 5 15 goto.xy 791
\ . " sai.end [ High frequency ] :" sai.end get.val sai.end :=
\ 4 0 fix.format
\
\ 5 16 goto.xy
\ . " Expand Flag(0, 1, 2):" exp.flag get.val exp.flag := 796
\ 5 17 goto.xy
\ \ . " MAT pts:" 256 get.val mat.pts :=
\ . " MAT pts (number of points to be used in MMA plot):"
\ Mat.pts get.val mat.pts :=
\ 2 n.power ** mat.pts / mat.inc := 801
\ n.power \ for recover
\ mat.pts my.power n.power mat.power :=
\ n.power := \ recover
\ 1 0 fix.format
\ 5 18 goto.xy 806
\ . " MAT.beg (From 1 to " mat.inc . ." ):" 1 get.val mat.beg :=
\ 10 5 fix.format
;

\ : ini.par 811

: plot.cwt.mag
0 tmp.v.i :=
begin
tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=
rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] dup *
at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] dup * +
sqrt
816

```

```

tmp.v.i 1 =
if
  tmp.v.i yap
else
  yadp.flag "a" :=
    if tmp.v.i yap
    else
      tmp.v.i ydp
    then
  then
my.pause
tmp.v.i #.fre =
until
;
: plot.cwt.root \ [ 2D-array - ]
0 tmp.v.i :=                                821
begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=                    826
  dup
  xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]
  tmp.v.i 1 =
  if
    tmp.v.i yap
  else
    yadp.flag "a" :=
      if tmp.v.i yap
      else
        tmp.v.i ydp
      then
    then
  my.pause
  tmp.v.i #.fre =                                831
until
drop
;                                              836
: plot.cwt.arg                                841
  bwp.t
  plot.cwt.root
;
: plot.cwt.rea                                846
  rt.t
  plot.cwt.root
;
: plot.cwt.img                                851
  at.t
  plot.cwt.root
;
: plot.cwt.env                                856
  wp.a
  plot.cwt.root
;
: plot.cwt.arg.res                            861
  0 tmp.v.i :=

```

```

begin
  tmp.v.i 1 + tmp.v.i :=                                876
  at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ]                               \ Y
  rt.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] /                           \ X
  atan
  becomes > t1
                                                     881

  0 vi1 :=
begin
  vi1 1 + vi1 := 
  t1 [ vi1 ] 0 >=
  if
  else
    t1 [ vi1 ] pi + t1 [ vi1 ] :=                      886
  then
else
  at.t xsect[ ! , tmp.v.i ] [ vi1 ] 0 >
  if
    t1 [ vi1 ] pi + t1 [ vi1 ] :=                      891
  else
    t1 [ vi1 ] pi 2. * + t1 [ vi1 ] :=                  896
  then
then
  vi1 2 mat.power ** =
until                                              901

t1
tmp.v.i 1 =
if
  tmp.v.i yap                                         906
else
  yadp.flag " a " "= 
  if tmp.v.i yap
  else
    tmp.v.i ydp                                     911
  then
then
my.pause
tmp.v.i #.fre =
until                                              916
;

: run.coh
cr " You must input Lcoh-related file (eg. Lcoh-0.asy)!" s.type
;
: for.case5&6                                         921
\      5 4 goto.xy
\      ." Now.file (name.ext):" now.file get.str now.file :=
\      5 5 goto.xy
\      4 0 fix.format
\      n.wt1 my.power                                 926
\      ." Number of points of wavelet (n.wt1):"
\      2 n.power ** get.val n.wt1 :=
\      5 6 goto.xy

```

```

\          ." Sampling freq -- original rate (s.freq.keep):"
\          s.freq.keep get.val s.freq.keep :=                                931
\      5 7 goto.xy
\ 2 0 fix.format
\          ." Index Interval for Sub-sampling:" i.inc get.val i.inc :=
\          s.freq.keep float i.inc float / 6 2 fix.format
\          \ ." (Sub-Sampling rate: " n.type ." )" 936
\          ." (Sub-Sampling rate: " 1 n>s s.type ." )"
\      5 8 goto.xy
\ 4 0 fix.format
\          ." Index of first point of array" i.beg get.val i.beg :=
\      5 9 goto.xy
\          ." PSI flag (New or Old [ or old's Ridge in envelope]): "
\          psi.flag get.str psi.flag ":=
psi.flag "upper" R ":=
if
\  " Y" pha.switch.flag ":=
psi.flag pha.switch.flag ":=
cr ." ->PhaseSwitch (R:yes; X:No):"
pha.switch.flag get.str pha.switch.flag ":=
else
\  " N" pha.switch.flag ":=
psi.flag pha.switch.flag ":=
then
;
\ : set.act
\ gd
\ gd.txt.wnd sc {border}                                              956
\ 3 2 goto.xy
\          ." 1:Dec&Rec, 2:M0.phase, 3:Norm.wt, 4:Entropy, 5:CWT, 6:Coh --"
\ act.flag get.val act.flag :=
\ act.flag
\ case
\ 3 of for.norm&ent endof
\ 4 of for.norm&ent
\          \ 5 14 goto.xy
\          cr ." #.div:" #.div get.val #.div :=                                966
\          endof
\ \
\ 5 of for.case5&6
\ \
\          cr set.cwt
\ \
\ 6 of for.case5&6
\ \
\          cr set.cwt
\ \
\          cr set.123
\ \
\          \ 5 19 goto.xy
\ \
\          cr
\ \
\          ." Real or Imag or Comp:" rea.or.com get.str "upper rea.or.com" :=
\ \
\          10 5 fix.format
\ \
\          endof
\ \
\          run.coh
\ 5 of cwt.56
\ for.case5&6
\ cr set.cwt
\ cr new.pause
\ cwt
\          endof

```

```

\      6   of  cwt.56
\      for.case5&6
\      cr set.cwt
\      5 19 goto.xy
\      \ cr
\      ." Real or Imag or Comp:" rea.or.com s.type \ get.str "upper rea.or.com "
\      cr new.pause
\      cr set.123
\      10 5 fix.format
\      run.coh
\      endof
\      endcase
\ ;
: set.act
gd
gd.txt wnd sc {border}
3 2 goto.xy
." D:Dec&Rec, P:Phase.MOs, N:Norm.wt, E:Entropy, C:CWT, W:WCoh :: "
act.flag.str s.type \ get.str act.flag.str ":=
act.flag.str "upper " N " =
if
  for.norm&ent
then
act.flag.str "upper " E " =
if
  for.norm&ent
  5 14 goto.xy
  ." #.div: "#.div n.type \ get.val #.div :=
then
act.flag.str "upper " C " =
if
  cwt.56
  for.case5&6
  cr set.cwt
  cr new.pause
  cwt
then
act.flag.str "upper " W " =
if
  cwt.56
  for.case5&6
  cr set.cwt
  5 19 goto.xy
  \ cr
  ." Real or Imag or Comp:" rea.or.com s.type \ get.str "upper rea.or.com " :=
  cr new.pause
  cr set.123
  10 5 fix.format
  run.coh
then
;
: ini.par
1024 n.wt1    :=
200  s.freq.keep :=
\ 5  act.flag :=


```

```
" C" act.flag.str " :=  
5     i.inc    :=  
1.6   fre.beg  :=  
40    #.fre   :=  
0.1   fre.inc  :=  
1     erf.flag :=  
11.0  sai.beg  :=  
5.00  sai.end  :=  
256   mat.pts  :=  
" N" psi.flag " :=  
" b0w6020.4" now.file " :=  
10 5 fix.format  
;  
ini.par  
.....
```

---

## Lee-Word.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01518-20070125-A069 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 23]

```
: Lee-Word.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ -----
\ WORD-w.Lee - 4/30/90, 03/24/91, 10/20/93, 02/20/94
\
\ 1 --> Set my def file dir
\ 2 --> For printer: 1. Set color scheme, 2. Select printer 6
\ 3 --> Make com file
\
\ Written by Ron Lee
\ -----
normal.display 11
 26 0 29 79 window {c.text} \ for clearing text
 26 19 29 79 window {b.text}
 26 0 29 39 window {l.text}
 26 41 29 79 window {r.text}
 0 0 29 18 window {f.text}
 29 0 29 79 window {29.line.p1} \ for BD, etc. operations 16
 0 0 12 79 window {tmp wnd}
 13 0 23 79 window {show.wnd.l}
 15 9 22 69 window {show.wnd.s}
\ 16 9 23 69 window {show.wnd.s} 21

integer scalar 29.flag      scalar prn.flag
      scalar lc.flag
      scalar n.wt1 \ for Wavelet transform 26

: {29.line}
29.flag 1 =
if
  {29.line.p1}
then 31
;
: tedious
cr ." prn.flag (1:epson-b ; 2:epson-c ; 3:hp-laser) = "
#input prn.flag :=
; tedious 36
1 string my.pause.flag

integer scalar bg.color
      scalar bell.flag
      scalar pr.bg.color
      scalar fg.color
      scalar gr.color
      scalar em.color
      scalar wa.color
      scalar t1.color
      scalar t2.color
      scalar outline.color
      scalar my.axis.color
      scalar def.val.flag
      scalar s.freq
      scalar prn.no 41
      scalar t1.color
      scalar t2.color
      scalar outline.color
      scalar my.axis.color
      scalar def.val.flag
      scalar s.freq
      scalar prn.no 46
      scalar t1.color
      scalar t2.color
      scalar outline.color
      scalar my.axis.color
      scalar def.val.flag
      scalar s.freq
      scalar prn.no 51
```

```

scalar color.sft
scalar tmp.c          \ current color for foreground and curvereal
scalar prn.scale
scalar 2 wnd.flag
scalar lc1   scalar lc2   scalar lc3   scalar lc4
scalar lc5   scalar lc6   scalar lc7   scalar line.c
scalar fft.sec   scalar n.power
scalar menu.flag   scalar grid.flag
56

1 string pcx.h.c.str
61

: my.power
trunc
0 n.power  :=
begin
float 2. / trunc
dup
dup 1 >= if n.power 1 + n.power := then
1 =
until
drop
71

;

0 menu.flag := \ default
1 string wnd.str
1 string y.lab.str
1 string offset.str
76

screen.clear
cr ." prn.flag" prn.flag . pause
81

64 string file.ext
: hp.laser
0           color.sft      :=
1000        prn.scale      :=
145         prn.no       :=
140         prn.no       := \ HP
0           pr.bg.color   := \ background color
11 lc1 := 15 lc2 := 10 lc3 :=
13 lc4 := 12 lc5 := 14 lc6 := 15 lc7 :=
pr.bg.color vuport.color
7           my.axis.color  :=
my.axis.color axis.color
12          t1.color      :=
14          t2.color      :=
0 bg.color      := \ background color
3 fg.color      := \ foreground color
14 gr.color      := \
10 em.color      := \
10 outline.color :=
13 wa.color      :=
96

;
: epson.black
0           color.sft      :=
2000        prn.scale      :=
105         prn.no       :=
0           pr.bg.color   := \ background color
106

```

```

11 lc1 := 15 lc2 := 10 lc3 :=
13 lc4 := 12 lc5 := 14 lc6 := 15 lc7 :=
pr.bg.color vuport.color
7 my.axis.color := 111
my.axis.color axis.color
12 t1.color := 116
14 t2.color := 116
0 bg.color := \ background color
3 fg.color := \ foreground color
14 gr.color := \
10 em.color := \ emphasized color
10 outline.color :=
13 wa.color := 121
;
: epson.color
1 color.sft := 126
2000 prn.scale := 126
\ 105 prn.no := 126
140 prn.no := \ HP
15 pr.bg.color := \ background color
\ 11 lc1 := 0 lc2 := 10 lc3 := 13 lc4 := 12 lc5 := 9 lc6 := 131
9 lc1 := 12 lc2 := 10 lc3 := 13 lc4 := 0 lc5 := 11 lc6 := 0 lc7 := 131
pr.bg.color vuport.color 131
0 my.axis.color := 131
my.axis.color axis.color
10 t1.color := 131
0 t2.color := 131
0 bg.color := \ background color 136
3 fg.color := \ foreground color 136
14 gr.color := \
10 em.color := \ emphasized color 136
0 outline.color :=
13 wa.color := 141
;
: select.color
prn.flag
case
1 of epson.black endof 146
2 of epson.color endof 146
3 of hp.laser endof 146
endcase
; select.color 151
: my.def.colors
color.on
15 color
bg.color background
fg.color foreground 156
; my.def.colors
;
: l.pro
105 prn.no =
if 161
dir.lee.txt "prompt-e.txt" "cat defer> load \ for epson

```

```

else
    dir.lee.txt " prompt.txt" "cat defer> load
then
    dir.lee.txt " bell.txt" "cat defer> load
; l.pro                                         166

: go00or11
outline.color cursor.color
\ normal.coords 1. 1. position
normal.coords          position
world.coords
;
: go00 0 0 go00or11 ;
: go11 1 1 go00or11 " " label ;               171
                                                176

integer scalar tmp.v.i
scalar tmp.v.i.1
scalar tmp.v.i.2
scalar tmp.v.i.3
scalar tmp.v.i.4
scalar tmp.v.i.9                                         181

real scalar y.lab.pos
dp.real scalar tmp.v
scalar tmp.v.2
scalar tmp.v.3
scalar tmp.v.4
scalar tmp.v.9                                         186
                                                191

60 string tmp.s
60 string tmp.s.9
60 string tmp.s.8
1 string xeq.flag

: pro.sign.old \ see prompt.txt
\ "dir" >> "cat" "type
15 foreground
." >>
\ \ \ my.def.colors                                         196
;
\ dir.lee.txt " prompt.txt" "cat defer> load
\ dir.lee.txt " prompt-e.txt" "cat defer> load \ for epson

: b.t      blink.toggle ;
: inv.of   inverse.off ;
: inv.on   inverse.on ;
: int.of   inten.off ;
: int.on   inten.on ;
: inv.text inverse.on "type inverse.off ;           206
: int.text inten.on "type inten.off ;             211
: wan.text wa.color foreground b.t "type b.t my.def.colors ;
: n.input   1 background 11 foreground #input my.def.colors ;
: s.input   200 msec.delay
                bell.1sl 4 background 11 foreground "input my.def.colors ;
: n.type    1 background 15 foreground . my.def.colors ;

```

```

: s.type      4   background 15 foreground "type my.def.colors ;
: s.type.2    12  background 15 foreground "type my.def.colors ;
: s.type.3    5   background 14 foreground "type my.def.colors ;
: s.type.4    13  background 14 foreground "type my.def.colors ; 221
: cdt        dir.lee.txt "len 1 - "left defer> chdir ;
: cdd        dir.lee.dat "len 1 - "left defer> chdir ;
: cda        dir.lee.asc "len 1 - "left defer> chdir ;
: sc         screen.clear ;
: vc         vuport.clear ; 226
: ftop       {29.line} screen.clear
             . " ---> :::: " cda s.input defer> pcx>vup
             cdt screen.clear previous.window ;
: ptof       {29.line} screen.clear
             . " ---> file : !! " cda s.input defer> vup>pcx 231
             cdt screen.clear previous.window ;
: ptof.bat   pcx.h.c.str " y " "= if
             {29.line} screen.clear
             tmp.s " := dir.lee.asc tmp.s "cat tmp.s " :=
             . " ---> file : ! " tmp.s s.type tmp.s defer> vup>pcx 236
             500 msec.delay
             cdt screen.clear previous.window then ;
\ -----
integer scalar n>s.d1  scalar n>s.d2  scalar n>s.d3
real     scalar n>s1    scalar n>s2 241
1 string   n>s.s

: n>s
n>s.d3          := \ #.digits
n>s1           :=
"null n>s.s   " := 246
n>s1 0. < if " - " n>s.s " := then
n>s1 abs n>s1 :=
7 n>s.d1      :=
begin
  \ 11 5 fix.format
  n>s1 10. n>s.d1 ** / 0.00001 + trunc n>s.d2 :=
  \ cr ." --1--" n>s1 n.type n>s.d1 . n>s.d2 n.type
  n>s.d1 1 - n>s.d1 :=
  n>s.d2 0 <>
  n>s.d1 0 < or 256
until
n>s.d2 48 + ascii"
n>s.d1 -1 = n>s.d3 1 = and
if exit then 261
n>s1 n>s.d2 10. n>s.d1 1 + ** * - n>s1 :=
n>s.d3 0 <>
n>s.d1 -1 = and
if
  " ." "cat \ ." s.type
then

begin
  n>s1 10. n>s.d1 ** / 0.00001 + trunc n>s.d2 :=
  \ cr ." --2--" n>s1 n.type n>s.d1 . n>s.d2 n.type 271
  n>s.d1 1 - n>s.d1 :=

```

```

n>s.d1      -1 =    n>s.d3      1 =    and
if " 0"  "cat  exit  then
n>s.d3          0          >
n>s.d1      n>s.d3      <  and
if
  n>s.d2      48 +    ascii"
  "cat
begin
  " 0"  "cat
  \ cr ." --3--"  n>s1      n.type  n>s.d1      .      n>s.d2      n.type
n>s.d1      1 -    n>s.d1      := 281
n>s.d1      0 <
if
  exit
then
  1 1 <>
until
then
n>s1      n>s.d2      10.  n>s.d1      1 + ** * -    n>s1      := 291
n>s.d1      -2 = 286
n>s.d3          0 =    and
if
else
  n>s.d2      48 +    ascii"  "cat
then
n>s.d1      -1 =
if
  n>s.d3          0 <
if
  " ."  "cat
then
  \ ."  s.type
then
  n>s.d1      n>s.d3      < 301
until
n>s.s  " -"  "=  if  " -"  "swap  "cat  then
;
\ ----- 306
311
: dashed1                      solid ;
: dashed2  0.019  0.004  0.019  0.004  dashed ;
: dashed3  0.011  0.004  0.011  0.004  dashed ;
: dashed4  0.006  0.005  0.006  0.005  dashed ;
: dashed5  0.003  0.003  0.003  0.003  dashed ;
: dashed6  0.014  0.004  0.005  0.004  dashed ; 316
: line.type \ " 1--6"  s.type
6      modulo
case
  \ 1 of  11  solid  endof  \ blue
  \ 2 of  14  dashed2  endof  \ yellow
  \ 3 of  10  dashed3  endof  \ green
  \ 4 of  13  dashed4  endof  \ purple
  \ 5 of  12  dashed5  endof  \ red
  \ 0 of  15  dashed6  endof  \ white
  1 of  lc1  dup  solid  endof 321
                                         326

```

```

2 of lc2 dup      dashed2 endof
3 of lc3 dup      dashed3 endof
4 of lc4 dup      dashed4 endof
5 of lc5 dup      dashed5 endof
0 of lc6 dup      dashed6 endof
endcase
line.c :=
color ;
\ : my.outline outline.color color outline ; 336
: my.outline outline.color color solid outline ;
: yap      line.type y.auto.plot   my.outline ;
: ydp      line.type y.data.plot  my.outline ;
: xyap     line.type xy.auto.plot my.outline ;
: xydp     line.type xy.data.plot my.outline ; 341
: fa       def.vuport normal.display forget.all ;
: cd       cr ." Dir: " s.input defer> chdir ;
: nd       normal.display install pro.sign.2 in prompt.xeq ;
: sd       stack.display install pro.sign.2 in prompt.xeq ;
: sfp      cr ." File.parse: " n.input set.file.parse ; 346
: l        cr ." LOAD: " dir.lee.txt s.input "cat defer> load ;
: l.o      cr ." Overlay name: " dir.asy.sys
           s.input "cat " .sov "cat defer> load.overlay cdt ;

1 string x.axis.flag 351
1 string y.axis.flag
\ -----
: xlyl
  horizontal linear      " l "      x.axis.flag      " :="
  vertical   linear      " l "      y.axis.flag      " :="
; 356
: xlyo
  horizontal linear      " l "      x.axis.flag      " :="
  vertical   logarithmic " o "      y.axis.flag      " :="
; 361
: xoyl
  horizontal logarithmic " o "      x.axis.flag      " :="
  vertical   linear      " l "      y.axis.flag      " :="
; 366
: xoyo
  horizontal logarithmic " o "      x.axis.flag      " :="
  vertical   logarithmic " o "      y.axis.flag      " :="
;
\ -----
: xnyn
  horizontal axis.fit.on
  vertical   axis.fit.on
; 371
: xnyf
  horizontal axis.fit.on
  vertical   axis.fit.off
;
: xfyn
  horizontal axis.fit.off
  vertical   axis.fit.on
; 381
;
```

```

: xfyf
horizontal      axis.fit.off
vertical       axis.fit.off
;
\ ----- 386

: get.val
    dup      n.type . " "
    250 msec.delay
    bell.1sl
    n.input
    if
        swap drop
    then ; 391

: get.str
    "dup      s.type
    s.input
    "len 0 =
    if      "drop
    else   "swap  "drop
    then
;
\ ----- 396

: for.xyadp.p
-1 4 fix.format 401
{29.line} sc
unrot \ [ x y 1 - 1 x y ]
" (bg.pt):" s.type 1 get.val tmp.v.i := 411
" (end.pt):" s.type []size get.val tmp.v.i.2 :=
" (inc):"   s.type 1 get.val tmp.v.i.3 :=
sub[ tmp.v.i , tmp.v.i.2 tmp.v.i - 1 + tmp.v.i.3 / , tmp.v.i.3 ] swap
sub[ tmp.v.i , tmp.v.i.2 tmp.v.i - 1 + tmp.v.i.3 / , tmp.v.i.3 ] swap
rot \ [ 1 x y - x y 1 ]
screen.clear previous.window 416
;

: xyap.p
for.xyadp.p
xyap
; 421

: xydp.p
for.xyadp.p
xydp
;

: mkl.p
    swap
    case
        1 of lc1 swap solid 1 - 2 * endof
        2 of lc2 swap dashed2 1 - 2 * endof
        3 of lc3 swap dashed3 1 - 2 * endof
        4 of lc4 swap dashed4 1 - 2 * endof
        5 of lc5 swap dashed5 1 - 2 * endof
        6 of lc6 swap dashed6 1 - 2 * endof
    endcase 431
    swap color key.line ;

```

```

: mkl      \ interactive
          \ 60 60 key.orig
 60 12 key.size
  " (key.orig/key.size) Line_#"      s.type 1      get.val      441
  " Line_pos"  s.type dup get.val
  ." [...] "  s.input
  mkl.p ;
: mkl.bat \ [ line.# , line.pos , " text" -- ]
  mkl.p ;                                         446
\ -----
: for.a.c.c&c.c.c
[]size integer ramp           \ r-array size ramp : (N + M - 1)
rot
[]size swap drop             \ input-array size : (N)      451
-                         \ shifted array index : -(N-1) to (M-1)
s.freq float /
swap
" index_a , r_a created"   s.type
;
: a.c.c \ [ array - index_array r_array ]           456
dup
auto.correlation.coeff      \ give r-array
for.a.c.c&c.c.c
;
: c.c.c \ [ x_array y_array - index_array r_array ]
swap dup rot \ -> y x -> y x x -> x x y
\ dup unrot \ -> x y y -> y x y
cross.correlation.coeff     \ give r-array
for.a.c.c&c.c.c
;
\ -----
\ actual # of sec's = 2 * #.sec
\ -----
integer scalar tmp.v.i.1 scalar #.fft.pts      471

: my.p.s.bat \ [ array , sec_size , #.sec , window_type -- p.s.array ]
tmp.p.s      " := \ window.type
tmp.v.i.9    := \ #.sec
tmp.v.i.1    := \ #.fft.pts
tmp.v.i.1 #.fft.pts :=
tmp.v.i.9 1 >
if
[]size tmp.v.i :=
tmp.v.i float tmp.v.i.1 float 2. / /
floor 1 - tmp.v.i.2 :=
\ tmp.v.i tmp.v.i.1 / 2 * 1 - tmp.v.i.2 :=
\ tmp.v.i tmp.v.i tmp.v.i.1 / tmp.v.i.1 * -
\ tmp.v.i.1 2 /
\ >
\ if
\ tmp.v.i.2 1 + tmp.v.i.2 :=
\ then
tmp.v.i.2 tmp.v.i.9 >                               491
if

```

```

    tmp.v.i.9  tmp.v.i.2 :=
then
else
    tmp.v.i.9  tmp.v.i.2 := 496
then

tmp.v.i.2  1  >
if
    2  tmp.v.i.3      :=          \ with overlap 501
else
    1  tmp.v.i.3      :=          \ no    overlap
then

0           \ initial sum 506
swap         \ --> 0 , array

tmp.v.i.2  1 +  1
do
    \ cr i .
    dup
    sub[ i 1 -  tmp.v.i.1  tmp.v.i.3 / * 1 + , tmp.v.i.1 ]
    \ dir.asy.sys " timewins.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
    tmp.s "upper" "X" "= if then
    tmp.s "upper" "K" "= if blackman.window.apply then
    tmp.s "upper" "B" "= if bartlett.window.apply then 516
    tmp.s "upper" "N" "= if hanning.window.apply then
    tmp.s "upper" "M" "= if hamming.window.apply then
    power.spectrum
    rot \ --> array , p_s , 0
    +
    swap
loop
drop 526

2. *          \ Be sure to use only half length ( symmetry)
[]copy
\ dup [ 1 ]  2. / over [ 1 ] := 531
\ dup [ tmp.v.i.1 2 / ] 2. / over [ tmp.v.i.1 2 / ] := 531
tmp.s "upper" "X" =
if                      \ Correct the weight of data window --> make larger
    \ no operation
else
    tmp.v.i.1
    tmp.s "upper" "K" "= if blackman.window then
    tmp.s "upper" "B" "= if bartlett.window then
    tmp.s "upper" "N" "= if hanning.window then
    tmp.s "upper" "M" "= if hamming.window then
    2. ** []sum tmp.v.i.1 / \ The weight is not normalized --> use division
    /
then
tmp.v.i.2 float /      \ averaged by actual #.sec
\ tmp.v.i.1 2 ** /      \
tmp.v.i.1 1 ** /      \ normalized by #.fft.pts --> actual p.s density
\ release.overlay 546
sub[ 1 , tmp.v.i.1 2 / ]

```



```

        tmp.c foreground tmp.c color
        pr.bg.color vuport.color my.axis.color dup axis.color label.color
        go11 ;
: hp      h.port {b.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.1 0.02 y.lab.pos66  

:=
        port.color 0 2.wnd.flag := ;
: vp      v.port {b.text} t2.color tmp.c := port.axis.2 0.02 y.lab.pos
:=
        port.color 0 2.wnd.flag := ;
: lp      l.port {l.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.2 0.95 y.lab.pos
:=
        port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;  
611
: rp      r.port {r.text} t2.color tmp.c := port.axis.2 0.95 y.lab.pos
:=
        port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;
: up      u.port {l.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.1 0.02 y.lab.pos
:=
        port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;
: dp      d.port {r.text} t2.color tmp.c := port.axis.1 0.02 y.lab.pos66
:=
        port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;
: fp      f.port {f.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.1 0.02 y.lab.pos
:=
        port.color 0 2.wnd.flag := ;
: tc      {c.text} screen.clear ;  
621

\ lp      outline
\ rp      outline
\ up      outline
\ dp      outline
\ hp      outline
\ vp      outline  
626
{c.text} echo.off screen.clear {b.text} echo.on

: lab
dup 999 <>  
631
if
-1 2 fix.format
{29.line} screen.clear
tmp.c color
tmp.c foreground ." X_pos:" 0 get.val tmp.v :=  
636
tmp.c foreground ." Y_pos:" 0 get.val tmp.v.2 :=  

tmp.c foreground ." Center:" 0 get.val tmp.v.3 :=  

tmp.c foreground ." [...] " s.input tmp.s ":" =  

tmp.c foreground
tmp.s  
641
tmp.v tmp.v.2 position
tmp.v.3 0 <>
if centered.label
else label
then  
646
normal.coords
1. 1. position
world.coords
screen.clear previous.window

```

```

bell.1ll                                651
else
    drop "drop "drop
then
;
                                         656
: labxy.stack \ [ x.lab  y.lab  y.pos -- ]
dup 999 <>
if
    "swap
{29.line} screen.clear
-1 2 fix.format
\ tmp.c      color
0          color
normal.coords
0          char.dir
0          label.dir
0.55     0.05   position
           centered.label \ [ "X ]
90        label.dir
90        char.dir
\ tmp.v  0.55   position
           0.55    position
           centered.label \ [ "Y ]
0          char.dir
0          label.dir
1. 1.      position
world.coords
screen.clear previous.window
bell.1sl
else
    drop "drop "drop
then
;
                                         681
: labxy
tmp.c  color.sft + foreground
." [X_s]"      s.input \ tmp.s    " := 
tmp.c  color.sft + foreground
." [Y_s]"      s.input \ tmp.s    " := 
tmp.c  color.sft + foreground
." X_pos (0.02/0.95):" 0.02   get.val \ tmp.v    :=
tmp.c  color.sft + foreground
labxy.stack
;
                                         686
\ : prompt.gd .>> ;
                                         691
: gd
install pro.sign in prompt.xeq
graphics.display
\ lp      outline
\ rp      outline
\ up      outline
\ dp      outline
                                         701

```

```

\ hp      outline          706
\ vp      outline
hp
vuport.clear
{29.line}
screen.clear
\ ." H-V   L-R   U-D     F      port"
;

dir.asy.sys " genbd.sov " "cat defer> load.overlay
: hp.printer
hp.laser
145           bd.printer
\ pr_clr_b    bd.pat
pr_usr_bg    pr.bg.color  bd.uclr
;               711
: epson.printer.b
epson.black
105           bd.printer
\ pr_clr_b    bd.pat
pr_usr_bg    pr.bg.color  bd.uclr
;               716
: epson.printer.c
epson.color
prn.no        bd.printer
pr_clr_w     bd.pat
pr_usr_bg    pr.bg.color  bd.uclr
;               721
: select.printer
prn.flag
case
  1 of  epson.printer.b  endof
  2 of  epson.printer.c  endof
  3 of  hp.printer       endof
endcase
;               726
: dump.p
{29.line} screen.clear
tmp.c         foreground
tmp.c         color
cr
" ---> File : " s.type.2
s.input
tmp.c         foreground
"dup
dir.asy.sys " genbd.sov " "cat defer> load.overlay
cdt sc
select.printer
landscape    bd.page \ <- Compatable
1500        1500 bd.scale
dir.lee.txt  "swap  "cat  "type . "    <- Creating. Please wait"  751
bd.vuport ?drop
release.overlay
screen.clear previous.window
bell.111
;               741
: dup
tmp.c         foreground
"dup
dir.lee.txt  "swap  "cat  "type . "    <- Creating. Please wait"  756
bd.vuport ?drop
release.overlay
screen.clear previous.window
bell.111
;
```

```

;

: dump.p.o.stack 761
{29.line} screen.clear
tmp.c foreground
\ "dup
dir.asy.sys " genbd.sov "cat defer> load.overlay
cda sc
portrait bd.page
prn.scale dup bd.scale
dir.lee.asc "swap cat "type . " <--- Creating. Please wait" 771
bd.vuport ?drop
release.overlay
cdt screen.clear previous.window
bell.111

;

: dump.p.o.f 776
{29.line} screen.clear
tmp.c foreground
tmp.c color
cr
" ---> File : " s.type.2
s.input
"dup
dump.p.o.stack

;

: dump.p.o.p \ to printer \ [ file.ext - ] 786
{29.line} \ screen.clear
dir.asy.sys " genbd.sov "cat defer> load.overlay
\ "lpt1" "dup
"dup tmp.v.i 0 n>s ". "cat "swap "cat
"lpt1"
prn.no bd.printer
dump.p.o.stack

;

: pbmp \ to printer 796
{29.line} \ screen.clear
dir.asy.sys " genbd.sov "cat defer> load.overlay
"lpt1"
prn.no bd.printer
gd hp outline
ftop " ----- Please Wait ----- " s.type 801
bd.vuport
my.def.colors
release.overlay
;

release.overlay
\ -----
my.def.colors 811

dir.asy.sys " PCX.sov "cat defer> load.overlay
: date.time
graphics.display
vp

```

```

my.def.colors                                     816
dir.asy.sys    " PCX.sov"      "cat  defer> load.overlay
dir.lee.txt   " boot.pcx"     "cat  defer> pcx>vup
vp
\   -----  WELCOME  -----" s.type bell.111 \ pckey ?drop
drop
cr   -----  WELCOME  -----" s.type
\ ." ----- <" "date "type ." > "
cr ."           <" "date "type ." > "
"time "type    bell.111
cr
2500 msec.delay                                826
release.overlay
\ my.def.colors
sd cdt
;
release.overlay                                831
\ -----
integer dim[ 6 ] array      acq.input
64 string mycase
32 string mydate
32 string mytime
64 string specifics                                836

INTEGER SCALAR T.RATE
    SCALAR s.length
\ SCALAR s.freq
    SCALAR s.chnls
    SCALAR p.chnl
    SCALAR p.points
    scalar eps.flag
841

: atof.p1
dup \ for .p3
dup      [] dims  tmp.v.i  :=  drop
tmp.v.i 1 = if dup      [] size  tmp.v.i.1 := drop then
tmp.v.i 2 = if dup      1 [] dim  tmp.v.i.1 := drop
                           2 [] dim  tmp.v.i.2 := drop then
;
: atof.p2 \ for interaction
cr " ARRAY ---> FILE !! : "
s.type.2
bell.2sl
s.input \ cr
dir.lee.asc "swap  "cat  tmp.s  ":"=          856
;
regular.datafile \ dummy
file.template
 8 comments
  integer dim[ 6 ] subfile
  real    dim[ 9 ] subfile \ dummy
end                                              861
dir.lee.asc " trash"  "cat  tmp.s  ":"=
: atof.p3 \ c.d.tmp file
cr

```

```

tmp.s           defer> file.create
tmp.s           defer> file.open
                                         871
mycase          1 >comment
mydate          2 >comment
mytime          3 >comment
specifics       4 >comment
datafile.dat.p23 5 >comment

1 subfile acq.input      array>file
2 subfile           array>file
file.close
" OK" s.type    tmp.s   "type
;
                                         881
: atof.p4
regular.datafile
file.template
8 comments
integer dim[ 6 ] subfile
tmp.v.i 1 =
if
    real dim[ tmp.v.i.1 ] subfile
else
    real dim[ tmp.v.i.1 , tmp.v.i.2 ] subfile
then
end
;
                                         886
: atof \ [ array -- ]
atof.P1
atof.P2
atof.p4
atof.p3
;
                                         891
: atof.bat \ [ array , "name.ext" --- ]
atof.P1
dir.lee.asc "swap   "cat   tmp.s   ":=
atof.p4
atof.p3
;
                                         901
                                         906
\ -----
: ftoa.p1
cr  " File( CDA/CDD? ) --> Unnamed ary : "
s.type bell.2sl
s.input tmp.s   ":=   cr
;
                                         911
: ftoa.p2
tmp.s defer> file.open
1 comment> mycase      ":=
2 comment> mydate      ":=
3 comment> mytime      ":=
4 comment> specifics     ":=
5 comment> datafile.dat.p23 ":=
1 subfile acq.input  file>array
acq.input [ 1 ] t.rate      :=
acq.input [ 2 ] s.length     :=
acq.input [ 3 ] s.freq      :=
                                         916
                                         921

```

```

            acq.input [ 4 ] s.chnls      :=          926
            acq.input [ 5 ] p.chnl       := 
            acq.input [ 6 ] p.points    := 
2 subfile   file>unnamed.array
file.close
tmp.s "type
" OK" s.type ."
cdt
;
: ftoa.bat \ [ "name.ext" -- array ]
tmp.s ":=
ftoa.p2
;
: ftoa \ for general directory
ftoa.p1
ftoa.p2
;
\ -----
\ array(s) to ASCII file
\ -----
integer scalar console.flag
        scalar format.flag
        scalar atoa.flag
1         console.flag :=          946
1         format.flag  :=          \ 1:fix.format ;      2:sci.format

: choose.format
12 5 fix.format
;
: atoa.p
dir.lee.asc "swap "cat cr
"dup
"dup defer> delete cr

sc 0 0 goto.xy      "dup s.type ."
<-- Creating "
defer> out>file
console.flag 0 = if console.off then          961
4 0 fix.format
[]size dup . cr
1 + 1
do
4 0 fix.format
i . .
tmp.v.i 1 + 1
do
\ format.flag 1 = if      10 4 fix.format
\ else      11 3 sci.format
\ then
choose.format
tmp.v.i i - 1 + pick [ j ] .
loop cr
loop
tmp.v.i 1 + 1
do
drop

```

```

loop
out>file.close                                     981
console
"type . "    <--- Created"
;
: atoa.bat \ [ array, ... , file_name , #_array -- ]
tmp.v.i :=                                         986
atoa.p
;
: atoa
cr
." Set Choose.format first"      cr
" #col:" s.type 1 get.val   tmp.v.i :=
" ---> File : " s.type.2   " tmp.dat " get.str
atoa.p
;
\ ----- 996
1024 stack my.stack
scalar #.xy

0     #.xy :=
integer scalar file.no.g1  scalar file.no.g2  scalar file.no.g3          1001
        scalar file.no.g4  scalar file.no.g5  scalar file.no
1     file.no.g1  := 1   file.no.g2  := 
1     file.no.g3  := 1   file.no.g4  := 1   file.no.g5  :=
;
call.f.n.g1  file.no.g1  96 +  file.no.g1  1 +  file.no.g1  := ; 1006
call.f.n.g2  file.no.g2  96 +  file.no.g2  1 +  file.no.g2  := ;
call.f.n.g3  file.no.g3  96 +  file.no.g3  1 +  file.no.g3  := ;
call.f.n.g4  file.no.g4  96 +  file.no.g4  1 +  file.no.g4  := ;
call.f.n.g5  file.no.g5  96 +  file.no.g5  1 +  file.no.g5  := ;
call.f.n      file.no    96 +  file.no    1 +  file.no  := ; 1011
: make.abc.all \ [ file.no -- ] ( "extention - ")
{29.line} 0 0 goto.xy
\ ascii           \ p a
0 n>s
atoa.flag 1 =                                     1016
if
  "dup "over "swap" \ p a a -> p a a p -> p a p a
then
dir.lee.asc  "swap "cat   " ." "cat  "swap "cat
0 0 goto.xy ." --->" dup s.type
hp         defer> vup>pcx
atoa.flag 1 =
if
{29.line}
" -" "cat  "swap "cat   " .dat " "cat          1026
#.xy 2 *
atoa.bat
0 #.xy :=
then
cdt      sc      previous.window
;
: make.abc.g1      call.f.n.g1      make.abc.all ; \ [ - ] ( "ext - )
: make.abc.g2      call.f.n.g2      make.abc.all ;

```

```

: make.abc.g3      call.f.n.g3      make.abc.all    ;          1036
: make.abc.g4      call.f.n.g4      make.abc.all    ;
: make.abc.g5      call.f.n.g5      make.abc.all    ;
\ : make.abc        call.f.n      make.abc.all    ;
: make.abc          file.no       make.abc.all
                      file.no 1 +  file.no :=    ;
                                         ;          1041
: ftop.bat {29.line} screen.clear
             " ---> :::: " s.type.2 cda "dup s.type defer> pcx>vup
             cdt           previous.window
;
\ ----- 1046
\ -----
\ DO NOT USED IN WINDOWS
\ dir.asy.sys " runtime.aov" "cat defer> load.overlay
\ banner: my.banner
\ graphics.display
\ vp
\ \ dir.asy.sys " PCX.SOV"   "cat defer> load.overlay
\ dir.lee.txt " boot.pcx"   "cat defer> pcx>vup
\ \ release.overlay
\ bell.1LL
\ \ cr ." ----- <" "date "type ." > "
\ \ time 5 "left "type ." LEE -----" pckey ?drop drop
\ cr ." ----- <" "date "type ." > "
\ "time 5 "left "type ." -----" pckey ?drop drop          1051
\ \ 4000 msec.delay
\ nd
\ ;banner
\ release.overlay
\ ----- 1056
\ -----
: run.menu
dir.lee.txt " lee.men"      "cat defer> load
cr prompt.xeq space
;          1071
: run.acq.spe
dir.lee.txt " lacq-spe.men"      "cat defer> load
cr prompt.xeq space
;
\ : lref-0 ; \ dummy
\ : lsta-0 ;
: run.lref-0
dir.lee.txt " lref-0.txt"      "cat defer> load
\ forget lref-0
cr prompt.xeq space          1076
;
\ F1 shift function.key.does run.menu
1081
01 control.key.does run.menu
17 control.key.does run.acq.spe
1086
install nop      in bell
install pro.sign in prompt.xeq

```

```

" y" my.pause.flag    ":=          1091
: my.pause
my.pause.flag " y"   "=

if
  \ bell.flag
  \ 1 bell.flag :=          1096
bell.1sl
{29.line} sc
0 1 goto.xy   " <Press Key>" s.type
pckey drop ?drop
0 1 goto.xy . "           "
previous.window
  \ bell.flag := \ restore
then
;

1 string cdtnow.flag.str          1106
32 string cdt.now.str
32 string cda.now.str
32 string cdd.now.str
32 string cdf.now.str
\ my.pause
: cdtNow
cdt.now.str "len 1 - "left defer> chdir
;
: cdaNow
cda.now.str "len 1 - "left defer> chdir
;
: cddNow
cdd.now.str "len 1 - "left defer> chdir
;
: cdfNow
cdf.now.str "len 1 - "left defer> chdir
;

: SWD \ set working directories          1126
cdt load SWD.asy
;
\ 12 string tmp.s.defer
\ : defer.load.get \ [ " - ]
\   get.str tmp.s.defer ":=          1131
\   tmp.s.defer defer> load
\ ;
: stack.data ; \ dummy for input gathering of asy data, wks files
: stack.load ; \ dummy for input gathering of asy txt files
;

token t1 exp.mem> t1          1136
token t2 exp.mem> t2
token t3 exp.mem> t3
token t4 exp.mem> t4
token t5 exp.mem> t5          1141
token t6 exp.mem> t6
token t7 exp.mem> t7
token t8 exp.mem> t8

```

```

my.def.colors                                         1146
dir.lee.txt " Eps-A0v.asy" "cat defer> load

0 set.file.parse
\ sd SWD
my.pause                                              1151

\ : WC.all.sel
\ bell fa cr stack.load " SC-Run.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ Spectral Coherence
\ \ ----- 1156
\ bell fa cr stack.load " CWT-Run.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ CWT
\ \ -----
\ bell fa cr stack.load " WPM-Run.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ Wavelet Package Map
\ \ ----- 1161
\ bell fa cr stack.load " WC-Run.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ Wavelet Coherence
\ bell fa cr stack.load " WC-A-Plt.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ Plot All WC Curves
\ \ ----- 1166
\ bell fa cr stack.load " PsiC-Run.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ Generate Psi Curve WKS file
\ bell fa cr stack.load " PsiC-Plt.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
\ cdtNow defer> load \ Plot Psi Curve
\ cr " CONGRATULATION!" S.type.2
\ ;
\ \ ~~~~~
: WC.all.sel                                         1176
bell fa cr stack.load " R-SCoh.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Spectral Coherence
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " R-WCoh.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Wavelet Coherence
bell fa cr stack.load " P-WCoh-A.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Plot All WC Curves
\ ----- 1181
bell fa cr stack.load " R-Rdg.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ CWT
\ ----- 1186
bell fa cr stack.load " R-WPM.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Wavelet Package Map
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " R-PsiC.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Generate Psi Curve WKS file
bell fa cr stack.load " P-PsiC.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Plot Psi Curve
\ ----- 1191
bell fa cr stack.load " R-Ent.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Spectral Coherence
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " R-Nor.sel" "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Spectral Coherence

```

```

bell fa cr stack.load " R-Pha.sel " "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Spectral Coherence
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " R-DnR.sel " "dup s.type.2 swd cr
cdtNow defer> load \ Spectral Coherence
\ -----
cr " CONGRATULATION!" S.type.2
;
\ ~~~~~
\ =====
: Sta.all.sel
bell fa cr stack.load " LSta-0.asy " "dup s.type.2 cr swd
cdt defer> load \ Statistics
bell fa cr stack.load " LWHP-0.asy " "dup s.type.2 cr swd
cdt defer> load \ Probability Distribution of Zero-up wave heights
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " LRef-0.asy " "dup s.type.2 cr swd
cdt defer> load \ Reflection Coefficients
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " LPlt-0.asy " "dup s.type.2 cr swd
cdt defer> load \ Plot Wave Signal
\ -----
bell fa cr stack.load " ACC-Exp.asy " "dup s.type.2 cr swd
cdt defer> load \ Auto Correlation Coefficients
\ -----
cr " CONGRATULATION!" S.type.2
;

sd cdt
\ ~~~~~

```

## 123-A2W.asy

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```
: 123-A2W.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1
\ : To123.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog

integer scalar to.stack.flag  scalar to.123.flag  scalar gp.flag
      scalar col.inc    scalar col.no     scalar row.no
      scalar to.123.999.flag 6

32 string 123.file.name
32 string 123.file.name.1
32 string 123.file.name.2
32 string 123.file.now 11
3 string file.ext
\ 14 string d&t.string

real dim[ 20 ] array 123.ary.tmp
token 123.ary.n  exp.mem> 123.ary.n 16
token 123.ary.n2 exp.mem> 123.ary.n2
dim[ 4 , 64 ] string.array 123.ary.s
dim[ 4 , 32 ] string.array 123.ary.s2

0 to.stack.flag :=
1 to.123.flag   :=
1 gp.flag       :=
1 file.no       :=
10 col.inc      := 21

dir.lee.asc " 000.wks" "cat 123.file.name ":= 26
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat           defer> load.overlay

: set.123.BP \ [" Str1" " Str2" - ]
\ {29.line} 31
123.file.name.2 ":=
123.file.name.1 ":=
dir.lee.asc 123.file.name.1 "cat 123.file.name.1 ":=
dir.lee.asc 123.file.name.2 "cat 123.file.name.2 ":= 36
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat           defer> load.overlay
123.file.name.1 defer> 123file.create
123.file.name.2 defer> 123file.create
123.file.name.1 123.file.name ":=
release.overlay 41
;
: set.123
{29.line}
123.file.name
dir.lee.asc "len 1 + "drop 46
"dup "len "drop dir.lee.asc "len "drop - "sub 123.file.name.1 ":=
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat           defer> load.overlay
dir.lee.asc
\ cr ." 123 file 1 name:" " 123.wks"      get.str
cr ." 123 file 1 name (close all wks files first!):" 51
123.file.name.1 get.str
```

```

"cat 123.file.name.1   ":=
dir.lee.asc
cr ." 123 file 2 name:"   " 1234.wks"  get.str
"cat 123.file.name.2   ":=
cr ." Group flag:" gp.flag  get.val  gp.flag :=
cr ." file.no:"      file.no  get.val  file.no :=
123.file.name.1      defer> 123file.create
123.file.name.2      defer> 123file.create
cr ." Initial all WKS files (Yes:999)!!:" 0  get.val      61
999 =
if
  dir.lee.asc  " le"      "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " me"      "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " so"      "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " ona"     "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " ons"     "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " bo1"     "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " bo2"     "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " bo3"     "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " 1234"    "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create
  dir.lee.asc  " 123999"  "cat  ".wks" "cat  defer> 123file.create      71
then
123.file.name.1 123.file.name   ":=
release.overlay      76
;
: to.stack
to.stack.flag 1 =
if
  \ dup
else
  drop
then
;
: to.123 \ [ - ]
\ Use 123.file.name
\ Put data in 123.ary.n
\ Put String in 123.ary.s
\ Specify fine.no, gp.flag, and col.inc
to.123.flag 1 =      91
if
  dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat  defer> load.overlay
  123.file.name   defer> 123file.open
  1   file.no     gp.flag  1 - col.inc * + 123write.down
  \ 123.ary.s "[ 1 ] ">123file
  \ -----
  "date " -" "cat "time "cat 123.ary.s "[ 4 ] ":=
  \ -----
  123.ary.s      ">123file \ Modified for DnR
  \ 2   file.no   gp.flag  1 - col.inc * + 123write.down      101
  11  file.no   gp.flag  1 - col.inc * + 123write.down
  123.ary.n      array>123file
  defer> 123file.close
then
cr 123.file.name  s.type
release.overlay      106

```

```

;
: to.123.1
 123.file.name.1 123.file.name ":=
to.123
; 111

: to.123.2
 123.file.name.2 123.file.name ":=
to.123
; 116

: to.123.999
to.123.999.flag 1 =
if
  dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
  dir.lee.asc     " 123999.wks" "cat defer> 123file.open
  row.no   file.no gp.flag 1 - col.inc * + 123write.down
  ">123file
  defer> 123file.close
  row.no 1 + row.no :=
  release.overlay
then
\ cr 123.file.name s.type
;

: ato123.int
cr . " Array in stack to 123 (Interactive):"
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
dir.lee.asc
cr . " WKS file name:" " 123TMP.wks" get.str "cat
cr "dup \ "type
"dup defer> delete
"dup defer> 123file.create
  defer> 123file.open
cr . " Row:" 1 get.val
cr . " col:" 1 get.val
cr . " Across(a)/Down(d):" " D" get.str
; 131
; 136
; 141

\   [Array, Row, Col, Across(1)/Down(2) -]
\ 1 =
"upper " A " "= 146
if
  123write.across
else
  123write.down
then
array>123file
defer> 123file.close
release.overlay
cr "type " OK" s.type
; 151
; 156

: ato123 \ [Array, Row, Col, Across(a)/Down(d) -]
cr . " Array to 123: [Array, Row, Col, Across(a)/Down(d) -]"
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
dir.lee.asc
; 161

```

```

cr ." WKS file name: " " 123TMP.wks" get.str "cat
cr "dup \ "type
"dup defer> delete
"dup defer> 123file.create
    defer> 123file.open
\ 1 =
"swap
"upper " A " "=

if 166
    123write.across
else
    123write.down
then
array>123file
defer> 123file.close
release.overlay
cr "type " OK s.type
;

integer scalar row.beg 181
integer scalar col.beg
1 string a.or.d

: ato123.bat.ini 186
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
cr ." Array to 123: [File, String, Array, Row, Col, Across( a)/Down( d)]"
\ " c:\per\asy\asc\tmp2.wks" tmp.s.9 :=
dir.lee.asc "dup s.type cr " 123tmp.wks" get.str "cat tmp.s.9
":=
tmp.s.9 "dup s.type defer> delete
tmp.s.9 defer> 123file.create
release.overlay
;
: ato123.bat 191
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat defer> load.overlay
col.beg :=
row.beg :=
a.or.d :=
123.ary.s "[ 1 ]" :=
tmp.s.9 :=
tmp.s.9 defer> 123file.open
a.or.d
" a " =
if 196
    123.ary.s
    row.beg      col.beg
    123write.across
    ">123file
    row.beg      col.beg 1 +
    123write.across
    array>123file
else
    123.ary.s
    row.beg      col.beg
    123write.down
;
201
206
211
216

```

```

">123file
\  row.beg 1 +  col.beg
row.beg 10 +  col.beg
123write.down
array>123file
221
then
tmp.s.9 defer> 123file.close
release.overlay
;

: a2wks
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat  defer> load.overlay
\ dir.lee.asc
cr ." Array to WKS --- Does the file exist?"
cr ." ---> " " [file.name, String, Array, Col -- ]" s.type.3
"swap
dir.lee.asc "swap "cat
defer> 123file.open
231
dup
1          swap
123write.down
">123file
1 10 +  swap
123write.down
array>123file
\ defer> 123file.close
123file.close
release.overlay
;

: release.overlay
246
: hint
cr ." Usages:"
cr ." (1) (old wks destroyed) [ array - ]      ato123.int"
cr ." (2) (old wks destroyed) [ array  row  col  'A/D' ]      ato123" 251
cr ." (3) (set.123 once)      [ wks.file.name  str array col ]      a2wks"
;

: app.ramp.col
" $$[( file.no 0 n>s "cat ", "cat
123.ary.n []size swap drop 10 + 0 n>s "cat
" )<" "cat
\ ----- ■
\ \ $$[(5,1034)<1024>]
123.ary.n []size swap drop 0 n>s
\ ----- ■
\ \ $$[(5,1034)<Level:2-Pt4,Power:10,Element:12>]
" Level:" jwp.level 0 n>s "cat
" -Pt" "cat 2 jwp.level ** 0 n>s "cat
" ,Power:" "cat n.power 0 n>s "cat
" ,Element:" "cat i.ele 0 n>s "cat
\ ----- ■
"cat
" >]" "cat
123.ary.s "[ 1 ]  ":"= 256
261
266
271

```

```
\  
123.ary.n []size swap drop real ramp 1.0 * becomes> 123.ary.n  
\  
to.123  
file.no 1 + file.no := \ post inc of column  
;  
.....
```

---

# P-WCoh-A.shl

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```
: WC-A-Plt.sel ; \ ----- Asyst Prog 1

\ -----
\ \\
\ %% String assignment
\   0. misce.str -- at Top Left, can be assigned in FB(2) 6
\   1. spe.str.1 -- provided by wks file (element at first row and last column)
\   2. spe.str.2 or spe.str.3 -- (CASE) above Legend, use spe.str.2.or.3
\     spe.str.2: can be assigned in FB(2)
\     spe.str.3: default to eps.file.name, not changeable, see plot.bat
\   3. 123.str.ary or lgn.str.ary -- Legends for lines, use get.lgns.a.1or.d
\     123.str.ary: provided by wks file (first row)
\     lgn.str.ary: can be assigned in FB2
\ \\
\ ^----- 16

fa sd swd

cdt load FigAPlot.shl \
\ \ =====
\ 1 string output.flag.str 21
\ 26 string d&t.string
\ 14 string new.d&t.string
\
\ integer scalar new.d&t.flag
\ 26
\ 1 new.d&t.flag := \ 0: default now, 1: assigned
\
\ : set.new.d&t \ [ "str -- ]
\ new.d&t.flag 1 =
\ if 31
\   new.d&t.string    ":=
\ else
\   "drop \ use default
\ then
\ ; 36
\
\ cdtNow load WD.asy
\
\ : Choose.output
\ cr ." Choose output format:" 41
\ cr ." M: Monitor"
\ cr ." E: EPS"
\ cr ." " " M" get.str
\ "dup s.type
\ output.flag.str ":=
\ ; 46
\ Choose.output

\ =====
: Forget.mark ; 51
```

```

: file.name
stack.data " C1AC-CC.wks " \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series      56
stack.load " C-CC-A.bpf "
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy

: file.name
stack.data " C4FC-Px.wks " \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series      61
stack.load " C-Fx.bpf " \ No phase adjustment
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot
;
forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WCs-A.wks " \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series      66
stack.load " C-WCs-A.bpf "
;
" 08/20/98-12:30" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot
;
forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WCs-9F.wks "
stack.load " C-WCs-9F.bpf "
;
" 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot
;
forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WCs-4F.wks "
stack.load " C-WCs-4F.bpf "
;
" 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot
;
forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WCs-2F.wks "
stack.load " C-WCs-2F.bpf "
;
" 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot
;
forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WCs-1F.wks "
stack.load " C-WCs-1F.bpf "
;
" 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t

```

```

cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot

forget file.name
: file.name
\ stack.data " C1BnQxCC.wks" \ Coh - B & Q series - Phase X - Cur-Cur
\ stack.data " C1BnQ-CC.wks" \
stack.data " C-CC-BnQ.wks" \ Coh - Current Current - B and Q series
stack.load " C-CC-BnQ.bpf"                                111
;
" 08/21/98-17:02" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot                                                 116

forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WC-BMC.wks" \ Coh - Wave Cur - B series - Modified Complex
stack.load " C-WC-B-M.bpf" \
;                                                       121
" 08/21/98-17:02" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot                                                 126

forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WC-1FC.wks"
stack.load " C-WC-1F.bpf"
;                                                       131
" 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot                                                 136

forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WC-2FC.wks"
stack.load " C-WC-2F.bpf"
;                                                       141
" 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot                                                 146

forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WC-4FC.wks"
stack.load " C-WC-4F.bpf"
;                                                       151
" 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ mon.plot                                                 156

forget file.name
: file.name
stack.data " C-WC-A-R.wks" \ Coh - Wave Cur - A series - Real
stack.load " C-WC-A.bpf"                                     161
;

```

```

" 08/22/98-14:30"  set.new.d&t
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
\ mon.plot
\ -----
\ =====
\ ----- 166

: All.file.name
\ " n"      1x1y.flag   " := 171
\ -----
\ wks.file.name      FB2.file.name
\ -----
" C-WC-BRC.wks"      " C-WC-B-M.bpf" 176
" C-WCs-A.wks"       " C-WCs-A.bpf"
" C-WCs-9F.wks"      " C-WCs-9F.bpf"
" C-WCs-4F.wks"      " C-WCs-4F.bpf"
" C-WCs-2F.wks"      " C-WCs-2F.bpf"
" C-WCs-1F.wks"      " C-WCs-1F.bpf" 181
" C-SC-.wks"          " C-SC-.FB2"
" C-WC-BRC.wks"       " C-WC-B-M.bpf"
" C-CC-BnQ.wks"       " C-CC-BnQ.bpf"
" C-WC-BMC.wks"       " C-WC-B-M.bpf"
" C-WC-B_C.wks"       " C-WC-B.FB2" 186
" C-WC-B_R.wks"       " C-WC-B.FB2"
" C-WC-1FC.wks"       " C-WC-1F.bpf"
" C-WC-2FC.wks"       " C-WC-2F.bpf"
" C-WC-4FC.wks"       " C-WC-4F.bpf"
" C-WC-F4r.wks"       " C-WC4F.FB2"    \ use ymax=0.5 191
" C-WC-A_C.wks"       " C-WC-A.FB2"
" C-WC-A-R.wks"       " C-WC-A.bpf"
" C-model.wks"         " C-WC-A.FB2"  \ use " C-WC-A-R.wks"
" C-psior.wk1"         " C-psior.FB2"  \ Re & Im parts of wavelets bat1
" C-psior.wk1"         " C-psior.FB2"  \ Re & Im parts of wavelets bat2 196
" C-psio.l.wk1"        " C-psio.l.FB2" \ Re & Im parts of wavelets bat3
\ " MorletRI.wk1"      " C-psio.l.FB2" \ Re & Im parts of wavelets
" C-WC-R1A.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2"  \ sai=50~5.5 a series
" C-WC-ROA.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2"  \ =11~5.5 a
" C-WC-R-A.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2" 201
\ " C-WC-C2p.wks"
\ " C-WC-C.wks"
\ " C-WC-R.wks"
;
\ ===== 206
.....
```

# P-Pha.shl

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```
: Plot.Phase.shell ; \    -*- txt:asy -*-          1

\ ^-----\ \
\ \ \-----\ \
\ %% String assignment
\   0. misce.str -- at Top Left, can be assigned in FB(2)          6
\   1. spe.str.1 -- provided by wks file (element at first row and last column)
\   2. spe.str.2 or spe.str.3 -- (CASE) above Legend, use spe.str.2.or.3
\     spe.str.2: can be assigned in FB(2)
\     spe.str.3: default to eps.file.name, not changeable, see plot.bat
\   3  123.str.ary or lgn.str.ary -- Legends for lines, use get.lgns.a.1or.d
\     123.str.ary: provided by wks file (first row)
\     lgn.str.ary: can be assigned in FB2
\ \ \-----\ \
\ ^-----\ \
fa sd swd          16

cdt load FigAPlot.sel \
\ \ =====
\ 1 string output.flag.str          21
\ 26 string d&t.string
\ 14 string new.d&t.string
\
\ integer scalar new.d&t.flag
\
\ 1 new.d&t.flag := \ 0: default now, 1: assigned          26
\
\ : set.new.d&t \ [ "str -- ]
\ new.d&t.flag 1 =
\ if          31
\   new.d&t.string   ":=
\ else
\   "drop \ use default
\ then
\ ;
\
\ cdtNow load WD.asy          36
\
\ : Choose.output
\ cr ." Choose output format:"          41
\ cr ."                         M: Monitor"
\ cr ."                         E: EPS"
\ cr ."                         " " M" get.str
\ "dup s.type
\ output.flag.str ":=          46
\ ;
\ Choose.output

\ =====
: Forget.mark ;          51
```

```

\ =====

: file.name
\   stack.data " Phase-A.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series 56
  stack.data " Pha-LEME.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-LEME.BPF"
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         61

: file.name
\   stack.data " Phase-A.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.data " Pha-SOD.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-SOD.BPF"                                         66
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
  stack.data " Pha-ONA1.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-ONA1.BPF"                                         71
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         76

: file.name
  stack.data " Pha-ONA2.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-ONA2.BPF"                                         81
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
  stack.data " Pha-ONS1.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-ONS1.BPF"                                         86
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         91

: file.name
  stack.data " Pha-ONS2.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-ONS2.BPF"                                         96
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
  stack.data " Pha-ONC.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-ONC.BPF"                                         101
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
  stack.data " Pha-B011.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
  stack.load " Pha-B011.BPF"                                         106
;
```

```

    stack.load " Pha-B011.BPF"
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         111

: file.name
stack.data " Pha-B012.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
stack.load " Pha-B012.BPF"
;                                                       116
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
stack.data " Pha-B021.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series   121
stack.load " Pha-B021.BPF"
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         126

: file.name
stack.data " Pha-B022.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
stack.load " Pha-B022.BPF"
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         131

: file.name
stack.data " Pha-B031.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
stack.load " Pha-B031.BPF"                                         136
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
stack.data " Pha-B032.WKS" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series   141
stack.load " Pha-B032.BPF"
;
cdt load FigAPlot.asy \
forget file.name                                         146

\ =====
\ =====

\ : file.name                                         151
\ stack.data " Cs1A-CC.wks" \ Coh - Current Current - B and Q series
\ stack.load " CsCC-A.bpf"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy

\ : file.name                                         156
\ stack.data " C4FC-Px.wks" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
\ stack.load " C-Fx.bpf" \ No phase adjustment
\ ;
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy                                         161

```

```

\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Cs1A-WC.wks" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
\ stack.load " C-A.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/20/98-12:30" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy

\ : file.name
\ stack.data " Cs1A-WC.wks" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series 171
\ stack.load " C-WCs-A.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/20/98-12:30" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy

\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-A.wks" \ Coh - Wave Current (Spectral) - A series
\ stack.load " C-WCs-A.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/20/98-12:30" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy 176

\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-9F.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WCs-9F.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy 186
\ \ mon.plot
\

\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-4F.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WCs-4F.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot 191
\

\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-2F.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WCs-2F.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot 196
\

\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-1F.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WCs-1F.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t 206
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\

\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-1F.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WCs-1F.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t 211
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\

\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WCs-1F.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WCs-1F.bpf"
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-15:52" set.new.d&t 216
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
```

```

\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ \ stack.data " C1BnQxCC.wks" \ Coh - B & Q series - Phase X - Cur-Cur
\ \ stack.data " C1BnQ-CC.wks" \
\ stack.data " C-CC-BnQ.wks" \ Coh - Current Current - B and Q series
\ stack.load " C-CC-BnQ.bpf" 221
\ ;
\ " 08/21/98-17:02" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\ 231
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WC-BMC.wks" \ Coh - Wave Cur - B series - Modified Complex
\ stack.load " C-WC-B-M.bpf" \
\ ; 236
\ " 08/21/98-17:02" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WC-1FC.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WC-1F.bpf"
\ ; 241
\ " 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WC-2FC.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WC-2F.bpf"
\ ; 246
\ " 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WC-4FC.wks"
\ stack.load " C-WC-4F.bpf"
\ ; 251
\ " 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WC-A-R.wks" \ Coh - Wave Cur - A series - Real
\ stack.load " C-WC-A.bpf" 256
\ ; 261
\ " 08/22/98-00:33" set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\
\ forget file.name
\ : file.name
\ stack.data " C-WC-A-R.wks" \ Coh - Wave Cur - A series - Real
\ stack.load " C-WC-A.bpf" 266
\ ; 271

```

```

\ " 08/22/98-14:30"  set.new.d&t
\ cdt load FigAPlot.asy
\ \ mon.plot
\ 
\ \ -----
\ \ =====
\ \ -----
: All.file.name          281
\ " n"      1x1y.flag   ":=
\ -----
\ wks.file.name      FB2.file.name
\ -----
" C-WC-BRC.wks"      " C-WC-B-M.bpf"           286
" C-WCs-A.wks"       " C-WCs-A.bpf"
" C-WCs-9F.wks"      " C-WCs-9F.bpf"
" C-WCs-4F.wks"      " C-WCs-4F.bpf"
" C-WCs-2F.wks"      " C-WCs-2F.bpf"
" C-WCs-1F.wks"      " C-WCs-1F.bpf"           291
" C-SC-.wks"         " C-SC-.FB2"
" C-WC-BRC.wks"      " C-WC-B-M.bpf"
" C-CC-BnQ.wks"      " C-CC-BnQ.bpf"
" C-WC-BMC.wks"      " C-WC-B-M.bpf"
" C-WC-B_C.wks"      " C-WC-B.FB2"           296
" C-WC-B_R.wks"      " C-WC-B.FB2"
" C-WC-1FC.wks"      " C-WC-1F.bpf"
" C-WC-2FC.wks"      " C-WC-2F.bpf"
" C-WC-4FC.wks"      " C-WC-4F.bpf"
" C-WC-F4r.wks"      " C-WC4F.FB2"           301
" C-WC-A_C.wks"      " C-WC-A.FB2"
" C-WC-A-R.wks"      " C-WC-A.bpf"
" C-model.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2"           \ use ymax=0.5
" C-psior.wk1"        " C-psior.FB2"           \ use " C-WC-A-R.wks"
" C-psior.wk1"        " C-psior.FB2"           \ Re & Im parts of wavelets bat1
" C-psior.wk1"        " C-psior.FB2"           \ Re & Im parts of wavelets bat2 306
" C-psio.l.wk1"        " C-psio.l.FB2"           \ Re & Im parts of wavelets bat3
\ " MorletRI.wk1"      " C-psio.l.FB2"           \ Re & Im parts of wavelets
" C-WC-R1A.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2"           \ sai=50~5.5 a series
" C-WC-ROA.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2"           \ =11~5.5 a
" C-WC-R-A.wks"        " C-WC-A.FB2"           311
\ " C-WC-C2p.wks"
\ " C-WC-C.wks"
\ " C-WC-R.wks"
;
\ =====
.....
```

## Plt\_WBP.shl

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```
: Plt_TnD.shl ; \ Wavelet packet at different levels \ -*- txt:asy -*-      1
\ Wednesday, 2002/11/20 at 20:56:41
\ =====
\ =====
\ PhiPsi.str tmp.s ":=
fa                                         6
\ 4 string PhiPsi.str
\ tmp.s PhiPsi.str ":=
\ -----
4 string PhiPsi.str
: Choose.MW.FW                           11
cr
." Mother (psi) of Father (phi) wavelet" " M" get.str
" F" "="
if
" Phi -" PhiPsi.str ":=                  16
else
" Psi -" PhiPsi.str ":=
then
;
\ Choose.MW.FW                           21
\ =====
cdt load FigA-Ini.asy \
1.5 ps.linewidth.now :=

\ =====
\ =====
5 string wlet
" on1c" wlet ":=
" on22a" wlet ":=
\ -----
1 string wp.or.wb.str                   31
\ stack.data and stack.load are dummies for input gathering only
" P" wp.or.wb.str ":=
: file.name
stack.data " WPon22A1.WKS"
stack.load " WPon22A1.BPF"                 36
"drop "drop
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \                   41
forget file.name

: file.name
stack.data " WPon22A2.WKS"
stack.load " WPon22A2.BPF"                 46
"drop "drop
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \                   51
forget file.name
```

```

: file.name
stack.data " WPon22A3.WKS"
stack.load " WPon22A3.BPF"
"drop "drop
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

\ =====
" B" wp.or.wb.str ":=
: file.name
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

\ =====
" on22a" wlet ":=
" on11c" wlet ":=
\ -----
1 string wp.or.wb.str
\ stack.data and stack.load are dummies for input gathering only
" P" wp.or.wb.str ":=
: file.name
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.wks" "cat
" W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

```

56                    61                    66                    71                    76                    81                    86                    91                    96                    101                    106

```
: file.name
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.wks" "cat
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

\ =====
" B" wp.or.wb.str " :=

: file.name
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.wks" "cat
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 1.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.wks" "cat
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 2.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

: file.name
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.wks" "cat
  " W" wp.or.wb.str "cat wlet "cat " 3.bpf" "cat
;
cdt load FigACore.asy \
forget file.name

\ =====
\ 
\ : file.name
\   stack.data " ■"
\   stack.load " ■.BPF"
\ ;
\ cdt load FigACore.asy \
\ forget file.name

\ =====
```

.....

---

# PenPlot.asy

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```
\ Asyst text file      ----- WORDauto .PLO -----      Lee Yueton-Ron
\ Note          :: 1. Words for pen plotter
\                  2. Any plotting size ( single or double ports )
\                  3. Any X- or Y- plotting scale ( enlargement or reduction )
\                  4. Both software and hardware scalings can be synthesized
\                  5. Optimised for pleasing authentic graphs           6
\                  6. Modified auto plot routines ( rotating and scaling )
\                  7. centered.label command will cause label shifting
\                  8. 05/01/91
\ -----
11

echo.off

: xy.data.fit
over over
[] min/max    vertical    world.set
[] min/max    horizontal   world.set
16
;

: xyap.p
\ vuport.clear \ ----> commented for scaling up and down so that
xy.data.fit      \           all parts can be drawn
xy.axis.plot
xy.data.plot
21
;

: yap.p
index.array
xyap.p
26
;

\ !0-----0!
31

HP7470 \ -- ansi A      7475 -- ansi B

" vs9;"      graph.command \ ceramic pen = 10 , ink pen = 20

real scalar  x.vup.o      scalar  y.vup.o      36
scalar      x.vup.s      scalar  y.vup.s
scalar      x.pap.s      scalar  y.pap.s
scalar      v.h.fl.a     scalar  tmp.v
scalar      a4.sho       scalar  a4.lon
scalar      x.axi.o      scalar  y.axi.o
scalar      x.axi.s      scalar  y.axi.s
scalar      x.cha.s      scalar  y.cha.s
scalar      x.lab.a      scalar  y.lab.a
scalar      x.til.a      scalar  y.til.a
scalar      x.cap.a      scalar  y.cap.a
scalar      sca.siz.x    scalar  ssx
scalar      sca.siz.y    scalar  ssy
scalar      r.p.len.x   scalar  r.p.len.y
scalar      a.p.len.x   scalar  a.p.len.y
scalar      r.p.l.sho   scalar  r.p.l.lon
scalar      def.r.p.l.sho scalar  def.r.p.l.lon
41
46
51
```

```

scalar  sof.sca.x      scalar  sof.sca.y
scalar  r.p.sca.x      scalar  r.p.sca.y
scalar  x.vup.o.sf     scalar  y.vup.o.sf
scalar  sla.deg         scalar  #.por          56

integer   scalar  v.h.fl.a  scalar  sca.u.d  scalar  aut.plo.fl.a
           scalar  tmp.v.i   scalar  pen.1    scalar  pen.2

80 string  case.name          61

plotter.defaults
normal.coords

0.      aut.plo.fl.a  :=  \ 1-auto          66
9       v.h.fl.a   :=  \ 0-V    9-H
19.05   a4.sho    :=
25.65   a4.lon    :=
0.15    x.axi.o   :=
0.15    y.axi.o   :=
0.80    x.axis.s  :=
0.80    y.axis.s  :=
1.05   x.cap.a   :=  \ amplification factor for caption character
1.10   y.cap.a   :=
1.10   x.lab.a   :=  \ amplification factor for label character    71
1.15   y.lab.a   :=
1.15   x.til.a   :=  \ amplification factor for label character
1.30   y.til.a   :=
0.      sla.deg   :=
1       pen.1    :=
2       pen.2    :=
a4.sho y.pap.s  :=
a4.lon x.pap.s  :=
20.    def.r.p.l.lon :=  81
15.    def.r.p.l.sho :=

: ol
" vs9;" graph.command  \ ceramic pen = 10 , ink pen = 20
" sp" pen.2 ". " "cat " ; " "cat               graph.command
outline
" sp" pen.1 ". " "cat " ; " "cat               graph.command
\ " vs20;" graph.command
" vs5;" graph.command
;
                                         91

: cha.siz  \ ssx and ssy  are used to incorporate hardware scaling
normal.coords  color.on  3 foreground
y.pap.s / ssy * swap  x.pap.s / ssx * swap  CHAR.SIZE
;
: label
label  color.off
;
: abs.pos  \ no scaling absolute position          101
normal.coords
y.pap.s / ssy / y.vup.s / swap
x.pap.s / ssx / x.vup.s / swap  position
                                         106

```

```

;

:< std.v.lab.for
x.cha.s      y.cha.s      cha.siz          111
horizontal
\          0          5      label.points
\          \          world.set
0.90       0.065      label.scale.point
-0.5 ssx / -0.7 ssy / 5  label.format      116
vertical
\          0          5      label.points
\          \          world.set
0.035      0.95      label.scale.point
-1.2 ssx / -0.0 ssy / 5  label.format      121
;

:< std.h.lab.for
x.cha.s      y.cha.s      cha.siz          126
horizontal
\          0          5      label.points
\          \          world.set
0.90       0.075      label.scale.point
-0.5 ssx / -0.5 ssy / 5  label.format
vertical
\          0          5      label.points
\          \          world.set
0.05       0.95      label.scale.point
-1.2 ssx / -0.0 ssy / 5  label.format      131
;

:< vpor.to.hpor
0  v.h.fl.a      =          136
if
  PLOT.ROTATE
  9.  v.h.fl.a  :=
then
  a4.lon x.pap.s  :=
  a4.sho y.pap.s  :=          141
  r.p.len.x  x.pap.s /  r.p.sca.x  :=
  r.p.len.y  y.pap.s /  r.p.sca.y  :=
normal.coords
;

:< hpor.to.vpor
9  v.h.fl.a      =          151
if
  PLOT.ROTATE
  0.  v.h.fl.a  :=
then
  a4.sho x.pap.s  :=
  a4.lon y.pap.s  :=          156
  r.p.len.x  x.pap.s /  r.p.sca.x  :=
  r.p.len.y  y.pap.s /  r.p.sca.y  :=
normal.coords
;
\\ !2^1-----1^2!

```

```

: o.v.p.inf.con
0.0                      x.vup.o.sf   :=
0.0                      y.vup.o.sf   :=
0.20         sof.sca.x *  x.cha.s    :=
0.40         sof.sca.y *  y.cha.s    :=
hpor.to.vpor
;
166

: o.h.p.inf.con
0.0                      x.vup.o.sf   :=
0.0                      y.vup.o.sf   :=
0.18         sof.sca.x *  x.cha.s    :=
0.46         sof.sca.y *  y.cha.s    :=
vpor.to.hpor
;
171

: u.v.p.inf.con
1.5                      x.vup.o.sf   :=
2.5                      y.vup.o.sf   :=
0.15         sof.sca.x *  x.cha.s    :=
0.30         sof.sca.y *  y.cha.s    :=
hpor.to.vpor
;
181

: l.v.p.inf.con
1.5                      x.vup.o.sf   :=
2.5                      y.vup.o.sf   :=
0.15         sof.sca.x *  x.cha.s    :=
0.30         sof.sca.y *  y.cha.s    :=
hpor.to.vpor
;
186

: u.h.p.inf.con
2.5                      x.vup.o.sf   :=
1.5                      y.vup.o.sf   :=
0.15         sof.sca.x *  x.cha.s    :=
0.38         sof.sca.y *  y.cha.s    :=
vpor.to.hpor
;
196

: l.h.p.inf.con
2.5                      x.vup.o.sf   :=
1.5                      y.vup.o.sf   :=
0.15         sof.sca.x *  x.cha.s    :=
0.38         sof.sca.y *  y.cha.s    :=
vpor.to.hpor
;
201

: p.inf.1
  v.h.fl 0  =
  if
    r.p.len.x def.r.p.l.sho /  x.vup.o.sf *  x.vup.o.sf   :=
    r.p.len.y def.r.p.l.lon /  y.vup.o.sf *  y.vup.o.sf   :=
  else
    r.p.len.x def.r.p.l.lon /  x.vup.o.sf *  x.vup.o.sf   :=
    r.p.len.y def.r.p.l.sho /  y.vup.o.sf *  y.vup.o.sf   :=
  then
;
211

: p.inf.2
  v.h.fl 1  =
  if
    r.p.len.x def.r.p.l.sho /  x.vup.o.sf *  x.vup.o.sf   :=
    r.p.len.y def.r.p.l.lon /  y.vup.o.sf *  y.vup.o.sf   :=
  else
    r.p.len.x def.r.p.l.lon /  x.vup.o.sf *  x.vup.o.sf   :=
    r.p.len.y def.r.p.l.sho /  y.vup.o.sf *  y.vup.o.sf   :=
  then
;
216

```

```

\ !3^2*****-----*****2^3!
integer      scalar p1x    scalar p1y    scalar p2x    scalar p2y  \ a c b d
              scalar p3x    scalar p3y    scalar p4x    scalar p4y  \ p r q s21

: set.sca
" IN;" graph.command
v.h.fl.a
color.on 12 foreground
nd
cr ." -----"
cr ." 0 : Vertical          9 : Horizontal \ {set.sca;}"
"
cr ." -----"
cr ." Choose V or H :      "#input v.h.fl.a := 10 inten foreground226
v.h.fl.a <> if plot.rotate then
cr ." *****"
cr ." 1 : Default vuports   2 : Set scales   3: Set scale without
"
cr ."      ( 20 * 15 cm )      ( overall )      character scaling
"
cr ." -----236--"
\ cr ."
"
\ cr ."      ----- 25.7cm ----- ----- -----"
"
\ cr ."      /           /      / Horizontal /      / Vertical / 
"
\ cr ."      / Original port 19.05cm /      port Y cm /      port X cm
"
\ cr ."      /           /      /           /      /           / 241
"
\ cr cr      P-----      P-- X cm -----      P--- Y cm ---
"
\ cr ."
"
\ cr ." -----"
cr ." Choose OPTION : "#input sca.u.d := 3 foreground
cr ." -----246--"
cr

1.      sof.sca.x :=
1.      sof.sca.y :=
251
1 sca.u.d =
if
0 v.h.fl.a =
if
def.r.p.l.sho      r.p.len.x := 256
def.r.p.l.lon      r.p.len.y :=
else
def.r.p.l.lon      r.p.len.x :=
def.r.p.l.sho      r.p.len.y :=
then
then

```

```

2 sca.u.d =      3 sca.u.d =   or
if
  cr ."      REFERENCE port's      X-dir      length : "#input r.p.len.266
:=
  cr ."                  Y-dir      length : "#input r.p.len.y
:=
  cr ."      -----"
then

0 v.h.fl.a =
if
  r.p.len.x      r.p.l.sho      :=
  r.p.len.y      r.p.l.lon      :=
else
  r.p.len.x      r.p.l.lon      :=
  r.p.len.y      r.p.l.sho      :=
then

1 sca.u.d =
if
  v.h.fl.a 0 =
  if o.v.p.inf.con
  else o.h.p.inf.con
  then
    r.p.sca.x      x.vup.o.sf  x.pap.s / 2.* - x.vup.s := 286
    r.p.sca.y      y.vup.o.sf  y.pap.s / 2.* - y.vup.s :=
    r.p.len.x      x.pap.s / x.vup.s /      ssx :=
    r.p.len.y      y.pap.s / y.vup.s /      ssy :=
then
291

2 sca.u.d =      3 sca.u.d =   or
if 14 foreground
  cr ."      1 port or 2 ports : "#input #.por      :=
  1 #.por      =
if
  cr ."      set O.H.P or O.V.P ::      X_wnd_length = "#input a.p.len.x :=
  cr ."                  Y_wnd_length = "#input a.p.len.y :=
  v.h.fl.a 0 =
  if o.v.p.inf.con
  else o.h.p.inf.con
  then
    p.inf.1
    r.p.sca.x      x.vup.o.sf  x.pap.s / 2.* - x.vup.s :=
    r.p.sca.y      y.vup.o.sf  y.pap.s / 2.* - y.vup.s :=
    a.p.len.x      x.pap.s / x.vup.s /      ssx := 306
    a.p.len.y      y.pap.s / y.vup.s /      ssy :=
else
  cr ."      set U.h.p or L.v.p ::      X_wnd_length = "#input a.p.len.x :=
  cr ."                  Y_wnd_length = "#input a.p.len.y :=
  v.h.fl.a 0 =
  if l.v.p.inf.con
  else l.h.p.inf.con
  then
    p.inf.1
311

```

```

r.p.sca.x           x.vup.o.sf  x.pap.s / 2. * - x.vup.s := 316
r.p.sca.y           2. /       y.vup.o.sf  y.pap.s /           - y.vup.s := 
a.p.len.x           x.pap.s /  x.vup.s /           ssx := 
a.p.len.y           y.pap.s /  y.vup.s /           ssy := 
then
then                                         321
cr . " ----- "
cr cr  color.off

3 sca.u.d =
if                                         326
v.h.fl.a 0 =
if      r.p.len.x  def.r.p.l.sho / 
      r.p.len.y  def.r.p.l.lon /    swap
else   r.p.len.x  def.r.p.l.lon / 
      r.p.len.y  def.r.p.l.sho /    swap                                         331
then
ssx /     sof.sca.x := 
ssy /     sof.sca.y := 
then                                         336
0 v.h.fl.a =
if                                         \ set to ROLAND system ( Hardware )
  ssx           sca.siz.y := 
  ssy           sca.siz.x := 
else                                         341
  ssx           sca.siz.x := 
  ssy           sca.siz.y := 
then

\ IP : a c b d
SC : p q r s
----- ( q,351 )
| 4|
|----- ( b, d ) |
| 2| IP
| | 1
|----- ( a, c ) SC
| 3
----- ( p, r ) scale = IP / SC
IP : a c b d
SC : p q r s

11040 r.p.l.lon 400 * - 2. / p3x := \ SC
11040 p3x -
7721  r.p.l.sho 400 * - 2. / p3y := 
7721  p3y -

```

```

11040      p4x  p3x -  sca.siz.x * - 2. /      p1x  :=  \ IP          371
11040      p1x           -                  p2x  := 
7721      p4y  p3y -  sca.siz.y * - 2. /      p1y  := 
7721      p1y           -                  p2y  := 

\ Shift SC to match SC port with IP port          376
\ The center of IP port locates at paper center
\ ( without any scaling restriction )
\ { 37.1 , 2.70 } based on reference port sizes of ( 20*15 ) and ( 5*5 )
p4x  p3x  2 *dup
-  p2x  p1x - 40. / / 37.1  sca.siz.x * 4. / * neg  p3x +  p3x 381
:=
-  p2x  p1x - 40. / / 37.1  sca.siz.x * 4. / * neg  p4x +  p4x
:=
p4y  p3y  2 *dup
-  p2y  p1y - 40. / / 2.70  sca.siz.y * 3. / * neg  p3y +  p3y
:=
-  p2y  p1y - 40. / / 2.70  sca.siz.y * 3. / * neg  p4y +  p4y
:=

;          386
set.sca

21 10 22 70 window lower.inner wnd
lower.inner wnd {border}          391

: scale.size
" in;"                                graph.command
" ip" p1x fix ". " "cat " , " "cat p1y fix ". " "cat " , " "cat
p2x fix ". " "cat " , " "cat p2y fix ". " "cat " ; " "cat      graph.command
" sc" p3x fix ". " "cat " , " "cat p4x fix ". " "cat " , " "cat
p3y fix ". " "cat " , " "cat p4y fix ". " "cat " ; " "cat      graph.command
cr . "          IP          p1x = " p1x .  p2x .  p1y .  p2y .
cr . "          SC          p3x = " p3x .  p4x .  p3y .  p4y .

\ \ Maximum scale up can be achieved by not shifting IP ---> This part has
\ \ been updated by the above SC shifting method to eliminate scale restriction
\ 0 v.h.flas =
\ if
\ " ip" p1x float 37.1 40. * 4. / sca.siz.x * + 120 - fix ". " "cat " , " "cat
\     p1y float 2.7 40. * 3. / sca.siz.y * +           fix ". " "cat " ; " "cat
\ else
\ " ip" p1x float 37.1 40. * 4. / sca.siz.x * + 240 - fix ". " "cat " , " "cat
\     p1y float 2.7 40. * 3. / sca.siz.y * + 560 - fix ". " "cat " ; " "cat
\ then          411
\ graph.command

\ Shift IP port to a pleasing position ( impose a little scaling restriction )
0 v.h.flas =
if                                     416
" ip" p1x
    p1y
else
" ip" p1x
    p1y
200 -      ". " "cat " , " "cat
560 -      ". " "cat " ; " "cat
". " "cat " , " "cat , 421

```

```

then
graph.command
;
\ !4^3*****-----*****3^4! 426
: p.inf.2
  1. r.p.sca.x - 2. / x.vup.o.sf x.pap.s / + x.vup.o
:=
  r.p.sca.x x.vup.o.sf x.pap.s / 2. * - x.vup.s
:=
  x.vup.o y.vup.o VUPORT.ORIG
  x.vup.s y.vup.s VUPORT.SIZE 431
  scale.size
;
: o.p.inf
p.inf.1
  1. r.p.sca.y - 2. / y.vup.o.sf y.pap.s / + y.vup.o 436
:=
  r.p.sca.y y.vup.o.sf y.pap.s / 2. * - y.vup.s
:=
  p.inf.2
;
: 2.p.inf.l
p.inf.1
  1. r.p.sca.y - 2. / y.vup.o.sf y.pap.s / + y.vup.o 441
:=
  r.p.sca.y 2. / y.vup.o.sf y.pap.s / - y.vup.s
:=
  p.inf.2
;
: 2.p.inf.u 446
p.inf.1
  0.5 y.vup.o.sf y.pap.s / + y.vup.o
:=
  r.p.sca.y 2. / y.vup.o.sf y.pap.s / - y.vup.s
:=
  p.inf.2
; 451
\ !5^4-----4^5!
: 0.v.p
o.v.p.inf.con
o.p.inf
std.v.lab.for 456
;
: 0.h.p
o.h.p.inf.con
o.p.inf
std.h.lab.for 461
;
: u.v.p
u.v.p.inf.con
2.p.inf.u
std.v.lab.for 466
;

```

```

: l.v.p
l.v.p.inf.con
2.p.inf.l
std.v.lab.for
;
: u.h.p
u.h.p.inf.con
2.p.inf.u
std.h.lab.for
;
: l.h.p
l.h.p.inf.con
2.p.inf.l
std.h.lab.for
;
: 1.p
x.vup.o  x.vup.s  0.1 * + x.vup.o := 471
y.vup.o  y.vup.s  0.1 * + y.vup.o := 476
x.vup.s  0.8 *      x.vup.s := 481
y.vup.s  0.8 *      y.vup.s := 486
x.vup.o  y.vup.o    VUPORT.ORIG
x.vup.s  y.vup.s    VUPORT.SIZE
scale.size
;
: v.p
o.v.p   1.p
;
: h.p
o.h.p   1.p
;
\ !6^5-----5^6!
real      scalar tmp.v.1           scalar tmp.v.2      501
: all.cap          \ [ " CAP", shift, position - ]
sla.deg slant
dup 1 =
  if v.h.fl.a 0 = if u.v.p else u.h.p then
  cr ." CAPTION for UPPER port is : " "dup "type cr
  then
dup 2 =
  if v.h.fl.a 0 = if l.v.p else l.h.p then
  cr ." CAPTION for LOWER port is : " "dup "type cr
  then
3 =
  if v.h.fl.a 0 = if v.p else h.p then
  cr ." CAPTION for V / H port is : " "dup "type cr
  then
506
x.vup.o x.vup.s 2. / + x.pap.s * tmp.v.1 :=
y.vup.o y.pap.s * + tmp.v.2 :=
\ ? = -0.5
v.h.fl.a 0 =
if o.v.p
else o.h.p
then
511
516
521

```

```

tmp.v.1  x.vup.o  x.pap.s * -      x.pap.s /  x.vup.s /  tmp.v.1  :=
tmp.v.2  y.vup.o  y.pap.s * -      y.pap.s /  y.vup.s /  tmp.v.2  :=
"dup "len 2. /  x.cha.s *  x.cap.a *  x.pap.s /  x.vup.s /      tmp.v  526
:=
tmp.v.1  tmp.v -  tmp.v.1  :=
tmp.v.1  tmp.v.2          position
x.cha.s  x.cap.a *  y.cha.s y.cap.a *  cha.siz
label
x.cha.s           y.cha.s           cha.siz      531
;
: u.cap
-0.5   1  all.cap
;
: l.cap
-0.5   2  all.cap      536
;
: 1.cap
-0.6   3  all.cap
;                                         541
\ !7^6-----6^7!

: x.lab      \ [ x.lab - ]
scale.size
"dup
sla.deg  slant
x.cha.s  x.lab.a *  y.cha.s y.lab.a       *  cha.siz
x.axi.o  x.axis.2. / +  y.axi.o  0.360 *  position
"dup "len 2. /  x.cha.s *  x.lab.a *  x.pap.s /  x.vup.s /  tmp.v
:=
x.axi.o  x.axis.2. / +  tmp.v -  y.axi.o  0.360 *  position      551
cr ." Input LABEL for X axis : " "type  cr
\ centered.label \ causing shift of axis label
label
0. label.dir
x.cha.s           y.cha.s           cha.siz      556
;
: y.lab      \ [ y.lab - ]
scale.size
"dup
sla.deg  slant      561
x.cha.s  x.lab.a *  y.cha.s y.lab.a *  cha.siz
x.axi.o .300 *      y.axi.o  y.axis.2. / +  position
cr ." Input LABEL for Y axis : " "type  cr
"dup "len 2. /  x.cha.s *  x.lab.a *  y.pap.s /  y.vup.s /
ssx *  ssy /      tmp.v := \ the scales in x and y dir are different
x.axi.o .360 *      y.axi.o  y.axis.2. / +  tmp.v -  position
90. label.dir
label
0. label.dir
x.cha.s           y.cha.s           cha.siz      571
;

: Lab.1
0.      slant
normal.coords      576

```

```

0.4    0.3      abs.pos
0.14   0.18     cha.siz
" Lee Y.R. "   label
x.cha.s       y.cha.s      cha.siz
;               581
: Lab.d
0.      slant
normal.coords
0.4    0.3      abs.pos
0.14   0.18     cha.siz
"date      label
x.cha.s       y.cha.s      cha.siz
;               586
: Lab.l.d
0. slant
normal.coords
0.4    0.3      abs.pos
0.14   0.18     cha.siz
" Lee Y.R. "   "date  "cat      label
x.cha.s       y.cha.s      cha.siz
;               591
\ 40 string  data.filename.hp
: set.c.n      \ interactive  [ - case.name ]           601
cr cr
." Style of label ::          "
."             (1) CASE : "
."             (2) other   "
." Choose 1 or 2 : " #input cr
1 =
if
  " CASE : " cr inv.on
  . " CASE : "      inv.of      "input  "cat  case.name  ":=
else
  cr inv.on
  . " Any label content :" inv.of "input      case.name  ":=
then cr
case.name
;
;               616
: lab.c        \ [ case.name - ]
scale.size
"dup  case.name  ":=
"dup  cr cr          color.on 4 foreground
inv.on ." Title is : " inv.of      "TYPE CR      color.off
aut.plo.flap 0 =
if
  inv.on . " Is it OK ! " inv.of      ." to exit press <F>"
  pckey drop if set.c.n then
then
sla.deg slant
normal.coords
\ data.filename.hp  case.name  " := 
\ " CASE : "  case.name  "cat  "dup  "len   tmp.v  :=
"len   tmp.v  :=                                         621
;               626
\ data.filename.hp  case.name  " := 
\ " CASE : "  case.name  "cat  "dup  "len   tmp.v  :=
"len   tmp.v  :=                                         631

```

```

x.vup.s x.pap.s *      dup  x.cha.s  x.til.a *  tmp.v *   -    swap   /
y.axis.o y.axis.s +
x.cha.s  x.til.a *      y.cha.s y.til.a *          cha.siz
label
x.cha.s      y.cha.s      cha.siz
;                                         636
\ !8^7-----7^8!

real scalar x.pos           scalar y.pos
scalar x.c.siz             scalar y.c.siz
;                                         641

x.cha.s      x.c.siz     :=
y.cha.s      y.c.siz     :=

: LAB          \ interactive
scale.size
sla.deg slant
normal.coords
cr cr
." POSITION within port (abs in cm) : {;pos:}"
." X.p = " x.pos . ." Y.p = " y.pos . x.pos y.pos abs.pos
CR
." CHAR.SIZE          (abs in cm) : {;cha:}"
." X.s = " x.c.siz . ." Y.s = " y.c.siz . x.c.siz y.c.siz cha.siz cr cr
." LABEL      : "
               "input  LABEL
;                                         651
: pos
cr ." Input absolute position      ( X.p , Y.p ) :: " cr ." "
." X.p = "#INPUT x.pos :=      ." Y.p = "#INPUT y.pos :=      cr
x.pos y.pos abs.pos CR
;                                         656
: cha
cr ." Input CHAR.SIZE          ( X.s , Y.s ) :: " cr ." "
." X.s = "#INPUT x.c.siz :=      ." Y.s = "#INPUT y.c.siz :=      cr
x.c.siz y.c.siz cha.siz cr
;                                         661
\ !9^8-----8^9!

: tom
o.h.p
ibm.graphics
device.init
;

: change.paper
cr cr
b.t
cr ." ***** PLEASE CHANGE PAPER and PRESS ANY KEY *****"
b.t
BELL.LEE.3
KEY DROP
inv.on
cr ." ----- Be sure to change paper AND Press any key -----" 6inv.of
cr
;                                         666
;                                         671

```

```
BELL.LEE.3
KEY DROP
;
686
nd integer scalar partial.clear
\ ^9-----9^
```

## FigA-Ini.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01524-20070125-A075 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```

\ --- txt:asy --- Wednesday, 02/11/20 at 20:52:00
\ The same as FigAPlot.sel (sh1)
\ =====
1 string output.flag.str
26 string d&t.string
14 string new.d&t.string

integer scalar new.d&t.flag
real scalar ps.linewidth.now
    scalar ps.linewidth.def
1.0          ps.linewidth.def      := 11
1.0          ps.linewidth.now     := 11

0 new.d&t.flag   := 16

: set.new.d&t
new.d&t.flag 1 =
if
    new.d&t.string      " := 16
else
    "drop
then
;

: set.lc  \ [ line.colors.flag - ]
lc.flag := 26
lc.flag 0 =
if
    0 lc1 :=
    lc1 lc2 := lc1 lc3 := lc1 lc4 := lc1 lc5 := lc1 lc6 :=
else
    \ select.color 31
        0 lc1 := 9 lc2 := 12 lc3 := 13 lc4 := 11 lc5 := 10 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
    \ 0 lc1 := 1 lc2 := 4 lc3 := 5 lc4 := 6 lc5 := 3 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
        0 lc1 := 9 lc2 := 12 lc3 := 5 lc4 := 6 lc5 := 3 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
    \ 9 lc1 := 12 lc2 := 10 lc3 := 13 lc4 := 0 lc5 := 11 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
    \ 13 lc4 := 0 lc5 := 11 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
    \ 0 lc.flag :=
then
;
: Choose.output 41
cr ." Choose output format:"
cr ."           M: Monitor"
cr ."           E: EPS"
cr ."           " " M" get.str
\ "dup s.type
output.flag.str " := 46
cr ." Choose Color or Black:"
cr ."           C: Color"
cr ."           B: Black"
cr ."           " " C" get.str
"dup

```

```
"upper " C" "=  
if  
 1 set.lc  
else  
 0 set.lc  
then  
;  
Choose.output  
.....
```

---

## FigAPlot.shl

勇伯程式庫 A01525-20070125-A076 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 2]

```
\ ====== 1
1  string output.flag.str
26 string d&t.string
14 string new.d&t.string

integer scalar new.d&t.flag 6

0  new.d&t.flag :=

: set.new.d&t
new.d&t.flag 1 = 11
if
  new.d&t.string    " :="
else
  "drop
then 16
;

: set.lc  \ [ line.colors.flag - ]
lc.flag := 21
lc.flag 0 =
if
  0  lc1 :=
  lc1 lc2 :=  lc1 lc3 :=  lc1 lc4 :=  lc1 lc5 :=  lc1 lc6 := 26
else
  \ select.color
  0 lc1 :=  9 lc2 := 12 lc3 := 13 lc4 := 11 lc5 := 10 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
\ 0 lc1 := 1 lc2 := 4 lc3 := 5 lc4 := 6 lc5 := 3 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
  0 lc1 := 9 lc2 := 12 lc3 := 5 lc4 := 6 lc5 := 3 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
  \ 9 lc1 := 12 lc2 := 10 lc3 :=
  \ 13 lc4 := 0 lc5 := 11 lc6 := 0 lc7 := 31
  \ 0 lc.flag :=
then
;
: Chose.output
cr ." Choose output format:" 36
cr ."                         M: Monitor"
cr ."                         E: EPS"
cr ."                         " " M" get.str
\   "dup s.type
output.flag.str " := 41
cr ." Choose Color or Black:"
cr ."                         C: Color"
cr ."                         B: Black"
cr ."                         " " C" get.str
"dup
"upper " C" " =
if
  1 set.lc
else
  0 set.lc 51
then
```

```
;  
Chose.output
```

---

---

# FigAPlot.asy

勇伯程式庫 A01526-20070125-A077 ♦ January 25, 2007 ♦ [Page count: 13]

```
: FigAPlot.asy ; \ %---- Asyst Prog 1

\ %=====
\ For plotting psi curves
\
\ load Llet-0.asy 6
\ load Llet-cwt.asy
\ set.123
\     wks file
\ set.act
\     5 11
\     1024
\     start frequency: 0.6
\     # of frequency:1
\ load psiCwks.asy (uses wks file)
\ 16
\ %-----
\ load this file: psiCplot.asy (need figaplot.asy)
\
\ (Equivalently --
\ load fig-plot.asy 21
\     and input psiCfb1.fb1 (needs PsiC.bpf)
\ )
\ %=====

\ ----- 26
\ for auto batch plot of figures
\ %% set line colors & eps/mon in this file (1 set.lc; set.eps)
\ %% need      fixed   FigAFB-W.fb
\ %%          interactive (FigABP.bpf)
\ ^----- 31
\ %% Main code for Plotting figures using Asyst data or WKS data
\ %% 1. Assign WKS file and FB2 file to be used
\ %%      Modify and Copy ?.fb to, such as, WKS-FB-1.FB1
\ %%          ^ (assign wks file to be used)
\ %%          Create xy-pairs batch file, such as, WKS-FB-2.FB2 36
\ %%          ^ (assign FB2 file to be used)
\ %%          (design plot style, such as axis, grids, lgns, labels and strings)
\ %% 2. load this file, which will execute do.plot or do.plot.wks
\ %% 3. Use either
\ %%      do.plot    <-- Hil-edge.FB, etc (For fig file and render plot)
\ %%                  <-- WKS-FB-1.FB1, etc (for loading wks file)
\ %%      do.plot.wks <-- WKS-FB-2.FB2 (loading xy pairs and render plots)
\ ^-----

\ %% String assignment 46
\ 0. misce.str -- at Top Left, can be assigned in FB(2)
\ 1. spe.str.1 -- provided by wks file (element at row 1 column last)
\ 2. spe.str.2 or spe.str.3 -- (CASE) above Legend, use spe.str.2.or.3
\     spe.str.2: can be assigned in FB(2)
\     spe.str.3: default to eps.file.name, not changeable, see plot50hat
\ 3 123.str.ary or lgn.str.ary -- Legends for lines, use get.lgns.a.or.d
```

```

\           123.str.ary: provided by wks file (first row)
\           lgn.str.ary: can be assigned in FB2
\ \~ ~~~~~
\ dir.lee.txt " def-anan.nam" "cat defer> load          56

\ cdtNow
\ load WD.asy
\ cdt
\ \ load def-anan.nam          61
\ dir.lee.txt " def-anan.nam" "cat defer> load
cdt load def-anan.nam \

12 string     eps.file.name
12 string     FB2.file.name
64 string    Strange.str \ It is very strange!!! Needed for EPS.
64 string    spe.str.1 \ Loaded from wks file
\ 40 string   spe.str.1 \ Loaded from wks file
24 string    spe.str.2 \ assignable
24 string    spe.str.3 \ Default to eps.file.name          66
1 string     get.lgns.a.or.d
1 string     non.stop.flag
1 string     put.abc.str
26 string    pre.abc.str
26 string    post.abc.str
1 string     1x1y.flag
4 string     axis.fit.flag \ " x0y1"
integer      scalar put.abc.flag
              scalar put.pre.abc.flag
              scalar put.post.abc.flag
              scalar put.d&t.flag
              scalar put.spe.flag
              scalar put.lgn.flag
              scalar plot.#
              scalar acc.plot.# \ accumulated          71
              scalar eps.file.010203.flag
              scalar spe.str.2.or.3
              scalar x.lp.pos
              scalar x.lp.inc
              scalar y.lp.pos
              scalar y.lp.inc
              scalar font.size.xy.label
              scalar font.size.ll          76
20 string    pair.name
Dim[ 6 , 20 ] string.array  pair.name.ary
Dim[ 6 , 20 ] string.array  lgn.str.ary          96
integer      scalar line.#.tmp
              scalar #.line.@

real scalar x.min.w
              scalar x.max.w
              scalar y.min.w
              scalar y.max.w          101

\ -----
" d"           get.lgns.a.or.d      "=          106
" Times-Roman" font.type.n      "=
```

```

20          font.size.xy.label    :=
20          font.size.ll        :=
18          font.size.l         :=
16          font.size.n        :=
14          font.size.s        :=
0           x.lp.pos       :=
2           x.lp.inc       :=
0           y.lp.pos       :=
2           y.lp.inc       :=                                111
\ -----
integer scalar      #.line
integer dim[ 12 ] array line.#
integer scalar #.pts
\           scalar new.d&t.flag \ Moved to shell for auto plotting      121
real      scalar x.max

: change.d&t
new.d&t.flag 1 =
if           126
  new.d&t.string d&t.string " :="
else
  "date   " - "cat   "time   "cat   d&t.string " :="
then
;
\ change.d&t
\   new.d&t.string d&t.string " :=

: labxy.xy
x.label y.label
eps.flag 1 =                                136
if 0.04
else 0.02
then
eps.flag 1 =
if           141
  font.type.n  font.size.xy.label ps.font
  labxy.stack
  font.type.n  font.size.n      ps.font
else
  labxy.stack
then
;
: put.d&t
put.d&t.flag 1 =
if           151
normal.coords
0.80 0.97 position d&t.string label
world.coords
then
;
: put.abc.part
put.pre.abc.flag 1 =
if
  pre.abc.str
else
  "null                                156
                                         161

```

```

then
put.abc.flag 1 =
if
  " (" put.abc.str "cat" " )" "cat" 166
else
  "null
then
put.post.abc.flag 1 =
if
  post.abc.str 171
else
  "null
then
"cat" "cat"
;
: put.abc.part.res
put.abc.flag 1 =
\ eps.flag 1 = and
if
  pre.abc.str 181
  " (" "cat" put.abc.str "cat" " )" "cat"
else
  pre.abc.str
then
;
: put.abc
normal.coords
put.abc.part
Strange.str ":"= \ It is very strange!!! Needed for EPS. 191
Strange.str \ It is very strange!!! Needed for EPS. Otherwise, No print
0.20 0.89 position label
world.coords
;
: put.spe
put.spe.flag 1 =
if
normal.coords
spe.str.2.or.3 3 = 201
if
  spe.str.3
else
  spe.str.2
then 206

misce.str \ spe.str.1 at top left
2.wnd.flag 1 = \ assigned by hp.new, dp.new, dp.new
if
  0.15 0.97 position label 211
  0.17
  eps.flag 1 =
  if
    0.88
  else
    0.91
  then position label
else

```

```

0.15  0.97      position          label
\ \  0.17  0.93      position          label
2.wnd.flag 1 = \ assigned by hp.new, dp.new, dp.new
if
  0.17  0.93      position          label
else
  0.70  0.89      position          label
then
then
world.coords
then
;
: put.lgn \ [ line.#, line.posi, "text" -- ]
put.lgn.flag 1 =
if
normal.coords
2.wnd.flag 1 = \ assigned by hp.new, dp.new, dp.new
if
  0.70
  eps.flag 1 =
  if
    0.88
  else
    0.91
  then
else
  0.70  0.85
then
\ \  0.70  0.92
key.orig
mkl.bat
key.done
world.coords
then
;
\ ****
: set.eps
1 eps.flag :=
" n" my.pause.flag ":=
\ 0 lc.flag :=
\ 0 2in1.flag :=
;
: set.mon
0 eps.flag :=
\ 1 lc.flag :=
\ 1 2in1.flag :=
;
: put.grid.lines \ equivalent to xy.axis.plot
grid.flag 1 =
if
  0.5 ps.linewidth
  vertical
  grid.on
  no.labels
  horizontal
  grid.on
  no.labels
;

```

```

xy.axis.plot
then
1.0 ps.linewidth
vertical
grid.off
\ 0 2 label.points
x.lp.pos x.lp.inc label.points
horizontal
grid.off
\ 0 2 label.points
y.lp.pos y.lp.inc label.points
\ xy.axis.plot
;
\ ****
\ : set.lc \ [ line.colors.flag - ]
\ lc.flag :=
\ lc.flag 0 =
\ if
\ 0 lc1 :=
\ lc1 lc2 := lc1 lc3 := lc1 lc4 := lc1 lc5 := lc1 lc6 :=
\ else
\ select.color
\ 0 lc1 := 9 lc2 := 12 lc3 :=
\ 13 lc4 := 11 lc5 := 10 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
\ 9 lc1 := 12 lc2 := 10 lc3 :=
\ 13 lc4 := 0 lc5 := 11 lc6 := 0 lc7 :=
\ 0 lc.flag :=
\ then
\ ;
\ 1 set.lc
\ -----
\ ----- PS Words -----
\ vuport ps.hp.port
\ .90 .90 vuport.size
\ .05 .05 vuport.orig
\ vuport ps.up.port
\ .90 .42 vuport.size
\ .05 .51 vuport.orig
\ vuport ps.dp.port
\ .90 .42 vuport.size
\ .05 .07 vuport.orig
vuport ps.hp.port
.900 .900 vuport.size
.050 .050 vuport.orig
316
vuport ps.up.port
.900 .440 vuport.size
.050 .510 vuport.orig
vuport ps.dp.port
.900 .440 vuport.size
.050 .050 vuport.orig
321
\ vuport h.port 0.0000 0.1500 vuport.orig 1.0000 0.8500 vuport.size outline
: ps.hp
    ps.hp.port
    horizontal normal.coords 0.85 0.10 label.scale.point world.coords
\ 0 2 label.points

```

```

x.lp.pos x.lp.inc label.points
vertical normal.coords 0.07 0.87 label.scale.point world.coords
0 2 label.points
y.lp.pos y.lp.inc label.points 331
ps.graphics ;
: ps.up
  ps.up.port
    horizontal normal.coords 0.85 0.10 label.scale.point world.coords
    0 2 label.points 336
      x.lp.pos x.lp.inc label.points
    vertical normal.coords 0.07 0.87 label.scale.point world.coords
    0 2 label.points
      y.lp.pos y.lp.inc label.points
    ps.graphics ; 341
: ps.dp
  ps.dp.port
    horizontal normal.coords 0.85 0.10 label.scale.point world.coords
    0 2 label.points
      x.lp.pos x.lp.inc label.points 346
    vertical normal.coords 0.07 0.87 label.scale.point world.coords
    0 2 label.points
      y.lp.pos y.lp.inc label.points
    ps.graphics ;
: port.axis.1.m
  horizontal normal.coords 0.85 0.10 label.scale.point world.coords
    x.lp.pos x.lp.inc label.points
    0 2 label.points
  vertical normal.coords 0.07 0.87 label.scale.point world.coords
    y.lp.pos y.lp.inc label.points ; 356
    0 2 label.points ;
: port.axis.2.m
  horizontal normal.coords 0.85 0.10 label.scale.point world.coords
    x.lp.pos x.lp.inc label.points
    0 2 label.points 361
  vertical normal.coords 0.04 0.87 label.scale.point world.coords
    y.lp.pos y.lp.inc label.points ;
    0 2 label.points ;
: hp.tmp h.port {b.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.1.m 0.02 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 0 2.wnd.flag := ; 366
: vp.tmp v.port {b.text} t2.color tmp.c := port.axis.2.m 0.02 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 0 2.wnd.flag := ;
: lp.tmp l.port {l.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.2.m 0.95 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;
: rp.tmp r.port {r.text} t2.color tmp.c := port.axis.2.m 0.95 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;
: up.tmp u.port {l.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.1.m 0.02 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ;
: dp.tmp d.port {r.text} t2.color tmp.c := port.axis.1.m 0.02 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 1 2.wnd.flag := ; 376
: fp.tmp f.port {f.text} t1.color tmp.c := port.axis.1.m 0.02 y.lab.pos :=
  port.color 0 2.wnd.flag := ;
: hp.res hp ;
: up.res up ;
: dp.res dp ; 381
: hp.new

```

```

eps.flag 1 =
if      ps.hp 0 2.wnd.flag :=
else    hp.tmp
then
\ outline.color color solid  outline
;                                         386
: up.new
eps.flag 1 =
if      ps.up 1 2.wnd.flag :=
else    up.tmp
then
\ outline.color color solid  outline
;                                         391
: dp.new
eps.flag 1 =
if      ps.dp 1 2.wnd.flag :=
else    dp.tmp
then
\ outline.color color solid  outline
;                                         396
: hint.tmp
cr ." Command:"
\ " 1 set.lc; set.mon; set.eps -> do.plot" s.type.3
\ " (.wks)" s.type ."   " (wks.bat)" s.type
" 1 set.lc; set.mon; set.eps -> do.plot" s.type.3
."   " [fig.FB]" s.type
cr ." Command:"
" 1 set.lc; set.mon; set.eps -> do.plot.wks" s.type.3
."   " [?.bpf]" s.type
;                                         401
\ -----
\ def.vuport
\ -----                                         411
\ ----- Pre Part -----
: ini.gr.out
eps.flag 1 =
if      sd
\ else  sd
else    gd
then
def.vuport
\ ps.graphics
11 8.5 ps.paper.size
ps.encapsulate
ps.landscape
eps.flag 1 =
if
  vertical
    grid.off
    \ no.labels
  horizontal
    grid.off
    \ no.labels
\ -----                                         421
                                         426
                                         431
                                         436

```

```

\    cr cr ." ---> EPS file: "
\    cr cr ." ---> EPS file [ " 2 1 fix.format Plot.# 0 n>s s.type.3 . " ]: "
cr cr ." ---> EPS file [ "
put.abc.part s.type.3 ." /"
2 1 fix.format acc.plot.# 0 n>s s.type.3 . " ]: "
cdf.now.str
eps.file.010203.flag 1 =
if
acc.plot.# 9 <=
if
" 0"
else
then
acc.plot.# 0 n>s "cat
" .eps" "cat
eps.file.name ":"=
then
eps.file.name
non.stop.flag "upper" " Y" "= 441
if
"cat
else
get.str "dup eps.file.name ":"= "cat
then
\ ." ---> EPS file: " " 01.eps" get.str "cat
"dup s.type.3
defer> ps.file
ps.graphics
ps.start 451
font.type.n font.size.n ps.font
1.0 ps.linewidth
ps.hp ps.up ps.dp
\ initializing
then 456
;
\ ----- End Part -----
: end.gr.out
normal.coords
1 1 position
world.coords
eps.flag 1 = 461
if
ps.end
def.vuport
ibm.graphics
\ gd
else
then
eps.flag 0 = 466
if
my.pause
else
sd
cr cr ." ---> EPS file [ "
put.abc.part s.type.3 ." /" 476
481
486
491

```

```

2 1 fix.format acc.plot.# 0 n>s s.type.3 . " ]: "
cdf.now.str      eps.file.name      "cat      s.type.3 . " "
" All done!" s.type.2
then
hint.tmp
;
: for.mon.gd
eps.flag 1 = not
if
gd
then
;
\ !*****!
: do.plot
plot.# 1 + plot.# := 496
acc.plot.# 1 + acc.plot.# := 501
\
\ sd \ \% for debugging
511

hint.tmp
cr ." Figure body file : "
\ cr ." (Gen:Acc3w1i0.FB, WKS:WKS-1xAy.fb, etc.) " " C-WC-R_F.FB" get.str
cr ." (Gen:Acc3w1i0.FB, WKS:WKS-1xAy.FB, etc.) "
\ " WKS-FB-1.FB1" get.str 516
\ " WKS-FB-1.FB3" get.str
\ " WKSFB-1.FB1" \ get.str \ \ FOR AUTO BATCH PLOT
" FigAFB-W.fb" \ stack.load \ " FigAFB-W.fb" \ get.str \ FOR AUTO BATCH PLOT
\ -----
ini.gr.out
521
\ ----- Begin Body of graph -----
\ dir.lee.txt "swap "cat defer> load
cdt.now.str "swap "cat defer> load
\
\ ----- End Body of graph ----- 526 -----
end.gr.out
\ -----
;

\ " WKS-FB-2.FB2" FB2.file.name " := 531
stack.load " FigABP.bpf "
FB2.file.name " :=

\ : do.plot.wks
\ \ -----
\ \ cr ." WKS Plot Batch file : (C-WC_B.Bat, etc.) " " C-WC_B.Bat" get.str
\ \ cr ." WKS Plot Batch file : (WKS-FB-2.FB2, etc.) "
\ \ FB2.file.name get.str \ \ FOR INTERACTIVE PLOT 536
\ \ FB2.file.name \ get.str \ \ FOR AUTO BATCH PLOT
\ \ dir.lee.txt "swap "cat defer> load
\ \ cdt.now.str "swap "cat defer> load
\ \
\ \ -----
\ ;
do.plot.wks
\ -----
\ cr ." WKS Plot Batch file : (C-WC_B.Bat, etc.) " " C-WC_B.Bat" get.541
cr ." WKS Plot Batch file : (WKS-FB-2.FB2, etc.) "

```

```

\ FB2.file.name  get.str  \ \ FOR INTERACTIVE PLOT
FB2.file.name  \ get.str  \ \ FOR AUTO BATCH PLOT
cdt.now.str "swap "cat defer> load
\                                         551
\ -----
;
\ \ \ ~~~~~~
\ *****

cdt
load 123-A2W.asy \
cdt
load 123-W2A.asy \
                                         561
token q.coef  exp.mem> q.coef
integer scalar extracted.flag
\ ****
\ ****
: get.line.#  \ [ string -- ]
  \ ----- Remember to initial #.line to 0
  "dup  cr  s.type.3
  "len  tmp.v.i.3  :=
  0    tmp.v.i.2  :=
begin
  tmp.v.i.2  1 +  tmp.v.i.2  :=
  \ ."  " tmp.v.i.2 .
  "dup  "upper
  123.str.ary "[ tmp.v.i.2 ]  1  tmp.v.i.3  "sub  "upper  "=
  tmp.v.i.2 #.col  =  or
until
\ "drop
"upper 123.str.ary "[ tmp.v.i.2 ]  1  tmp.v.i.3  "sub  "upper  "=
not
tmp.v.i.2 #.col  =  and
if
  cr ." Array not found - Exit!"
  exit
else
  #.line 1 +  #.line :=
then
tmp.v.i.2      line.#  [ #.line ]  :=
." No " 2 0 fix.format  #.line  n.type
." found at " tmp.v.i.2  n.type
;                                         571
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat  defer>  load.overlay
: extract.wks  \ [ 123.file.name  -- ]
123.file.name  ":=
\ %----- Open WKS -----
cr ." Opening WKS file : " 123.file.name  s.type
." --- " " Wait " s.type.2
dir.asy.sys      " 123io.sov" "cat  defer>  load.overlay
123.file.name  defer>  123file.open
\ %----- Get all column names -----
cr ." -->Str:"                                         581
                                         586
                                         591
                                         596
                                         601

```

```

" " 123.str.ary  ":"=
1      1
1      100
123read.range
123.str.ary
123file>"                                     606
" Done." s.type.3
\ %----- Find the column number for the specification string -----
cr ." -->Spe:"                                611
0 #.line :=

" $$" \ cell flag for specification cell
"dup s.type
get.line.#
\ %%----- Get specification string -----
1     line.# [ #.line ]                           616
1     1
123read.range
tmp.s
123file>"                                     621
tmp.s "len 2 - 3 swap "sub      tmp.s  ":"=
tmp.s s.type.3
\ %----- Find specification parameters -----
tmp.s spe.str.1 ":"=
tmp.s
\ " 12345" "cat \ strange behavior here      626
"null "cat          \ strange behavior here
\ \ "dup s.type.2
tmp.s   ascii , "number  #.col    := ?drop
tmp.s  ":"=
tmp.s   ascii ) "number  #.row    := ?drop
tmp.s  ":"=
\ tmp.s   ascii - "number  tmp.v.i  := ?drop
\ tmp.s  ":"=
tmp.s  ":"= \ recover tmp.s --- need the line : "null "cat !
\ %%----- Read data -----636-----
cr ." -->Data:"
11      1
#.row  #.col
123read.range \ \ in double precision
                                                 641

123file>unnamed.array
becomes> q.coef
q.coef trans[ 1 , 2 ] becomes> q.coef
\ %----- Close WKS -----
123file.close
release.overlay
1 extracted.flag :=
" Done." s.type.3
;
release.overlay
                                                 646
: set.def
\ 1      grid.flag           :=
0      grid.flag           :=
1      put.lgn.flag        :=
                                                 656

```

```

1      put.d&t.flag          :=          661
1      put.spe.flag          :=          661
1      put.abc.flag          :=          661
0      plot.#                :=          661
0      acc.plot.#            :=          661
0      #.line                :=          661
1      eps.file.010203.flag :=          661
" 01.eps"  eps.file.name   " :=          661
" y"    non.stop.flag     " :=          661
3      spe.str.2.or.3       :=          661
\ 1      new.d&t.flag       :=          666
change.d&t

;

\ *****
\ Don't change here
\ *****
set.def
\ 1 set.lc
set.mon          676
sd
do.plot
\ *****
\ *****
\ *****
\ \ %=====
\ 0  set.lc
\ \ set.mon
\ set.eps          686
\ DO.PLOT.WKS  \ FOR AUTO PLOT
\ \ %=====
\ %=====
: eps.plot
\ 0  set.lc
\ set.mon
set.eps
DO.PLOT.WKS  \ FOR AUTO PLOT          691
;
\ %=====
: mon.plot
\ 1  set.lc
set.mon
\ set.eps
DO.PLOT.WKS  \ FOR AUTO PLOT          696
;
\ %=====
\ 1 string output.flag.str
: output.plot
output.flag.str "upper
" E"  "= if eps.plot else mon.plot then          706
;
output.plot

.....

```

# WPon22A3.BPF

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```
\ %% Wavelet Blowup  -*- txt:asy -*-
\ -----
\   misce.str                                d&t      spe.str.1 : From wks $$Mark
\   -----                                     spe.str.2 : Assigned
\   | X(a)Y      Case (spe.str.2.or.3) |   spe.str.3 : eps.file.name
\   |           lgn1 (put.lgn.flag) |           6
\   |           lgn2                  |   123.str.ary : From wks 1st row (d)
\   Y|                               |   lgn.str.ary : Assigned (a)
\   |
\   |                               |   /
\   |                               |   Case :
\   |                               |   (put.spe.flag and spe.str.2.or.3)
\   -----                                     Legend :
\   X                                         (put.lgn.flag and get.lgns.a.or.d)
\ -----
\ %% String assignment
\   0. misce.str -- at Top Left, can be assigned in FB(2)          16
\   1. spe.str.1 -- provided by wks file (element at row 1 column last)
\   2. spe.str.2 or spe.str.3 -- For (CASE) above Legend, use spe.str.2.or.3
\       spe.str.2: can be assigned in FB(2)
\       spe.str.3: default to eps.file.name, not changeable, see plot.bat
\   3  123.str.ary or lgn.str.ary -- Legends for lines, use get.lgns.a.or.d
\       123.str.ary: provided by wks file (first row)
\       lgn.str.ary: can be assigned in FB2
\ -----
\ =====
" n"  my.pause.flag  :=                                              26
" y"  non.stop.flag  :=  \ for eps.file
1 eps.file.010203.flag  :=
0 #.line  :=
\ -----
\ ----- ■ figure annotation                                         31
1 put.lgn.flag  :=
1 put.d&t.flag  :=  \ at top right corner
1 put.spe.flag  :=  \ (CASE) above Legend
3 spe.str.2.or.3 :=  \ use spe.str.3 (eps.file.name) for (CASE)
2 spe.str.2.or.3 :=  \ use spe.str.2 (assigned) for (CASE)          36
0 x.lp.pos  :=  \ for label.points
2 x.lp.inc  :=
0 y.lp.pos  :=
2 y.lp.inc  :=
" d"          get.lgns.a.or.d " :=  \ use Assigned or Default lgn      41
spe.str.1      misce.str        " :=  \ at top left corner
"null         spe.str.2        " :=
" 1"  lgn.str.ary "[ 1 ]  " := 
" 2"  lgn.str.ary "[ 2 ]  " := 
" 3"  lgn.str.ary "[ 3 ]  " := 
" 4"  lgn.str.ary "[ 4 ]  " := 
" 5"  lgn.str.ary "[ 5 ]  " := 
" 6"  lgn.str.ary "[ 6 ]  " := 
\ ----- ■ labeling a, b, .. subfigs
0  put.abc.flag    :=  \ for labeling subfigs, e.g., (a)                51
1  put.pre.abc.flag :=  \ e.g. M-(a)
```

```

1   put.post.abc.flag := \ e.g. M-(a)-5
-32 plot.#           := \ A, B, .. (-32: 65 -> A)
-0  plot.#           := \ a, b, .. ( 0: 97 -> a)
"null                pre.abc.str  ":=
"null                post.abc.str ":= \ "null
\ =====
\ ----- █ axes
1   grid.flag          :=
" x0y1 " axis.fit.flag      ":=
10   8 axis.divisions
0.    x.min.w          :=
500.   x.max.w          :=
-4.    y.min.w          :=
4.     y.max.w          :=
0     Find.y.MinMax.flag := \ 0: disable G.or.L.y.MinMax.Flag
1     Find.y.MinMax.flag := \ 1: recalculate y.min.w and y.max.w
" G "   G.or.L.y.MinMax.Flag ":= \ full global q array (include unlisted cols)
" L "   G.or.L.y.MinMax.Flag ":= \ all local listed and exclude unlisted cols
" Point series"      x.label   ":=
" Coefficient"       y.label   ":=
\ =====
\ =====
" Wavelet packet"     pre.abc.str ":=
" (" G.or.L.y.MinMax.Flag "cat " )" "cat post.abc.str      ":=
\ ~~~~~
" WP1on22A"   eps.file.name  ":=
" ON22A"     eps.file.name  ":=
1 eps.file.010203.flag :=
2 spe.str.2.or.3 := \ use spe.str.2 (assigned) for (CASE)           81
" 3" eps.file.name "cat eps.file.010203.root ":= \ for eps output file name
eps.file.name spe.str.2          ":= \ for case labeling
" @-PAIRS"
" P1L0"
plot.bat
\ =====
" @-PAIRS"
" P1L1"
plot.bat
\ =====
" @-PAIRS"
" P1L2"
plot.bat
\ =====
" @-PAIRS"
" P1L3"
plot.bat
\ =====
" @-PAIRS"
" P1L4"
plot.bat
\ =====
" @-PAIRS"
" P1L5"
plot.bat
\ =====

```



## APPENDIX — Mathematica Programs

## (\* TFR-WPT Shell \*)

(\* by Ron Lee \*)

†

[View Core File in NB Fmt](#) [View Core File in M Fmt](#)

[View Original Single - File - Processing](#) (the base of the core file)

†

COLOR SCHEME (\* Hyperlinks: [Top](#) [Colors](#) [Files](#) [Map](#)  
[Signal](#) [End](#) \*)

```
commanddir = "g:\\all-mma\\common\\";
currentdir = "g:\\all-mma\\TFR-WP\\";
datadir = "c:\\per\\mat\\0-map\\data\\";
Get[commanddir<>"SetNotebook_nb-m.m"]
(* Set notebook options *)
Clear["noext*"];
noextbat = "yes";
colorstyle = 1; (* 0:B&W ; 1:Color*)
ampflag = 1;
(* 0:normal below ; 1:db below ; 2:db above 3:Log below*)
dbcutoff = 40;
huebeg = 0.15; (* 0.5:blue ; 0.2:yellow *)
xstr = "Time (sec)";
ystr = "Signal";
```

General::spell1 : Possible spelling error:  
new symbol name "ystr" is similar to existing symbol "xstr".

```
(* runmap[x_] :=
{noextnew=x, <<"c:/per/mat/0-map/WP-Core_nb-m.m"; *}
runmap[x_] := {noextnew = x,
Get[currentdir<>"TFR-WP_Shell-Core.nb.m"]};
```

† BATCH PROCESSING (\* Hyperlinks: [Top](#) [Colors](#) [Files](#) [Map](#)  
[Signal](#) [End](#) \*)

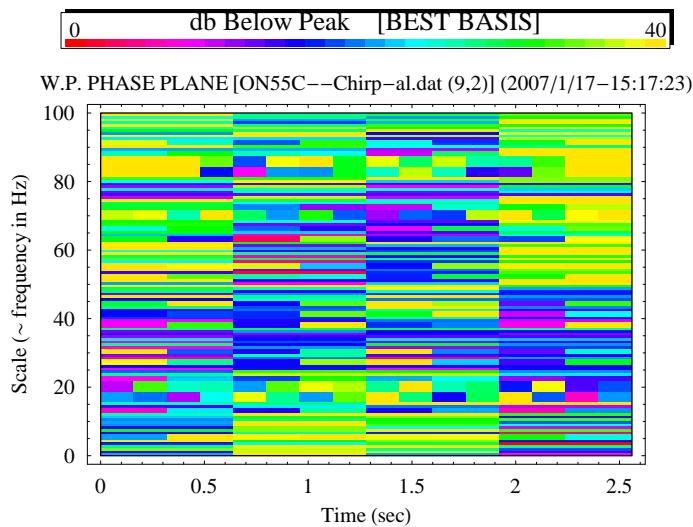
```
datafilename = "0";
(* noext="a0m10205";
runmap["0"];
runmap["a0m10205"];
*)
(*
runmap["chip-al"];
runmap["0"];
*)
runmap[datafilename];
```

Remove::rmnsm : There are no symbols matching "\*wp\*".

Remove::rmnsm : There are no symbols matching "gf\*".

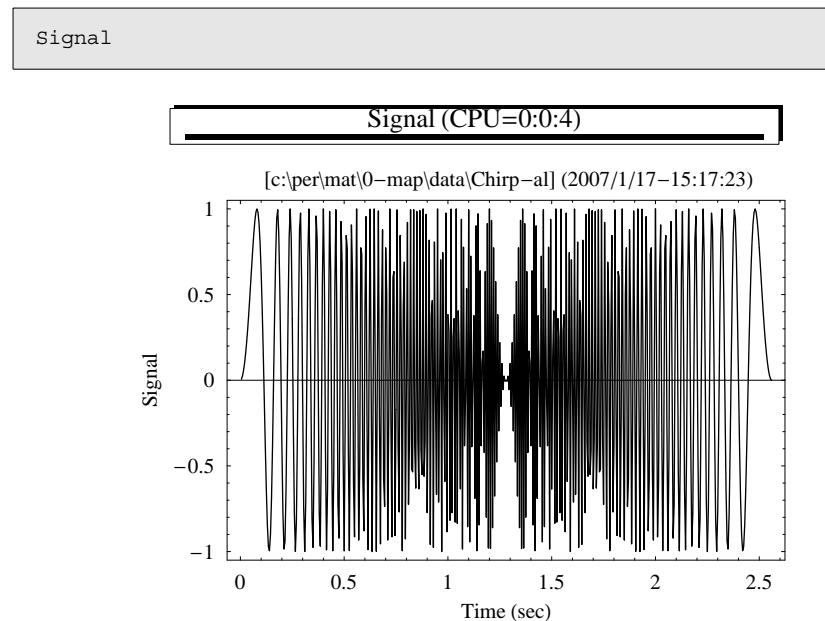
```
Data file (Default-A) : c:\per\mat\0-map\data\Chirp-al
Frame Labels {x,y} : Time (sec) Signal
Sampling Rate : 200.
Freq index (beg, end, {secbeg, secend}) : {1, 512, {1,
9}}}
StringTake::take : Cannot take positions 1 through 4 in "50.".
```

Map



```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...nt Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 17, 20}          CPU: (00, 00, 0.172);  
Time: (00, 00, 04)
```



```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...nt Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 17, 20}          CPU: (00, 00, 0.297);  
Time: (00, 00, 06)
```

No TeX Equation.

†

(\* Hyperlinks: [Top](#) [Colors](#) [Files](#) [Map](#) [Signal](#) [End](#) \*)

## (\* Time-Frequency Rendition of Wavelet Packet Transform\*)

(\* by Ron Lee \*)

(\*)

Notes on Shell Processing OR Single-file Stand-alone Processing:

This file is also the base of the core file of TFR-WPT shell in ".nb" format ([View Shell File in NB Fmt](#)). It needs to be converted to "text (.M)" format for use in the shell ([View Shell's Core File in M Fmt](#)).

A: For Single-file Stand-alone Processing:  
Uncomment all elements in cell labeled as 'Shell processing OR Single-file processing'

B: For Shell Processing:

Steps for Making M-file:

- 0: Rename this file as the Shell's core file in nb fmt (e.g., TFR-WPT\_Shell-Core.nb).
1. Comment out all elements in cell labeled as 'Shell processing OR Single-file processing'
2. Delete all outputs
3. Remove In/Out names
4. Just "saved as special -> text ->, ?.m"
5. Put the file name in shell

Done!

\*)

■ (\* DISPLAY SCHEME \*) (\* Hyperlinks: [Top](#) [Files](#) [Colors](#) [Map](#)  
[Signal](#) [End](#) \*)

```
commanddir = "g:\\all-mma\\common\\";
currentdir = "g:\\all-mma\\TFR-WP\\";
datadir = "c:\\per\\mat\\0-map\\data\\";
FigDir = "G:\\Fig\\MMA\\TFR-WP\\";
Get[commanddir<>"000-p1_nb-m.m"];
Get[commanddir<>"Run-form-1w.m"];
Get[commanddir<>"fig-fram_nb-m.m"];
Get[commanddir<>"000-word_nb-m.m"];

Remove["p*", "*wp*", "gf*", "lgn*"]
<< "e:/math/4.0/addons/standardpackages/graphics/legend.m"
currentfile = ReadList[datadir<>"cur-map.fip", String];
(*
noext="chirpd";
noext="envelope";
noext="chirp-de"; (* inverse decreasing freq ~ 1/t*)
noext="chirp-ny"; (* Nyquist sampling *)
noext="chirp-al"; (* Nyquist sampling *)
noext="a0m10205";
Clear["noext*"]
*)
Clear["noext*"]
noext = currentfile[[1]];
Which[noextbat === "yes",
    Which[noextnew === "0", noext = currentfile[[1]],
        noextnew != "0", noext = noextnew]];
noext = datadir<>noext;
mouttt["Data file"><>Which[
    noextbat != "yes", " (Default-A) : ",
    noextbat === "yes", Which[noextnew === "0", " (Default-B)",
        noextnew != "0", " (Assigned) : "]]
```

Data file (Default-A) : c:\per\mat\0-map\data\Chirp-al

(\* Shell processing OR single-file processing \*)  
(\* COLOR SCHEME \*) (\* Hyperlinks: Top Files Colors Map  
Signal End \*)

```
colorstyle=1; (*0:B&W ; 1:Color*)
ampflag=1;      (* 0:normal below; 1:db below ; 2:db above
3:Log below*)
dbcutoff=20;
huebeg=0.2;     (* 0.5:blue ; 0.2:yellow *)
xstr="Time (sec)"; ystr="Signal";
(*
*)
```

```
mouttt["Frame Labels {x,y} : ", {xstr, ystr}];
secbeg=1;
secend=9;
logbase=10.;
```

Frame Labels {x,y} : Time (sec) Signal

□ (\* AUTO INPUT OF DETAILS \*)

```
(* ===== Auto Input of Complete ASYST Program Details and Data =====
xymin=ReadList [noext<>".mip", Number, RecordLists->True];
xymax=ReadList [noext<>".map", Number, RecordLists->True];
wpsig=ReadList [noext<>".sip", Number];
wpamp=ReadList [noext<>".amp", Number];
wpspe=ReadList [noext<>".spp", Number];
wpstr=ReadList [noext<>".stp", String];
npower=wpspe[[1]];
jwplevel=wpspe[[2]];
bestflag=wpspe[[3]];
bestlevel=wpspe[[4]];
sfreq=wpspe[[5]];mouttn["Sampling Rate : ", sfreq];
(* secbeg=wpspe[[6]] + 1 ; *) (* jwp.level + 1 *)
wpsigx=Table[ x/sfreq, {x, 1, 2^npower, 1}] ;
wpsigy=wpsig ;
wpsig=Table[ {wpsigx[[x]], wpsigy[[x]]}, {x, 1, 2^npower, 1}] ;
wlet=wpstr[[1]];
nowfile=wpstr[[2]];

FigName=FigDir<>nowfile<>"_"<>wlet<>"_"
```

Sampling Rate : 200.

General::spell1 : Possible spelling error: new symbol name "wpsigx" is similar

General::spell : Possible spelling error: new symbol name "wpsigy" is similar

*G : \Fig\mma\TFR-WP\Chirp-al.dat\_ON55C\_*

□ (\* ZOOM IN \*)

```
(* ==Parameters reset ( from 1 to n.power ; reset here ) === *)
(*
secbeg=1;
secend=npower
secend=8
*)
(* secbeg=wpspe[[2]] + 1 ; *)
(* Set image size
myfontsize=10;
setis={imagesizex=432,imagesizey=imagesizex/1.,myfontsize=10,
       aspectratiox=1.11,lgnposy=0.99};
*)
setis={imagesizex=360,imagesizey=imagesizex/1.4,myfontsize=8,
       aspectratiox=1.55,lgnposy=0.70};
myfont = "Times";
$TextStyle = {FontFamily -> "Times", FontSize -> myfontsize};
```

■ (\* LEGENDS \*)

```
beststr=Which[ bestflag==1,    "      [BEST BASIS]"
              , bestflag==2,    "      [BEST LEVEL "<>" ("<>"
ToString[bestlevel]<>") "<>"] "];
(* -----
ibeg=If[ secbeg==1, 1, 2^(secbeg-1)+1 ];   (* index *)
iend=2^secend;
mouttn["Freq index (beg, end, {secbeg, secend}) : ",
{ibeg, iend, {secbeg, secend}} ];
Freq index (beg, end, {secbeg, secend}) : {1, 512, {1,
9}} }

tbeg=0. ;      (* absolute range of plot area *)
tend=2^npower ;
fbeg=If[ secbeg==1, 0, 2^(secbeg-1) ];
fend=2^secend ;

tbegstr="0.00";
tmidstr=StringTake[ToString[
```

```

N[ 2^npower/sfreq/2+0.000001, 20]],4] ;
tendstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ 2^npower/sfreq +0.000001, 20]],4] ;
fbegstr=If[ secbeg==1, "0.00", StringTake[ToString[
N[ 2^(secbeg-1-npower)*sfreq/2+0.000001, 20]],4] ] ;
fmidstr=If[ secbeg==1, StringTake[ToString[
N[ 2^(secend-npower)*sfreq/2+0.000001, 20]],4],
StringTake[ToString[
N[(2^(secend-secbeg-npower)+ 2^(secbeg-1-npower))
*sfreq/2+0.000001, 20]],4] ] ;
fendstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ 2^(secend-npower)*sfreq/2+0.000001, 20]],4];
datelist=Date[];
gfddate=
"("<>ToString[datelist[[1]]]<>"/"<>ToString[datelist[[2]]]<>
"/"<>ToString[datelist[[3]]]<>"-"<>ToString[datelist[[4]]]<>
":"<>ToString[datelist[[5]]]<>":"<>ToString[datelist[[6]]]<>")";
lgnlb=Which[ ampflag==0, "Normalized Maganitude"
, ampflag==1, "db Below Peak"
, ampflag==2, "db Above Bottom"
, ampflag==3, "Normalized Log Mag" (* poor resolution?!
] <>beststr;
lgnlb=StyleForm[lgnlb, FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize+2
lgnup=Which[ ampflag==0, "1"
, ampflag==1, "0"
, ampflag==2, ToString[ dbcutoff ]
, ampflag==3, "1"
];
lgndn=Which[ ampflag==0, "0"
, ampflag==1, ToString[ dbcutoff ]
, ampflag==2, "0"
, ampflag==3, "0"
];

```

StringTake::take : Cannot take positions 1 through 4 in "50.".

■ (\* FUNCTIONS \*)

□ (\* PLOT 1 \*)

```
(* -----
wpamp=Which[ ampflag==0, Abs[wpamp]
, ampflag==1, Abs[wpamp]
, ampflag==2, Abs[wpamp]
, ampflag==3, Log[logbase, Abs[wpamp]]
];
(* shift log scale to >= 0 in the plot range *)
wpamp=Which[ ampflag==0, wpamp
, ampflag==1, ( Log[logbase, Max[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]]
- Log[logbase, wpamp] ) * 20. (*small->larger*)
, ampflag==2, ( Log[logbase, wpamp]
- Log[logbase, Min[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]] )
* 20. (* small->small*)
, ampflag==3, Abs[Min[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]]+wpamp
];
(*ListPlot[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}], PlotJoined->True, Frame->True]
*)
(* normalizing to 0~1 *)
wpamp=Which[ ampflag==0, wpamp / Max[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]
, ampflag==1, ( dbcutoff - wpamp ) / dbcutoff
, ampflag==2, ( dbcutoff - wpamp ) / dbcutoff
, ampflag==3, wpamp / Max[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]
];
(* trimming *)
champ=Which[ ampflag==0, wpamp
, ampflag==1, Do[ If[wpamp[[x]]<0., wpamp[[x]]=0.
, wpamp[[x]]], {x, ibeg, iend, 1} ]
, ampflag==2, Do[ If[wpamp[[x]]<0., wpamp[[x]]=0.
, wpamp[[x]]], {x, ibeg, iend, 1} ]
, ampflag==3, wpamp
];
(* proper reverse *)
wpamp=Which[ ampflag==0, 1 - wpamp (* higher amp is darker(0)
, ampflag==1, 1 - wpamp
, ampflag==2, wpamp
, ampflag==3, 1 - wpamp
];
(*Max[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]
Min[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]
ListPlot[Take[wpamp, {ibeg, iend}], PlotJoined->True, Frame->True]
*)
wpamp=Which[ colorstyle==0, wpamp
, colorstyle==1, 1-wpamp
];
(* scaling color *)
wpamp=Which[ colorstyle==0, wpamp
```

```

        , colorstyle==1, 1 - (1-wpamp) (1-huebeg)
    ] ;

(* -----
gffunc[x_]:= Graphics[
  Which[
    colorstyle==1
    (* , {Hue[0, 1-wpamp[[x]], 1-wpamp[[x]]] *}
    , {Hue[wpamp[[x]]]} , Rectangle[xymin[[x]], xymax[[x]]]}
    , colorstyle==0
    , {GrayLevel[wpamp[[x]]], Rectangle[xymin[[x]], xymax[[x]]]}
  ]
]

gftable=Table[gffunc[x], {x, ibeg, iend}];

(* -----
gfaxis={
(* ----- For interger x and y coordinates
  Graphics[Text[FontForm["Time (sec)", {aft, afs}]
  , {(tend-tbeg)/2+tbeg, (fend-fbeg)*-0.12+fbeg } ]]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm["Scale (~ Frequency in Hz)", {aft, afs}]
  , {(tend-tbeg)*-0.11+tbeg, (fend-fbeg)/2+fbeg }, {-1, 0},
  {0, 1} ]]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm[tbegstr, {aft, afs}]
  , { tbeg, (fend-fbeg)*-0.045+fbeg } ]]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm[tmidstr, {aft, afs}]
  , {(tend-tbeg)/2+tbeg, (fend-fbeg)*-0.045+fbeg} ]]
  , Graphics[Line[{{(tend-tbeg)/2+tbeg, fbeg
  , (tend-tbeg)/2+tbeg, fbeg+(fend-
  fbeg)*-0.02}}] ]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm[tendstr, {aft, afs}]
  , { tend, (fend-fbeg)*-0.045+fbeg } ]]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm[fbegstr, {aft, afs}]
  , {(tend-tbeg)*-0.045+tbeg, fbeg} ]]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm[fmidstr, {aft, afs}]
  , {(tend-tbeg)*-0.045+tbeg, (fend-fbeg)/2+fbeg} ]]
  , Graphics[Line[{{tbeg,
  (fend-fbeg)/2+fbeg}, {tbeg+(tend-tbeg)*-0.02, (fend-
  fbeg)/2+fbeg}}] ]
  , Graphics[Text[FontForm[fendstr, {aft, afs}]
  , {(tend-tbeg)*-0.045+tbeg, fend} ]]
  ,
  Graphics[
  Line[{{tbeg, fbeg}, {tend, fbeg},
  {tend, fend}, {tbeg, fend}, {tbeg, fbeg}}] ]
*)
  Graphics[
  Line[{{tbeg/sfreq, fbeg/fend*sfreq/2}, {tend/sfreq,
  fbeg/fend*sfreq/2},
  {tend/sfreq, fend/fend*sfreq/2}, {tbeg/sfreq,
  
```

```
fend/fend*sfreq/2},
    {tbeg/sfreq, fbeg/fend*sfreq/2} }] ]
};
```

□ (\* PLOT 2 \*)

```
(* ----- *)
gfshowmap=Show[(* ShowLegend[ *)
{
gftable
, gfaxis
}
, AspectRatio->1/aspectratiox
, TextStyle->{FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize}
, Frame->True
, FrameLabel->{"Time (sec)", "Scale (~ frequency in Hz)"}
, PlotLabel->
StyleForm["W.P. PHASE PLANE "<> "["<>ToUpperCase[wlet]<>"--<>
nowfile<>" "<>
ToString[npower]<>", "<>ToString[jplevel]<>") "<>
"] "<>gfname,
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize ]
, DisplayFunction->Identity
(*~~~~~*)
, Background->Hue[0.6]
, PlotRegion->{{-0.1,1.1},{-0.1,1.1}}
-----*
)
];
pmap=ShowLegend[
gfshowmap
, Which[
colorstyle==1
(* , {Hue[0, #, #]&, 30, lgnup, lgndn *}
, {Hue[1-(#)(1-huebeg)]&, 30, lgnup, lgndn
, LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
, LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
, LegendLabel->lgnlb
, LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
, LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
(*
, LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.77, +0.75}
, LegendSize->{1.5, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -1.00}
, LegendLabel->lgnlb
, LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
```

```

        , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
      *)
    }
  , colorstyle==0
  , {GrayLevel[#]&, 30, lgnup, lgndn
   (* , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.8 for 60 *)
   , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
   , LegendOrientation->Horizontal
   , LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
   , LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
   , LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
   , LegendLabel->lgnlb
   , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
   , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
  }
]
, ImageSize->{imagesizex, imagesizey}
, DisplayFunction->Identity
];

(* -----
p2=Show[
{
  ListPlot[ wpsig
  (* p2=ListPlot[ wpsig *)
  , PlotJoined->True
  , AspectRatio->1/aspectratiox
  , Frame->True
  , FrameLabel->
    If[ StringMatchQ[StringTake[noext, -1], "4"
     ] || StringMatchQ[StringTake[noext, -1], "2"]
    , {"Time (sec)",
      If[ StringMatchQ[StringTake[noext, -1], "4"]
       , "Displacement (cm)"
       , "Acqueous flow (cm/sec) "
      ]
    }
    , {"X value", "Y value"} *)
    , {xstr, ystr}
  ]
  , PlotLabel->
    StyleForm[" <>" ["<>noext<>
    "] "<>gfdate,
    FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize ]
  , ImageSize->{imagesizex, imagesizey}
  , DisplayFunction->Identity
  ]
}
];
(* -----
prule=Graphics[Line[{{0.0,0.0},{0.5,0.5}}]
, DisplayFunction->Identity
];

```

■ (\* RENDERING \*)

```

StylePrint["Map", "Graphics"
    , CellFrame->True, Background->GrayLevel[0.9], FontSize->10
    , CellTags->"Map"
];
Show[Graphics[pmap]
    , DisplayFunction->$DisplayFunction];
Display[FigName<>"Map"<>.eps", Graphics[pmap], "EPS"]
(*
StylePrint[
Show[Graphics[pmap]
    , DisplayFunction->$DisplayFunction];
    , "Graphics", CellTags->"Map"
];
*)

(* ----- For interger x and y coordinates *)
(*
Show[Graphics[{ Rectangle[{0.045, 0.00}, {0.975, 1.00}, p2]
    , Rectangle[{0.000, 0.0}, {0.0000001, 0.0000001}, prule]
    , Rectangle[{0.999, 0.0}, {0.9990001, 0.0000001}, prule]
}]];
*)

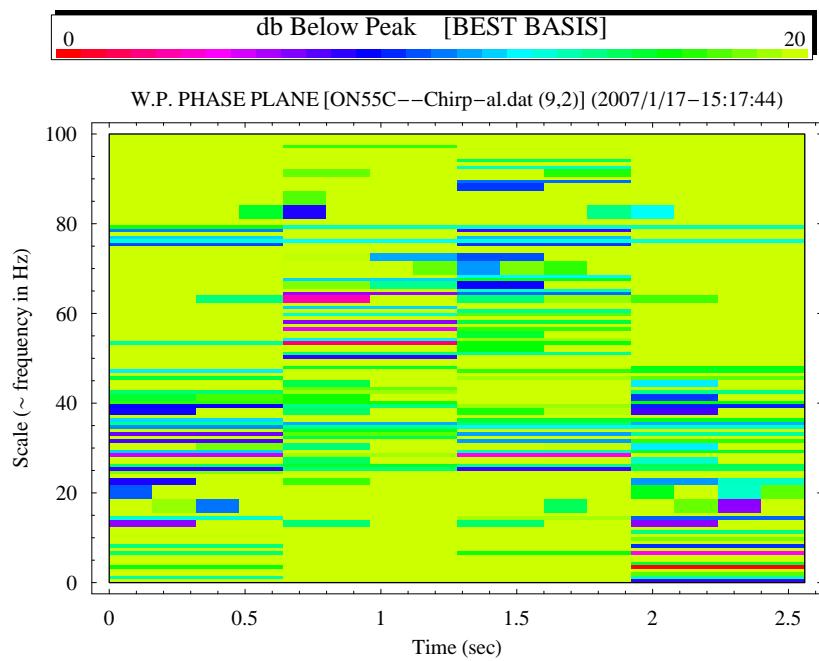
Get[commanddir<>"000-p2_nb-m.m"];
lgnlbsig=
StyleForm["Signal"<>" (CPU=<>
ToString[hrd]<>:"<>ToString[mind]<>:"<>
ToString[secd]<>")",
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize+2 ];
p4=ShowLegend[
p2 (* % *)
, Which[
colorstyle==1
(* , {Hue[0, #, #]&, 10, lgnup, lgndn *}
(* , {Hue[1-(#)(1-huebeg)]&, 30, lgnup, lgndn *}
(* , {Hue[0.75]&, 30, " ", " " *}
, {GrayLevel[0]&, 30, " ", " "}
, LegendBorderSpace -> 0.8
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
, LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
, LegendLabel->lgnlbsig
, LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
, LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
(*
, LegendBorderSpace -> 0.8
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.77, +0.75}
, LegendSize->{1.5, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -1.00}
, LegendLabel->"Signal"<>" (CPU=<>

```

```
        ToString[hrc]<>": "<>ToString[minc]<>": "<>
        ToString[secc]<>") "
    , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
    , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
*)
}
, colorstyle==0
, {GrayLevel[0]&, 30, " ", " "
, LegendBorderSpace -> 0.8
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
, LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
, LegendLabel->lgnlbsig
, LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
, LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
}
]
, ImageSize->{imagesizex, imagesizey}
, DisplayFunction->Identity
];
StylePrint["Signal", "Graphics"
, CellFrame->True, Background->GrayLevel[0.9], FontSize->10
, CellTags->"Signal"
];
Show[Graphics[p4]
, DisplayFunction->$DisplayFunction
];
Display[FigName<>"Signal"<>.eps", Graphics[p4], "EPS"]

Get [commondir<>"000-p2_nb-m.m"]
Get [commondir<>"000-p3.m"] (* Hyperlinks: Top Files Colors
```

Map

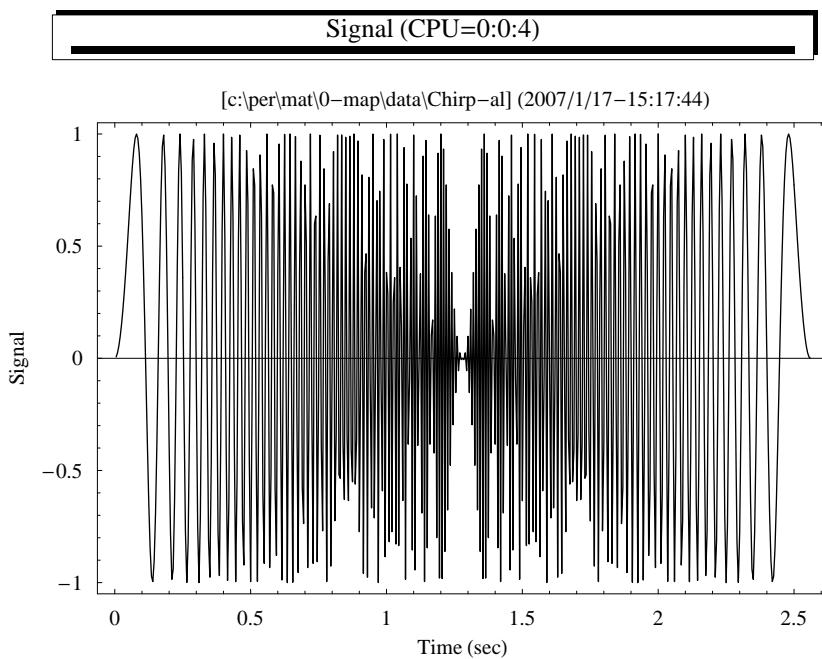


Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning: ...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman

- Graphics -

{2007, 1, 17, 15, 17, 42} CPU:(00, 00, 0.172);  
Time:(00, 00, 04)

Signal



Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning: ...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman

**- Graphics -**

{2007, 1, 17, 15, 17, 42}      CPU:(00, 00, 0.297);  
Time:(00, 00, 06)

No TeX Equation.

■ (\* Hyperlinks: [Top](#) [Files](#) [Colors](#) [Map](#) [Signal](#) [End](#) \*)

## (\* WVTR Shell \*) (\* by Ron Lee \*)

(\*! IMPORTANT: Firstly, run non-shell to initialize  
properly !\*)

[View Core File in NB Fmt](#) | [View Core File in M Fmt](#)

View Stand Alone Single -  
File Processing (the base of the core file)

```
datafilename = WV-Demo (*0:forDefault;Allothers:specify*)
```

```
datafilename = 0; (*0:forDefault;Allothers:specify*)
```

Hyperlinks :

[Files](#) | [Parameters](#) | [Modulus](#) | [Phase](#) | [Signal](#) | [3 DModulus](#) | [3 DPhase](#) | [End](#)

**datafilename = "0";** (\* "0" : for Default; All others : specify \*)

```
commondir = "g:\\all-mma\\common\\";
currentdir = "g:\\all-mma\\TFR-WV\\";
datadir = "c:\\per\\mat\\0-CWT\\data\\";
Get[commondir<>"SetNotebook_nb-m.m"];
(* Set notebook options *)
Clear["noext*"]; noextbat = "yes";
```

### COLOR SCHEME

## ■ Modulus

```
colorstylemod = 1; (* 0:B&W; 1:Color *)
huebegmod = 0.5; (* 0.5:Blue; 0.2:Yellow *)
ampflagmod = 1; (* 0:Normal below;
1:db Below; 3:db Above; 4:Log Below *)
dbcutoffmod = 40;
```

## ■ Phase

```

colorstylepha = 0 ;
(* 0:B& W; 1:Color *) huebegpha = 0.0 ;
(* 0.5:Blue; 0.2:Yellow *)
ampflagpha = 0;      (* 0:Normal below;
1:db Below; 3:db Above; 4:Log Below *)
dbcutoffpha = 40;
(* Files Parameters Modulus
Phase Signal 3 DModulus 3 DPhase End *)

```

## ■ 3D

```

flag3dpha = "yes"; (* yes/no *)
flag3dmod = "yes"; (* yes/no *)
xstr = "Time (sec)";
ystr = "Signal";

```

BATCH PROCESSING takes "data file" and ".M file".

```

(* runcwt[x_]:=*
{noextnew=x,<<"g:/all-mma/cwt/Acwt-core_nb-m.m"; *)
(* runcwt[x_]:={noextnew=x,
Get[currentdir<>"Acwt-core_nb-m.m"]}; *)
runcwt[x_]:= {noextnew = x,
Get[currentdir <> "TFR-WV_Shell-Core.nb.m"]};
runcwt[datafilename];
(* Files Parameters Modulus
Phase Signal 3 DModulus 3 DPhase End *)

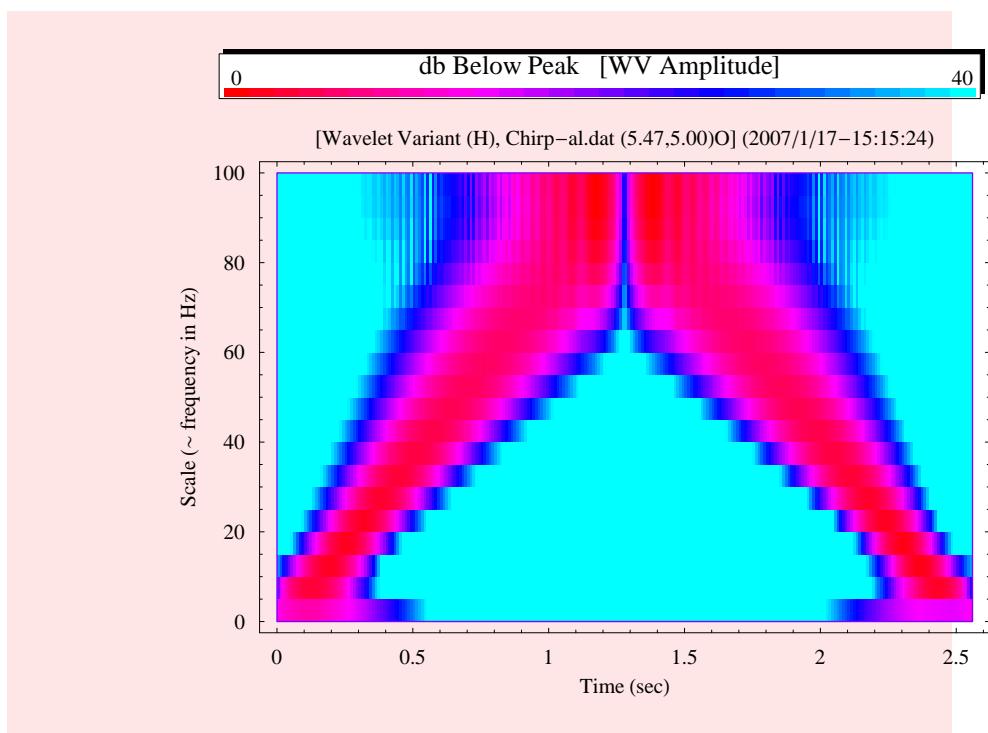
```

This is RUN No : 2

Data file (Default-B) : c:/per/mat/0-cwt/data/Chirp-al

```
Sampling Rate : 200.  
(mat_power, mat_inc, size) : {8, 2, {512}}  
Dimension of WPamp : {256, 20}  
Freq index range : {1, 20}  
Time range : {0., 256}
```

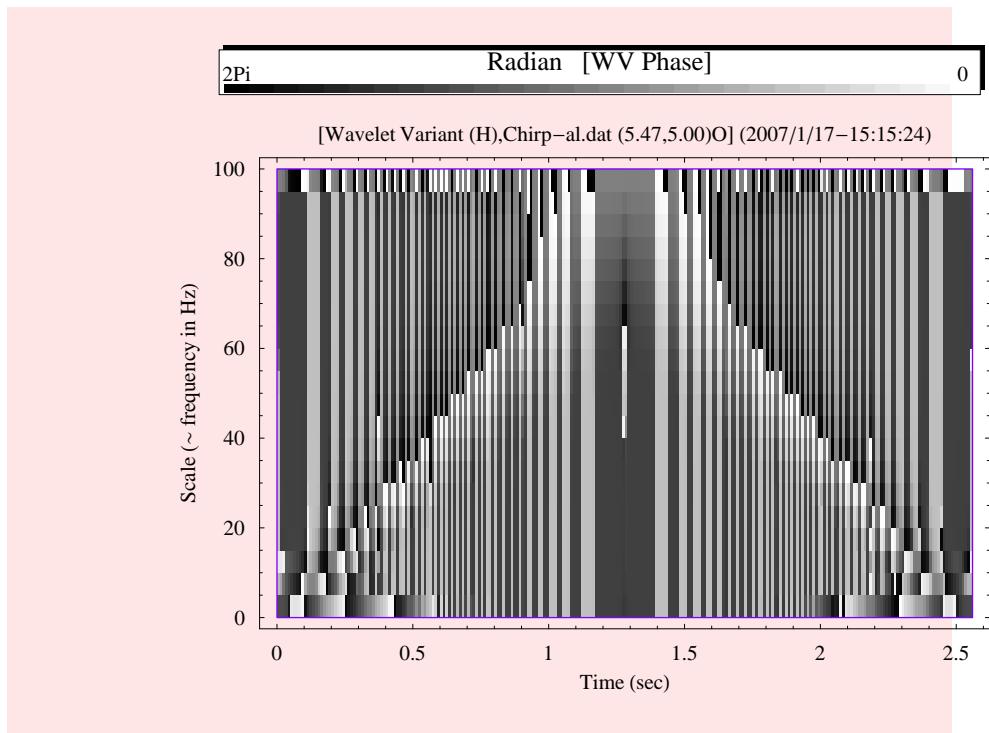
Beginning of Plots



- Graphics -

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warn...Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

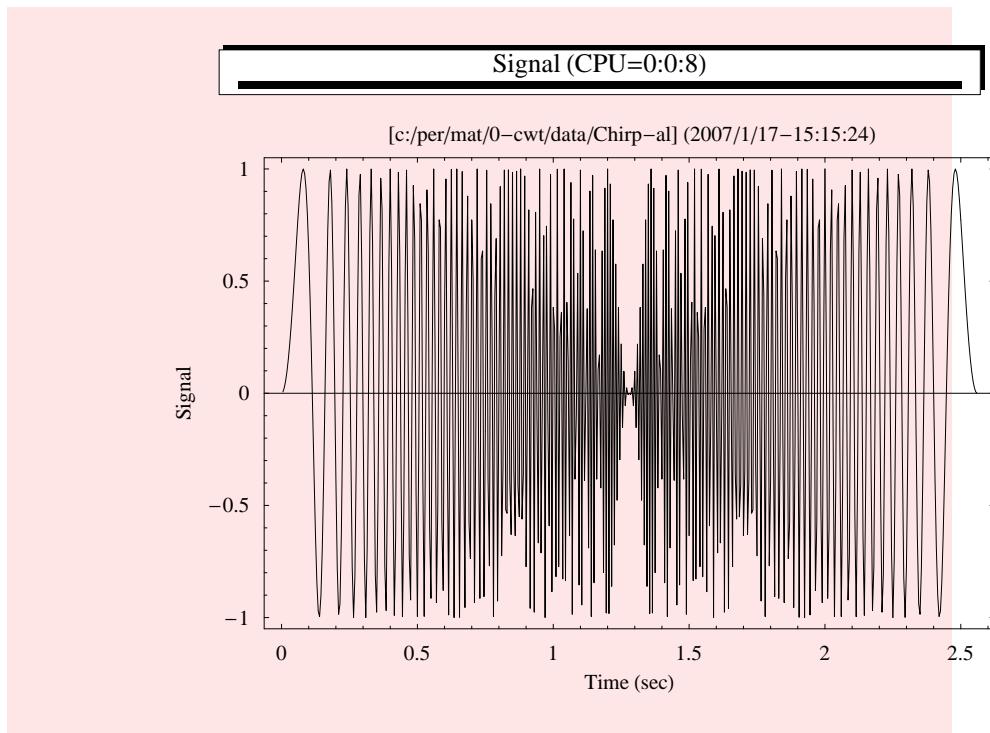
```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 15, 23}          CPU: (00, 00, 2.063);  
Time: (00, 00, 05)
```



- Graphics -

Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warn...Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman

{2007, 1, 17, 15, 15, 23} CPU: (00, 00, 2.594);  
Time: (00, 00, 08)

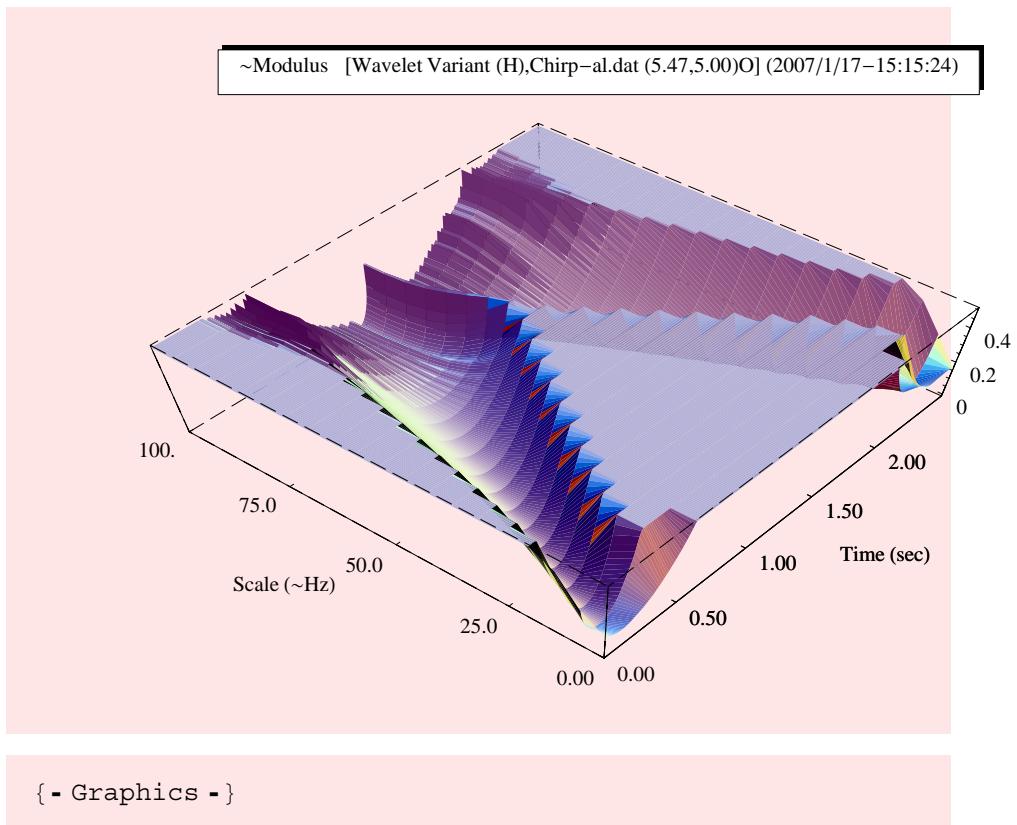


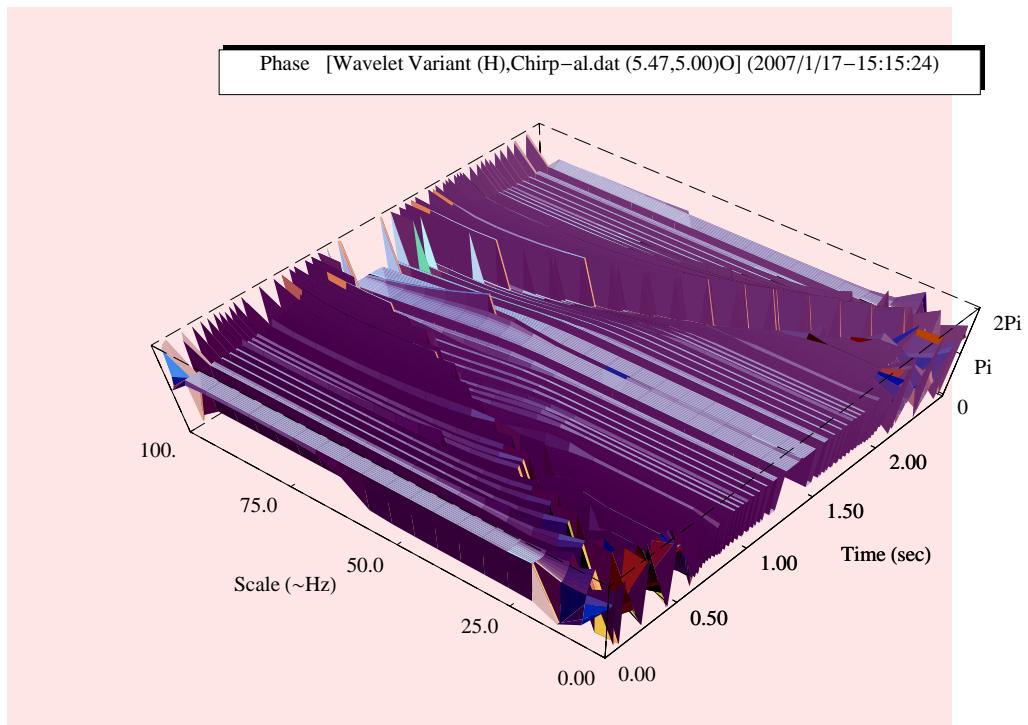
- Graphics -

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warn...Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

```
General::stop :  
Further output of Display::pserr will  
be suppressed during this calculation.
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 15, 23}          CPU:(00, 00, 2.656);  
Time:(00, 00, 10)
```





{ - Graphics - }

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 15, 23}          CPU: (00, 00, 2.922);
Time: (00, 00, 17)
```

No TeX Equation.

(\* ----- Reserved ----- \*)

⋮

⋮

# (\* Wavelet Variant Transform and Adaptive CWT Renditions \*)

(\* by Ron Lee \*)

(\*

Notes on Shell Processing OR Single-file Stand-alone Processing:

This file is also the base of the core file for WVTR shell in ".nb" format ([View Shell File in NB Fmt](#)). It needs to be converted to "text (.M)" format for use in WVTR shell ([View Shell's Core File in M Fmt](#)).

A: For Single-file Stand-alone Processing:

Add 'noextbat="no"' and optionally 'noext="datafilename"' to cell labeled as 'Shell processing OR Single-file processing'

B: For Shell Processing:

Steps for Making the M-file:

0: Rename this file as the Shell's core file in nb fmt (e.g., WVTR\_Shell-Core.nb).

1. Comment out all elements in the cell labeled as 'Shell Processing OR Single-file Processing

2. Delete all outputs

3. Remove In/Out names

4. Just "saved as special -> text ->, ?.m" (e.g., WVTR\_Shell-Core.nb.m)

5. Put the M fmt file name in shell (e.g., WVTR\_Shell.nb).

Done!

\*)

† (\* DISPLAY SCHEME \*)  
(\* Hyperlinks: [Files](#) [Parameters](#) [Modulus](#)  
[Phase](#) [Signal](#) [3 DModulus](#) [3 DPhase](#) [End](#) \*)

```
commondir = "g:\\all-mma\\common\\";
currentdir = "g:\\all-mma\\TFR-WV\\";
datadir = "c:\\per\\mat\\0-CWT\\data\\";
FigDir = "G:\\Fig\\MMA\\TFR-WV\\";
Get[commondir<>"000-p1_nb-m.m"];
Get[commondir<>"Run-form-1w.m"];
Get[commondir<>"fig-fram_nb-m.m"];
Get[commondir<>"000-word_nb-m.m"];
If[ runcount > 0
, { mouttn["This is RUN No : ", ++runcount],
  Remove["p*", "fun*", "*wp*", "gf*", "lgn*"] }
, mouttn["No case shall ever go here.", 999]
, { runcount = 1, mouttn["This is RUN No : ", runcount] }
];
Off[General::spell1]; Off[Generalspell];
SetOptions[ SelectedNotebook[], ShowPageBreaks -> True,
  WindowToolbars -> {"LinksBar", "RulerBar", "EditBar"}];
<< "e:/math/4.0/addons/standardpackages/graphics/legend.m"
datadir = "c:/per/mat/0-cwt/data/";
currentfile = ReadList[datadir<>"cur-cwt.fip", String];
```

This is RUN No : 1

```
(*  

noext="envelope";  

noext="chirp-de"; (* inverse decreasing freq ~ 1/t *)  

noext="chirp-ny"; (* Nyquist sampling *)  

noext="q1w60202";  

noext="chirp-n2"; (* Nyquist sampling -- variable sai *)  

noext="chirp-n1"; (* Nyquist sampling -- fixed sai *)  

noext="chirp-n3";  

noext="chi-vari";  

noext="chi-fixe";  

noext="bif-fixe";  

noext="bif-vari";  

noext="test-cwt"  

noext="test";  

Clear["noext*"];  
*)
```

```
noext=currentfile[[1]];
```

- (\* Shell Processing OR Single-file Processing \*)

```
(* (View Shell File in NB Fmt) (View Shell's Core File in M Fmt)
*)
(*
(* Not Used in m file. And may not needed in nb file either. *)
noextbat="no";
noext="test";
noext="CWT-Demo";
*)
(* Hyperlinks:
Files Parameters Modulus Phase Signal 3 DModulus 3 DPhase End *)
noextbat="no";
```

```

Which[noextbat === "yes",
      Which[noextnew === "0", noext = currentfile[[1]],
            noextnew != "0", noext = noextnew ] ];
noext = datadir <> noext;
mouttt["Data file" <>
      Which[ noextbat != "yes",
" (Default-A or Assigned) : ",
noextbat === "yes",
      Which[
noextnew === "0", " (Default-B) : ",
noextnew != "0", " (Assigned) : "]] , noext];

```

Data file (Default-A or Assigned) : c:/per/mat/0-cwt/data/Chirp-al

<i>(* Hyperlinks:</i>	<i>Files</i>	<i>Parameters</i>	<i>Modulus</i>	
<i>Phase</i>	<i>Signal</i>	<i>3 DModulus</i>	<i>3 DPhase</i>	<i>End</i>

```

(* ===== Parameters for Display Schemes
=====
(* *)
(* "yes" in .m file *)
Which[noextbat!="yes",
{
colorstylemod=0; (* 0:B&W; 1:Color *)
huebegmod=0.5; (* 0.5:blue ; 0.2:yellow *)
ampflagmod=1; (* 0:normal below ; 1:DB below ; 2:db above 3:Log below*)
dbcutoffmod=40;
colorstylepha=0; (* 0:B&W; 1:Color *)
huebegpha=0.0; (* 0.5:blue ; 0.2:yellow *)
ampflagpha=0; (* 0:normal below ; 1:DB below ; 2:db above 3:Log below*)
dbcutoffpha=40;
flag3dmod="yes";
flag3dpha="yes";
xstr="Time (sec)";
ystr="Signal";
} ];
(* *)

```

```

◊ iinc=1 ;
jinc=1;logbase=10.;
secbeg=1;
colorstyle=colorstylemod;huebeg=huebegmod; (* initializing color
for modulus*)
ampflag=ampflagmod;dbcutoff=dbcutoffmod;

```

† (\* AUTO INPUT OF DETAILS \*)

```

(* ===== Auto Input of Complete ASYST Program Details and Data =====
wpsig=ReadList[noext<>".sic", Number];
wpamp=ReadList[noext<>".amc", Number, RecordLists->True];
wppha=ReadList[noext<>".phc", Number, RecordLists->True];
wpsca=ReadList[noext<>".scc", Number, RecordLists->True];
wpspe=ReadList[noext<>".spc", Number];
wpstr=ReadList[noext<>".stc", String];
phaswitchflag=wpstr[[4]]; (* For ridge extraction *)
npower=wpspe[[1]];
jwplevel=wpspe[[2]];
bestflag=wpspe[[3]];
bestlevel=wpspe[[4]];
sfreq=wpspe[[5]];mouttn["Sampling Rate : ", sfreq];
matpower=wpspe[[6]];
matinc=wpspe[[7]];
wpsigx=Table[ x/sfreq, {x, 1, 2^npower, 1}] ;
(* wpsigx=Table[ x/sfreq, {x, 1, 2^npower, matinc}] ; *)
wpsigy=wpsig ;
ntmp=Dimensions[wpsig];
mouttn["(mat_power, mat_inc, size) : ", {matpower, matinc, ntmp}];
wpsig=Table[ {wpsigx[[x]], wpsigy[[x]]}, {x, 1, 2^npower, 1} ] ;
(* wpsig=Table[ {wpsigx[[x]], wpsigy[[x]]}, {x, 1, 2^matpower, matinc}]
wlet=wpstr[[1]];
nowfile=wpstr[[2]];

FigName=FigDir<>nowfile<>"_"<>wlet<>"_"

Sampling Rate : 200.

(mat_power, mat_inc, size) : {8, 2, {512}}
```

G:\Fig\MMA\TFR-WV\Chirp-al.dat\_Wavelet Variant (H)\_

```
† (* RESET *)
```

```
ibeg=If[ secbeg==1, 1, 2^(secbeg-1)+1 ];    (* index *)
iend=2^matpower;
ntmp=Dimensions[ wpamp ];mouttn["Dimension of WPamp : ", ntmp];

jbeg=1;
jend=Dimensions[ wpamp ][[2]];mouttn["Freq index range : ", {jbeg,

(*
jbeg=1
jend=40
jinc=1
*)
(* Set image size
myfontsize=10;
setis={imagesizex=432,imagezey=imagesizex/1.,myfontsize=10,
       aspectratiox=1.11,lgnposy=0.99};
*)
setis={imagesizex=360,imagezey=imagesizex/1.4,myfontsize=8,
       aspectratiox=1.55,lgnposy=0.70};
myfont = "Times";
$TextStyle = {FontFamily -> "Times", FontSize -> myfontsize};
```

Dimension of WPamp : {256, 20}

Freq index range : {1, 20}

```
(* ----- *)
tbeg=0. ; (* absolute range of plot area *)
tend=2^npower ;
tend=2^matpower;mouttn["Time range : ", {tbeg, tend}] ;
fbeg=Part [wpsca, 1, jbeg] ;
fend=Part [wpsca, 1, jend] ;
(* fbeg=fbeg- (fend-fbeg)/(Part [Dimensions[ wpsca[[1]] ], 1]-1) ;
fbeg=fbeg- (fend-fbeg)/(jend-jbeg) ;
saibeg=wpsca[[3,jbeg]] ;
saiend=wpsca[[3,jend]] ;
```

Time range : {0., 256}

† (\* LEGENDS \*)

```
(* beststr=" [CWT Amplitude]"; (* " [CWT Modulus]"; *) *)
Which[ phaswitchflag==="O", beststr=" [WV Amplitude]"
, phaswitchflag==="N", beststr=" [ACWT Amplitude]"
];
tbegstr="0.00";
tmidstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ 2^npower/sfreq/2+0.000001, 20]],4] ;
tendstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ 2^npower/sfreq +0.000001, 20]],4] ;
fbegstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ fbeg + 0.0010001, 20]],4];
fmidstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ fbeg+(fend-fbeg)/2. + 0.0010001, 20]], 4];
fendstr=StringTake[ToString[
N[ fend + 0.001001, 20]],4];
datelist=Date[];
gfddate=
"("<>ToString[datelist[[1]]]<>"/"<>ToString[datelist[[2]]]<>
"/"<>ToString[datelist[[3]]]<>"-"<>ToString[datelist[[4]]]<>
": "<>ToString[datelist[[5]]]<>":"<>ToString[datelist[[6]]]<>")";
```

† (\* FUNCTIONS \*)

```

func1[fwpamp_] :=
  Which[ ampflag==0, Abs[fwpamp]
    , ampflag==1, Abs[fwpamp]
    , ampflag==2, Abs[fwpamp]
    , ampflag==3, Log[logbase, Abs[fwpamp]]
  ];
(* shift log scale to >= 0 in the plot range *)
func2[fwpamp_] :=
  Which[ ampflag==0, fwpamp
    , ampflag==1,
      ( Log[logbase,
        Max[fwpamp[[ Range[ibeg, iend], Range[jbeg, jend]
          - Log[logbase, fwpamp] ]]*20. (*small->larger*)
        , ampflag==2,
          ( Log[logbase, fwpamp]
            - Log[logbase,
              Min[fwpamp[[ Range[ibeg, iend], Range[jbeg, jend]
                ]]*20. (* small->small*)
                , ampflag==3,
                  Abs[Min[fwpamp[[ Range[ibeg, iend], Range[jbeg, jend]
                    + fwpamp
                  ];
(* ListPlot[Take[fwpamp, {ibeg, iend}], PlotJoined->True, Frame->True]
*)

(* normalizing to 0~1 *)
func3[fwpamp_] :=
  Which[ ampflag==0, fwpamp /
    Max[ fwpamp[[ Range[ibeg, iend], Range[jbeg, jend]
      , ampflag==1, (dbcutoff - fwpamp) / dbcutoff
      , ampflag==2, (dbcutoff - fwpamp) / dbcutoff
      , ampflag==3,
        Max[ fwpamp[[ Range[ibeg, iend], Range[jbeg, jend]
      ];
(* trimming *)
func4[fwpamp_] := (* error -- not a function *)
(* champ=Which[ ampflag==0, fwpamp *)
  Which[ ampflag==0, fwpamp
    , ampflag==1, Do[Do[ If[ fwpamp[[x, y]]<0., fwpamp[[x,
      , fwpamp[[x, y]], {x, ibeg, iend, 1}
      , {y, jbeg, jend, 1} ]
    , ampflag==2, Do[Do[ If[ fwpamp[[x, y]]<0., fwpamp[[x,
      , fwpamp[[x, y]], {x, ibeg, iend, 1}
      , {y, jbeg, jend, 1} ]
    , ampflag==3, fwpamp
  ];
(* proper reverse *)

```

```

func5[fwpamp_] :=
  Which[ ampflag==0, 1 - fwpamp (* higher amp is darker(0)
    , ampflag==1, 1 - fwpamp
    , ampflag==2, fwpamp
    , ampflag==3, 1 - fwpamp
    ];
  (*Max[Take[fwpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]
  Min[Take[fwpamp, {ibeg, iend}]]
  ListPlot[Take[fwpamp, {ibeg, iend}], PlotJoined->True, Frame->True]
  *)
func6[fwpamp_] :=
  Which[ colorstyle==0, fwpamp
    , colorstyle==1, 1-fwpamp
    ];
(* scaling color *)
func7[fwpamp_] :=
  Which[ colorstyle==0, fwpamp
    , colorstyle==1, 1 - (1-fwpamp) (1-huebeg)
    ];
deltafre=fend-fbeg;
xymin=Table[{(i-1)*iinc*matinc/sfreq,
  ((j-1)-0)/(jend-(jbeg-1))*deltafre*jinc+fbeg},
  {i, (iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc},
  {j, (jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc}];
xymax=Table[{i *iinc*matinc/sfreq,
  ((j )-0)/(jend-(jbeg-1))*deltafre*jinc+fbeg},
  {i, (iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc},
  {j, (jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc}];
(*
xymin=Table[{{(i-1)*iinc, ((j-1)-0)/(jend-(jbeg-1))*deltafre*jinc+fbeg},
  {i, (iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc}, {j, (jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc}};
xymax=Table[{{i *iinc, ((j )-0)/(jend-(jbeg-1))*deltafre*jinc+fbeg},
  {i, (iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc}, {j, (jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc}};
*)
(* -----
gffunc[x_, y_]:= Graphics[
  Which[
    colorstyle==1
    (* , {Hue[0, 1-wpamp[[x,y]], 1-wpamp[[x,y]]] *}
    , {Hue[wpamp[((x-1)*iinc+ibeg, (y-1)*jinc+jbeg]]
      , Rectangle[xymin[[x,y]], xymax[[x,y]]]}
    , colorstyle==0
    , {GrayLevel[wpamp[((x-1)*iinc+ibeg, (y-1)*jinc+jbeg]]
      , Rectangle[xymin[[x,y]], xymax[[x,y]]]}
    ]
  ]
gftable=Table[gffunc[x,y],
  {x,1,(iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc, 1}, {y,1,(jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc,1}];

(* -----
gfaxis={
  Graphics[
  {

```

```

        Hue[0.75],
        Line[{{tbeg*matinc/sfreq, fbeg}, {tend*matinc/sfreq, fbeg},
               {tend*matinc/sfreq, fend}, {tbeg*matinc/sfreq, fend},
               {tbeg*matinc/sfreq, fbeg}}]
      ]
    }
  ]
(* , Graphics[ {GrayLevel[1.0], Rectangle[{tbeg,fbeg}, {tend,fend}]} ]
};
```

† (\* PLOT 1 \*)

```

(*
wpamp=func1[wpamp];
wpamp=func2[wpamp];
wpamp=func3[wpamp];
*)
wpamp=func3[func2[func1[wpamp]]];

(* wpamp=func4[wpamp]; *) (* error *)
(* func4[wpamp] *) (* error *)
champ=Which[ ampflag==0, wpamp
            , ampflag==1, Do[Do[ If[ wpamp[[x, y]]<0., wpamp[[x,
                           , wpamp[[x, y]], {x, ibeg, iend, 1} ]
                           , {y, jbeg, jend, 1} ]
            , ampflag==2, Do[Do[ If[ wpamp[[x, y]]<0., wpamp[[x,
                           , wpamp[[x, y]], {x, ibeg, iend, 1} ]
                           , {y, jbeg, jend, 1} ]
            , ampflag==3, wpamp
];
(*
wpamp=func5[wpamp];
wpamp=func6[wpamp];
wpamp=func7[wpamp];
*)
wpamp=func7[func6[func5[wpamp]]];

ampary=1-Transpose[wpamp];
gftable=Table[gffunc[x,y],
             {x,1,(iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc, 1}, {y,1,(jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc,1}];
lgnlbmod=Which[ ampflag==0, "Normalized Magnitude"
                , ampflag==1, "db Below Peak"
                , ampflag==2, "db Above Bottom"
                , ampflag==3, "Normalized Log Mag" (* poor resolution?!
] <> beststr;
(* lgnlbmod=FontForm[lgnlbmod, {myfont, myfontsize}];
lgnlbmod=StyleForm[lgnlbmod, FontFamily->"Times", FontSize->8 ];
lgnlbmod=StyleForm[lgnlbmod, FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize+2
```

```

lgnupmod=Which[ ampflag==0, "1"
                , ampflag==1, "0"
                , ampflag==2, ToString[ dbcutoff ]
                , ampflag==3, "1"
                ];
(* lgnupmod=FontForm[lgnupmod, {myfont, myfontsize}] ---> error *)
lgndnmod=Which[ ampflag==0, "0"
                , ampflag==1, ToString[ dbcutoff ]
                , ampflag==2, "0"
                , ampflag==3, "0"
                ];
colorstyle=colorstylemod;huebeg=huebegmod;
gfshowmod=Show[ (* ShowLegend[ *)
{
    gftable
    (* Graphics[ Raster[ Transpose[ wpamp ] ] ] *)
    , gfaxis
}
, AspectRatio->1/aspectratio
(*
, AspectRatio->1/1.8    (* 1.5      *)
, AspectRatio->1/GoldenRatio   (* 1.5      *)
*)
, Frame->True
, FrameLabel->{"Time (sec)", "Scale (~ frequency in Hz)"}
, PlotLabel->
(*StyleForm["Modulus "<>"["<>wlet<>", "<>nowfile<>" ("<> *)
    StyleForm[
        "["<>wlet<>", "<>nowfile<>" ("<>
            StringTake[ToString[N[saibeg+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>", "<>
            StringTake[ToString[N[saiend+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>")"<>
            phaswitchflag<>"] "<>gfdate,
            FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize ]
    , DisplayFunction->Identity
    , TextStyle->{FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize}
(*~~~~~
, Background->Hue[0.6]
, PlotRegion->{{{-0.1,1.1},{-0.1,1.1}}}
-----
*)
];

```

† (\* PLOT 2 \*)

```

colorstyle=colorstylepha;huebeg=huebegpha; (* initializing color
for phase*)
ampflag=ampflagpha;dbcutoff=dbcutoffpha;
(* colorstyle=0; (* 0:B&W ; 1:Color*)
ampflag=0;      (* 0:normal below ; 1:DB below ; 2:db above 3:Log

```

```

below*)
dbcutoff=40;
huebeg=0.0;      (* 0.5:blue ; 0.2:yellow *)
huebeg=huebegpha;    (* 0.5:blue ; 0.2:yellow *) *)

wpamp=wppha;
wpamp=func3 [func2 [func1 [wpamp]]];

champ=Which[ ampflag==0, wpamp
            , ampflag==1, Do[Do[ If[ wpamp[[x, y]]<0., wpamp[[x,
                , wpamp[[x, y]] ], {x, ibeg, iend, 1} ]
                , {y, jbeg, jend, 1} ]
            , ampflag==2, Do[Do[ If[ wpamp[[x, y]]<0., wpamp[[x,
                , wpamp[[x, y]] ], {x, ibeg, iend, 1} ]
                , {y, jbeg, jend, 1} ]
            , ampflag==3, wpamp
        ];
wpamp=func7 [func6 [func5 [wpamp]]];

(* phaary=Transpose [wpamp] ; *)
phaary=Transpose [wppha];

gftable=Table[gffunc[x,y],
{x,1,(iend-(ibeg-1))/iinc, 1}, {y,1,(jend-(jbeg-1))/jinc,1}];
(* beststr=" [CWT Phase]"; *)
Which[ phaswitchflag=="O", beststr=" [WV Phase]"
    , phaswitchflag=="N", beststr=" [ACWT Phase]"
];
lgnlb=Which[ ampflag==0, "Radian" (* "Normalized Magnitude" *)
            , ampflag==1, "db Below Peak"
            , ampflag==2, "db Above Bottom"
            , ampflag==3, "Normalized Log Mag" (* poor resolution?!
] <> beststr;
lgnlb=StyleForm[lgnlb, FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize+2
lgnup=Which[ ampflag==0, "2Pi" (* "1" *)
            , ampflag==1, "0"
            , ampflag==2, ToString[ dbcutoff ]
            , ampflag==3, "1"
];
lgndn=Which[ ampflag==0, "0"
            , ampflag==1, ToString[ dbcutoff ]
            , ampflag==2, "0"
            , ampflag==3, "0"
];
colorstyle=colorstylephpha;huebeg=huebegpha;
gfshowpha=Show[ (* ShowLegend[ *)
{
    gftable
    , gfaxis
}

```

```
, AspectRatio->1/aspectratiox
, Frame->True
, FrameLabel->{"Time (sec)", "Scale (~ frequency in Hz)"}
, PlotLabel->
(*StyleForm["Phase "<>"["<>wlet<>","<>nowfile<>" ("<> *)
StyleForm[          ["<>wlet<>","<>nowfile<>" ("<>
StringTake[ToString[N[saibeg+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>,"<>
StringTake[ToString[N[saiend+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>")"<>
phaswitchflag<>]"<>gfdate,
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize
]
, DisplayFunction->Identity
(*~~~~~
, Frame->True
, FrameLabel->{"Time", "Scale"}
, AxesLabel->{"Time", "Scale"}
, Background->Hue[0.6]
, PlotRegion->{{-0.1,1.1},{-0.1,1.1}}
-----
*)
];

```

† (\* PLOT 3 \*)

```
(* -----
(* -----
prule=Graphics[Line[{{0.0,0.0},{0.5,0.5}}]
, DisplayFunction->Identity
];
```

† (\* 3D PLOTS \*)

```

xtdiv=4; ytdiv=4;
xtspa=Which[ matpower==>6, 15
            , matpower==>7, 25
            , matpower==>8, 50
            , matpower==>9, 100
            ];
(*
xtab=Table[
    {iend*x/xtdiv,
     StringTake[ToString[N[tend*matinc/sfreq*x/xtdiv+0.0001001,
     {x, 0, xtdiv, 1} ]];
    *)
xttab=Table[
    {If[ xtspa*x==>0, 1, xtspa*x ],
     StringTake[ToString[N[tend*matinc/sfreq*xtspa*x/iend+0.000101,
     {x, 0, xtdiv, 1} ]];
ytab=Table[
    {If[ jend*y/ytdiv==>0, 1, jend*y/ytdiv ],
     StringTake[ToString[N[(fend-fbeg)*y/ytdiv+fbeg+0.000101, 6]],
     {y, 0, ytdiv, 1} ]};
zttab={{0,"0"},{3.1416,"Pi"},{6.283,"2Pi"}};

```

```

(* $DefaultFont={aft,afs}; *)

colorstyle=colorstylemod;huebeg=huebegmod;
StylePrint["Beginning of Plots", "Graphics", CellTags->"Beginning

StylePrint[
pmod= (* -----
ShowLegend[
    gfshowmod
    , Which[
        colorstyle==>1
        (* , {Hue[0, #, #]&, 10, lgnupmod, lgndnmod *)
        , {Hue[1-(#)(1-huebeg)]&, 30, lgnupmod, lgndnmod
        , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
        , LegendOrientation->Horizontal
        , LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
        , LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
        , LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
        , LegendLabel->lgnlbmod
        , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
        , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
        }
        , colorstyle==>0
        , {GrayLevel[#]&, 30, lgnupmod, lgndnmod

```

```

        , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
        , LegendOrientation->Horizontal
        , LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
        , LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
        , LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
        , LegendLabel->lgnlbmod
        , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
        , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
    }
]
, ImageSize->{imagesizex,imagesizey}
(*
, TextStyle->{FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize}
, ImageSize->{432, 432 / 2 }
, ImageSize->{432, 432 / GoldenRatio}
, TextStyle->{FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->20}
, TextStyle->{FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize}
, DefaultFont->{"Courier",20}
        , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
        , LegendOrientation->Horizontal
        , LegendPosition->{-0.77, +0.75}
        , LegendSize->{1.5, 0.10}
        , LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -1.00}
        , LegendLabel->lgnlbmod
        , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
        , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
*)
(*     , DisplayFunction->Identity   *)
(*      ]; *)
], "Graphics", CellTags->"Modulus"];
Display[FigName<>"Modulus"<>".eps", Graphics[pmod], "EPS"]
Get[commanddir<>"000-p2_nb-m.m"]

colorstyle=colorstylelepha;huebeg=huebegpha;
StylePrint[
ppha= (* -----
ShowLegend[
    gifshowpha
, Which[
        colorstyle==1
        (* , {Hue[0, #, #]&, 10, lgnup, lgndn *)
        , {Hue[1-(#)(1-huebeg)]&, 30, lgnup, lgndn
        , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
        , LegendOrientation->Horizontal
        , LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
        , LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
        , LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
        , LegendLabel->lgnlb
        , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
        , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
    }
, colorstyle==0
, {GrayLevel[#]&, 30, lgnup, lgndn

```

```

        , LegendBorderSpace -> 0.2
        , LegendOrientation->Horizontal
        , LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
        , LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
        , LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
        , LegendLabel->lgnlb
        , LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
        , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
    }
]
, ImageSize->{imagesizex, imagesizey}
(*     , DisplayFunction->Identity *)
(*     ]; *)
], "Graphics", CellTags->"Phase"];
Display[FigName<>"Phase"<>.eps", Graphics[ppha], "EPS"]
Get[commanddir<>"000-p2_nb-m.m"]

```

StylePrint[  
**psig=** (\* -----  
ShowLegend[  
ListPlot[ wpsig  
, PlotJoined->True  
, PlotStyle->{Thickness[0.0008] (\* , Hue[0.0] \*) }  
, Frame->True  
, FrameLabel->  
If[ StringMatchQ[StringTake[noext, -1 ], "4"  
] || StringMatchQ[StringTake[noext, -1 ], "2"]  
, {"Time (sec)",  
If[ StringMatchQ[StringTake[noext, -1 ], "4"]  
, "Displacement (cm)"  
, "Acqueous flow (cm/sec)"]
}
, {xstr, ystr} (\* {"X value", " Y value"} \*)
]
, AspectRatio->1/aspectratiox / (1+0.0)
, PlotLabel->  
StyleForm[" "<> "["<>noext<>
"] "<>gfdate, FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize
]
, DisplayFunction->Identity
]  
'  
{GrayLevel[0]&, 30, " ", " "  
, LegendBorderSpace -> 0.8
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
, LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
(\*
, LegendPosition->{-0.77, +0.75}
, LegendSize->{1.5, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -1.00}

```

*) , LegendLabel->StyleForm["Signal"<>" (CPU=<>
ToString[hrd]<>:<>ToString[mind]<>:<>
ToString[secd]<>)", FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfonts
]

, LegendLabelSpace->+2.65
, LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
}

, ImageSize->{imagesizex, imagesizey}
(* ]; *)
], "Graphics", CellTags->"Signal"];
Display[FigName<>"Signal"<>.eps", Graphics[psig], "EPS"]

Get[commanddir<>"000-p2_nb-m.m"]

StylePrint[
If[flag3dmod!="no", {
pmod3d= (* -----
ShowLegend[
ListPlot3D[
ampary
, Mesh->False
, BoxStyle->{ Dashing[{0.02, 0.01}]
, Thickness[0.0008]
}
, AxesLabel->{ "Time (sec)", "Scale (~Hz)", " " }
, AxesEdge->{ Automatic, Automatic, Automatic }
, Ticks->{ xtab
, ytab
, Automatic
}
, PlotRange->All
(* , AspectRatio->1/1.406 / (1+0.0) *)
, AspectRatio->1/aspectratiox / (1+0.0)
(* , PlotLabel->StyleForm["~Modulus "<>"["<>noext<>]" "<>gfdate,
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize+2
, DisplayFunction->Identity
, ViewPoint->{-1.469,-1.244,2.783}
]
, {
GrayLevel[1]&, 30, " ", " "
, LegendBorderSpace -> .8
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
, LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
(* , LegendPosition->{-0.87, +0.70}
, LegendSize->{1.5, 0.1}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -1.00}
*)
, LegendLabel->StyleForm["~Modulus "<>"["<>wlet<>]", "<>

```

```

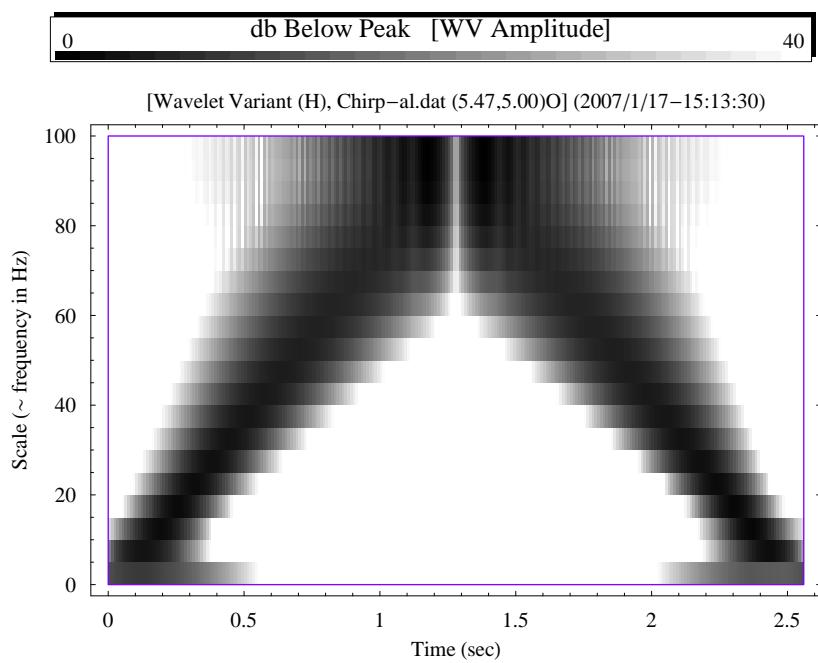
nowfile<>" ("<>
StringTake[ToString[N[saibeg+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>","<>
StringTake[ToString[N[saiend+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>") "<>
phaswitchflag<>"] "<>gfdate,
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize ]
, LegendLabelSpace->+2.5
, LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}
}
, ImageSize->{imagesizex,imagesizey}
(* , DisplayFunction->Identity *)
] (* ; *)
(* ListPlot3D[1-wpamp, Mesh->False,ViewPoint->{-1.689,1.484,2.416}]
(* } ]; *)
} ], "Graphics", CellTags->"3DModulus"];
If[flag3dmod!=!"no", {
Display[FigName<>"Modulus-3D"<>.eps", Graphics[pmod3d], "EPS"]
} ];

StylePrint[
If[flag3dpha!=!"no", {
ppha3d= (* -----
ShowLegend[
ListPlot3D[
phaary
, Mesh->False
, BoxStyle->{ Dashing[{0.02, 0.01}]
, Thickness[0.0008]
}
, AxesLabel->{ "Time (sec)", "Scale (~Hz)", " " }
, AxesEdge->{ Automatic, Automatic, Automatic }
, Ticks->{ xttab
, yttab
, zttab (* Automatic *)
}
(* , AspectRatio->1/1.406 / (1+0.0) *)
, AspectRatio->1/aspectratiox / (1+0.0)
(* , PlotLabel->StyleForm[" "<>["<>noext<>"] "<>gfdate,
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize
, ViewPoint->{-1.469,-1.244,2.783}
, PlotRange->All
, DisplayFunction->Identity
]
, {
GrayLevel[1]&, 30, " ", " "
, LegendBorderSpace -> .8
, LegendOrientation->Horizontal
, LegendPosition->{-0.81, +lgnposy}
, LegendSize->{1.7, 0.10}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -0.70}
(* ,
LegendPosition->{-0.87, +0.70}
, LegendSize->{1.5, 0.1}
, LegendTextOffset->{0.0, -1.00}

```

```
*)  
    , LegendLabel->StyleForm["Phase    "<>" ["<>wlet<>", "<>  
nowfile<>" ("<>  
StringTake[ToString[N[saibeg+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>", "<>  
StringTake[ToString[N[saiend+ 0.0001, 10]],4]<>") "<>  
phaswitchflag<>"] "<>gdate,  
FontFamily->myfont, FontSize->myfontsize ]  
    , LegendShadow->{0.01, 0.01}  
}  
    , ImageSize->{imagesizex,imagesizey}  
    (* , DisplayFunction->Identity *)  
] (* ; *)  
(* } ] ; *)  
} ], "Graphics", CellTags->"3DPhase"];  
(* Run["mmawav.bat"]; *)  
If [flag3dpha!="no", {  
    Display[FigName<>"Phase-3D"<>.eps", Graphics[ppha3d], "EPS"]  
} ];  
Get [commondir<>"000-p2_nb-m.m"]  
  
Get [commondir<>"000-p3.m"]  
On [General::spell1];On [General::spell];  
(* ~~~~~  
(* Hyperlinks: Files Parameters Modulus Phase Signal 3 DModulus
```

Beginning of Plots

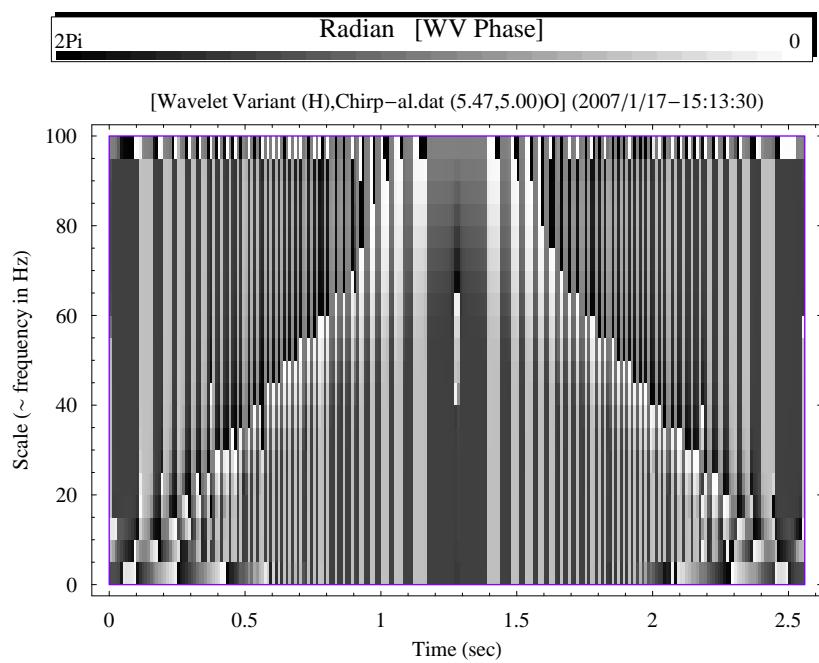


- Graphics -

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

- Graphics -

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 13, 29}      CPU:(00, 00, 2.001);  
Time:(00, 00, 05)
```

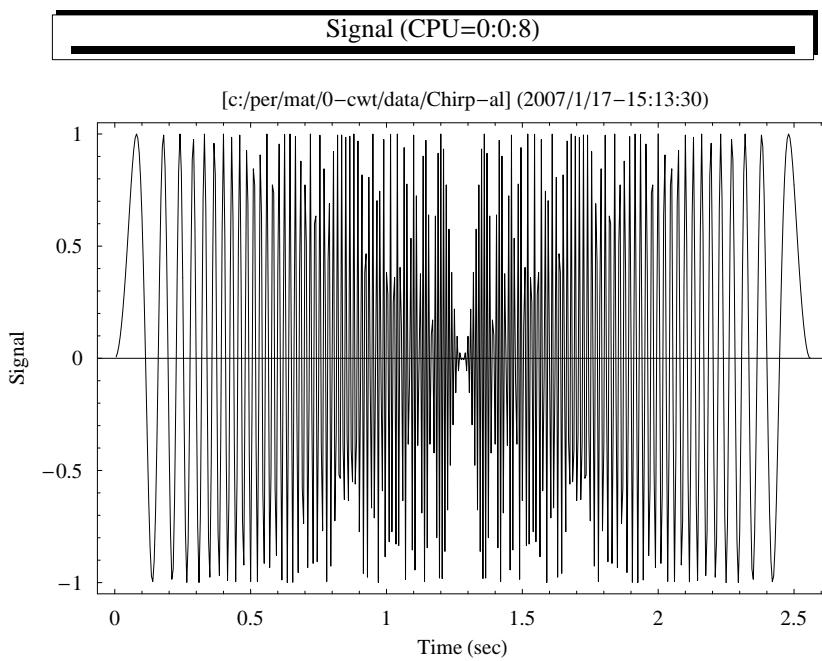


- Graphics -

Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman

- Graphics -

{2007, 1, 17, 15, 13, 29} CPU:(00, 00, 2.345);  
Time:(00, 00, 08)

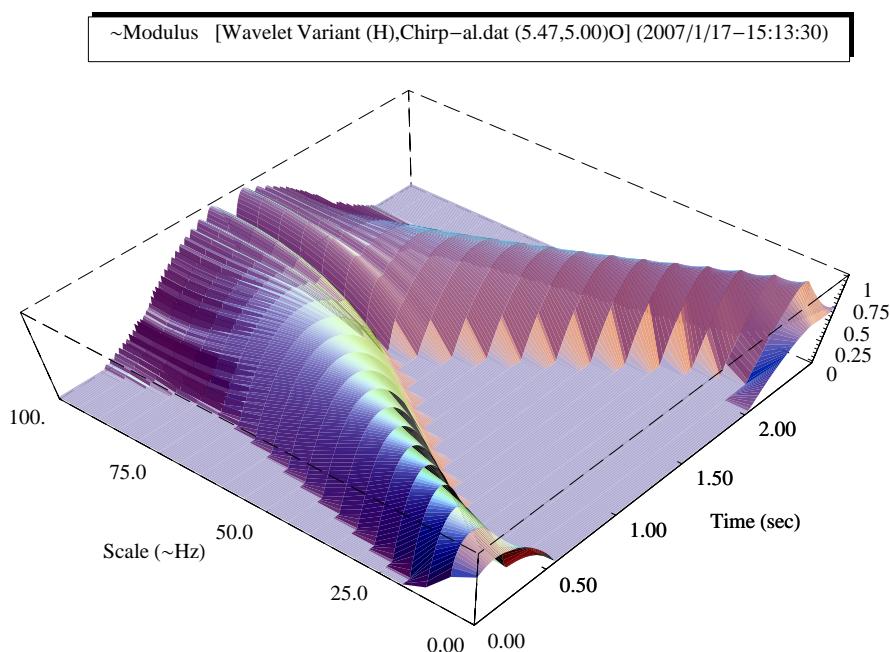


- Graphics -

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

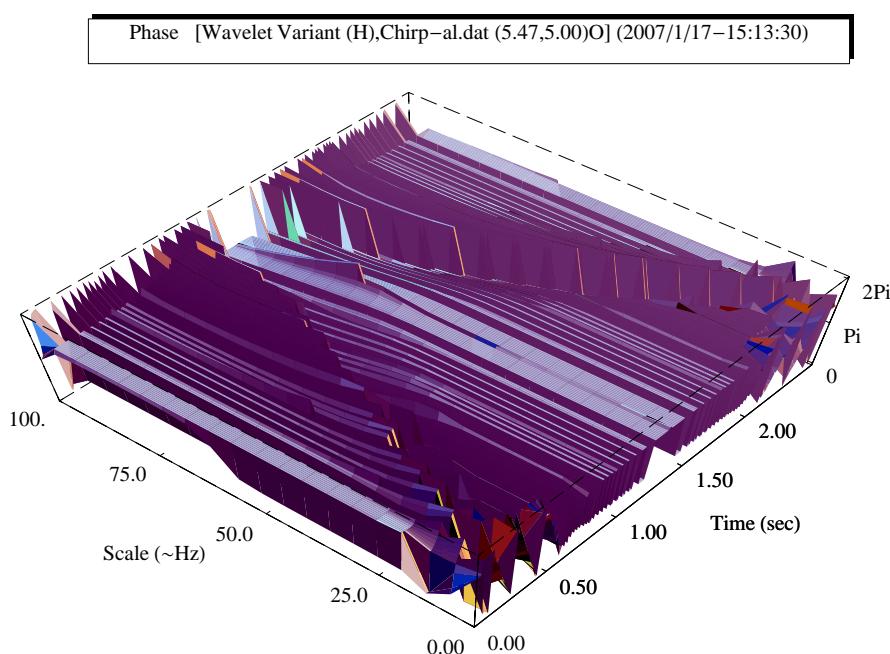
- Graphics -

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 13, 29}      CPU:(00, 00, 2.391);  
Time:(00, 00, 10)
```



{ - Graphics - }

Display:::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman



{ - Graphics - }

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 13, 29}      CPU:(00, 00, 2.72);  
Time:(00, 00, 16)
```

No TeX Equation.

(\* Hyperlinks: [Files](#) [Parameters](#) [Modulus](#) [Phase](#) [Signal](#) [3 DModulus](#)

(\* Hyperlinks:  
[Files](#) [Parameters](#) [Modulus](#) [Phase](#) [Signal](#) [3 DModulus](#) [3 DPhase](#) [End](#) \*)

# (\* A Quasi Wavelet Basis Function for Refined Ridge Extraction\*)

(\* by Ron Lee \*)

## Ü Files and Parameters

File Macro LeakOut LeakIn PhaseNoise Root Others End

```
<< "c:/lee/mat/Initial_SetNotebook.M" (* Set
    notebook options *)
<< "c:/lee/mat/Initial_Forms.M";
<< "c:/lee/mat/Initial_Frames.M";
<< "c:/lee/mat/Initial_Words.M";
FigDir =
    "G:\\\\Fig\\\\MMA\\\\WaveletVariantCharacterizations\\\\";
FigName = FigDir;
myfont = "Times";
$TextStyle =
    {FontFamily -> "Times", FontSize -> myfontsize};
timeflag = "Y";
dynamictimeflag = "N";
flabelflag = "Y";
flabelflag2 = "Y";
abcdflag = "N";
llabelflag = "y";
gridlineflag = "YY";
xyaxisflag = "LL";
stringposflag = 1 ;
xshiftflag = 0;
forcedstringaryflag = "n";
forcedflabelflag = "n" ;
stringindexmul = 3;
stringindexsin = 1;
abcdlabel = "a";
timeflag = "Y"; tlabel = tlabelv;
```

## Ü Macros

[File](#) [Macro](#) [LeakOut](#) [LeakIn](#) [PhaseNoise](#) [Root](#) [Others](#) [End](#)

```
doshowxy := {
  moutt[flabel];
  moutt[flabel2];
  myplot=ListPlot[ dataxy
    , PlotJoined->True
    , PlotRange->All
    , PlotStyle->{Thickness[0.0008] (* , Hue[0.0] *) }
    , Frame->True
    , DisplayFunction->Identity
  ];
(* myshow; *)
  Display[FigName<>EpsStrTmp<>".eps", Graphics[myshow],
"EPS"];
(* Run["mmawav.bat"]; *)
<<"c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"
};

flabel2 := typestr<>" $\alpha$ ="<>StringTake[ToString[N[scap1,
9]], If[StringLength[ToString[N[scap1, 9]]]]>=7, 7, 1]<>",
 $\beta$ ="<>ToString[N[
peakshiftp1, 2]]<>\pi,  $\xi$ ="<>StringTake[
ToString[N[xi, 2]], 1]<>",
(0< $\leftrightarrow$ >StringTake[ToString[N[xlimitp1, 2]], 1]<>\pi),
 $\theta$ ="<>ToString[N[phap1, 3]]<>\pi";
```

## Ü Leakage Out

[File](#) [Macro](#) [LeakOut](#) [LeakIn](#) [PhaseNoise](#) [Root](#) [Others](#) [End](#)

## Ü Leakage out (Wavelet variant)

```
(* ----- Frequency Leakage Out (Variant)
----- *)
typestr="Wavelet Variant: ";
xlabel="Scale";
ylabel="Projections at different wavelet scales";
flabel="Ambiguity Effects : Leakage OUT from a wave
packet";
<<"c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m";
frelkgout [peakshiftv_, sca_, xlimtv_, phav_, xiv_] :=
  1 / (scav) * NIntegrate[Cos[xiv*x]*Sin[xiv*x/scav]*
    Exp[-((x - peakshiftv/xiv)^2/scav^2 + (x)^2)/(2)],
  {x, 0, xlimtv}]
, MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10
];
(* 1 / scav * NIntegrate[Cos[x]*Sin[xiv * x/scav]*
(* a=sca/xi *)
  Exp[-((x/scav - peakshiftv/xiv )^2 + (x)^2)/(2)],
  *)
peakshiftpl=0.5;peakshift= peakshiftpl * Pi;
xlimitpl=7;xlimit=xlimitpl * Pi;
phapl=0;pha=phapl * Pi;
xi=5;
scapl=1;
datax= Table[ ni , {ni, 0.025, 5, 0.025}];
datay= Table[ frelkgout [peakshift, sca, xlimit, pha,
xi], {sca, 0.025 ,
5 , 0.025 } ];
dataxy=Table[ {datax[[ i ]], datay[[i]]}, {i,1
,Length[datax]}];
EpsStrTmp="WV_LO";
doshowxy;
```

General::spell1 :  
 Possible spelling error: new symbol name "peakshift" is  
 similar to existing symbol "peakshiftv".

General::spell1 : Possible spelling error: new symbol  
 name "xlimit" is similar to existing symbol "xlimtv".

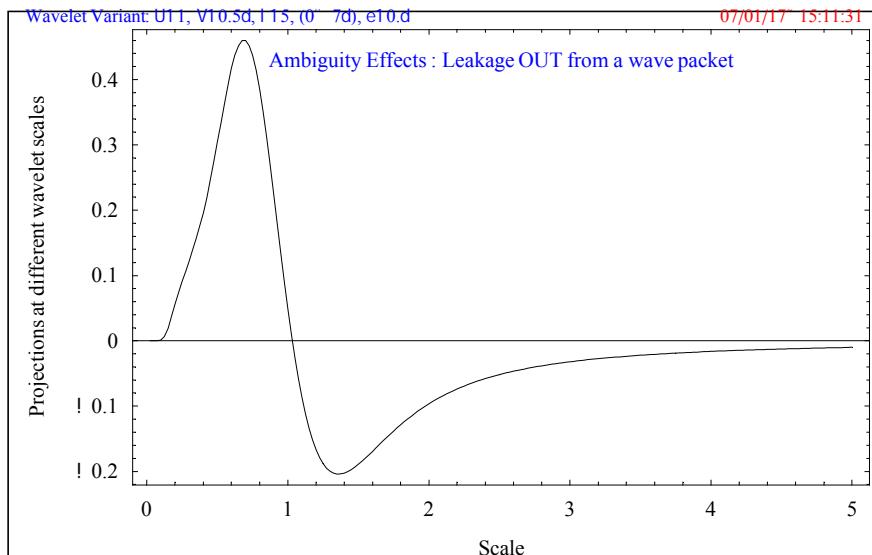
General::spell1 : Possible spelling error: new symbol  
 name "datax" is similar to existing symbol "dataxy".

General::spell :
 Possible spelling error: new symbol name "datay" is  
 similar to existing symbols {datax, dataxy}.

```
NIntegrate::slwcon :  
Numerical integration converging too slowly; suspect one  
of the following: singularity, value of the integration  
being 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient  
WorkingPrecision. If your integrand is oscillatory  
try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.
```

Ambiguity Effects : Leakage OUT from a wave packet

Wavelet Variant:  $\alpha=1$ ,  $\beta=0.5\pi$ ,  $\xi=5$ ,  $(0 \leftrightarrow 7\pi)$ ,  $\theta=0.\pi$



```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 11, 31}      CPU:(00, 00, 1.578);
Time:(00, 00, 06)
```

## Ü Leakage out (Morlet)

```
(* ----- Frequency Leakage Out (Morlet)
----- *)
typestr="Morlet Wavelet";
xlabel="Scale";
ylabel="Projections at different wavelet scales";
flabel="Ambiguity Effects : Leakage OUT from a wave
packet";
<<"c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m";
(*
frelkginM[peakshiftv_, scav_, xlimtv_, phav_, xiv_] :=
NIntegrate[Cos[u/scav]*Cos[(u)]*
Exp[-((u - peakshiftv)^2+ (u/scav)^2)/(2*xiv^2)],
{u, 0, xlimtv}
, MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10
];
*)
(* There exists analytical form *)
frelkgoutM [peakshiftv_, scav_, xlimtv_, phav_, xiv_] :=
2* 1 / (scav) * Integrate[Cos[xiv*x]*Cos[xiv*x/scav]*
Exp[-((x - peakshiftv/xiv)^2/scav^2 + (x)^2)/(2)],
{x, 0, Infinity}
];
peakshiftp1=0; peakshift= peakshiftp1 * Pi;
xlimtp1=7; xlimt=xlimtp1 * Pi;
phap1=0; pha=phap1 * Pi;
xi=5;
scap1=1;
dofrelkgoutM=frelkgoutM [peakshift, sca, xlimit, pha,
xi] (*analytical form*)

datax= Table[ ni , {ni, 0.000, 5, 0.025}];
datay= Table[ N[dofrelkgoutM], {sca, 0.000 , 5 ,
0.025 } ];
dataxy=Table[ {datax[[ i ]], datay[[i]]}, {i,1
,Length[datax]}];
EpsStrTmp="MW_LO";
doshowxy;
```

General::spell1 :

Possible spelling error: new symbol name "frelkgoutM" is  
similar to existing symbol "frelkgout".

$$\frac{1}{\text{sca}} \left( 2 \text{If} \left[ \text{Im} \left[ \frac{1}{\text{sca}} \right] == 0 \& \& \text{Re} \left[ \frac{1}{\text{sca}^2} \right] > -1, \frac{\left( e^{\frac{25 (-1+\text{sca})^2}{2 (1+\text{sca}^2)}} + e^{\frac{25 (1+\text{sca})^2}{2 (1+\text{sca}^2)}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2 e^{25} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\text{sca}^2}}}, \int_0^{\infty} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( -x^2 - \frac{x^2}{\text{sca}^2} \right)} \cos[5 x] \cos \left[ \frac{5 x}{\text{sca}} \right] dx \right] \right)$$

Power::infy : Infinite expression  $\frac{1}{0.}$  encountered.

Power::infy : Infinite expression  $\frac{1}{0.}$  encountered.

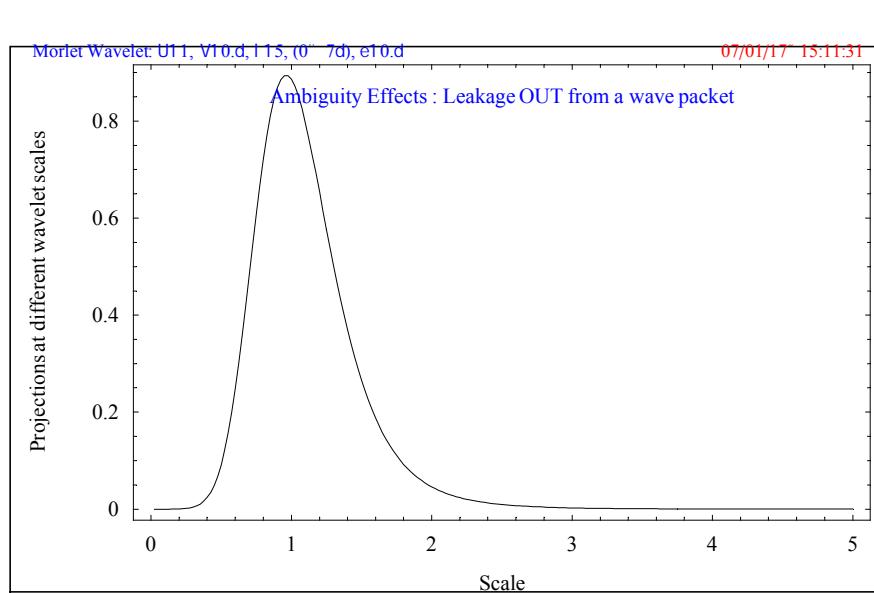
Power::infy : Infinite expression  $\frac{1}{0.^2}$  encountered.

General::stop : Further output of  
Power::infy will be suppressed during this calculation.

Ambiguity Effects : Leakage OUT from a wave packet

Morlet Wavelet:  $\alpha=1, \beta=0.\pi, \xi=5, (0 \leftrightarrow 7\pi), \theta=0.\pi$

Graphics::gptn : Coordinate ComplexInfinity in  
 $\{0., \text{ComplexInfinity}\}$  is not a floating-point number.



```
Graphics::gptn : Coordinate ComplexInfinity in
{0., ComplexInfinity} is not a floating-point number.
```

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:
Warning ...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 11, 38}      CPU:(00, 00, 0.5);
Time:(00, 00, 09)
```

```
■ << "c:\\lee\\mat\\000-p1.m";
FindMinimum[
-1 * 1 / sca * ((E^(-25 (-1+sca)^2/(1+sca)^2) + E^(-25 (1+sca)^2/(1+sca)^2)) \sqrt(\frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt(1 + \frac{1}{sca^2}) sca^2) /
(2 (1 + sca^2)), {sca, 0.97}]
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"
{-0.447397, {sca -> 0.962224}}
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 11, 48}      CPU:(00, 00,
-16
4.44089 10);      Time:(00, 00, 00)
```

## Ü Leakage In

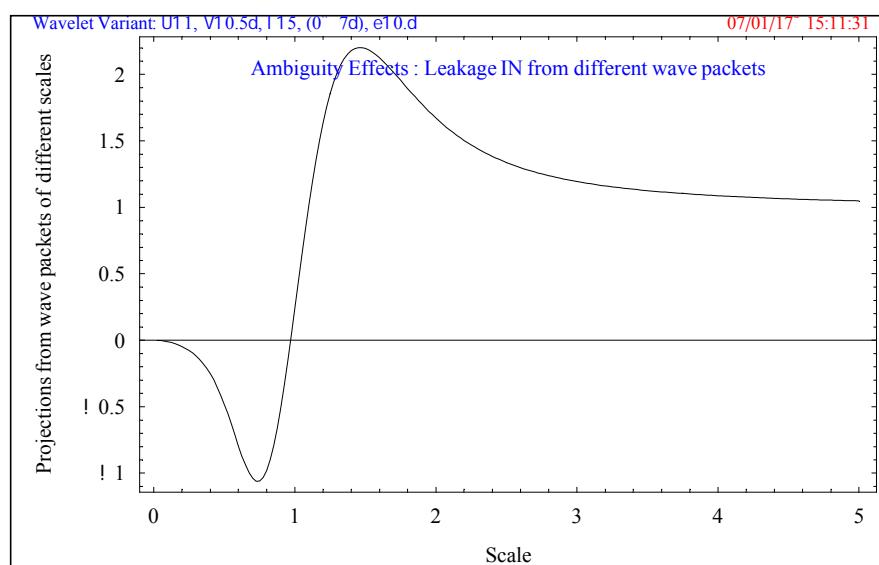
[File](#) [Macro](#) [LeakOut](#) [LeakIn](#) [PhaseNoise](#) [Root](#) [Others](#) [End](#)

### Ü Leakage in (Wavelet variant)

```
(* ----- Frequency Leakage In (Variant)
----- *)
typestr="Wavelet Variant: ";
 xlabel="Scale";
 ylabel="Projections from wave packets of different
 scales";
 flabel="Ambiguity Effects : Leakage IN from different
 wave packets";
 <<"c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m";
 frelkgin[peakshiftv_, scav_, xlimtv_, phav_, xiv_] :=
 NIntegrate[Cos[u/scav]*Sin[(u)]*
 Exp[-((u - peakshiftv)^2+ (u/scav)^2)/(2*xiv^2)],
 {u, 0, xlimtv}
 , MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10
 ];
 (* gsca[b_, a_, s_] := NIntegrate[Cos[u/a]*Sin[(u)]*
 Exp[-((u-Pi/2.)^2.+(u/a)^2.)/(2*s^2)],
 {u, 0, b} ] *)
 peakshiftpl=0.5;peakshift= peakshiftpl * Pi;
 xlimtp1=7;xlimit=xlimtp1 * Pi;
 phapl=0;pha=phapl * Pi;
 xi=5;
 sca1=1;
 datax= Table[ ni , {ni, 0.025, 5, 0.025}];
 datay= Table[ frelkgin [peakshift, sca, xlim, pha, xi],
 {sca, 0.025 ,
 5 , 0.025 } ];
 dataxy=Table[ {datax[[ i ]], datay[[i]]}, {i,1
 ,Length[datax]}];
 EpsStrTmp="WV_LI";
 doshowxy;
```

Ambiguity Effects : Leakage IN from different wave  
packets

Wavelet Variant:  $\alpha=1$ ,  $\beta=0.5\pi$ ,  $\xi=5$ ,  $(0 \leftrightarrow 7\pi)$ ,  $\theta=0.\pi$



Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning ...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 11, 48}      CPU:(00, 00, 0.468);
Time:(00, 00, 01)
```

## Ü Leakage in (Morlet)

```
(* ----- Frequency Leakage In (Morlet)
----- *)
typestr="Morlet Wavelet ";
xlabel="Scale";
ylabel="Projections from wave packets of different
scales";
flabel="Ambiguity Effects : Leakage IN from different
wave packets";
<<"c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m";
(* There exists closed analytical form *)
frelkginM[peakshiftv_, sca_, xlimity_, phav_, xiv_] :=
  2 * Integrate[Cos[u/scav]*Cos[(u)]*
    Exp[-((u - peakshiftv)^2+ (u/scav)^2)/(2*xiv^2)],
  {u, 0, Infinity}];
peakshiftpl=0; peakshift= peakshiftpl * Pi;
xlimitpl=7; xlimit=xlimitpl * Pi;
phapl=0; pha=phapl * Pi;
xi=5;
scapl=1;
dofrelkginM=frelkginM [peakshift, sca, xlimit, pha,
xi] (*analytical form*)

datax= Table[ ni , {ni, 0.000, 5, 0.025}];
datay= Table[ N[dofrelkginM], {sca, 0.000 , 5 , 0.025 } ];
dataxy=Table[ {datax[[ i ]], datay[[i]]}, {i,1
,Length[datax]}];
EpsStrTmp="MW_LI";
doshowxy;
```

General::spell1 :

Possible spelling error: new symbol name "frelkginM" is  
similar to existing symbol "frelkgin".

$$2 \text{ If}\left[\text{Im}\left[\frac{1}{\text{sca}}\right]==0 \&\& \text{Re}\left[\frac{1}{\text{sca}^2}\right]>-1,\frac{5 \left(e^{\frac{25 (-1+\text{sca})^2}{2 (1+\text{sca}^2)}}+e^{\frac{25 (1+\text{sca})^2}{2 (1+\text{sca}^2)}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{\pi }{2 }}}{2 e^{25 } \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{\text{sca}^2}}},\int_0^{\infty } e^{\frac{1}{50} \left(-\text{u}^2-\frac{\text{u}^2}{\text{sca}^2}\right)} \cos (\text{u}) \cos \left[\frac{\text{u}}{\text{sca}}\right] \text{d}\text{u}\right]$$

Power::infy : Infinite expression  $\frac{1}{0}$ . encountered.

```

Power::infy : Infinite expression  $\frac{1}{0.^2}$  encountered.

Power::infy : Infinite expression  $\frac{1}{0.^2}$  encountered.

General::stop : Further output of
Power::infy will be suppressed during this calculation.

∞::indet : Indeterminate expression  $e^{\text{ComplexInfinity}}$  encountered.

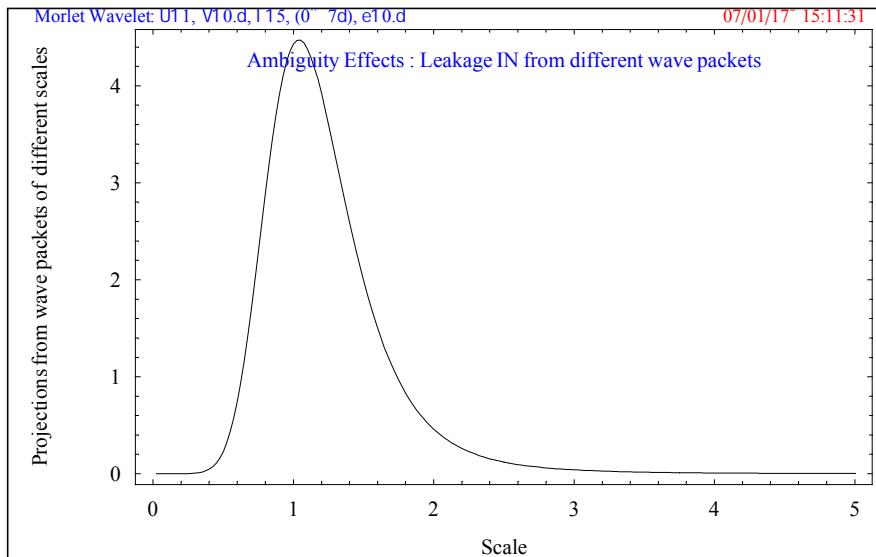
NIntegrate::inum :
Integrand Indeterminate is not numerical at {u} = {1.}.
```

### Ambiguity Effects : Leakage IN from different wave packets

Morlet Wavelet:  $\alpha=1$ ,  $\beta=0.\pi$ ,  $\xi=5$ ,  $(0 \leftrightarrow 7\pi)$ ,  $\theta=0.\pi$

```

Graphics::gptn : Coordinate
2. If[Indeterminate == 0. && Indeterminate > -1., <<1>>, <<1>>]
in {0., 2. If[Indeterminate == 0. && Indeterminate > -1., <<1>>,
NIntegrate[<<1>>]]} is not a floating-point number.
```



```

Graphics::gptn : Coordinate
2. If[Indeterminate == 0. && Indeterminate > -1., <<1>>, <<1>>]
in {0., 2. If[Indeterminate == 0. && Indeterminate > -1., <<1>>,
NIntegrate[<<1>>]]} is not a floating-point number.
```

```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman  
  
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 11, 50}      CPU:(00, 00, 0.235);  
Time:(00, 00, 10)  
  
■ << "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"  
  
FindMinimum[  
-1 * 10 *  $\left( \left( e^{-\frac{25(-1+sca)^2}{2(1+sca^2)}} + e^{-\frac{25(1+sca)^2}{2(1+sca^2)}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{sca^2}} sca^2 \right) /$   
(2 (1 + sca2)), {sca, 1.01}]  
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"  
  
{-4.47397, {sca → 1.03926}}
```

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 12, 1}      CPU: (00, 00, 0.015);  
Time: (00, 00, 00)
```

```
]
```

## Ü Phase noise

```
[File Macro LeakOut LeakIn PhaseNoise Root Others End]
```

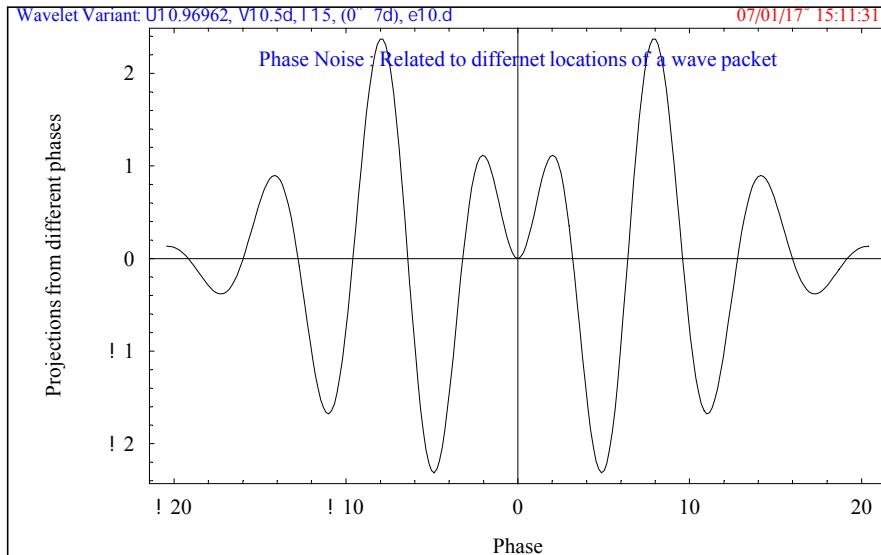
## Ü Phase noise (Wavelet variant)

```
(* ----- Phase Noise ----- *)
typestr="Wavelet Variant: ";
xlabel="Phase";
ylabel="Projections from different phases";
flabel="Phase Noise : Related to differnet locations of a
wave packet";
<<"c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m";
integright[peakshiftv_, scaadjv_, xlimityv_, phav_, xiv_]
:=
NIntegrate[Cos[u/scaadjv-phav]*Sin[u]*
Exp[-((u -peakshiftv )^2. + (u/scaadjv-
phav)^2.)/(2*xiv^2)],
{u, 0, xlimityv}
, MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10 ];
integleft[peakshiftv_, scaadjv_, xlimityv_, phav_, xiv_]
:=
NIntegrate[Cos[u/scaadjv-phav]*Sin[-u]*
Exp[-((u + peakshiftv )^2. + (u/scaadjv-
phav)^2.)/(2*xiv^2)],
{u, -1.*xlimityv, 0}
, MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10 ];
peakshiftpl=0.5; peakshift= peakshiftpl * Pi;
xlimitpl=7; xlimit=xlimitpl * Pi;
phapl=0; pha=phapl * Pi;
xi=5;
scaadj= 0.969621557058245997; scapl=scaadj;
phaintp1=Table[ integright[peakshift, scaadj, xlimit,
phav, xi],
{phav, 0.05 Pi, 6.5 Pi , 0.05 Pi } ];
phaintp2=Table[ integleft[peakshift, scaadj, xlimit,
phav, xi],
{phav, 0.05 Pi, 6.5 Pi , 0.05 Pi } ];
phaintmid=2 * Table[ integleft[peakshift, scaadj,
xlimit, phav, xi],
{phav, 0.00 Pi, 0.00 Pi , 0.05 Pi } ];
posshiftsum=phaintp1+phaintp2;
midintsum=phaintmid;
datax=Join[ -1* Reverse[Table[ ni * Pi, {ni, 0.05, 6.5,
0.05}], {0}, Table[ ni * Pi, {ni, 0.05, 6.5, 0.05}]];
datay=Join[ Reverse[posshiftsum], midintsum, posshiftsum];
dataxy=Table[ {datax[[ i ]], datay[[i]]}, {i,1
,Length[datax]}];
EpsStrTmp="WV_PN";
doshowxy;
```

General::spell1 : Possible spelling error: new symbol  
name "scaadj" is similar to existing symbol "scaadjv".

Phase Noise : Related to different locations of a wave packet

Wavelet Variant:  $\alpha=0.96962$ ,  $\beta=0.5\pi$ ,  $\xi=5$ ,  $(0 \leftrightarrow 7\pi)$ ,  $\theta=0.\pi$



Display::pserr : PostScript language error:  
Warning...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman

```
{2007, 1, 17, 15, 12, 1}      CPU: (00, 00, 0.812);  
Time: (00, 00, 02)          ]]
```

## Ü Phase noise (Morlet)

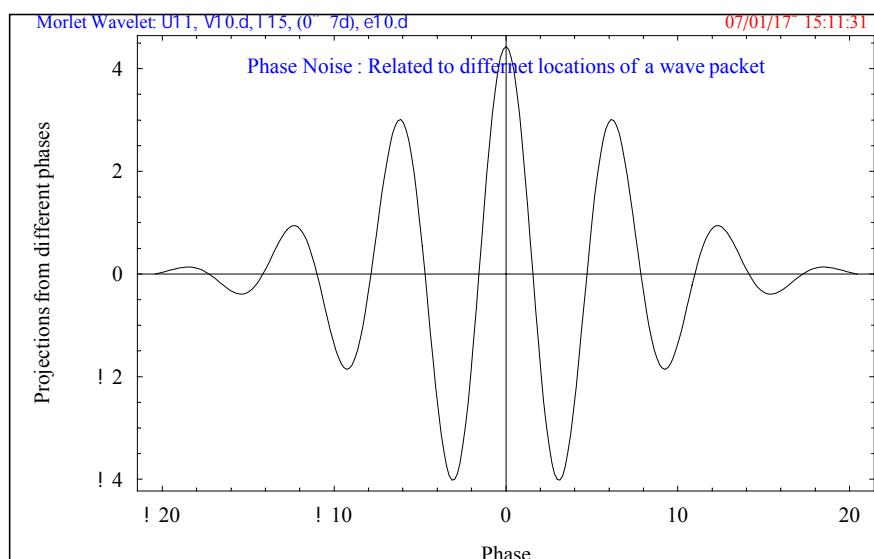
```
(* -----          Phase Noise (Morlet)
----- *)
typestr="Morlet Wavelet: ";
 xlabel="Phase";
 ylabel="Projections from different phases";
 flabel="Phase Noise : Related to differnet locations of a
 wave packet";
 <<"c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m";
 integrightM[peakshiftv_, scaadjs_, xlimity_, phav_, xiv_]
 := 
 NIntegrate[Cos[u/scaadjs-phav]*Cos[u]*
 Exp[-(-(u -peakshiftv )^2. + (u/scaadjs-
 phav)^2.)/(2*xiv^2)],
 {u, 0, xlimity}
 , MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10 ];
integleftM[peakshiftv_, scaadjs_, xlimity_, phav_, xiv_]
 := 
 NIntegrate[Cos[u/scaadjs-phav]*Cos[-u]*
 Exp[-(-(u + peakshiftv )^2. + (u/scaadjs-
 phav)^2.)/(2*xiv^2)],
 {u, -1.*xlimity, 0}
 , MinRecursion->3, MaxRecursion->10 ];
peakshiftpl=0.0; peakshift= peakshiftpl * Pi;
xlimitpl=7; xlimit=xlimitpl * Pi;
phapl=0; pha=phapl * Pi;
xi=5;
scaadjs= 1;
scapl=scaadjs;
phaintpl=Table[ integrightM[peakshift, scaadjs, xlimit,
 phav, xi],
 {phav, 0.05 Pi, 6.50 Pi , 0.05 Pi } ];
phaintp2=Table[ integleftM[peakshift, scaadjs, xlimit,
 phav, xi],
 {phav, 0.05 Pi, 6.50 Pi , 0.05 Pi } ];
phaintmid=2 * Table[ integleftM[peakshift, scaadjs,
 xlimit, phav, xi],
 {phav, 0.00 Pi, 0.00 Pi , 0.05 Pi } ];
posshiftsum=phaintpl+phaintp2;
midintsum=phaintmid;
datax=Join[ -1* Reverse[Table[ ni * Pi, {ni, 0.05, 6.50,
 0.05}], {0}, Table[ ni * Pi, {ni, 0.05, 6.50, 0.05}] ] ];
datay=Join[ Reverse[posshiftsum], phaintmid, posshiftsum];
dataxy=Table[ {datax[[ i ]], datay[[i]]}, {i,1
 ,Length[datax]}];
EpsStrTmp="MW_PN";
doshowxy;
```

```
General::spell1 :
Possible spelling error: new symbol name "integrightM" is
similar to existing symbol "integright".
```

```
General::spell1 :
Possible spelling error: new symbol name "integleftM" is
similar to existing symbol "integleft".
```

**Phase Noise : Related to different locations of a wave packet**

Morlet Wavelet:  $\alpha=1$ ,  $\beta=0.\pi$ ,  $\xi=5$ ,  $(0 \leftrightarrow 7\pi)$ ,  $\theta=0.\pi$



```
Display::pserr : PostScript language error:
Warning ...ont Utopia-Regular for Times-Roman
```

Time: (00, 00, 03)      CPU: (00, 00, 0.766);

**Ü Roots** [File](#) [Macro](#) [LeakOut](#) [LeakIn](#) [PhaseNoise](#) [Root](#) [Others](#) [End](#)

```
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"
g[b_, a_, s_] := Integrate[Cos[u/a]*Sin[(u)] *
```

```
Exp[-((u - Pi/2.)^2. + u^2.) / (2*s^2)], {u, 0, b}]  
FindRoot[g[5.*Pi, a, 5] == 0, {a, 0.95, 0.7, 1.2}]  
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"
```

```
$Aborted
```

```

{2007, 1, 17, 15, 12, 8}      CPU: (00, 00, 32.219);
Time: (00, 00, 34)

<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"
g[b_, a_, s_] := Integrate[Cos[u/a] * Sin[(u)] *
    Exp[-((u - Pi/2.)^2. + u^2.) / (2*s^2)], {u, 0, b}]
FindRoot[g[7.*Pi, a, 5] == 0, {a, 0.9696, 0.7, 1.2}]
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"

<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"
g[b_, a_, s_] := Integrate[Cos[u/a] * Sin[(u)] *
    Exp[-((u - Pi/2.)^2. + (u/a)^2.) / (2*s^2)],
    {u, 0, b}]
FindRoot[g[5.*Pi, a, 5] == 0, {a, 0.97, 0.7, 1.2}]
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"
(* Run["mmawav.bat"]; *)

```

Ü Others File Macro LeakOut LeakIn PhaseNoise Root Others End

## Ü Close form integrations

$$g2(b_, a_, s_) = \int_0^\infty \cos\left(\frac{u}{a}\right) \sin(u) e^{-\frac{(\frac{u}{a})^2 + u^2}{2s^2}} du$$

```

<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"
g2[b_, a_, s_] = Integrate[Cos[u/a] * Sin[(u)] *
    Exp[-((u)^2. + (u/a)^2.) / (2*s^2)],
    {u, 0, Infinity}]
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"

<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"
g3[b_, a_, s_] = Integrate[Cos[u/a] * Sin[(u)] *
    Exp[-((u - Pi/2.)^2. + (u/a)^2.) / (2*s^2)],
    {u, 0, Infinity}]
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"

<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p1_nb-m.m"
g4[a_, s_] := NIntegrate[Cos[u/a] * Sin[(u)] *
    Exp[-((u - Pi/2.)^2. + (u/a)^2.) / (2*s^2)],

```

```
{u, 0, Infinity}]  
g4[ 0.969621557058245997, 5]  
<< "c:/lee/mat/000-p2_nb-m.m"
```

File Macro LeakOut LeakIn PhaseNoise Root Others End

## ■ Appendix

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# 審查意見回覆表

## 交通部運輸研究所港灣技術研究中心

### 自辦研究計畫期末審查意見回覆表

(訊號分析法比較研究暨其於水波應用探討 — Asyst 仔波程式集)

審查委員及審查意見	意見回覆
李兆芳教授：	<p>1. 本計畫所考慮仔波分析程式以執行自動化和使用方便為主要考量，相當實際。在程式中增加圖形顯示及使用資料表改進，相當用心。</p> <p>2. 利用所發展程式計算出仔波之結果，在報告中顯示合理結果。程式之可用信及正確性可以接受。</p> <p>3. 第八章結論之內容應為執行本計畫之心路歷程，可以加在計畫最後。結論應為本計畫之內容摘要總結。</p> <p>Asyst 程式為一 DOS-Based 語言，其親和性和使用方便性有其先天之不足性，在這一方面，此處程式已作部分改良及考慮。而自動化之全面性與圖形顯示、圖檔自動產生、資料表一貫製作，等、亦是程式考慮的重點。</p> <p>本報告所含括程式係逐步擴展增進，由根基起建，確保其正確性是為最高優先、最低要求。一些結果也與其他研究者之結果加以比較驗証。</p> <p>第八章已加以改寫，加入了本計畫之內容摘要總結。</p>
林銘崇教授：	<p>1. 針對所提出之新型類仔波轉換應可進一步考慮專章處理，以突顯其意義。</p> <p>有關於新型類仔波轉換之更詳細內容在先前研究報告中有較詳盡之探討解說，並含蓋數值模擬與實訊應用。其進一步研究將為未來工作之一。</p>

郭一羽教授：

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. 請加說明 Wavelet 在訊號分析（水波應用）上的優點及應用時機。</li><li>2. 依計畫名稱，在 spectrum 與 wavelet 分析之比較應加以說明。</li></ol> | <p>事實上這些問題正是多年來此處研究的重點。由於此一報告係著眼於以 Asyst 語言來開發含蓋內容廣泛與完整之仔波程式集。故較著重程式面使用時機或功能特性說明，而其於這方面的展示較簡略，有關更詳細內容在先前數年的研究報告中有較詳盡之探討解說，並含蓋數各種特性探討、數值模擬、與資訊應用。</p> <p>這一問題與上一問題都是多年來研究的關鍵核心。多年來所出版的報告也多脫離不了這一問題。其簡要的相關探討內容為：熵值表現、相位糙音及移位不變性探討、水波分析最適函基之鑑取、spectrum 共關協振與 wavelet 共關協振之表現差異、水波不穩現象之鑑取、等。由於此一報告著重於Asyst 語言程式集之功能化、自動化、人性化、各類程式整合化、等，故較著重程式面使用時機或功能特性展示，而其於這方面的說明則較簡略。</p> |
|---|---|

李忠潘教授：

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. 請於摘要增加說明如何應用於水波，並請於文內以例子說明。</li><li>2. 為了配合題目應有一節，專論於水波的實際應用。</li></ol> | <p>如何應用於水波正是多年前研究的出發重點。有關更詳細內容在先前數年的研究報告中有較詳盡之探討解說，並含蓋數各種特性探討、數值模擬、與實訊應用。此一報告因係著眼於以 Asyst 語言來開發含蓋內容廣泛與完整之仔波程式集。故較著重程式面使用時機或功能特性說明，而其於這方面的展示較簡略。</p> <p>相關探討內容如：熵值表現、水波分析最適函基之鑑取、 spectrum 共關協振與 wavelet 共關協振之表現差異、水波不穩現象之鑑取、等，已部分加入。由於此一報告著重於Asyst 語言程式集之功能化、自動化、人性化、各類程式整合化、等，故較著重程式面使用時機或功能特性展示，而其於這方面的說明則較簡略。可以參閱多年來的報告書。</p> |
|--|--|

簡仲璟研究員：

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>1. 本研究對於仔波（Wavelet）的分析自行開發建置一套程式。惟本分析程式所需（或適用）之作業環境如何可再補充說明。</p> <p>2. Wavelet 的分析程式目前已有多位學者建立。本計劃所建立之程式其特色或重點、或優點和他人相較可再說明。</p> | <p>Asyst 程式語言其適用之作業環境是 Microsoft DOS，在MS Windows中必需考量其EMS及 XMS 規格相容。相關之記憶體規劃，Overlay 模組需求已在報告中加以說明。</p> <p>事實上就作者所知，當年開始撰寫仔波程式時，還尚未有一家套裝應用軟體公司（如 MatLab、Mathematica、等）出版仔波分析工具套件。目前則都已含括在內，然而，就作者所知，目前國內一些水波研究之仔波分析幾乎都是使用非自行開發之應用軟體。比方而言，諸多研究對各類型仔波函基之水波模擬熵值表現並不了解，對水波分析最適函基之認知亦相當薄弱，這些狀況有一些危險的義涵，諸如不定性、不可重覆性、以偏概全、似是而非、甚而指鹿為馬。此處我們從根基起建，這於數學內涵了解與物理演伸有絕大的幫助，也建立了對分析結果之信心。此外，此處程式之彈性、自動化性、不同程式整合性、人為錯誤性、大量分析批次化性、分析結果豐富性、多元性、診斷確定性、等，都非使用套裝應用軟體所可比擬。</p> |
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# 簡報資料

# Wavelet Programming in Asyst

A basic research of IHMT

## 仔波Asyst程式集

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## 內容

1. 以Asyst 語言開發廣泛之仔波分析程式。(包含多類屬之離散仔波與連續仔波，暨其諸多特性探討，如：正反轉換、爆展、熵值、常標值、最適函基、最適階函基、特性函數相位、共關協振、調適化時頻窗連續仔波轉換、及一新型類仔波轉換暨其特性探討、等。)
2. 資料之處理、檢視、呈現等功能。工作平台之開發、圖表文書管理系統。(整合一些外加程式及補助功能，如：Postfix 、Lotus 介面、Mathematica 語言、WinEDT 巨集、LaTeX 程式及軟件集、等)



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## Wavelet bases tested

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- Orthonormal (ON) [4, 1, 5, 7, 8]
  - Daubechies' most symmetric (ON<sub>xxS</sub>)
  - Daubechies' most asymmetric (ON<sub>xxA</sub>)
  - Coiflets (ON<sub>xxC</sub>)
  - Meyer wavelet
  - Battle-Lemarié (B&L)
- Semi-orthogonal (SO) [1, 2]
  - Mother wavelet (SO<sub>xO</sub>)
  - Dual wavelet (SO<sub>xD</sub>)
- Bi-orthogonal (BO) [5]
  - Mother wavelet (BO<sub>xyO</sub>)
  - Dual wavelet (BO<sub>xyD</sub>)
- Wavelet Packet basis [3, 1, 5, 9, 10]
  - All ON groups (single or mixed) (WP best basis & WP best level)

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ON<sub>xxA</sub>—M

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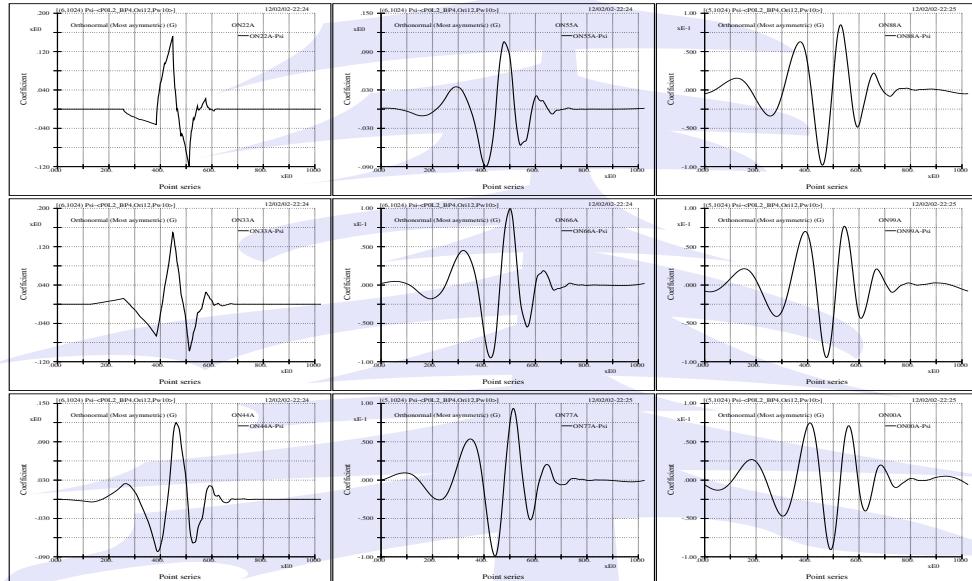


Figure 1: The mother wavelets of the ON<sub>xxA</sub> group originating from the point location of 12. Here the boundary point should be based on a level less or equal to 3.

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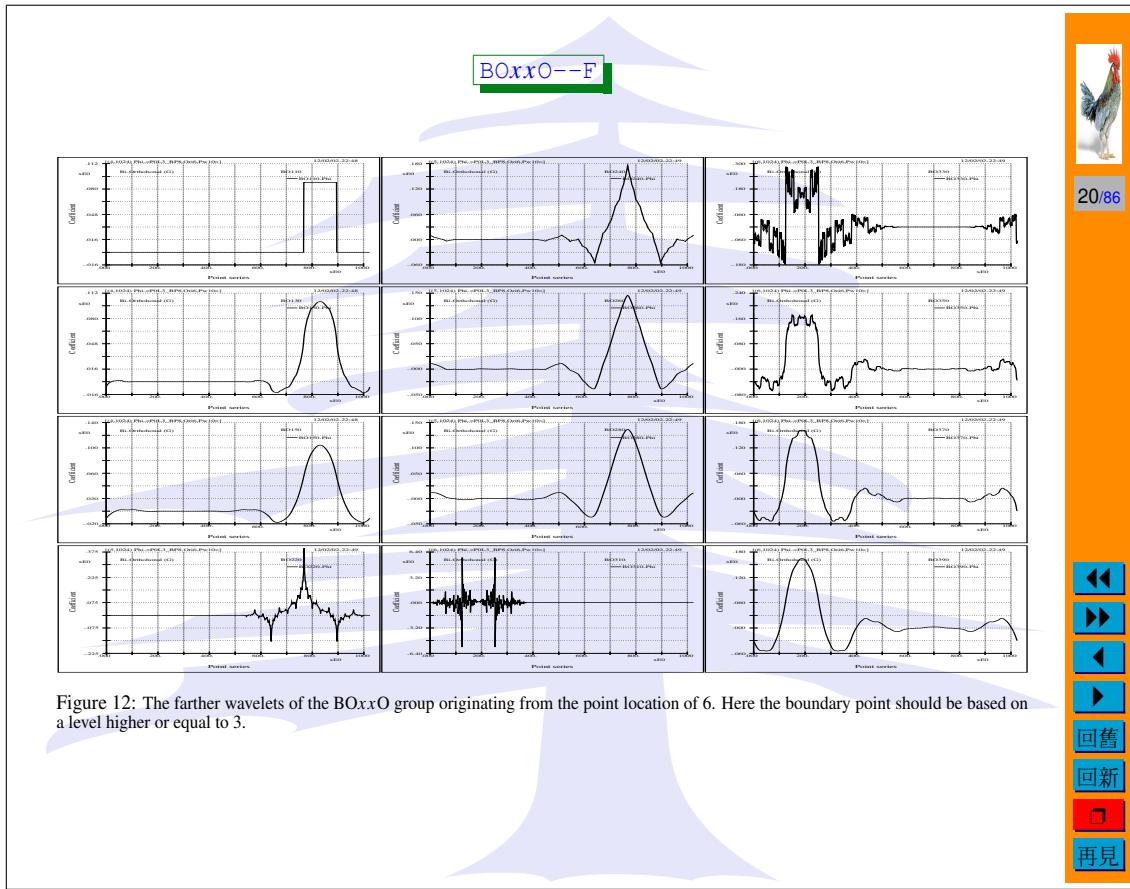


Figure 12: The farther wavelets of the BOxxO group originating from the point location of 6. Here the boundary point should be based on a level higher or equal to 3.

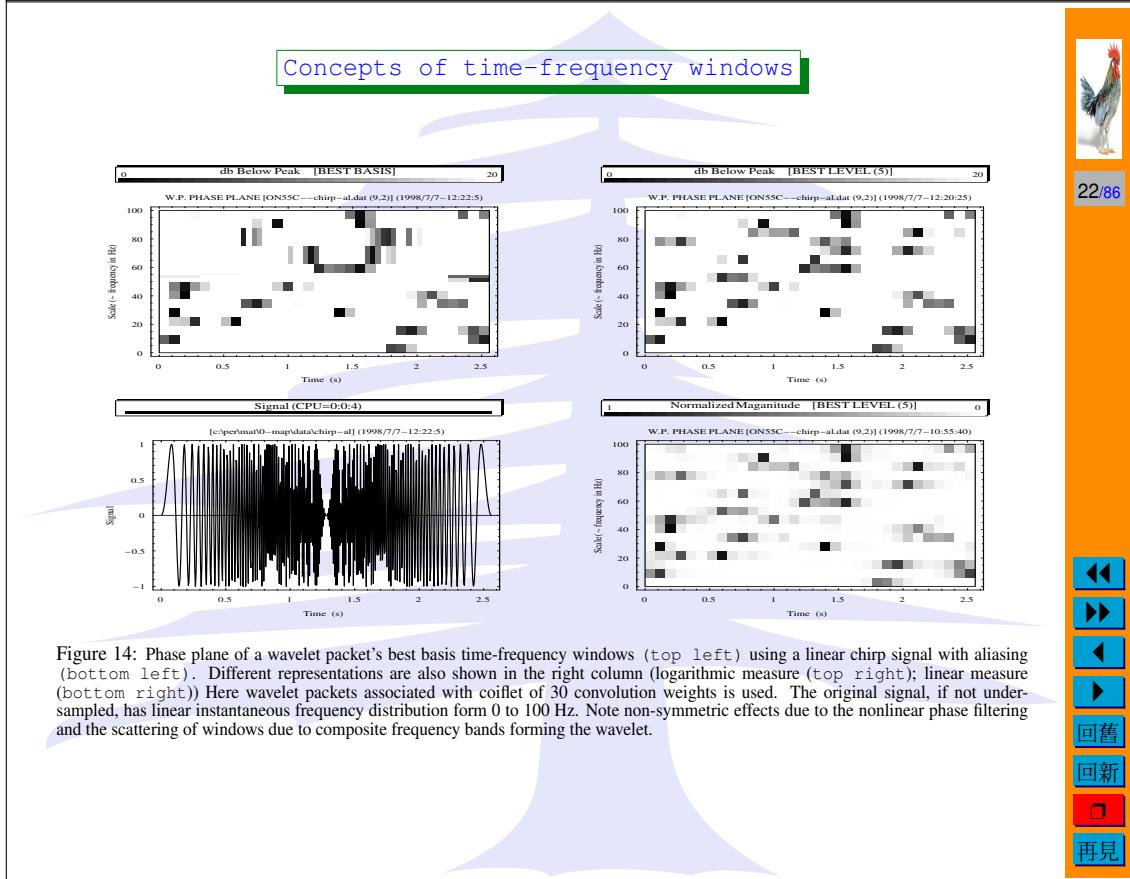


Figure 14: Phase plane of a wavelet packet's best basis time-frequency windows (top left) using a linear chirp signal with aliasing (bottom left). Different representations are also shown in the right column (logarithmic measure (top right); linear measure (bottom right)) Here wavelet packets associated with coiflet of 30 convolution weights is used. The original signal, if not undersampled, has linear instantaneous frequency distribution form 0 to 100 Hz. Note non-symmetric effects due to the nonlinear phase filtering and the scattering of windows due to composite frequency bands forming the wavelet.



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## The entropy criteria

- The general notions ( $p$  : pdf)

$$H(p) = - \sum_i p_i \log p_i$$

- The geometric notion ( $p_i = |c_i|^2 / \|C\|^2$ )

$$H(p) = \log \|C\|^2 - \frac{\sum_i |c_i|^2 \log |c_i|^2}{\|C\|^2}$$

- The theoretical dimension notion

$$D(p) = e^{H(p)} = \prod_i (p_i^{-p_i})$$

- The different norm notions (displacement or energy norm)



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### Entropy of ON and SO wavelet coefficients

Table 1: Entropy of orthonormal and semi-orthogonal wavelet coefficients as well as spectral coefficients under various statistic criteria.

Wavelet	L <sup>**2</sup> coefficient entropy (0 division)	L <sup>**2</sup> probability entropy (300 divisions)	L <sup>**1</sup> probability entropy (300 divisions)	L <sup>**2</sup> probability entropy (200 divisions)	Theoretical dimension (L <sup>**2</sup> 300 divisions)
B&L	4.691	1.330	3.417	1.179	3.782
Meyer	4.647	1.294	3.365	1.132	3.646
SO3O	4.833	1.669	3.756	1.488	5.307
SO3D	1.823	0.219	1.306	0.172	1.245
Spectrum	2.809	0.270	3.044	0.244	1.310
ON22A	4.993	1.761	3.891	1.516	5.815
ON33A	4.773	1.384	3.499	1.225	3.975
ON44A	4.790	1.517	3.596	1.363	4.559
ON55A	4.819	1.553	3.631	1.367	4.727
ON66A	4.790	1.373	3.456	1.203	3.946
ON77A	4.675	1.355	3.461	1.203	3.877
ON88A	4.645	1.229	3.283	1.082	3.418
ON99A	4.719	1.412	3.501	1.252	4.106
ON00A	4.787	1.423	3.511	1.244	4.149
ON44S	4.835	1.461	3.557	1.281	4.311
ON55S	4.758	1.492	3.576	1.298	4.426
ON66S	4.754	1.402	3.501	1.225	4.065
ON77S	4.751	1.336	3.331	1.188	3.804
ON88S	4.714	1.366	3.481	1.224	3.918
ON99S	4.755	1.469	3.570	1.288	4.345
ON00S	4.635	1.278	3.378	1.134	3.591
ON11C	4.938	1.696	3.832	1.457	5.452
ON22C	4.827	1.468	3.520	1.284	4.342
ON33C	4.756	1.488	3.573	1.333	4.427
ON44C	4.690	1.297	3.337	1.157	3.658
ON55C	4.644	1.309	3.405	1.154	3.703



## Cumulative pdf curves of various transforms (II)



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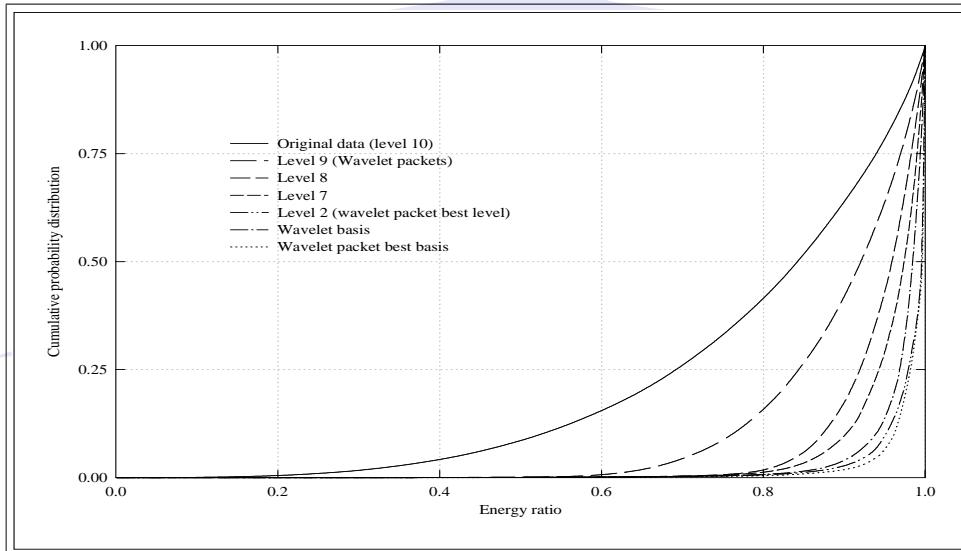


Figure 19: The cumulative probability distribution curves of the sorted wavelet and wavelet packet coefficients ( $L^2$ -norm squared, i.e., energy content) for various bases which all originate from a single mother wavelet. These bases include those of various wavelet packet levels, wavelet packet best basis, as well as the seeding wavelet basis ON77S; as are indicated in the legend.



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## $m_0(\xi)$ Phase Results

- The cardinal cubic  $B$ -spline wavelet is found to have constant phase distribution. ↪
- Wavelets that have similar visual appearance may show extremal phase differences.  
↪
- $\text{BO}_{xy0} \approx \text{BO}_{xyD}$  for any  $(x, y)$   
Lengthening the support length → no benefit ↪ ↪
- Lengthening of support lengths of  $\text{ON}_{xxA}$  and  $\text{ON}_{xxS}$  → more irregularities  
→ No need to further expand the construction ↪
- No other orthonormal wavelet may provide suitable (or better) characterizations ↪
- Linear distribution is not sufficient; a constant distribution seems to be a requirement.  
↪ ↪



## The Quasi Wavelet Basis Function



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### The devising of the basis function

The wavelet variant:

$$\psi(t) = \frac{1}{\pi^{\frac{1}{4}}} [\operatorname{sgn}(t) \sin \omega_0 t - i \cos \omega_0 t] e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}. \quad (33)$$

The scaled and translated versions of the wavelet variant:

$$\psi_{a,b}(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}\pi^{\frac{1}{4}}} \left[ \operatorname{sgn}(t) \sin \omega_0 \left( \frac{t-b}{a} \right) - i \cos \omega_0 \left( \frac{t-b}{a} \right) \right] e^{-\frac{(t-b)^2}{2a}}, \quad (34)$$



### The rendering of modulus and phase planes

Let  $f(t)$  be a signal function, the modulus of the transform coefficient is defined either as

$$|\langle f(t), \mathbf{I}_m \psi(t) \rangle + i \mathcal{H}[\langle f(t), \mathbf{I}_m \psi(t) \rangle]|, \quad (35)$$

or

$$|\langle f(t), \mathbf{R}_e \psi(t) \rangle + i \mathcal{H}[\langle f(t), \mathbf{R}_e \psi(t) \rangle]|, \quad (36)$$

and the phase is defined as

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\mathbf{R}_e \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle}{\mathbf{I}_m \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle} + \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } 0 \right), \quad (37)$$

or

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{\mathbf{I}_e \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle}{\mathbf{R}_m \langle f(t), \psi(t) \rangle} + \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } 0 \right). \quad (38)$$



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## The frequency leakage-out distribution curves

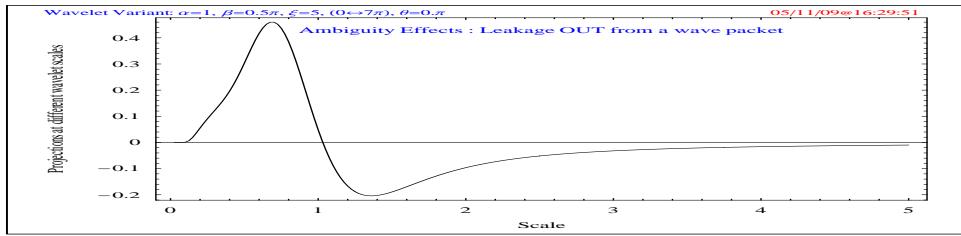


Figure 29: The frequency leakage-out distribution curve for the proposed basis function. The frequency leakage-out is the projection of the unit scale basis function into its neighboring scales. For  $\omega_0 = 5$  the curve has a root at scale 0.969621. This zero value and the sharp steep slopes at both sides of the root make possible the easy identification of energy ridges.

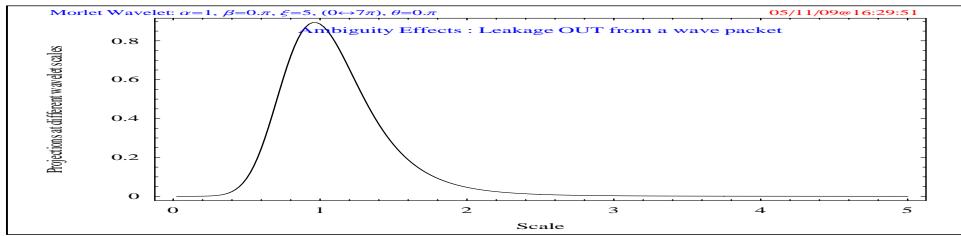


Figure 30: The frequency leakage-out distribution curve for the simplified Morlet wavelet. Again the frequency leakage-out is the projection of the unit scale basis function into its neighboring scales. The curve has a peak at scale nearly equal to 1. The weight centers around the peak and contributes to a relatively broader leakage of energy.



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## The frequency leakage-in distribution curves

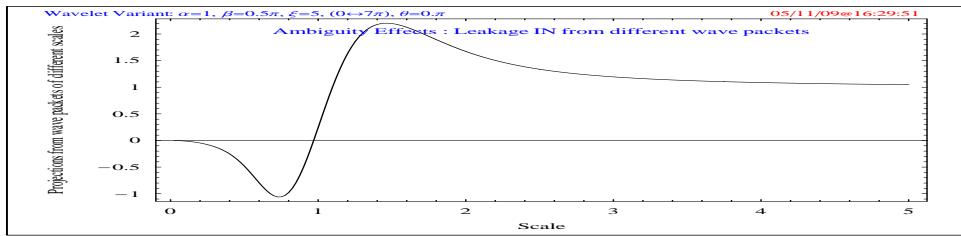


Figure 31: The frequency leakage-in distribution curve for the proposed basis function. The frequency leakage-in is the projection of a non-unit scale basis function into the unit scale basis function. It shows consistent results with the frequency leakage-out. Here the parameter value is the same as that of the previous figures.



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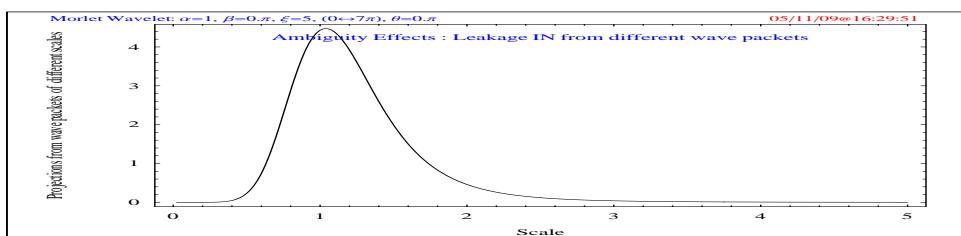


Figure 32: The frequency leakage-in distribution curve for the simplified Morlet wavelet. The frequency leakage-in is the projection of a non-unit scale wavelet function into the unit scale wavelet function. It shows consistent results with those of frequency leakage-out.

## The analytic degree of $\psi$

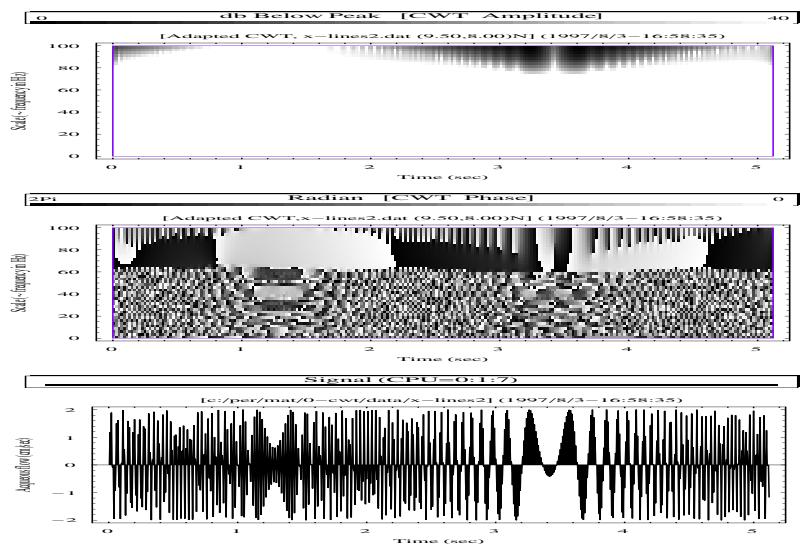


Figure 35: This figure shows the analytic degree of  $\psi$  related to equation 35. The top sub-figure shows the power (modulus squared) of the difference between  $(f'(t), \mathcal{A}[\psi])$  and  $(f(t), \psi)$ , where  $\mathcal{A}$  means the analytic counterpart. The mid sub-figure shows the corresponding phase. Here an X-signal composed of two linear chirps (bottom sub-figure, see figure (Fig. 41)) is used.



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## Tests and Applications

### Simulated signals

- A parabolic chirp with a frequency range of zero to Nyquist rate of 100 Hz;
- A signal composed of two liner chirps with equal power contents;
- An X-signal with a power ratio 0.01 between the two component signals;
- A signal composed of two liner chirps that are parallel and have the same power contents;
- A signal composed of two liner chirps that are parallel but with a power ratio of 0.04.

### Water wave signals in laboratory tank

- Wind waves;
- Short wind waves with respective spectral peaks at about 2.0 to 2.6 Hz;
- Stokes waves with different fundamental harmonic frequencies and different wave steepness values.



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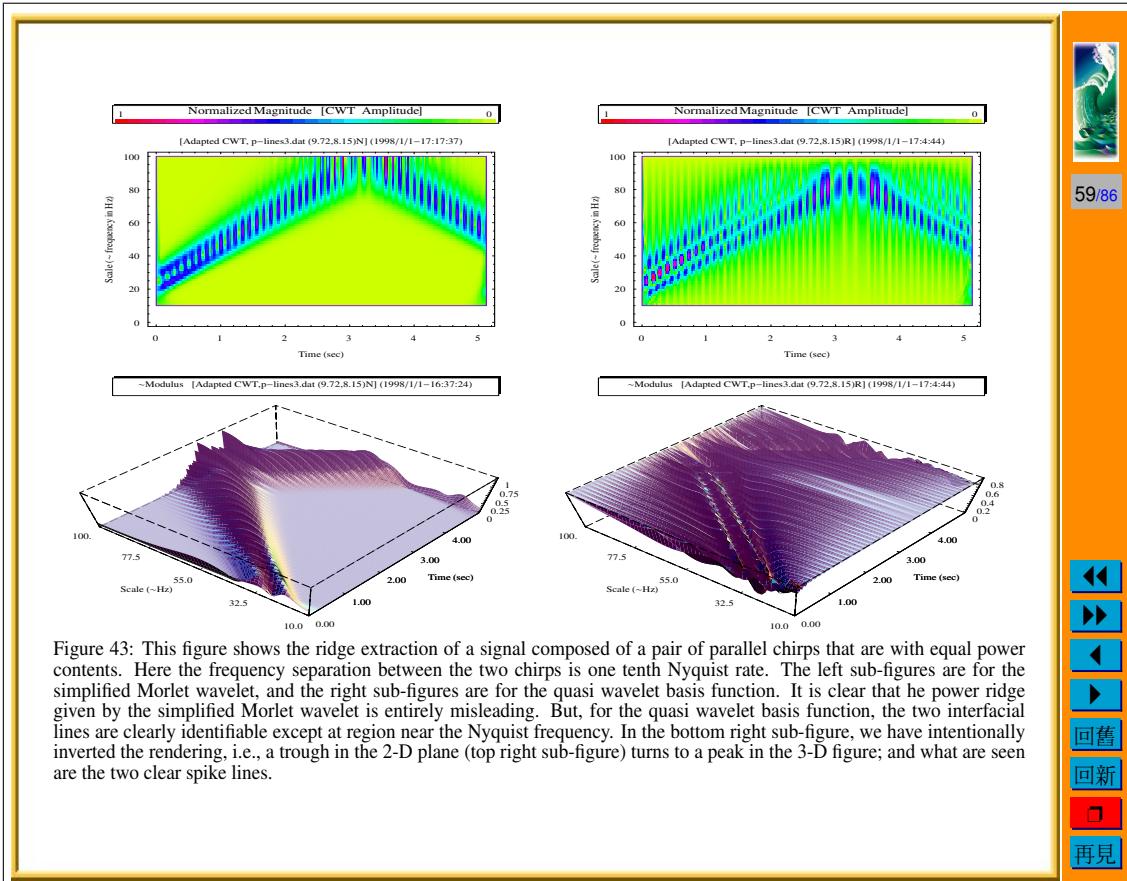


Figure 43: This figure shows the ridge extraction of a signal composed of a pair of parallel chirps that are with equal power contents. Here the frequency separation between the two chirps is one tenth Nyquist rate. The left sub-figures are for the simplified Morlet wavelet, and the right sub-figures are for the quasi wavelet basis function. It is clear that the power ridge given by the simplified Morlet wavelet is entirely misleading. But, for the quasi wavelet basis function, the two interfacial lines are clearly identifiable except at region near the Nyquist frequency. In the bottom right sub-figure, we have intentionally inverted the rendering, i.e., a trough in the 2-D plane (top right sub-figure) turns to a peak in the 3-D figure; and what are seen are the two clear spike lines.

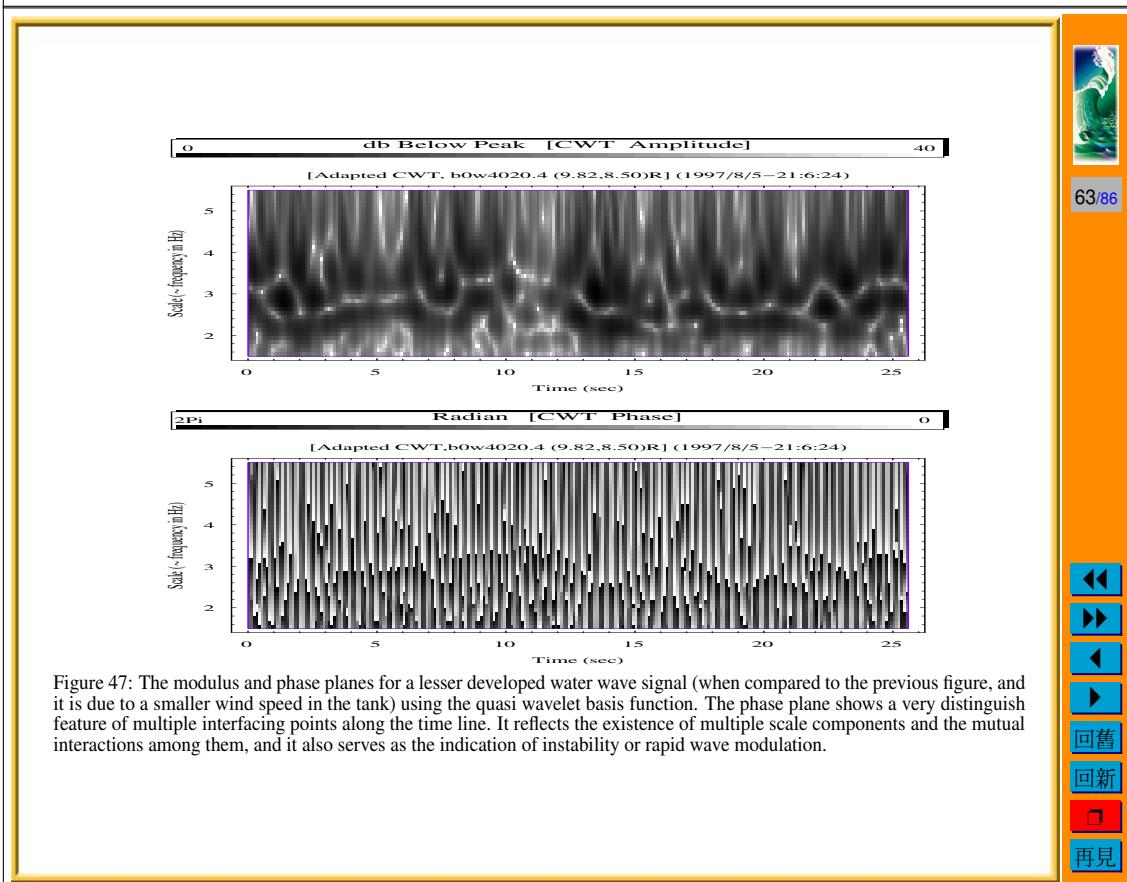


Figure 47: The modulus and phase planes for a lesser developed water wave signal (when compared to the previous figure, and it is due to a smaller wind speed in the tank) using the quasi wavelet basis function. The phase plane shows a very distinguish feature of multiple interfacing points along the time line. It reflects the existence of multiple scale components and the mutual interactions among them, and it also serves as the indication of instability or rapid wave modulation.

## Wavelet Coherence (1/2)



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- Spectral coherence

- Cross correlation :

$$c(t) = \langle g(t + \tau), h(\tau) \rangle \quad (40)$$

- Correlation coefficient :

$$r_s(t) = \frac{c(t)}{\|g(t)\| \|h(t)\|} \quad (41)$$

$$R_s^2(\omega) = \frac{|\mathbf{E}[G(\omega)\overline{H(\omega)}]|^2}{(\mathbf{E}[|G(\omega)|^2]\mathbf{E}[|H(\omega)|^2])^{1/2}} \quad (42)$$

- $\mathbf{E}$  is additional
  - Need to introduce one additional dimension



## Wavelet Coherence (2/2)



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- Wavelet coherence

- The equation of resolution of identity

$$\langle g, h \rangle = \frac{1}{c_\psi} \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{a^2} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle \overline{\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle} db da \quad (43)$$

$$\langle g_a, h_a \rangle = \frac{1}{c_\psi} \frac{1}{a^2} \int_{-\infty}^\infty \langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle \overline{\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle} db \quad (44)$$

$$R_w^2(a) = \frac{|\mathbf{E}_b[\langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle \overline{\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle}]|^2}{(\mathbf{E}_b[|\langle g, \psi_{a,b} \rangle|^2]\mathbf{E}_b[|\langle h, \psi_{a,b} \rangle|^2])^{1/2}} \quad (45)$$

- $\mathbf{E}$  is a natural extension of “ $\int$ ”
  - No need to introduce additional dimension
  - Liu's problem [6] – Lack of  $\mathbf{E}$





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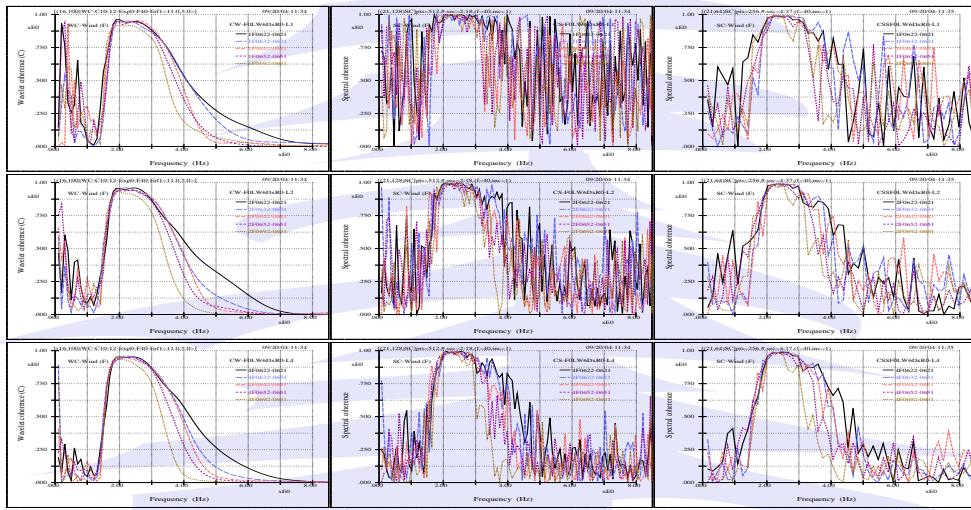


Figure 50: 三種資料長度下，波高與不同水深處水流間之仔波與波譜共關協振分佈曲線。上中下圖資料長度分別為 1024、2048、4096 點。水速之量測點分別為靜水面下 2、3、4、5、9 cm。圖中最左側分圖是為仔波者，右側二行分圖是為波譜者，其係選用兩種不同 FFT 參數。



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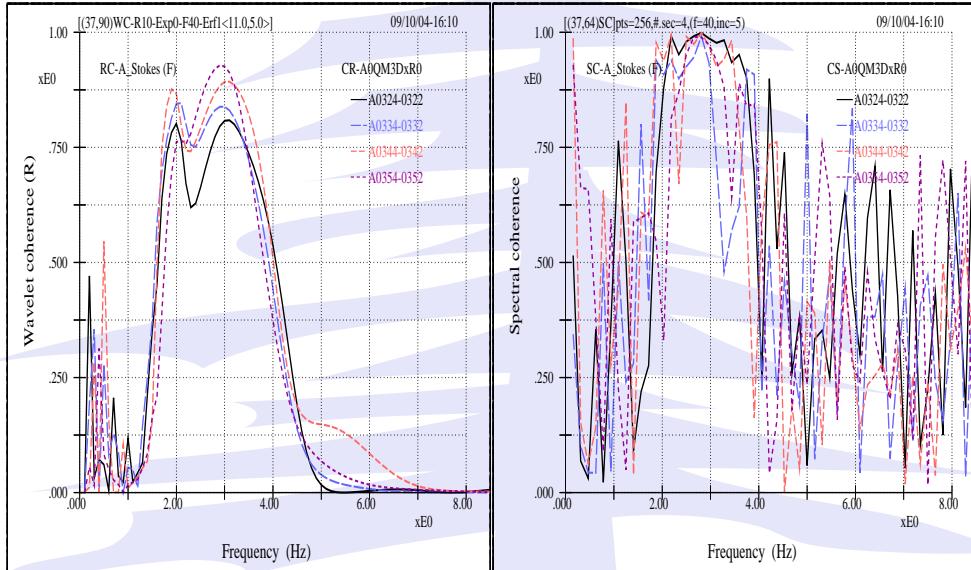


Figure 53: 仔波實數函基共關協振（左圖）與波譜者（右圖）比較。所用波浪為一高波浪尖銳度之史脫克司波，其關協振為波高與不同深度水流速之間，由仔波之圖可見較深處有最高之共關協振數值。